

ROOSEVELT DEMANDS THAT PENROSE BE KICKED OUT OF SENATE AS ENEMY OF THE PEOPLE

DENIAL MADE OF SLUSH FUND BY ROOSEVELT

Bull Moose Says There is Only Hear-say Evidence Against Him—Says He Never Said Corporations Did Not Contribute to Him.

Stories of Blackmail Denied—Never Sent for Standard Oil But Sent for Many Other Trust Magnates.

WHAT TEDDY TOLD THE CLAPP COMMITTEE

Penrose should be kicked out of the senate as an enemy to the people.

There's only hearsay evidence against me—the quoted words of men now dead.

I never asked Harriman for help. He asked me for aid in the New York state fight.

I never sent for Standard Oil magnates but there were plenty of trust men I did send for—Jim Hill, for instance.

John L. Sullivan and Battling Nelson called to see me at the White House. I think it was on public business.

When my virtue gets so weak that I cannot stand contact with a labor leader, a socialist, or any one else I'll quit public life.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Testifying today before the senate subcommittee which is investigating campaign contributions here Theodore Roosevelt, former president and now progressive presidential candidate, climaxed a sensational session by a flat demand of Senator Boise Penrose of Pennsylvania by expelled from the United States senate as an enemy to the common good.

"I hold Penrose should be thrown out of the senate," said Roosevelt, because of his own admissions before this committee that he advised John D. Archbold to try to purchase immunity from government prosecution.

Wants Penrose Ousted

Archbold testified that Cornelius Bliss, republican national treasurer in 1904, tried to blackmail him. I do not believe it. As you have seen by my letters, as soon as there was a rumor that improper contributions had been made to the republican cause I ordered them returned. I had assurances from Bliss and Cortelyou that there were no such contributions and Loeb had the assurance by telephone that the Standard Oil Company had contributed nothing.

JACKSON HATCH IN SAN QUENTIN PRISON

SAN QUENTIN, Cal., Oct. 4.—Sentenced to seven years in prison for the embezzlement of large sums from a client's estate Jackson Hatch who twice ran for supreme justice in California, arrived here today by automobile to begin his term.

Hatch, who was accompanied by his wife, H. I. Stafford, his attorney and son-in-law and Mrs. Stafford, and guarded by Sheriff A. B. Langford, was taken from jail at San Jose at daylight to avoid attracting a crowd.

The party arrived here at ten o'clock this morning and after farewells were said Langford turned his prisoner over to Warden Hoyle of the state prison.

Hatch's case has been famous in California for years and a long, bitter fight has been made to keep him from a cell.

BALKAN ALLIES INVADE TURKEY; BATTLE RAGING

Bulgarians Marching Towards Adrianople—Montenegrin Regiments Invade Albania Where They Are Welcomed by Christians.

Four Hundred Turks Said to Be Slain in Engagement Near Jamboli—British Fleet Ordered to Levant.

PARIS, Oct. 4.—Confirmation of the report that the Bulgarian army has invaded Turkish territory and is now marching towards Adrianople was received here this afternoon.

BUDAPEST, Oct. 4.—Telegrams here today from Cetinje, the capital of Montenegro, say that three Montenegrin regiments invaded Albania, where they were welcomed by the Christian tribesmen.

ATHENS, Oct. 4.—Reports received here today say that a Turkish plot to murder Greek residents of Albania has just been uncovered. Thousands of Greeks reside in Albania.

BERLIN, Oct. 4.—Little credence was placed in reports of serious fighting along the Balkan frontier between Turkish troops and Bulgarian and Servian soldiers by diplomats here today. Reports received here from Constantinople deny the reported Turko-Bulgarian engagement near Jamboli in which 400 Turks are said to have been killed. Neither has confirmation been received of the report that thirty Turks were killed by Servian troops in a battle near Vranja.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—Despatches here today from Gibraltar say the British Mediterranean fleet there has been ordered to proceed to the Levant. The cruiser Weymouth departed immediately for Suda Bay.

TRY TO BLACKMAIL PORTLAND BANKER

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 3.—Jack Kisbey and William Rase, partners in a small theatrical enterprise, are in jail here today following their alleged attempts to extort \$7,000 from Karl V. Lively, a prominent Portland broker through information they claimed to possess that Lively knew more about the death of Miss Grace Dow here last July than he cared to have made public. Miss Dow was killed in an automobile accident, the car belonging to Lively.

