

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS OF THE GREAT TORNADO THAT LASHED NEBRASKA. LEAVING A PATH OF DEATH AND DESOLATION



CORNER OF STREET,
RESIDENTIAL SECTION, OMAHA.

SACRED HEART CONVENT IN THE CENTRE OF
THE FASHIONABLE CATHOLIC SECTION OF
OMAHA, WRECKED BY THE TORNADO
PHOTOGRAPH FROM THE HERALD'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

TYPICAL STREET SCENE IN OMAHA AFTER
THE TORNADO.
PHOTOGRAPH FROM THE HERALD'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT



SEARCHING FOR BODIES AT 34TH STREET AND LINCOLN BOULEVARD
PHOTOGRAPH FROM THE HERALD'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

WILSON USES BIG STICK ON SUGAR INTERESTS

WASHINGTON, April 5.—For the first time since he took up the reins of government, President Woodrow Wilson today brought the "big stick" into play, and it fell with a resounding thud. The sugar tariff schedule was back of the move, and the president, his fighting blood aroused, delivered a straight from the shoulder ultimatum to the sugar interests who are opposed to the rates he has approved for the new sugar schedule.

The sugar men were given one of two alternatives—either they must accept the proposed reduction in the sugar tariff with free sugar within three years or stand for the president openly declaring for free sugar immediately.

Today's developments have upset the democratic harmony tariff program. President Wilson has been unofficially informed that he must recede from his attitude on the sugar schedule or fight certain leaders in the senate. Those who followed Wilson's career as governor of New Jersey say he will fight before he recedes an inch from his stand.

Senator Thomas of Colorado wants the present duty on sugar retained and plans to call on President Wilson within twenty-four hours with a plan of compromise.

SEVEN EXPLOSIONS FAIL TO PROFIT BANK YEGGMEN

AL VARADO, Cal., April 5.—Because the door of the vault blew inward and jammed tight against the receptacle in which \$27,000 was contained, three yeggmen were foiled in the attempt to rob the bank of Alvarado early today, and with two others who were holding off a posse of citizens and officers on the outside, escaped into the hills in an automobile, taking only \$19.20 of the bank's funds. The abandoned auto was found at Santa Clara. It had been stolen from a garage there.

Seven explosions were set off, each one of them rocking the town. The space in front of the bank was soon swarming with armed men, but they were held off by threats of death on the part of the two pickets, who were armed with rifles. While they held the bank against the mob in front the yeggs in the inside set off explosion after explosion, wrecking the entire interior of the place. They worked deliberately, remaining in the bank for almost two hours. It could be seen from the outside that they carried powerful electrical flashlights.

LARGE FREE LIST IN NEW TARIFF WILSON PROPOSES

WASHINGTON, April 5.—President Wilson is awaiting today a reply from sugar interests in the south to his suggestion that they accept a duty of 1 cent per pound on Cuban sugar and a rate of \$1.20 per 100 pounds on all other sugar. Outside of the sugar rates, Chairman Underwood and the other members of the house ways and means committee have finished the tariff bill.

Except for the sugar and wool provisions, the tariff bill is expected to be accepted by congress practically as it now stands. A fight on those two commodities is almost certain. Senator Warren of Wyoming is leading the fight against free wool, insisting it would ruin the sheep industry of the western states. He hopes to effect an alliance with the democrats who are opposed to free wool and sugar.

Wilson Confident.
President Wilson is confident, however, that his recommendation regarding sugar and wool will go through. He has taken a poll of both the house and the senate and is jubilant over the outlook. He expects the southern members eventually will accept his sugar schedule plan, but if they refuse it will be eliminated and a general tariff bill put up to the senate and passed.

As the bill now stands, duty on steel rails has been taken off entirely and all other steel duties radically reduced. The revenue lost in this way will be made up by the income tax law, which is expected to provide 1 per cent tax on all corporations with incomes of more than \$5000 a year; 1 per cent on personal incomes of between \$4000 to \$20,000; 2 per cent on incomes from \$20,000 to \$50,000; 3 per cent on incomes from \$50,000 to \$100,000, and 4 per cent on all incomes above \$100,000.

