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**SWORN CIRCULATION.**  
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**TIME FOR COMMUNITY ACTION.**

THE current issue of the Worlds Work contains an in-  
teresting account of two cities that turned farmers and  
thereby made possible a larger growth by developing an  
agricultural back country. The cities were Duluth, Minne-  
sota and Delavan, Wisconsin.

Duluth had grown to be a city by taking toll of the  
grain and iron ore that passed through it, and was trans-  
ferred from rail to ship, and from the timber that covered  
the hills and plains of its vicinity. It had no agriculture  
and no industries. Its bleak hillsides were popularly re-  
garded as worthless, except for timber purposes.

An experimental farm, cleared for summer resorts,  
demonstrated that the land would produce crops if prop-  
erly farmed. Upon the knowledge thus gained, a campaign  
was planned and carried out by the Duluth Commercial  
club to develop the untouched agricultural resources of  
the surrounding country. An expert was engaged and the  
work begun.

The biggest problem was that of clearing the land. The  
old stumps and the new second growth cost nearly \$50 an  
acre to remove. Only intensive cultivation, market gar-  
dening, and dairy farming under the most modern sci-  
entific conditions, could be made profitable on land as ex-  
pensive as this.

The railroads terminating at Duluth were interested  
and induced to undertake the intelligent development of  
agricultural resources. Land grants were subdivided into  
small farms, so arranged that the houses, as built, form  
community groups; and, from each community of this  
kind, constructing a good road to the nearest railroad sta-  
tion. No lands are sold until the road is built and a low  
price is asked, a little down and the balance in yearly pay-  
ments extending over ten years.

Local companies clear land adjoining the city which  
enable market gardeners to pay good prices and make a  
profit. Clubs among the farmers were organized to co-  
operate with the city clubs to work for good roads, school  
system and immigration. School children are furnished  
free garden seeds for planting and "harvest home" festi-  
vals provide prizes for garden products.

After five years of effort, a co-operative produce ware-  
house was erected in Duluth to supply retailers as com-  
mission houses do. A "potato special" is operated through-  
out the fall by the railroad, calling for produce at every  
station. Gradually the agricultural resources are being  
developed, and an agricultural population added.

Delavan, Wisconsin is described as a city of 2500 popu-  
lation, with but one industry—a knitting factory. A few  
years ago, the business men realized that the town was  
losing ground. Grass grew in the streets, roads were poor  
and trade growing less. So despite a protesting minority,  
taxes were quadrupled, old debts paid off, new schools  
erected, sewers, water works and electric light plants in-  
stalled, streets paved and roads in the adjoining country  
improved for miles about. New stores replaced the old  
and a systematic effort was made to secure farm trade.  
A "Delavan week," during which special bargains were  
offered by all the stores, and free entertainment provided  
at the opera house for visiting farmers and their families,  
proved so successful that it has become an annual winter  
affair. Farmers' institutes and poultry shows were orga-  
nized, concerts, theatrical entertainments, and winter lec-  
ture courses were arranged for, and special inducements  
were held out to farm folk to attend them. Baseball games  
and field carnivals were the attractions for the warmer  
months. A bequest by a wealthy citizen for a free library  
was trebled by popular subscription, and the farmers' fam-  
ilies hold nearly one-third of the membership cards.

A "rural survey" was made to determine the extent of  
community influence as a basis for further efforts. Eight  
phases of the community interest were selected as indices  
of the relations between the village and the farm. They  
were the dry goods store, the grocery store, the news-  
papers, the churches, the high school, the public library,  
the banks, and the milk factory.

A map was prepared that showed every farm house  
within five miles of Delavan. Every house was then check-  
ed off on the map in accordance with its relations to Del-  
avan in one or another of these eight connections. A line  
drawn on the map so as to enclose the most distant farms  
having a particular community interest with the village  
thus disclosed not only the extent of that interest's influ-  
ence, but the gaps and weak spots in it.

Steps were immediately taken to close the gaps indicat-  
ed by the map and unite the isolated farmers in community  
of interest relations with the city. A "hitch barn" was  
created for the use of the visiting farmers. Motor truck  
deliveries were arranged by the merchants association, and  
special automobile visits by the city people united them  
still more closely.

Efforts like this must be made by Medford. The people  
of the city must co-operate and secure the fuller develop-  
ment of lands and must unite the country closer to the city  
in trade—and the co-operative efforts must be systematic  
and scientific.

The first problem that awaits solving is the securing of  
irrigation for the entire valley. This will greatly enhance  
production and treble the crop output. Then will come  
the utilization of idle lands and the transformation of the  
valley into one of the most productive diversified farming  
and fruit growing spots in the world.

