

# COOK ARRESTED SERIOUS CHARGE

Bert Stovell, a cook in a local restaurant was arrested at noon Wednesday charged with a statutory crime upon a complaint sworn to by Mrs. Effie Jones, an eighteen year old girl from Eugene. Stovell will probably be given a preliminary hearing this afternoon.

According to the story told to the authorities by Mrs. Jones, who is said to have a splendid reputation Stovell forced her by threatening to shoot her.

The girl's husband is at present in the east on a short business trip. Her father who resides near Eugene has been communicated with and will probably arrive in the city Thursday.

## ROOSEVELT PLEDGES HIMSELF TO RADICAL INSURGENCY

(Continued From Page Two.)

that the people give a square deal to any man engaged in big business who honestly endeavors to do what is right and proper.

All business into which the element of monopoly in any way or degree enters, and where it proves in practice impossible totally to eliminate this element of monopoly, should be exercised by administrative, rather than by judicial officers.

We should not fear, if necessary, to bring the regulation of big corporations to the point of controlling conditions so that the wageworker shall have a wage more than sufficient to cover the bare cost of living and hours of labor not as excessive as to wreck his strength by the strain of unending toil and leave him unfit to do his duty as a good citizen in the community. Where regulations by competition (which is, of course, preferable) proves insufficient, we should not shrink from bringing governmental regulation to the point of control of monopoly prices, if it should ever become necessary to do so, just as in exceptional cases railway rates are now regulated.

**Monopoly Unjustified.**  
I do not believe any absolute private monopoly is justified, but if our great combinations are properly supervised, so that immoral practices are prevented, absolute monopoly will not come to pass, as the laws of competition and efficiency are against it.

We stand for the rights of property but we stand even more for the rights of man. We will protect the rights of the wealthy man, but we maintain that he holds his wealth subject to the general right of the community to regulate its business use as the public welfare requires.

We also maintain that the nation and several states have the right to regulate the terms and conditions of labor, which is the chief element of wealth, directly in the interest of the common good. You framers of this constitution be careful so to frame it that under it the people shall leave themselves free to do whatever is necessary in order to help the farmers of the state to get for themselves and their wives and children, not only the benefits of better farming, but also those of better business methods and better conditions of life on the farm.

See to it that no restrictions are placed upon legislative powers that will prevent the enactment of laws under which your people can promote the general welfare, the common good. This also applies to the police powers of the government. Make it perfectly clear that on every point of this kind it is your intention that the people shall decide for themselves how far the laws, to achieve to achieve their purposes, shall go, and that their decision shall be binding upon every citizen in the state, official or non-official, unless, of course, the supreme court of the nation in any given case, decides otherwise.

In the first place, I believe in the short ballot. The type of politician who has made the name of politician odious rarely himself runs for high elective office; and if he does and is elected, the people have themselves to blame.

I believe in providing for direct nominations by the people, including therein direct preferential primaries for the election of delegates to the national nominating conventions. Not as a matter of theory, but as a matter of plain and proved experience we find that the convention system, while it often records the popular will, is also often used by adroit politicians as a method of thwarting the popular will.

**Initiative Favored.**  
I believe in the election of United States senators by direct vote. Just as actual experience convinced our people that presidents should be elected (as they now are in practice, although not in theory) by direct vote of the people instead of by indirect vote of the people through an untrammelled electoral college, so

actual experience has convinced us that senators should be elected by direct vote by the people, instead of indirectly through the various legislatures.

I believe in the initiative and the referendum, which should be used not to destroy representative government, but to correct it whenever it becomes mis-representative. In actual practice it has been found in very many states that legislative bodies have not been responsive to the popular will. Therefore, I believe that the state should provide for the possibility of direct popular action in order to make good such legislative failure. The power to invoke such direct action, both initiative and by referendum, should be provided in such fashion as to prevent its being wantonly or too frequently used. I do not believe that it should be made the easy or ordinary way of taking action. In the great majority of cases it is far better that action on legislative matters should be taken by those specially delegated to perform the task; in other words, that the work should be done by the experts chosen to perform it. But where the men thus delegated fail to perform their duty, then it should be in the power of the people themselves to perform the duty.

**Favors the Recall.**  
As to the recall, I do not believe that there is any great necessity for it as regards short-term elective offices. On abstract grounds, I was originally inclined to be hostile to it. I know of one case where it was actually used with mischievous results. On the other hand, in three cases in municipalities on the Pacific coast, which have come to my knowledge, it was used with excellent results.

I believe it should be generally provided, but with such restrictions as would make it available only when there is a widespread and genuine public feeling among a majority of the voters.

Then remains the question of the recall of judges. One of the ablest jurists in the United States, a veteran in the service to the people, recently wrote me as follows on this subject:

"There are two causes of the agitation for the recall as applied to judges. First, the administration of justice has withdrawn from life and become artificial and technical. The recall is not so much a recall of judges from office as it is a recall of the administration of justice back to life so that it shall become, as it ought to be, the most efficient of all agencies for making this earth a better place to live in. Judges have set their rules above life. Like the Pharisees of old, they have said 'the people be accursed, they know not the law.' (That is our rule.)"

**Courts are Denounced.**  
Courts have repeatedly defeated the aroused morals of a whole commonwealth.

Second, by the abuse of the power to declare laws unconstitutional, the courts have become a law-making, instead of law-enforcing agency. Here again the settled will of society to correct confessed evils has been set at naught by those who place metaphysics above life. It is the courts, not the constitutions, that are at fault.

