

JAPAN ORDERS GERMANY OUT OF CHINA



SCENE REPRESENTING A WAR STRENGTH OF ABOUT FIVE MILLION MEN: RUSSIAN CAVALRY CHARGING OVER WATERY GROUND. THESE ARE THE TROOPS REPORTED TO HAVE DEFEATED THE AUSTRIANS TODAY IN GALICIA.

KAISER ORDERED
OUT OF ORIENT

Ultimatum From Japan Demands
German Withdrawal From Orient—
Port to Be Restored to China—
United States to Remain Neutral
in Matter and in No Way Involved.

TOKIO, Aug. 15.—The Japanese newspapers, commencing today on the ultimatum sent by Japan Saturday to Germany, demanding the withdrawal of warships from the Orient and the evacuation of Kiao-Chow say they consider the document to be reasonable. An anti-German sentiment has been displayed here.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Japan's ultimatum to the Berlin government demanding that Germany withdraw from Kiao-Chow, its stronghold in China, overshadowed in Washington today all developments growing over war in Europe. One outstanding feature of the crisis was the determination of the United States not to be drawn into the controversy. Ad-

BRITISH INVADING
FORCE EXCEEDS
100,000 TROUPS

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—English papers received here today give details of the composition of the British expeditionary force under command of Field Marshal Sir John French. The field force is composed of three army corps, each comprising two divisions and there is an extra cavalry division under the command of Major General Edmund Allenby.

Each army corps is formed of 24 infantry battalions of about 1000 men each on a war footing, six cavalry regiments, eight batteries of horse artillery of six guns each, 18 batteries of field artillery, two Howitzer batteries and troops of engineers, signal corps, army service corps and other details.

The British field force therefore, should contain 72 infantry battalions, 18 cavalry regiments, 2 batteries of horse artillery with 144 guns, 51 batteries of field artillery with 324 guns, six Howitzer batteries and the usual details according to the latest British army list issued at the end of July.

The first army corps is commanded by Lieutenant General Sir Douglas Haig, the third by Major General W. P. Pulteney, and the second was led by Lieutenant General Sir James Grierson, who died suddenly today and has been replaced by another general.

TRI-COLOR WINS
ALSACE SKIRMISH

French Continue Alsatian Advance, Occupying Mulbach and Lutzelhausen, Capturing Field Guns and a Thousand Prisoners—Destructive Effect of Allies' Artillery Shown.

LONDON, Aug. 17, 2:50 p. m.—A despatch from Paris to the Havas agency says French troops have occupied the town of Schirmeck, 12 kilometers (seven and one-half miles) beyond Saales, in Alsace.

They took 12 field guns, 12 caissons and eight rapid fire guns. The French cavalry then pushed on to Mulbach and Lutzelhausen.

LONDON, Aug. 17, 1:25 p. m.—The official press bureau of the war office and admiralty has issued a statement saying that French troops, in the course of a rapid advance along the valley of the Schirmeck, have taken a thousand prisoners.

The scene of the fighting of the last few days in upper Alsace, the official announcement continues, shows the great destructive effects of the fire of the allied artillery. Trenches abandoned by the enemy are filled with dead and wounded.

PARIS, Aug. 17, 11:05 a. m.—An official announcement today by the French war office says:

"The advance of the French armies continue to progress. Our troops have taken the heights to the north of Alsatian frontier in German territory and the French line now passes through Abrescheville, Lorraine, Azouange and Marsal.

"In the Donon of Rougemont region we have occupied Schirmeck, eight miles from Saales, in Alsace, and have captured 12 German field guns, eight machine guns, and 12 gun carriages with ammunition.

"Our cavalry has penetrated as far as Lutzelhausen and Mulbach or Rosheim.

"Farther to the south we occupy Ville, east of Durbels on the road to Schlestadt and Sainte Croix aux Mines and some heavy field artillery has been captured by the French troops.

"In Alsace we have a strongly supporting line from Thann through Gerney to Dannemarie."

RECOUNT OF BARRON
MAKES NO CHANGE

The recount of the Barron precinct vote of the primary for supreme court judge was completed in the circuit court today, with no change. Benson receiving ten votes and McNary none. A ballot for McNary was thrown out because four others had been voted for the supreme bench on the ticket, thus invalidating it.

FRENCH FLEET
SINKS AUSTRIANS

Adriatic Fleet of Dual Empire Demolished in Naval Battle by the French—Battleship Zryni and Three Other Battleships Sunk—Austrian Cruiser Also Sunk.

