

FOREIGN TROOPS ARE ORDERED TO PEKIN

MASSACRE OF FRENCH BRINGS INTERVENTION

Frenzied Mutineers Continue Campaign of Looting, Killing and Burning—One-sixth of Peking Devastated by Fire.

American Troops Ordered to Capital—Many Executions of Leaders Do Not Stop Mutiny—Reign of Terror.

PEKIN, March 2.—President Yuan Shi Kai tonight virtually admitted that he was unable to preserve order in the capital when he summoned republican troops from Nanking.

It is probable that General Li Yuan Hung, former commander-in-chief of the rebel army, will accompany the troops here to put down the disorders with an iron hand.

Open charges that President Yuan Shi Kai started the trouble as an excuse to assume the dictatorship of China are heard on all sides. It is said that he planned a mild uprising and that the mutineers got beyond his control.

The loyalty of the government troops is wavering and if they desert, one of the bloodiest massacres in history is almost certain to follow.

PEKIN, March 2.—Concentrating at Tao Ting Fu, mutinous soldiers today murdered several French priests there, and destroyed the village by fire. Then the rioters returned to Peking and robbed the palace of the former dowager empress' father.

All foreign residents here have taken refuge in the foreign legation compounds, and the guards about the buildings have been doubled.

An appeal to the foreign officers at Tien Tsin for aid met with an immediate response and 1,000 heavily armed soldiers are en route to Peking, among them a detachment of U. S. troops.

Intervention Comes.

The soldiers who burned Pao Ting Fu and murdered the French priests left Peking on freight cars which they seized and piled to the doors with loot. The murder of the French missionaries opens the way for foreign intervention.

Confronted on all sides by frenzied mutineers, who throughout the day continued a campaign of massacre.

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SUFFRAGETTES JAIL SENTENCES FOR MAD RIOT

LONDON, March 2.—Punishment for the suffragette outbreak which they headed in the heart of the city here was today handed out to Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, leader of the women and Mrs. Mabel Tuke and Mrs. Emma Marshall, who accompanied her when a campaign of window smashing started by the three hurling stones through the windows of Premier Asquith's town house. Mrs. Pankhurst and Mrs. Tuke were each given two months imprisonment and fifty-one days was allotted the other woman.

During the arraignment of the 150 women arrested as taking part in the raid thousands of women gathered in the streets and cheered wildly. Prosecutor Muskett called the suffragettes "female cranks" and "wild emotionalists."

Mrs. Pankhurst, when arraigned, admitted smashing windows, saying: "What the suffragettes did was only a flea bite to what the miners are prepared to do to win their strike. We are willing to pay the price the government demands. Until we get the power to make the laws we shall continue to break them."

The rest of the prisoners were sentenced rapidly. Most of them admitted their guilt.

CONCESSIONS MILL OWNERS ARE REJECTED

Final Decision to Stand Firm for Living Wages in Mills of Lawrence Reached by Strike Committee Who are Leading the Workers' Fight.

Four Mills Offer Further Increases in Wages if Men Return Monday—Foss Said to Be Weakening.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 2.—Final decision to stand firm for living wages in the mills of Lawrence was reached here this afternoon by the strike committee of forty-seven who are leading the workers' fight against the mill owners. The full committee received a report of a sub-committee which voted to reject overtures by the mill owners and unanimously voted to print a proclamation which read in part:

"The strike is not over. Stand firm and we will win. The textile interests are yielding to the inevitable and Governor Foss is weakening. Colonel Sweetzer, in charge of the militia will be removed. Stand together and don't let the mill owners pull the wool of their mills over your eyes by false promises."

Four mills today offered further increases in the pay of their operatives if they would return to work on Monday. One, the United States Worsted Mills, posted notices that operatives who had been receiving \$7.00 would get a five per cent increase and that those who received less than \$7.00 weekly including unskilled laborers, would receive increases of 7 1/2 per cent. Other mills offering the same concessions are the American Woolen company, the Lawrence Duck mills and the Atlantic, Knickerbocker and Pemberton Mills.