HEAVY BUYING OF STOCKS ON EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Heavy buying of stocks marked the opening of today's stock market here, general raids being recorded throughout the list. A raise of two occurred in Canadian Pacific while especial strength was shown in Atchison, the Harriman and Hill issues, also coppers, steel and General Electric.

Among a few nominal declines at the opening were Smelting and Reading.

Bonds were steady.

The market closed weak.

POLL TAKEN OF THE ENTIRE COUNTRY THIRTY-SIX DAYS BEFORE ELECTION WILL MAKE THE "SOLID SOUTH" JUBILANT



PRESIDENT TAFT. GOVERNOR WILSON.

The New York Herald's National Political Canvass was a great surprise to many in the country. It is the greatest political poll ever undertaken, caused by the mixed conditions in the country. The figures show a drift to the Democracy throughout the entire United States, a great loss to the Republicans and a tremendous Progressive vote. This canvass shows Wilson in the lead, with Roosevelt second, in nearly all of the States polled. The New York Herald's investigation thirty-six days before the election demonstrates that the Democrats at this time are united in all sections, the Progressives fighting aggressively and desperately and the Republicans apathetic. The Empire State is now swinging toward Mr. Wilson; Pennsylvania is being bitterly contested, and the Baltimore nominee also leads in New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia and in most of New England, besides having the solid South. Spectacular fights are on in Indiana and Illinois, with Wilson leading in Indiana and the Bull Moose a close second, while in Illinois the straw ballots give Roosevelt the lead. The Northwest, where the great army of new voters, in Washington numbering 200,000, mostly women, makes the situation interesting. They are regarded as friendly to the Third Term.



THEODORE ROOSEVELT

and 2,354 from Taft to Wilson. The change from Bryan in 1908 to the Bull Moose is only 578, and from Bryan to Taft is only 49. The Republican loss from 1908 is 5,597, and the Democratic gain more than 2,000.

JUDGE TAKEN OFF BENCH AT TRIAL, PUT IN JAIL

HOLTVILLE, Cal., Oct. 4.—A. C. Loveland, presiding magistrate at the "Boosters" trial here, was arrested and taken from the bench by Chief of Police Dan Southwell of Imperial. Court was adjourned sine die. Loveland is charged with issuing a bogus check on the First National Bank of Holtville in the amount of \$1,000.

Judge Loveland was locked up in the Imperial county jail but was later released on \$1,000 bail.

The "boosters" trial grew out of a raid on the "Boosters" club several days ago when several prominent people were arrested.

HARMON OFF FOR COAST TO SELECT FAIR SITE

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Governor Harmon of Ohio and his staff today passed through Chicago en route to San Francisco to select a site for the Ohio building at the 1915 exposition.

WATER RIGHTS OF ASHLAND UNDER ADJUDICATION

The state board of control now in session in this city finished taking testimony last night in the matter of disputed water rights on Anderson creek.

A decision was quickly reached in this case, the board giving G. A. Morse the water from this creek for irrigating purposes for four days of the week and to Brophy and others three days.

Friday testimony was taken touching upon the use of water from Bear creek by the city of Ashland, the Eagle Mills and the mill at Phoenix. These three are the contending principles thus far but others may show up later.

The witnesses from Ashland are R. P. Neil, J. S. Butler, E. D. Briggs, G. F. Billings, Attorney Moore, Wm. Meyers, J. J. and Ed Murphy and A. W. Sibley.

Monjousko's opera "Halka" was sung in Esperanto at Vienna early last month.

TURKEY GIVES UP TROPOLI TO ITALY TO SECURE PEACE

VIENNA, Oct. 4.—Despatches received here today from Rome and Constantinople practically confirm the reports that Italy and Turkey have signed a peace pact.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—Despite official denials it seems certain today that representatives of both Turkey and Italy have signed a peace pact at Onchi, Switzerland. A despatch received here this morning from Constantinople says that the Turkish cabinet has accepted Italy's terms and that official announcement of a settlement will be made soon.

By the terms of the pact, Turkey is to abandon claims of temporal authority over Tripoli but is to retain spiritual authority over the Mohammedans. Italy also is to aid Turkey to borrow a large sum of money, the exact amount not being mentioned.

MOST SCATHING ARRAIGNMENT OF IRON WORKERS

Federal District Attorney Promises Convictions to Each of Fifty-Eight Labor Leaders on Trial at Indianapolis.