On the Free List.
The free list includes cattle and beef products, boots, shoes, timber, lumber, shingles, laths, cement, wire fencing, staples, iron ore, iron hoops, bands, steel, cotton bagging and ties, harness, saddles, leather belting, farm implements, sewing machines, paints, machine tools, cut nails, cash registers, linotypes, typesetting machinery, printing presses, typewriters and road improvement machinery. The duties on luxuries are maintained at the present rates.

AUTO BANDIT LEAPS FROM ROOF TO DEATH

PARIS, April 5.—Leaping from the roof of the prison court in the Santo prison here, after he had escaped from his cell, M. Lacombe, a member of the famous Bonnet automobile bandit gang, was killed here early today. The prison officials had cornered him on the roof when he jumped to his death.

20,000 HOMELESS FROM FLOOD IN SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Telegraphing from the flood district, Ernest Bicknell, secretary of the American National Red Cross Society, says that twenty thousand persons are homeless in southern Illinois, and that food is badly needed in the stricken districts. At least 30 cities and towns, Bicknell said, are inundated in Ohio, twenty in Indiana and many in Kentucky, Illinois and West Virginia.

"The boundary line surrounding the flooded territory is more than two thousand miles long. The situation is extremely serious in many Indiana cities."

Bicknell also transmitted a report from Adjutant General Diskson of Illinois, showing the condition in that state is critical.

DERBY AND BRIDE SAIL FOR EUROPE

NEW YORK, April 5.—Dr. Richard Derby and his bride, who was Miss Ethel Roosevelt, sailed this afternoon for Naples on a two month honeymoon. They will take a villa near Rome, owned by Miss Emily Carew, the bride's aunt. P. J. Roosevelt, a second cousin of the bride, was the only relative at the dock to bid the couple goodbye.

OMAHA, Neb., April 5.—Six hundred persons, including twelve school boys, spent today clearing up the district devastated by the destructive tornado of Easter Sunday. The work will be continued tomorrow. All of the workers are volunteers. Society women and high school girls served meals to the workers free.

259 INDICTMENTS FOR 56 MEMBERS OF ARSON TRUST

CHICAGO, April 5.—Fifty-six merchants and fire insurance adjusters, alleged firebugs, were indicted by a special grand jury here today in connection with the investigation of the so-called arson trust. The indictments charged arson, arson with intent to defraud, and conspiracy with intent to commit arson.

Two hundred and fifty-nine indictments were returned in all, several persons being indicted on numerous counts. The true bills were based on the confessions of Benjamin Fink and John Danies.

The grand jury's report said: "At least half of the fires that occur in Chicago are of incendiary origin."

The report also blamed the insurance companies for laxity in permitting the formation of such a conspiracy. It recommends that the insurance people study more carefully the fitness of applicants for insurance.

The names of the indicted today will not be published until next week.

LEVEES WEAKEN AT MOUND CITY

CAIRO, Ill., April 5.—Advises received here shortly before noon today said the citizens of Mound City, Ill., were threatened by weakening levees. Colonel Moriarity, commanding the militia here, started for Mound City at once to take charge of the situation. He also plans to investigate charges that soldiers at Mound City and Villa Ridge have been rioting.

WEST STRIKES AT INSURANCE FIRMS FIGHTING NEW LAW

SALEM, Ore., April 5.—If the casualty insurance companies, which have been active in their efforts to stir up sentiment in opposition to the workmen's compensation law passed by the legislature, push their opposition to the extent of invoking the referendum against the law Governor West will accept the gage of battle and carry the fight into their own camp.

"If the casualty companies for their selfish interests invoke the referendum against this law I will go out over the state and defend it," declared the governor today. "At the same time I will advocate state insurance and see if we can't initiate a law that will give it to us. That ought to give the insurance companies something to think about besides the compensation law."