SHOE TRUST WINS VICTORY

BOSTON, Mass., March 2.—A sweeping victory for the shoe trust was recorded here today when United States Judge Putnam handed down a decision on demurrers to indictments against officials of the United States Shoe Machinery company, which practically controls the shoe industry in the United States.

Judge Putnam ruled that the defendants could be held on only the first count in the indictment, charging combination in restraint of trade. The second count, which charged conspiracy to monopolize the shoe trade, was dismissed.

Officials of the shoe trust affected by the decision are Sidney Winslow, George Brown, William Harbour, Elmer Hull and Edwin Hurd.

"THOU SHALT NOT PRESS DOWN UPON MY BROW THIS LAUREL WREATH OF FAME"—ED ANDREWS

To the editor: I scarcely know whether to denigrate this a soliloquy, a reply, or an article to myself, since overnight I have crept into fame, or rather had it heaped upon me, by the trenchant pen of the Donnelly-like genius that radiated light and reason through the columns of your distinguished contemporary, the Ashland Tidbits.

I am above all things, I hope, human and the subtle flattery of the distinguished literate who I am informed hails from the birthplace of genius, the home of Carrie Nation and nine foot sheets, has been as a draught of wine to my humble and jaded spirits!

How sweet indeed to have one's genius appreciated while yet in the flesh and not be compelled to await the slow appreciation of a dullard public that crowns the sepulchre of departed immortals.

It is certainly an ill wind that blows no good to any one, and what a fortuitous cyclone it was that up-

RAIL STRIKE WILL FOLLOW COAL TIE-UP

Walkout Probable Over Refusal to Handle Troop Trains into Coal Mining Districts—Sympathetic Strike Also Under Consideration.

Government Makes Another Effort at Peace—Famine Threatens Country—Poor Clamor for Food.

LONDON, March 2.—Practically complete paralysis of all coastwise traffic, the result of the coal miners strike, today has sent prices of food soaring. Suffering in the poorer districts, already intense, has been augmented and the city government is besieged by the poor who are clamoring for food.

The railroads with their supply, almost exhausted, today commandeered coal shipments and the officials admit that unless a settlement of the strike is speedily reached the roads will be forced to suspend operations. This would throw thousands of additional persons out of work.

Half Industries Threatened.

The home office is greatly concerned over the situation, officially expressing the fear that one-half of the industries of the country may be forced to suspend operations. It is admitted that unless an agreement between the mine owners and the men is reached within two weeks, that more than five million persons will be thrown out of work as a direct result of the strike.

The government will make another effort Monday to effect some sort of compromise. Little hope for a settlement is entertained, however, as both the owners and the men are apparently determined not to yield a point.

Reports received here today say that the miners in Lancashire, including both union and non-union men, are out.