The city itself is large enough. It has improvements  
enough, and buildings enough. The energy and capital of  
its people should hereafter be devoted to developing the  
adjacent country—not to inflating values and platting  
townsites.

Medford has naturally a far richer territory in an agri-  
cultural way than Duluth will ever have, and a far more  
favorable climate. She has a greater tributary territory,  
far richer natural resources, and a much finer city,  
than Delavan will ever have, and it is up to Medford to  
utilize its own energies, and initiative in solving its prob-  
lems as Duluth and Delavan are solving theirs.

**Rogue River Valley the Garden of Eden**

(From the Portland Oregonian.)

The definite discovery that Klamath Falls is the true site of the  
City of Enoch, founded in the land  
of Nod by Cain, will evoke a sigh of  
relief throughout the scientific world.  
It confirms what The Oregonian has  
long suspected—that the Garden of  
Eden was located in the country sur-  
rounding Medford and Grants Pass,  
in Southern Oregon. Do not the  
Scriptures say: "And Cain went out  
from the presence of the Lord and  
dwelt in the land of Nod, on the  
east of Eden?" Is not the Klamath  
country on the east of the  
Rogue river valley?

The crown of glory which now,  
once for all, settles upon the brow  
of fair Southern Oregon has been  
claimed by many a spot. Some of  
these claims may still be put for-  
ward, though there is not the  
slightest hope that the learned world  
will longer give them an atom's  
weight. Up to within a century or  
two it was taken for granted that  
the site of the Garden of Eden lay  
somewhere in the peninsula called  
Mesopotamia, between the Euphrates  
and Tigris rivers. Here is where  
Milton, whose ignorance of sacred  
geography was appalling, located the  
place.

The most eligible spot, previous to  
the discovery at Klamath Falls, was  
in the middle of the Indian Ocean.  
To be sure, it lay deep down beneath  
the waves, but that was rather an  
advantage than otherwise. When  
one is in search of the Garden of  
Eden, facts are apt to be embarrass-  
ing, and it is well to have some of  
them under a mile or two of salt  
water. The legend ran that this site  
was sunk soon after the sinning pair  
were expelled from their pristine  
home. Of course this speculation,  
fascinating as it is, now loses all  
its force because we know that the  
Garden of Eden was in Southern  
Oregon and not in the middle of the  
Indian Ocean.

The oldest legends of the classic  
world have their scenes in the Eu-  
xine country, and it is found that the  
same is true apparently of the  
primeval Aryan folk lore of India.  
Moreover, human remains have been  
found north of the Black Sea which  
must date from the very beginning  
of our race history. The only trou-  
ble with them is that they do not  
exhibit that degree of artistic and  
mechanical perfection which one  
would expect in Paradise. More  
astonishing still, warlike weapons

are found among the relics and we  
well know that there were no wars  
in the Garden of Eden. These facts  
seem to be decisive against the  
claims of the Euxine region. Argu-  
ments equally convincing might be  
adduced against every other spot on  
earth except Southern Oregon. Hence,  
by the philosophical process known  
as "exclusion" we have proved the  
Rogue river valley to be the gen-  
uine site of Paradise. Since Adam  
and Eve could not have lived any-  
where else, they must have lived  
there. If some doubters insist that  
all that is necessary is to enlarge  
their preconceived ideas of man's  
first habitat. An area not many  
miles in extent will embrace the re-  
quired streams.

Master mechanics at the various  
navy yards have received substantial  
wage increases.

**GOLD DUST**  
the world's  
greatest cleanser

Gold Dust stands at the head  
of all cleaners and cleansing  
products—it has stood right  
there ever since it was intro-  
duced.

The beauty of it is that Gold  
Dust will do more work and  
more kinds of work than soap  
or any other cleanser. It will  
also do quicker, better work—  
and save at least one-half the  
housewife's time and labor.

To use Gold Dust for all  
household cleaning is to do  
your work in the shortest  
and best way.



"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"

**FLED IN NIGHTIE  
FROM DRUNKARD**

KLAMATH FALLS, Feb. 7.—Mrs.  
Louisa Davidson has filed her suit  
for divorce in the circuit court,  
through her attorney, H. W. Shaw,  
against Edward Davidson.

The couple were married at Jack-  
sonville in 1903, during all of which  
time since that date Mrs. Davidson  
alleges her husband has been exces-  
sively addicted to the use of intoxi-  
cants, and that since 1904 or 1905  
he has been an habitual drunkard.  
She alleges that during these years  
he has abused her by cursing and  
kicking her, and even knocked her  
down many times while intoxicated.

