

ZEPPELIN TRIES ANOTHER RAID UPON ANTWERP

Airship Forced to Retire—Dropping of Bombs Upon City Violation of Civilized War and Cause of Protest—Twenty-six Lives Lost, 900 Houses Damaged, Sixty Destroyed

LONDON, Aug. 26, 3:24 p. m.—A despatch to the Reuter Telegram company from its Antwerp correspondent says that another raid on the city by a Zeppelin airship was attempted last night. The effective measures taken by the Belgian military authorities, the correspondent continues, caused the German airship to retire.

Whitlock Protests

LONDON, Aug. 26, 1:28 p. m.—The Daily News publishes a despatch from its Antwerp correspondent, saying it is reported there that the American minister to Belgium, Brand Whitlock, has sent an energetic protest to the German government against the hurling of bombs into Antwerp from a Zeppelin airship.

LONDON, Aug. 26, 7:15 a. m.—The bomb dropping exploit of the Zeppelin airship at Antwerp promises to become a matter of the widest international consideration. The Belgian authorities assert the act was a clear violation of Article 26 of the Fourth Hague convention, and they are preparing to protest officially to all the powers against the manner of warfare.

Many Killed, Houses Wrecked

Accounts vary as to the amount of damage done by the aerial fighter. One account says 26 lives were lost, although from more conservative sources, it is reported that only 12 bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the wrecked houses.

A despatch which is regarded as semi-official states that 900 houses were slightly damaged and 60 were nearly destroyed. This despatch was sent to London. It is said, after a committee which included the Belgian secretary of state, the Russian ambassador, the Papal Nuncio and King Albert's secretary had examined the entire city with a view to appraising the results of the aerial bombardment. This despatch, published by the Chronicle says:

Bombs Upon Hospitals

"For the first time in history a great civilized community has been bombarded from the sky in the dead of the night. Count Zeppelin, whom the German emperor calls the greatest genius of the century, has performed the greatest exploit of his life. He has thrown bombs on hospitals where Belgians were attending German wounded. He has staggered humanity. On August 5 the German commander warned General Lemau at Liege that if the forts did not surrender, the Zeppelin fleet would move against Belgium.

"The Germans have been as good as their word. They have exploded every one of ten devastated streets and have found portions of ten bombs. Their number of victims is unknown. The population is in gloom."

SISKIYOU HIGHWAY REGULAR BOULEVARD

C. F. Bates, Harry Pollett, Frank Jordan, E. N. Butler and F. G. McWilliams made a trip to the new Siskiyou Highway Friday, says the Ashland Tidings. They are very enthusiastic over the work, describing it as a "regular boulevard." Today about four miles of completed grading was opened for general travel. The party who visited the work Friday reported that which was finished to be very smooth, and one of the finest, easiest grades they had ever seen. An auto can very near go over the Siskiyou on high when the road is completed, instead of crawling, pushing and boiling up the hill as before.

This winter, after October 15, travel will be open for the whole road, for at that time Contractor Sweeney hopes to have the work complete. During the rainy months, until next spring, no hard surface will be put on. This is to allow the roadbed and fills to settle to their limit before hard surfacing.

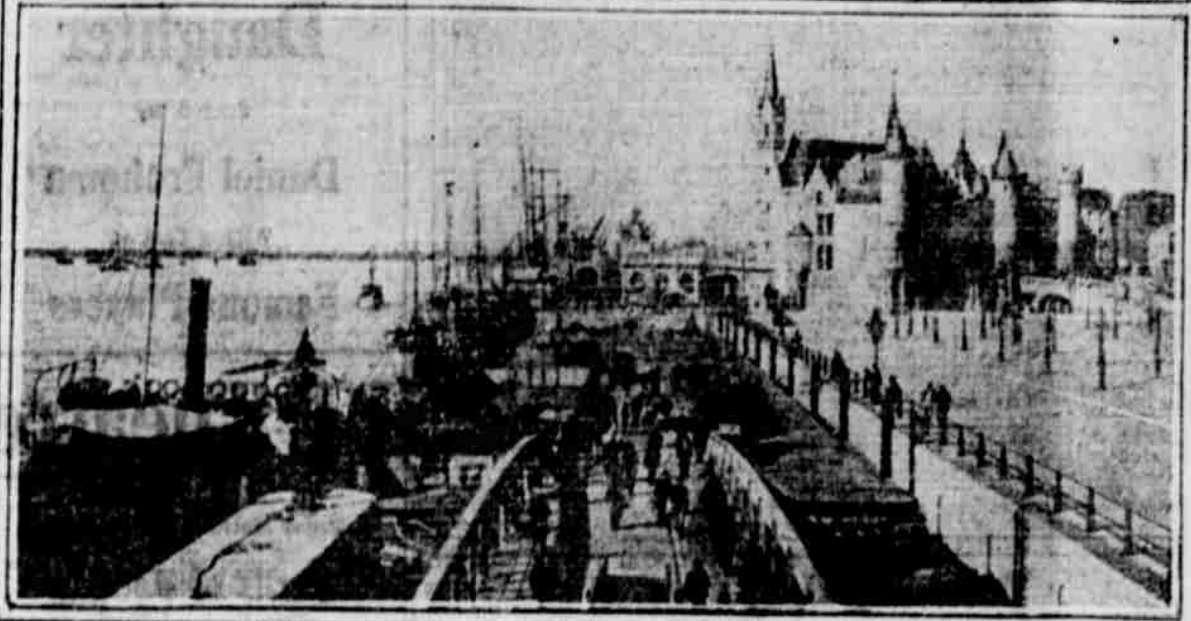
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ANTWERP, TEMPORARY CAPITAL OF BELGIUM, WHERE GERMAN ZEPPELIN DROPPED BOMBS AT MIDNIGHT, KILLING 26, DAMAGING 900 HOUSES, DEMOLISHING 60 BUILDINGS



VIEW OF ANTWERP FROM THE RIVER.



