

ALLIES TO STORM THE TURKS' HOLY CITY

BULGARS HURL
ENTIRE FORCE
AT ADRIANOPLE

Beleaguered Fortress Weakened by
Cannonade Will Be Stormed by
Allies—Spies Report Fearful Havoc
Caused by Shells.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—That the fall of Constantinople is believed in diplomatic circles to be near is seen in the announcement here today that the British admiralty has decided to send the entire Mediterranean squadron to Turkish waters.

The foreign office today requested the ports to permit three British warships now at Malta to enter the Dardanelles and proceed to Constantinople. The foreign office later semi-officially stated that the Ottoman ministerial council at Constantinople is considering the request.

VIENNA, Feb. 8.—Adrianople, weakened by the Bulgarian fire, will be stormed tomorrow.

This is the gist of private dispatches received here today from Sofia. While no details are given, it is believed by military observers here that the heavy cannonading by Bulgars and Serb siege guns have so weakened the beleaguered fortress that General Savaoff has decided that the time has come when human life is no longer to be considered, and that he will throw his whole force against the Holy City in one grand assault.

Much Damage Wrought

While no positive information is obtainable as to the damage wrought in Adrianople by the bombardment, it is believed here that Shukri Pasha's wireless reports to Constantinople have greatly minimized the execution done by the Bulgar shells. The investing force, it is believed, has been advised by spies of the real havoc wrought and if the Sofia news of a general assault proves correct, military observers here consider there is more than an even chance that Adrianople will fall.

What is characterized here as the most daring feat of the war was performed yesterday by Captain Maritmas, a Greek aviator, who soared over the Dardanelles in a hydroplane and aimed three bombs at the arsenal of Maides.

Spied on Fortress

Looking down on the Gallipoli Peninsula Captain Maritmas saw red bursts of flames, indicating that the guns of the warships were trying to reach him. The aviator declared today he made valuable observations of the Turkish fortifications.

EIGHT BILLS GET
AXE IN HOUSE

SALEM, Feb. 8.—Eight bills suffered capital punishment in the house today by being indefinitely postponed.

Four of the bills postponed were changes in the Oregon special system. Of these, probably the most important was the bill already passed the senate which provided that a candidate could be nominated for office by the payment of a filing fee. This would have made it unnecessary to obtain nominating petitions.

A bill making it a criminal offense for any person to receive money for working for or against an initiative measure and limited expenditures in circulating petitions to \$200, was also killed. This bill originated in the house.

The other bills killed were unimportant.

Wilson Interested in Treasury Ruling.
PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 8.—President-Elect Woodrow Wilson expressed great interest today in the controversy between Rudolph Spreckels, a San Francisco banker, and Secretary of the Treasury MacVeigh over "Treasury Circular No. 5."

"I read what Mr. Spreckels said with the greatest interest," said Wilson here today, "but I will not comment on the matter."

PLOT TO UNITE
LATIN AMERICA
IN ONE NATION

Triple Conspiracy to Form Single Republic of Honduras, Guatemala, Salvador, Nicaragua and Colombia Sends Warships to Central America

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Definite information of a triple conspiracy to form a single republic of Honduras, Guatemala, Salvador, Nicaragua and Colombia, which has sent four American warships hustling to Central American coasts is today in the hands of the state department, and it is expected that President-elect Woodrow Wilson, on taking office, will inherit the most difficult Latin American problem in history.

Zelaya the Conspirator

With the probability that Zelaya, the deposed president of Nicaragua, is the heart of the conspiracy, the state department has positively learned that professional filibusters in New York and New Orleans and on the Pacific coast are factors in its development. These three groups of revolutionists are in constant communication regarding the outfitting of filibustering expeditions, and that it is believed that assassinations of the present heads of the countries involved is one of the angles of the settlement.

