

## ATCRIOA'S OPFORTUMITY

TifE European war offers America a rare opportimity 1 to secure the commeree of South. America. Follow. ing ais it does the era of good feeling towards the United
States inangurated among the Latin repablics by PresiStates inangurated among the Latin repablies by Presi
dent Wilson's recognition and sympathetic policies, and the completion of the Panama canal, the confliet which
cuts off ant trade with Europe opens the door for an American trade invasion.
A great deal of the commerce of South America is with
Germany. It is the great market for German manufac tures. An this commerce has ceased and it will be months, perhaps yeass, before it can be re-established. In the interim, Americans should be busy supplying the de
mands. mands. John Barrett of the Pan-American Union has issued United States, asking their assistance. He calls attention
Unitan to the fact that South America annually imports produets
the valued at $\$ 961,000,000$, of which $\$ 660,000,000$ come from Europe. The imports from the United States total only $\$ 155,000,000$. These imports are only ordered a menth or two in advance of delivery, and speedy exhaustion of supplies will entail great hardship on the people. Amer ica must do her best to supply this enormous market. South America suffers greatly by the war. Its exports
total $\$ 700,000,000$ to Earope annually. These markets total $\$ 700,000,000$ to Earope amnually. These markets for
raw products are now closed, and the ten nations are look raw products are now closed, and the ten nations are lookng toward the United States of the United States cane relieve the situation by increasing purchases they will help avert the threat ned financial crisis.
The need of a line of steamers flying the American flag to South American ports is now most pressing. Such a
line should be estahlished at onee. line should be estabished at once.
The entting off of the European money market, which financed the South American nations, nakes it imperative that the financiers of the United States take their places and that American money be nsed in aiding these firmly cement the bonds between the Üited States and the South American countries, with resultant presperity to both continents.

## DIFPICULTY OF BECURING WAR NEWS

NOTWITHSTANDING unrivalled facilities for news
gathering, tue rigid censorsinp of the various govern ments and the cutting of cables make it almost impossible to present accurate news of the great European war. To
such an extreme has the censorship been carried that even lists of dead and wounded are refused publication. With close to four million men under arms, the whereabouss and movements are a profound secret to the
general public. All news is censored by several governgeneral puinic. All news is censored by several govern-
ments and subject to indefinite delay before reaching the press associations.
Nere is but one direct cable line in Europe that is now of forty-eight hours on ans are subject to a minimum delay wires. There is no communieation with Germany or Ausria by any routing.
What news can be secured, the public can rest assured, will be furnished by the Associated Press, the largest and most reliabie of press associations. The people of Med-
ford, through the Mail Tribune leased wire, are kept as ord, infough the Mail Tribune leased wire, are kept as
well informed of the situation as those in any metropolis in the world.