THE STEEN LANDING.

Above are shown views of Antwerp, the new seat of the Belgian government, which is believed to be the Belgian base of defense. In an official announcement the Belgian War Office points out that the Belgian defence plans centre around that point and says it is tremendously fortified and constitutes an enormous entrenched camp, which will be the backbone of the Belgian defence.

PRINCE FREDERICK KILLED BY SHELL BEFORE NAMUR

BERLIN, Aug. 26, by wireless to the Associated Press, by way of Nauen and Sayville, L. I.—According to official announcement made here today, Lieutenant General Prince Frederick of Saxe Meiningen was killed by a shell before Namur, August 23.

No news of the situation on the eastern and western fronts of Germany has been given out today.

The foregoing dispatch evidently clears up the reports published yesterday and today that an uncle of Emperor William had been killed in battle. The identity of the German nobleman who has lost his life, up to the receipt of this dispatch from Berlin, had been uncertain. One report from Paris said he was presumed to be Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein.

Prince Frederick of Saxe Meiningen was born in 1861. He was the third son of George, late duke of Saxe Meiningen. He was married in 1889 to Adelaide, Princess of Lippe, and had six children.

GERMAN CRUISER IN ALASKAN WATERS?

KETCHIKAN, Alaska, Aug. 26.—Coal en route to this port on board the Canadian Pacific freighter Princess Ena, consigned to the Northland Dock company of Ketchikan, was seized by the British government at Prince Rupert yesterday and is being loaded there on board the British cruiser Rainbow. Fishermen say that the German cruiser Leipzig is cruising about Dixon entrance, and within sixty miles of Prince Rupert.

The British hospital ship Prince George came to this port yesterday and asked to have their tanks filled with fuel oil. Deputy Collector of Customs Dobbs refused to allow her to take any oil until he had communicated with Washington. Last night the Prince George was permitted to take 250 barrels. This amount, it was estimated, would put her back in Prince Rupert, from which port she sailed. She had asked for 1700 barrels.

The Canadian revenue cutter Egeria, called at Sitka, on Prince of Wales Island, seeking coal.

ALGERIAN TROOPS GALLANT CHARGE AGAINST GERMANS

LONDON, Aug. 26, 5:12 a. m.—Returning from the front, a correspondent of the Times, sends the following under a Paris date:

"At Mons the British troops have made themselves at home. Preparations for the city's defense were extremely comforting in their workman-like detail. In the woods lurked innumerable field guns.

"With heavy firing audible in the distance, British troops can sit quiet on the banks, fishing with bayoneted rifles as fishing rods, the spectacle inspired confidence even though from all directions the presence of the dreaded German cavalry is reported."

Mons Well Defended

The next day the correspondent proceeded to Tournai, where he found the populace in great alarm. Six German cavalymen motored into town and inquired if there were any French soldiers. They were told that there were none, but later in the day French troops entered the place and killed the six Germans.

Proceeding to Valenciennes the correspondent found that troop trains filled with British soldiers were continually there. The British officers were in absolute possession of the refreshment bars and no food was obtainable.

The correspondent continues: "Near Charleroi I heard some stories of the bravery of the French soldiers. The Germans were bombarding the city. The French troops made what amounted to a medieval sortie, but finding the enemy in much greater force than was expected were compelled to withdraw.

Gallant French Charge

"The bombardment continued relentlessly whereupon the French Turcos, picked troops from Algeria, debouched from the town and with a gallantry which must surely live in history, charged the German battery, bayoneted all the gunners. Their losses, it is said, exceeded those of the Light Brigade at Balaclava. Of a battalion, only 100 men it is reported, returned unscathed. Their bravery, however, was powerless against the German advance, which crept foot by foot through the outskirts of Charleroi to the very heart of the town.

"There in the narrow streets the carnage was indescribable. The French infantrymen told me that the roads became so jammed with dead that the killed remained standing upright where they had been shot.

AUGUST 31 LAST DAY TO PAY TAXES WITHOUT PENALTY

August 31 is the last date to pay taxes, and escape delinquency charges. No penalties will be charged those who pay up on that date their second half of the taxes.

Owing to a general misinterpretation of the recently enacted tax law, in reference to the collections of interest on last half payments, and as to the date interest should be computed from, in paying taxes after delinquency, the state tax commission has in making a literal compliance of the several sections in conflict, decided upon the following instructions, which will govern the collections of taxes in the sheriff's office after September 1st.

All taxes remaining unpaid on the first day of September shall become delinquent.

Upon all taxes so delinquent there shall be charged and collected a penalty of 10 per cent, and interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum on such taxes from the date on which they become delinquent, until their payment.

This penalty applies to taxes as originally charged, and is not in addition to the cumulative penalty of one per cent a month applying during the five months prior to September 1st, the date of delinquency. The 10 per cent for delinquency super sedes and takes the place of all prior penalties.

Four months after delinquency, for January 1st, 1914 first publication of delinquent tax list will appear, and will continue for four successive weeks.

Six months after delinquency, certificates of delinquency bearing 15 per cent interest per annum may issue.

AUSTRIA DENIES THREATENING ITALY

LONDON, Aug. 26, 10:30 a. m.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Rome says that according to advices from Vienna, General Conrad, chief of the Austrian staff,

has sent the following message to the Italian government: "The reports published in Italy that Austria-Hungary has aggressive intentions against Italy in order to revenge itself for Italy's failure to participate in the war, are absolutely without foundation and are signified as malignant efforts put forth by a third party."

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