FRIEDMANN REFUSES \$5000 FOR INJECTION

NEW YORK, April 5.—Five thousand dollars for the injection of his serum into the tubercular arm of an unnamed millionaire was refused here today by Frederick Franz Friedmann of Berlin, the discoverer of an alleged tuberculosis cure, according to an announcement today by W. E. D. Stokes and Colonel Asa Bird Gardner of this city. It is stated Friedmann refused to treat the millionaire because of his promise to the United States public health officials not to accept any patients except those of their choosing.

STRONG SENTIMENT FOR RETENTION OF PROFESSOR O'GARA

In response to a call issued by the county court for expressions from the fruit growers of the valley regarding the retention of Professor O'Gara as pathologist for Jackson county, nearly 150 fruitgrowers of the valley attended the meeting at Jacksonville Friday afternoon. So large was the crowd that the court adjourned to the circuit court room. For two hours the subject was discussed, the court taking the matter under advisement. The sentiment expressed at the meeting was overwhelmingly in favor of the retention of O'Gara, only a few dissenting voices being heard.

A. C. Allen of the Hollywood orchards and R. H. Parsons of Hillcrest led the discussion for the retention of Professor O'Gara, others speaking in his favor being Stanton Griffiths, Professor George Rebec, Col. Washburn, J. A. Westerlund, A. C. Hoover and others. Opposing the retention of O'Gara was Ed Hanley, D. M. Lowe of Ashland, John Gore and Col. Mims. These men did not criticize O'Gara's work but questioned the price paid for it, stating it was too high.

The matter was discussed in detail. The advantages of the "Jackson County system" was pointed out in all of its phases, including advertising the valley.

Following the discussion County Commissioner Leever explained that the hearing orchards were bearing the expense of inspection as the assessed valuation of the orchards were raised to create this fund. He then announced that the court would take action some time during the next month.

SENATOR MIXED UP IN SCANDAL

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Charges that a western senator offered indignities to a woman on March 24, when he went to her room here to confer with her regarding a federal position for her husband, are made in a formal statement filed with the secretary of the senate by a man whose name is withheld. The names of the principles in the affair are being kept a secret. The person making the complaint declares that he was a witness to the incident.

The secretary referred the complaint to Vice President Marshall, who refused to make and comment or discuss the nature of the charges. District Attorney Wilson of the District of Columbia was advised of the charges. He said:

"I will make no further investigation. As far as I am concerned the matter will be dropped."

EMIGRANT GIRLS KIDNAPPED BY WHITE SLAVERS

CHICAGO, April 5.—Because he sticks to his original story, despite close and persistent questioning, J. P. Lundgren, who revealed the alleged kidnaping of 20 emigrant girls en route to Chicago from New York at Newcastle, Pa., has practically convinced the police here that the girls were spirited away from their train by white slavers.

"A youth in a brakeman's cap and uniform boarded the train at Newcastle and told the girls they could stop there for lunch," Lundgren stated today. "He said nothing to the elder women and men who accompanied the girls and the girls then alighted and started for the lunchroom."

"Then the train started and I pulled the signal cord. The train stopped several hundred feet from the depot but before the girls could catch up with it, it started again."

"I tried to get the conductor to wait. He would not listen to me. The last I saw of the girls they were running after the train and screaming for it to wait for them. None of them appeared to have any money and none could speak English."

TURKEY'S CASH PRICE OF PEACE IN THE BALKANS

SOFIA, April 5.—Peace in the Balkans will come when Turkey announces its willingness to pay a heavy cash indemnity and cede the Aegean Islands to the victors, and not until then.

This, in effect, is the gist of the formal reply by the Balkan allies to the peace proposals of the European powers. The allies, the reply said, were willing to accept the Turko-European frontier the powers proposed.

The Bulgarian foreign office delivered the reply of the allies to representatives of the powers here.

FOUR GANGSTERS KILL TAMMANY LEADER

NEW YORK, April 5.—Four gangsters early today shot and instantly killed Eugene Smith, a Tammany political leader. The shooting occurred on Park Row. Smith's assailants escaped.

A brother of the dead man said that Smith had been mistaken for some one else, but the police say he recently had become involved in a gang feud.