In New Orleans, Frederico Bonilla and Juan Arias are the known heads of that particular revolutionary group. They are committed to the cause of Zelaya. There is also great unrest in the Latin colony of New York, where attempts are being made to raise funds to put filibustering parties in the field.

Show of Force Made

Prominent Nicaraguans and Hondurans in San Francisco and Los Angeles however, are being closely watched.

All diplomats and consuls in the countries affected by the scheme have been sending data of the plot for weeks to the state department here, which by the despatch of warships, now has decided that the time has come to make an effort to stamp out the proposed revolution by a display of force.

HOLY WAR FAILS
TO EXCITE ISLAM;
NO KILLINGS RESULT

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 8.—Foreign residents here today professed to have no fear that the Holy war proclamation of the Sheikh-Ul-Islam will result in massacres of Christians throughout Turkey.

It is said that no sign of the changing times in Turkey has been of more import than the apathetic reception of the proclaimed Jihad, which only a few decades ago would have thrown all Islam into a frenzy of hatred for the Christians and would have resulted in massacres within ten hours.

So far as has been learned here the proclaimed Jihad has aroused no interest, and the population of European Turkey at least is making no move to molest their Christian neighbors.

ROCKEFELLER STILL ILL
FROM THROAT SPASMS

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Feb. 8.—Wm. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, was still in a serious condition today from the throat spasms suffered yesterday at Jekyll Island while undergoing examination at the hands of Congressman Pujo, chairman of the house money trust investigating committee.

"Mr. Rockefeller can scarcely speak above a whisper" said Dr. Chapelle this afternoon. "While his condition is serious, I do not believe there is any immediate danger."

ALDRICH JOKER
AUTHORITY FOR
CIRCULAR NO. 5

Congressman Glass Announces Investigation by Congress—Order Does Not Limit Amount of Gold Deposited With Banks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Taking the stand that Rudolph Spreckels' attitude against "Treasury Circular No. 5" is founded on reasonable grounds, Congressman Carter Glass of Virginia announced today his determination to investigate every phase of the order.

Direct contradiction of the claims of Assistant Attorney of the Treasury Bailey, that the order limits the amount of gold which could be deposited in national banks is made by Congressman Glass.

"No such provision," he said "can be found in the circulars. Legal authority for the order, he maintains, is found in a 'joker' put through congress by Senator Aldrich six years ago.

"Aldrich," continued Glass, "amended a harmless little bill calling for a change in currency denominations, the measure in one section providing: 'All government moneys except customs receipts are to be deposited in national depositories.'"

"Aldrich struck out the words, 'except customs receipts.' He endeavored to pass it quietly through congress but a certain member charged him with an attempt to swing customs deposits from the treasury into national banks. Aldrich finally admitted such was his purpose. Nevertheless, the amended bill went through.

"It was generally realized, however, that the change was defective. It only inferentially repealed the law requiring the depositing of customs receipts in sub-treasuries. It seems strange that the treasury department based such a revolutionary change on such an ineffective law."

Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin took a hand today in the controversy. He promised to make a thorough investigation of the order.

National Treasurer Thompson admitted this afternoon that the circular contains no provision for payment of interest on the increased government deposits.

FRIEDMAN OFF FOR
AMERICAN MILLION

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 8.—The secret departure for the United States by Dr. Friedman, discoverer of the turtle serum tuberculosis cure, from Berlin at midnight last night, is the contents of a telegram received here by Chas. A. Finlay, president of the Aetna Bank of New York City. Friedman, the cablegram stated, sailed for America.

Finlay says the reason for the secret departure of Friedman is that the German government has forbidden him to leave Germany. Finlay added that Dr. Friedman probably would permanently reside in America.

EDDY WILL FIGHT
ENDED BY SOLONS

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—Through a special enabling act of the legislature litigation is ended today over the bequest of \$2,000,000 by Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy to the First Church of Christ Scientist here. The act declares Mrs. Eddy's will valid and was secured by the trustees of the church.