Defendants Unconcerned But Wives and Families Shudder at Accusations—Jurors to Be Kept Together

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 4.—Shaking an accusing finger in the face of each of the forty-eight defendants in turn, United States District Attorney John D. Miller today promised conviction to members of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers on trial here for illegally transporting dynamite. The arraignment voiced by the government's prosecutor was one of the most scathing ever delivered in an Indianapolis court room. Miller's accusations were not general. Instead he singled out the defendants one by one, and boldly shouting their names, designated the man, the time and the place, the alleged crimes were committed.

Defendants Unmoved

The most anxious persons in the court room today were the wives and mothers of the accused. Many of the ironworkers' women covered their faces and shuddered as the prosecutor reeled off the charges which he said he would prove. Miller's arraignment, however, failed to move the defendants. They were apparently the least concerned persons in the court room. They lolled about unconcernedly in easy chairs while the prosecutor charged them with crimes which, if proven, will send them to jail with stiff sentences.

Malicious destruction of millions of dollars worth of property was among the offenses mentioned.

Tells of Dynamiting

Miller devoted most of the day to the dynamite destruction of the Kansas City bridge and that of the court house in Omaha. He flatly charged that Jim McManara, Orle McManagal and H. S. Hockin were responsible, concealing the nitro-glycerine used in these jobs at Muncie, Ind. Then he told of dynamiting in Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Buffalo, Rochester, Boston, New York, Hoboken, Peoria and Worcester, Mass., and elsewhere.

In each instance he named the man whom the government alleges superintended the job and the men who did the actual work.

Judge Anderson today ordered that the jurors be kept together. This means that the twelve men will be virtual prisoners during the three months the trial is expected to last. Sleeping quarters for the jurors have been provided in the federal building.

Rain Postpones Double-Header

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 4.—Today's double-header between Sacramento and Vernon Coast league clubs was postponed on account of rain.

LA FOLLETTE USED BY TEDDY AS A "FEELER"

Wisconsinite Tells Inside Story of Campaign—Tells of Roosevelt's Ambition—Colonel Merely a Radical Not a Progressive.

Originally Planned to Run in 1910 But Possibility of Success Aroused His Ambition for 1912.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 4.—Resuming publication of his autobiography which was interrupted last spring, Senator Robert M. La Follette's magazine today prints the first of five articles which are designed to round out his story and which deal with the present national campaign and the part he played in the early stages of the progressive movement. La Follette plans to tell his story under the following captions:

1. Why I became a candidate for president.
2. The true story of the campaign.
3. Why I continued as a candidate.
4. Roosevelt never really a progressive.
5. His record.

Roosevelt Merely Radical

"Roosevelt," La Follette says in discussing the colonel's record, "has been merely a radical." He declares that on June 27, 1910, when he visited Roosevelt at Oyster Bay the colonel said of Taft: "Sometimes a man makes a very good lieutenant but not a very good captain."

"In the light of subsequent events," says La Follette, "there can be little doubt that when Roosevelt left the White House, he had 1916 firmly in his mind. He returned from Africa to find that many changes had taken place, the progressive movement he found far in advance of him, he neither understood it, nor was he in sympathy with its manifest purposes insofar as he comprehended the movement. He deliberated for a time as to whether he would stand with the administration, supporting Taft for re-nomination, or seek to identify himself with the progressives—or straddle. He straddled.

Stranded in 1910

"It left him awkwardly stranded in the election of 1910. He halted to take account of stack. Events were rapidly transpiring. It was evident that the Taft administration was losing ground day by day. The congressional election in 1910 forecasted disaster for the republican party in 1912. Roosevelt was still looking to 1916. Roosevelt was still looking to 1916 and as the political situation developed in the following year, in his political philosophy, which is always personal. Taft's renomination and defeat in 1912 fitted admirably into his plan. Then came his tour in the spring of 1911. It fired his blood, the music and cheers. He began to think of 1912 for himself. It was four years better than 1916; and four years counts in the life of a man turned fifty-three;

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BILL HANLEY OUT FOR WILSON

BURNS, Ore., Oct. 4.—"Bill" Hanley, cattle king of Eastern Oregon and one of the best known men in the Pacific northwest, today announces the withdrawal of his support of President Taft and states he will support Governor Woodrow Wilson, democratic presidential nominee. Hanley was a Taft presidential elector.

Hanley gives as his reasons for refusing longer to align himself with President Taft his dissatisfaction with the president because of his failure to bring about a downward revision of the tariff and his belief that a vote for Taft is a vote for Colonel Roosevelt. He thinks the contest for election to the presidency lies between Colonel Roosevelt and Governor Wilson.

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