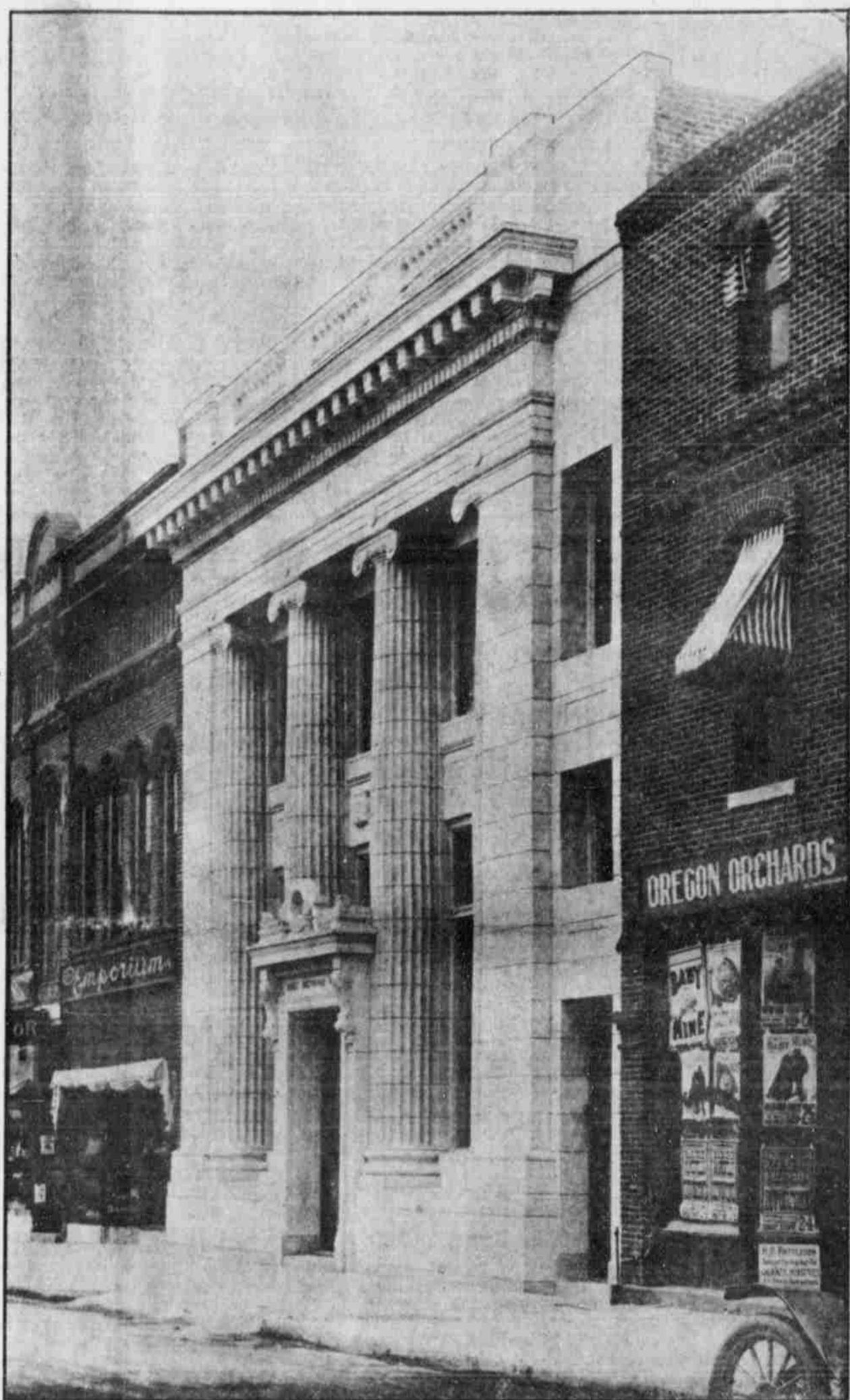
Railroad Strike Likely.

Danger of a railroad strike developed today and the strike situation throughout the British Isles is growing more acute hourly. The imminence of a railway strike came late today when it was learned that the executive committee of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants was considering demands from railroad employes for permission for them to refuse to handle trains to be used to send troops into the mining districts.

A general sympathetic strike is also under consideration. The committee is expected to approve the request of the railway employes.

Government officials announced that the government would take over the railroads if attempts were made to interfere in any way with the transportation of soldiers.

Palatial New Home of First National Bank Opened



BRYAN HAS SAME HOLD ON PEOPLE

"William Jennings Bryan seems to have the same hold upon the affections of the American people as he has always had," stated Mayor Cannon today upon his return from Portland where he attended the Bryan meeting Thursday evening.

SPLENDID NEW HOME OF FIRST NAT'L IS OPEN

The doors of the new home of the First National bank of this city were thrown open to the public for the first time Saturday. At 3 o'clock an informal reception was held to which the public was invited.

The city has just cause to be proud of the new building, as it is one of the finest of its kind in the Pacific northwest. While most beautiful in every respect, convenience has not been sacrificed, the building being a practical banking home.