While living near Ashland, in 1905,  
Mrs. Davidson alleges that her hus-  
band came home in a drunken rage  
late one night and threatened her  
life, compelling her to flee through  
a window in her night clothing and  
hide in the woods, where she remain-  
ed all night in her scanty clothing.

So unbearable did her condition  
become, she alleges, that she finally  
left her husband and came to Klamath  
Falls alone, opening the South-  
ern Pacific rooming house, to which  
place he later followed her, since  
when he has persisted in demanding  
money for liquor.

On the night of December 23, 1911,  
she alleges her husband threatened  
again to kill her and left the house  
for a gun, but returned later in a  
drunken condition.

**DEPUTY ASSESSORS  
ARE APPOINTED**

The county court today approved  
the appointment of a list of deputy  
assessors in the county for this year.  
The list as approved together with  
the districts is as follows:

- Main valley between Medford and  
Jacksonville—J. C. Godlove.
- Eagle Point, Lake creek and Antel-  
one—P. H. Daily.
- Trail, Prospect and Big Butte—  
George F. Hall.
- Gold Hill, Willow Springs and  
Sams Valley—W. W. Traux.
- Applegate and Steamboat—Clinton  
Gallatin.
- Ashland—F. D. Wagner.
- Medford—Paul Janney.
- Talent and surrounding country—  
Jay Terrill.
- Rogue River and Wimer—George  
Lond.
- Jacksonville and Barron—S. S.  
Aitken.
- Central Point—Fred Burres.
- Phoenix—A. H. Fisher.

**WOMAN HURLED  
FROM VEHICLE**

A serious runaway occurred on  
the Jacksonville road Thursday af-  
ternoon in which Mrs. Flora Clark-  
son of Thompson creek was badly in-  
jured. Her left arm was fractured  
and severe injuries sustained.

Mrs. Clarkson had been in town  
on a shopping tour and had started  
for home when the team she was  
driving became unmanageable owing  
to a passing automobile. They ran  
away and threw Mrs. Clarkson out.

The identity of the passing auto-  
mobile was not determined as its  
occupants speeded up and disap-  
peared.

Mrs. Clarkson was brought to this  
city for treatment.

**John A. Perl**  
Undertaker  
28 S. BARTLETT  
Phones M. 471 and 473  
Ambulance Service Deputy Coroner

**FISH FISH FISH**  
Fresh Smelt, 5c per pound  
**Medford Fish & Poultry Co.**

**The Best  
For All  
Motors**

**ZEROLENE**

LEAVES  
PRACTICALLY  
NO CARBON

For Sale Everywhere  
**STANDARD OIL COMPANY**  
(Incorporated)

**NOW** is the time of year  
you need only a quick  
fire in the cook stove for  
meals. Slabwood answers this  
purpose and is cheap.

Dry Slabwood, \$2.25  
a tier delivered

**FRANK H. RAY**  
Main 7502 6th & Fir Sts.

**Saturday**  
is  
**The Last  
Day**  
This Sale has  
been a  
**Big Success**  
and we want to make  
tomorrow (Saturday)  
the  
**Banner Day**

OUR SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS,  
ETC., ARE GENUINELY REDUCED  
FROM THEIR USUAL MODEST PRICE.  
THESE REDUCTIONS ARE DECISIVE  
—EACH MEANS MONEY LEFT IN  
YOUR POCKET WHEN YOU BUY.

THE HIGH QUALITY OF MERCH-  
ANDISE WE SELL IS WELL KNOWN—  
IT WILL GIVE LASTING SATISFAC-  
TION. THE PRICE ALWAYS IS MADE  
SUBSERVIENT TO QUALITY. DURING  
THIS SALE PRICES ARE MADE STILL  
LOWER WHILE QUALITY STAYS AT  
ITS OWN HIGH MARK.

HERE YOU WILL FIND THE BEST  
IN MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S CLOTH-  
ING AND FURNISHINGS. WE INVITE  
YOU TO SUPPLY YOUR PRESENT  
NEEDS AND ANTICIPATE FUTURE  
WANTS. YOU MUST COME NOW, HOW-  
EVER—THIS FINE STOCK IS MOVING  
RAPIDLY.

OUR SERVICE WILL PLEASE YOU.  
THERE NEED BE NO HASTE—WE  
WANT YOU TO CHOOSE WISELY.

WHAT  
TOGGERY BILL  
SAYS  
IS SO

**The  
Toggery**  
[OF COURSE]