LONDON, Aug. 17, 3:55 p. m.—The British official news bureau today says:

"The French fleet in the Mediterranean has made a sweep-up of the Adriatic sea as far as Cattaro. A small Austrian cruiser of the Asperu type of 2363 tons was fired on by the French vessels and sunk."

PARIS, Aug. 17, 2:45 p. m.—The ministry of marine announced today that a French fleet under Admiral De la Peyrere had sunk an Austrian cruiser which was blockading the Montenegrin port of Antivari.

ROME, via London, Aug. 17, 5:15 p. m.—Confirmation of the naval fight in the Adriatic sea is given in a dispatch from Cetinje to the Corriere di Italia today, which says that the Austrian battleship Zryni and three other battleships whose names could not be obtained were sunk by the French fleet. A great number of French and English warships are said to be patrolling the coast.

The Austro-Hungarian battleship Zryni was a vessel displacing 14,268 tons. She carried four twelve-inch guns in pairs in turrets; eight 9.4-inch guns also in pairs in turrets and twenty 9-inch in her battery, besides a number of smaller cannon. She was a strongly armored vessel and was fitted with three torpedo tubes. She carried a crew of 857 men.

AUSTRIANS INVADE
RUSSIAN FRONTIER

LONDON, Aug. 17, 6:45 p. m.—Several Austrian army corps have invaded Russian territory, according to the Vienna correspondent of the Reuter Telegram company.

The Russian advance on Zaslowsk, Brody and Sokal, in Galicia close to the Russian frontier and northeast of Lemberg, has been checked.

HAMBURG STEAMER
CAPTURED BY BRITISH

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—A message from Santos, Brazil, posted today at the Maritime Exchange, announces that the Hamburg-American line steamship Santa Catharina of that company's South American service, has been captured by a British cruiser. The message did not give the name of the cruiser or mention to what port the prize was being taken.

LATEST NEWS OF THE WAR IN BRIEF

St. Petersburg reports successes by the Russian troops over the Austrians on the frontier, where an Austrian dragoon regiment is said to have suffered severely in a sabre engagement.

A German dreadnought is reported by the captain of a Dutch steamer as having been put out of action. He asserted on arriving in Holland today that she was lying in the harbor at Trondhjem, severely damaged.

No confirmation has been received in official headquarters. A naval battle between French and Austrian warships off Budua, Dalmatia, is said to have resulted in the sinking of two Austrian ironclads, while one was set on fire and another fled.

Four British warships are reported to have chased two Austrian cruisers from Antivari, where they had established a blockade.

The standard of the famous Death's Head Hussars, the German crown prince's regiment, is said to have been captured by the Belgians.

Dispatches saying Greece had received information of the passage through Bulgarian territory of Turkish troops going toward Greece are published in Copenhagen. It is said Greece has threatened to take similar measures.

Germany has followed England's example and that of other countries in acknowledging receipt of President Wilson's offer of good offices. Russia has not yet replied.

J. P. Morgan & Co. have abandoned a proposed loan to France owing to Washington's attitude on the subject. This is expected to affect other similar financial transactions which were under negotiation.

The Japanese press regards the ultimatum sent to Germany as containing reasonable demands.

Large numbers of American travelers arrived in New York today from Europe, whence they had hurried after the outbreak of war. Many wealthy persons were glad to obtain accommodations even in the steerage in order to get away from the scenes of their hardships and privations.

A large amount of bullion for the relief of Americans stranded in the British Isles was sent to London from the American cruiser Tennessee at Falmouth today.

MONTENEGRINS
INVADE BOSNIA

LONDON, Aug. 17, 5:05 p. m.—A dispatch from Rome to the Exchange Telegraph company says the Montenegrin troops have crossed the Bosnian frontier and occupied the town of Tezhanitza, after a fierce battle. The Rome dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company adds that the Montenegrins have captured eight Austrian blockhouses in Herzegovina, between Bilek and Trebinje. They have also occupied seven villages near Trebinje and have taken twelve Austrian officers prisoners.

TOWN OF REQUA
DESTROYED BY FIRE

CRESCENT CITY, Cal., Aug. 17.—The entire town of Requa, Del Norte county, at the mouth of the Klamath river, has been destroyed by fire.

The village general store, the Requa hotel, two saloons and the town public hall were among the buildings destroyed.

Requa is a small wooded town, and the loss will not be great, though the discomfort and suffering will be severe for several days.

WILSON PLANS
MERCHANT MARINE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—President Wilson is seeking a way to build up the American merchant marine on a permanent basis, he told callers today. He is not certain, he said, that legislation on the subject now pending in congress will accomplish this end, but declared he earnestly hoped such a result would be brought about.