Its design is Grecian Ionic and it is probably the purest example in the northwest, the scheme being followed throughout.

The interior finishing of marble is especially fine. The wainscoting and counters are of Breecchie opal, quarried near Genoa, Italy. The base is of a black and gold marble from Abyssinia. This is from the same quarry as the one which furnished the marble for the tomb of the Emperor Napoleon. The vestibule is finished in English vein marble from Knoxville, Tennessee. The woodwork is of African mahogany from the Congo Free State, and is very beautiful.

The interior of the banking room conveys an idea of spaciousness, the ceiling being 21 feet high. On entering the bank to the right is first

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STOCKS ADVANCE IN DULL MARKET

NEW YORK, March 2.—The stock market opened irregular today, gains predominating. United States Steel, Reading and St. Paul gained nearly a point. The market was more than usually active. Canadian Pacific was down half and Northern Pacific and American Smelting a quarter. Reading dropped sharply, taking a number of the other leaders with it, but prices again advanced. Amalgamated Copper and Union Pacific rose to the best prices of the day. The market then lapsed into dullness and closed steady. Bonds were firm.

STEWART-DAGGETT DISPUTE SETTLED

W. H. Stewart and George H. Daggett have amicably settled the dispute which arose between them regarding Mr. Daggett's purchase of the well known Stewart place on the west side of the valley between Central Point and Jacksonville. Some time ago Mr. Stewart instituted a civil action in the circuit court against Mr. Daggett, but a compromise being effected, the suit has been discontinued. A deed has passed and Mr. Daggett now has title to the place.

(Signed) "Mrs. L. F. Jellison."

Officer Burkhardt was sent to the house, and found all in bed as though asleep.

The cause of death was cyanide of potassium.

The woman left a note saying she was sorry she "had to lie to get the staff. The children are two boys and two girls and their ages range between nine and fourteen years.

RECOGNITION OF REBELLION BY NEUTRALITY

Taft for First Time Formally Takes Cognizance of Mexican Revolt—Proclamation Follows Meeting of Cabinet.

Citizens of United States Must Leave Country or Remain at Their Own Peril—No Protection From Madero

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—The first formal recognition by the United States of the Vasquista rebellion came today when President Taft officially proclaimed the neutrality of the United States in the Mexican situation. President Taft called a meeting of the cabinet before leaving for New York and it was decided to issue the proclamation. The proclamation is intended as a warning to Americans that war exists in Mexico, and that Americans remaining in the disturbed country do so at their own peril.

Prior to the issuance of today's proclamation by the president, the United States government could demand protection from President Madero for all Americans in Mexico. New American residents must either leave the country or remain at their own peril.

HILL STARTS PHONE WAR

PORTLAND, Ore., March 2.—War between the Independent Telephone company of Portland and the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph company was declared here this afternoon, when President Samuel Hill of the Home Telephone company gave out a statement declaring that the independent company would fight the "trust" without quarter and intimated that the battle would soon become nationwide.

Hill just returned from conferences of independent telephone officials of the northwest held at Seattle.

"What this country needs is competition under regulations," said Hill. "We intend to fight for it against the 'billion dollar trust' that now seeks a monopoly throughout the United States."

WOMAN POISONS FOUR CHILDREN AND THEN SELF

SALEM, Ore., March 2.—Mrs. L. F. Jellison, a divorced woman aged about forty years, residing at 469 North Liberty street, last night poisoned her four children and herself. The first intimation of the tragedy was a letter received by Chief of Police Hamilton this morning. The letter begins abruptly:

"I know the law requires an inquest. Do as little as possible. Plain fact is I cannot earn enough alone to keep my family. Someone induced my boy to leave, and I am too ill to work. I cannot see them starve. There is a little money, \$21, in my purse, make it bury us all together. I am very sorry to make so much disturbance but am too confused to think.

(Signed) "Mrs. L. F. Jellison."

The woman left a note saying she was sorry she "had to lie to get the staff. The children are two boys and two girls and their ages range between nine and fourteen years.