George W. Clover, of LaSalle, S. D., and E. J. Foster Eddy, of Waterbury, Vt., son and adopted son, respectively of Mrs. Eddy, agreed to the settlement. Mrs. Eddy left a \$2,500,000 estate.

CONVICTS BY GOOD WORK MODEL HIGHWAY MAY
SUCCEED IN BANISHING GLOOMY WALLS FOREVER



Convicts at Work, Completed Road and Highway Commissioner Marker.

A model brick road, built near Columbus, O., by convict labor seems destined to overthrow the penal system of the state. The men worked willingly without shackles or armed guards. No disorder resulted. Now Governor Cox proposes to destroy the old gloomy prison with its germ-laden shops and employ convicts solely in outdoor work such as road building and farming.

State Highway Commissioner Marker says the brick road built by the convicts will last for many years.

HOBSON ONLY OF
GREAT MEN ON
WATER WAGON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—"All great men, from Julius Caesar to Joe Cannon, were moderate drinkers except the gentleman from Alabama" (Hobson), the hero of the Merrimac. Hobson owed his greatness not to the water he drank but to the water he didn't drink.

This was part of the contribution in the house today by Victor Berger, socialist, of Milwaukee, to a bitter debate on the "Webb bill" which prohibits the shipment of liquor from "wet" to "dry" states. Its passage is predicted.

Berger attacked the bill, saying that he favored abstinence and temperance as opposed to prohibition, and cited some illustrious examples besides the three mentioned above. He said:

"Washington, Jefferson, Grant, Lincoln and Bismarck were moderate drinkers while Shakespeare, Goethe and Dante drank whenever they had a chance."

MINIMUM WAGE BILL
FOR WOMEN WINS SENATE

SALEM, Feb. 8.—The minimum wage bill for women, introduced by Senator Malarkey has today passed the senate and will now go to the house for its approval. The bill does not specify the wage to be paid the women workers, leaving this matter to a committee, consisting of one employer, one employee and one disinterested person, whose recommendations will be carried out. The governor has the appointing of the committee.

WEBB CITY, Mo., Feb. 8.—Confession to having lured her husband into a dark alley to allow her accomplice, James Lynn, to shoot and kill him there, has been made today by Mrs. Lige Gilmore. Mrs. Gilmore and Lynn have been charged with first degree murder.

SPRECKELS SCORES
TREASURER FOR
CIRCULAR NO. 5

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Warning to Secretary of the Treasury MacVeigh that he cannot dismiss such an important matter as "Treasury Circular No. 5" by referring to his criticism as "boosh and moonshine" was sounded here today by Rudolph Spreckels, San Francisco banker. The Californian also served notice that he will leave for Washington either Monday or Tuesday to "fight the order to a finish."

"This order," said Spreckels today, "does not require banks to give bonds or any other security or to pay interest. The national banking law provides that banks designated as depositories must give sufficient security for the safe keeping and prompt payment of public money deposited in them."

Spreckels defied MacVeigh to cite legal authority for the order, adding: "Clearly the secretary, in issuing so radical an order in the last few weeks of his office, is guilty of bad taste, or, I fear, bad faith."

JURY FAILS TO AGREE
IN HAMMOND TRIAL

BELLINGHAM, Feb. 8.—Up to noon today the jury in the case of the state against Jacob Furth, E. W. Andrews, R. V. Ankeny and Daniel Kolliher, officials of the Seattle National Bank, charged with conspiring in the receiving of deposits by the defunct Lacouer bank, knowing it to be insolvent, had not come in, and it is believed that they will hang, necessitating a retrial. If, in the opinion of the court, it appears that a verdict is out of the question the jury will be dismissed tonight, but if there is a chance of an agreement they will be held until Monday.

WALDO WORKING
WITH WHITMAN
PROBING SCANDAL

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Police Commissioner Rheinlander Waldo is co-operating with District Attorney Chas. S. Whitman today for the first time since the police graft scandal was uncovered, and it is expected the trail will now be traced to the highest "higher ups" on New York's police force.