The justice between man and man, between the state and its citizens, is a living thing, whereas legalistic justice is a dead thing.

Moreover, never forget that the judge is just as much a servant of the people as any other official. Of course, he must act conscientiously. He must not do anything wrong because there is a popular clamor for it. But in their turn the people must follow their conscience, and when they have definitely decided on a given policy they must have public servants who will carry out that policy.

**Is a Last Resort.**

I do not believe in adopting the recall save as a last resort, when it has become clearly evident that no other course will achieve the desired result. But either the recall will have to be adopted or else it will have to

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Do you have to spit often?  
Do crusts form in your nose?  
Are you worse in damp weather?  
Do you blow your nose a great deal?  
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Does your mouth taste bad mornings?  
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Do you have a discharge from the nose?  
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Complete HYOMEI outfit, which includes inhaler, \$1.00, extra bottles, if needed, 50 cents at Chas. Strang's and druggists everywhere.

be made much easier than it now is to get rid, not merely of a bad judge, but of a judge who, however virtuous has grown out of touch with social needs.

It is nonsense to say that impeachment meets the difficulty. In actual practice, we have found that impeachment does not work. But there is one kind of recall in which I very earnestly believe, and the immediate adoption of which I urge. Every public servant, no matter how valuable, and not omitting Washington or Lincoln or Marshall, at times makes mistakes. Therefore, we should be cautious about recalling the judge and we should be cautious about interfering in any way with the judge in decisions which he makes in the ordinary course as between individuals. But when a judge decides a constitutional question; when he

decides what the people as a whole can or cannot do, the people should have the right to recall that decision if they think it wrong. We should hold the judiciary in all respect, but it is both absurd and degrading to make a fetish of a judge or of anyone else.

I hold that now the American people as a whole have shown themselves wiser than the courts in the way they have approached and dealt with such vital questions of our day, as those concerning the proper control of big corporations and of securing their rights to industrial workers.

Keep clearly in view what are the fundamental ends of government. Remember that methods are merely the machinery by which these ends are to be achieved. I hope that not only you and I, but all our people may ever remember that while good laws

are necessary; while it is necessary to have the right kind of governmental machinery, yet the all-important matter is to have the right kind of a man behind the law.

A good constitution, and good laws under the constitution, and fearless and upright officials to administer the laws—all these are necessary; but the prime requisite in our national life is, and must always be, the possession by the average citizen of the right kind of character.

"We desire the moralization not only of political conditions, but of industrial conditions, so that every force in the community, individual and collective, may be directed toward securing for the average man and average woman a higher and better and fuller life in the things of the body, no less than those of the mind and the soul."

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laces and insertions, MANN'S laces and insertions, up to  
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**"LA VOGUE" SUITS** Up to date in style, made of the best materials, workmanship guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Special values at \$15.00, \$18.00, \$22.50 and \$35.00

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"Perfection" Brand of Lingerie waists, something different, made of fine lawns, voiles and marquisettes. Special values at \$1.25, \$1.69, \$2.25, \$2.98, \$3.48 \$4.98 and \$5.98

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34 acres near Roswell, New Mexico, in alfalfa and apples. Price \$6000; want pear or garden land.

Will exchange 5 room house on Grape St. for close in acreage. \$3500.

25 lots on and near West Jackson st., Medford. Price, \$7500; will exchange for income city property or acreage.

115 acres within 1 1/2 miles of Woodville, S. P. Ry. runs through tract, 35 or 40 acres fine alfalfa land, 3-4 mile river front. Price \$3250. Homestead relinquishment near this place can be purchased at a reasonable figure.

4 room house, large lot, water, 160 bearing grapes, chicken house, good garden, strawberries. Price \$1400 cash.

100 acres within 4 miles of Medford, good subdivision proposition; get details at office. Price \$125 per acre, terms.

40 acres in Lake county, Ore. Price \$1200; will exchange for auto or Medford lot.

5-acre garden tract near city limits; good soil, house and barn. Price \$3500. \$1500 will handle.

29 acres 2 1/2 miles south of city, 12 acres in orchard mostly 8 years old. Price \$275 per acre. Terms; might exchange.

\$100 down and \$25 monthly buys 4 room house on Court st. Price \$2000.

\$25,000 business property, income payer, in Medford; will exchange for ranch.

160 acres level land 16 miles north of Medford, nearly all tillable. Price \$50 per acre; will exchange for Medford city property, Seattle or Portland.

120 acres 17 miles N. W. of Medford, some improvements. Price \$3500; will exchange for Medford property or will sell on very easy terms. Relinquishment on 160 acres nearly adjoining can be purchased.

Some 20 acre tracts near Eagle Point for sale or exchange at attractive prices.

Several 10 acre tracts nearly adjoining city of Medford at attractive prices.

5-acre tract suitable for chicken ranch within 3 blocks of city limits. Price \$2900, \$1000 down balance in 3 years or will take one half value in other property.

4 room furnished house and about 1-1-4 acres ground, barn, chicken house, paved street, water and sewer, all kinds of fruit and berries on the place. Price \$4500.

3 lots on Dakota ave., \$250 each, cash.

12 acre tract inside Medford city limits, 10 acres in 18-year-old fruit trees, splendid subdivision proposition; will plat 66 lots. Price \$20,000, \$6000 will handle, or will trade for Medford income.

2 room new house, large lot, sewer and water; nothing down, \$15 monthly buys this. Price \$550.

20 acres 2 1/2 miles S. W. of Medford, all in cultivation. Price \$6300, \$1300 will handle; consider exchange for city property.

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