The president said he had favored the ship registry bill originally introduced in the house, but had not fully considered the changes introduced in conference. He expects to investigate the subject thoroughly in the near future in order to act intelligently in aiding congress to get the best bill possible.

CAPTURE STANDARD
DEATH'S HEAD HUSSARS

BRUSSELS, via Paris, Aug. 17, 5:15 a. m.—The standard of the famous standard regiment the "Death's Head Hussars" which was formerly announced by Crown Prince Frederick William was captured by the Belgians in the battle at Haelen and is in the town hall at Dier.

The newspapers are permitted now to appear in the evening only. Crowds eager for news gather at the railway stations, watching for travelers.

SHIP REGISTRY
BILL NOW A LAW

Senate Rejects Conference Report and Then Passes House Bill Admitting All Foreign Built Ships to Registry—Coast Shipping Monopoly Secures Protection.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—By a vote of forty to twenty the senate today rejected the conference report on the shipping bill to admit foreign built ships to American registry and proposing to open the coastwise trade to foreign craft.

The house bill was then adopted by the same vote. It only extends American registry to all foreign built ships. The bill now goes to President Wilson for approval. It is believed he will sign it.

Restore Trans-Atlantic Trade
The bill enacts into law the administration plan to restore the trans-Atlantic trade paralyzed by the European war. It is also designed to enlarge the American merchant marine. Already the Hamburg-American line has received proposals for certain of its vessels now in American waters, and the North German Lloyd line has announced that it will sell some of its ships. Administration officials expect to see many foreign built ships come under the American flag soon after President Wilson signs the bill.

Senator O'Gorman, in charge of the bill, expressed amazement over democratic opposition.

O'Gorman's Grilling

"Discussion here today," said he, "indicates that congress is directing its energies toward the protection of special interests, rather than the promotion of general welfare. It amazes me that senators who not long ago eloquently proclaimed the American coastwise shipping an offensive monopoly seem to find no difficulty today arguing for a result that will be to perpetuate this monopoly that has fattened on un-American principles. I scarcely can believe my eyes and ears, hearing senators professing allegiance to the democratic creed, paraphrase the republican argument for twenty years in support of a protective tariff. We have reached a sad day in the decline of the democratic party when democrats rise here and use republican arguments in support of an offensive and un-American system of protection."

ROOSEVELT ATTENDS
POLITICAL MEETING

BROOKLYN, Aug. 17.—The prospect of receiving from Theodore Roosevelt as to the conduct of the coming state campaign brought members of the progressive party from all parts of the state to this city today to attend the progressive field day arranged for this afternoon at Fenway Park. Colonel Roosevelt planned to deliver his address late in the afternoon.

RUSSIANS WIN
CAVALRY BATTLE

Austrians Defeated in Skirmish Along Polish and Galician Frontier According to Official Announcement of St. Petersburg War Office—Battle Front Fifty Miles Long.

ST. PETERSBURG, via London, Aug. 17, 12:45 p. m.—The Russian war office today issued an official communication giving information as to the recent military movements on the frontier between Austrian Galicia and Russian Poland. It says:

"The defensive operations and the movements of reconnoitering detachments of the Russian army on the frontier of Galicia between August 13 and 17 led to a series of attacks by cavalry supported by infantry and artillery.

"In the provinces of Piotrkoff and Kielce, the Austrian cavalry occupied a front of over fifty miles in length, extending along a line from Tchenstochova through Andzrew to Sandomic. The cavalry was supported by infantry and by artillery.

"On August 1, Austrian advance guards penetrated short distances into Russian territory. It is reported that this offensive movement was checked by the Russian troops.

"An Austrian attempt to advance from Andzrew toward Kielce failed on August 15, when the Russian troops by a series of brilliant cavalry attacks succeeded in dislodging the enemy from Kielce and also occupied a town in the Tomaszoff district.

"The Russian cavalry cut-up the Austrian advance guards and invaded the frontiers of Austrian Galicia, penetrating a distance of eight miles.

"Near Tomaszoff Russian cavalry inflicted serious losses on the Eleventh Austrian Dragoon Regiment, in a brilliant sabre engagement.

"Russian cavalry is in close contact with the enemy everywhere."

WAR SCARE CLOSES
SHOE FACTORIES

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 17.—Four of the five International Shoe company factories did not open, as an indirect result of the European war. Several of 12 factories operated by the company in other cities did not open. It is thought that all the factories will re-open August 31.

Officials of the company said the closing of the factories was due to the demoralization of the southern cotton industry by the war. Shoes which it had expected to sell largely in the southern states, are not now in demand.