Using the testimony offered in the aldermanic committee's investigation of the graft scandal by Gambler Jas. Purcell, one time partner of Herman Rosenthal, as a basis, it was estimated here today that the tribute exacted by New York police from gamblers exceeds \$1,000,000 a year. Purcell's story was even more sensational than that of Jack Rose, collector for Police Lieutenant Chas. F. Becker, under sentence of death for Rosenthal's murder.

Former Sheriff Harvey of Queens county, Police Inspector McLaughlin, half a dozen police captains, including a brother-in-law of Chas. F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall and scores of ward heelers and policemen are among those to whom Purcell declared he paid protection money.

JURY STILL HANGS
BANKER FURTH'S CASE

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—After remaining out all night and deliberating for 19 hours, the jury reported today failure to agree in the government's suit to recover \$300,000 from A. B. Hammond, the local "Lumber King" for alleged thefts of timber in Montana. The jury received further instructions and was again locked up. A verdict is expected before night.

Hammond places the blame for the missing timber on his brother, Henry Hammond, and his brother-in-law, George W. Fenwick, lumber magnates. They are interested in firms operating near the disputed timber groups.

TRIPLE MURDER
PROVOKES RACE
RIOT IN INDIANA

Three Negroes Employed in Evansville Factory Shot Down Without Warning by Youthful Foreman, Son of Manufacturer.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 8.—Three negroes who were employed in his millionaire father's woodworking establishment were shot and instantly killed here today by Allen Von Behren, aged 22. Then the young man drove to the police station in his automobile and surrendered.

"I had to kill them," Von Behren told the police. "They swore to get me."

The dead men are Walter Washington, John Gordon and Henry Gordon.

Factories All Close

All factories in the vicinity of the shooting were closed after the triple murder. The negro population, thoroughly aroused, are congregating in saloons and a race riot is feared. Ten years ago 16 negroes were slain in a race riot here.

Young Von Behren is superintendent of his father's establishment. He had an established custom of arming himself and carried two revolvers. The police assert the youth deliberately picked out his three victims.

The slain men met death in different parts of the shop. John Gordon was working in a shed when Von Behren, without warning, placed the revolver against the negro's head and fired. Gordon dropped dead in his tracks. Von Behren then went into another department and shot Henry Gordon, the bullet almost tearing off the top of his head. He then hurried to a third department and shot Washington through the heart.

A panic followed in the work shops the negroes jumping through windows and hiding behind lumber piles.

PERKINS HOLDS UP
DESCHUTES BILL

SALEM, Feb. 8.—The bill for detailed surveys of the Deschutes power project by which three large irrigation projects may be brought to the point of development, has struck a snag in the senate committee on ways and means. Senator Perkins, chairman of the committee, has prepared an unfavorable report on the bill.

This report is being held up by request of friends of the bill pending the disposition of a similar bill in the house. The house ways and means committee has acted favorably, and the house bill is on the desk awaiting the third reading. Senator Perkins has adopted the attitude of "having to be shown." He says there is danger of throwing away the \$50,000 appropriation made in the bill, because investigation might develop anything worth while, and he has heard that much of the land concerned is of lava bed character, too porous to appreciate water.

THREATENED STRIKE
DEPRESSES STOCKS

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The stock market closed dull today. Heaviness in Southern Pacific deterred buying of the general list for a time. A later inquiry for the coppers and steel gave a better tone to the trading. Amalgamated rose 1. Railroadroads affected by the threatened strike of firemen slumped. Bonds were steady.

DELINQUENT TAX BILL
AMENDED BY COMMITTEE

SALEM, Feb. 8.—The senate committee on judiciary has today added an amendment to the delinquent tax list publication bill whereby counties will not be required to advertise delinquencies of \$1 or less.