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# MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

**WEATHER**  
Fair—Max 90, Rel Humidity 20 per cent, Min 51.

Daily—Sixth Year.  
Forty-First Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1911.

No. 108.

## SENATE PASSES LA FOLLETTE'S TARIFF GREAT BRITAIN IS PREPARING FOR WAR WITH GERMANY

### UNDERWOOD TARIFF BILL IS REJECTED

Insurgent Substitute Passes Upper House by Aid of Thirteen Republican Votes, Including Bourne, Poindexter and Works.

### TAFT PLACED IN MOST PERPLEXING OF DILEMMAS

Bill Will Go to Conference With the House Where an Agreement Will Probably Be Reached.



WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27.—By a coalition between the progressives and the democrats, the senate this afternoon adopted, by a vote of 48 to 32, the La Follette substitute for the wool tariff revision bill.

The action came after the joint forces, acting apparently under a distinct understanding, had voted previous motion to adopt the same substitute.

It was believed that the action will put up to the president the most perplexing dilemma of his administration by his being forced to choose being a revision of the wool schedule adopted by the democrats and his progressive opponents, and the question of vetoing a bill reducing duties in the schedule he himself declared to be "undefensible."

The bill now goes to conference, with the house where it is considered probable that an agreement will be reached between the conferees and the measure will be put up to the president.

Thirteen republicans voted with the democrats on the LaFollette bill. They were Bourne, Bristow, Brown, Clapp, Crawford, Cummins, Gronnan.

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### SHIP IN MUCH OF OUR FOOD

Figures reflecting the need of the Rogue River Valley for home grown produce have been furnished by Fred N. Cummings of the Rogue River Canal Company. For some time the matter of growing vegetables and raising poultry has been agitated, in order to make the valley independent of outside sections. The figures furnished are of much value as an argument. During the fiscal year closing June 30, 1911, the following carload shipments, to and from valley points, exclusive of fruit were made:

Potatoes and onions, received 84 cars, shipped 1 car.  
Hay, received 225 cars, shipped 62 cars.  
Oats and barley, received 48 cars, shipped 2 cars.  
Flour and mill feed, received 432 cars.  
Eggs and butter, received 3 cars.  
Fruit, received 8 cars.  
Vegetables, received 35 cars.  
Canned goods, received 12 cars.  
Total cars received 847; shipped 65 cars.

From this table it is seen that 46 cars of fruit vegetables, butter and eggs were received in the valley. This is only a small item compared with the total of such tonnage moving in by express in small lots, of which figures cannot be obtained. The figures represent carloads received and shipped from points in the valley from Grants Pass south to Ashland.

### Wool Tariff Author



ROBERT M. LA FOLLETTE  
PHOTO BY COURTESY

### WOOL TARIFF AIDS FARMERS

La Follette Talks to Senate in Favor of His Substitute to Underwood Bill—Average Reduction Is 37 Per Cent on Wool Schedule.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27.—Declaring his measure a corrective for the alleged evils the American farmer will suffer under the operation of President Taft's reciprocity agreement, Senator LaFollette today on the floor of the senate urged the adoption of his substitute wool tariff. "The present rates on wool," he said, "are recognized as grossly excessive. These reductions, if adopted, will compensate the farmers for the losses they will suffer as the result of free trade with Canada in agricultural products."

LaFollette said his amendments would average in reduction about 37 per cent under the wool duties of the Payne law. The Underwood bill reduces the duties about 44 per cent.

LaFollette declared his amendments would cause the loss of about \$12,000,000 of revenue annually, but that this probably would be partly made up by the increased importations.

"The proposed rates," the Wisconsin senator said, "will simplify the phraseology of the schedules; they will automatically eliminate whatever fraud exists in the compensatory duty; they will abolish discrimination against the poor man's cloth and in favor of that worn by the rich man and they will leave ample protection for the wool grower and manufacturer without leaving the consumer completely at the latter's mercy."

Grades.	Payne, LaFollette.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Tops	90	45	45
Yarns	130	40	40
Carpets	50	40	40
Wool Manufac.	45	40	40

### EMPRESS OF CHINA ON JAPANESE REEF

TOKIO, July 27.—The Canadian Pacific Liner Empress of China is fast on a submerged reef off Noji Saki light, forty miles from Yokohama. The passengers have been transferred to the mainland by small boats of the Japanese cruisers Soya and Aso which are standing by. The mails have been transferred to the Soya. The warships were summoned by wireless. It is believed the Empress will be floated.

### BAILY RESIGNS FROM SENATE COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27.—Disgruntled because of the methods of the senate in taking testimony in the various investigations in hand, notably that of the election of Senator Lorimer, Senator Bailey of Texas today resigned from the committee on privileges and elections. Bailey gave no explanation of his act. The resignation was accepted.

### MANY JOIN "CAN'T DO IT" HIGHWAY CLUB

Reasons Given by Various Commercial Clubs for Not Asking for Special Session Sound so Much Like That Dear Old Oregon.

### ONLY SIX CLUBS SO FAR PETITION GOVERNOR WEST

Even Chapman of the Oregon Development League Wants to Wait for October.

SALEM, July 27.—To date Governor West has received but six requests from the Commercial clubs of the state, that the legislature be convened in special session for the expediency of good roads laws.

Pendleton, Baker, Corvallis and the Albany Commercial clubs, and state grange are in line for membership in the "Can't Do It" club. Roseburg and Dayton have not the energy to put in an application, while Lebanon, Port Orford, Bend, Eugene and Prairie City are live ones. Such is the sentiment reflected by letters received in regard to the request of the Medford Commercial club that the governor be asked by the different clubs of the state to call a special session of the legislature to consider good roads.

The "Can't Do It" candidates have a score of reasons for declining to act. Pendleton says: "We are not in shape to take the matter up at the present time . . . there is the danger of reopening important legislation . . . the legislature will not confine itself to the questions desired."

The state grange sets forth a number of reasons why it 'can't be done,' saying among other things that it is "hardly worth while to call an extra session."

Baker Commercial club was brief and to the point, saying, "met in special session today. Action in regard to good roads postponed indefinitely."

Albany fears the intelligence of the legislators, saying, "We do not have exalted opinions of the judgment of the majority of the members of the present legislature and we are very much afraid of what they might do."

Corvallis has not as yet taken action definitely, but they are very much perplexing dilemma of his administration afraid that they can do nothing in

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### SUGAR TRUST OFFICIAL QUIZZED BY CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE



WILLIAM SULZER  
GEORGE R. MALBY  
A. C. HINDS  
WASHINGTON B. THOMAS

"Live and let live" is the policy of the American Sugar Refining Company, according to the testimony given by Mr. Washington B. Thomas, chairman of the board of directors of the company, in the course of the inquiry by the congressional committee investigating the sugar industry in New York.

Mr. Thomas also testified that at the present time his company only controlled forty-two per cent of the sugar business, whereas in 1890, when it was organized, it controlled more than ninety per cent. Representatives William Sulzer, George Maltby, H. M. Jacoway and Asher D. Hines have been named as a committee to examine the books, correspondence and records of the American Sugar Refining Company and any other refineries it might care to know about.

### TAFT ALTERED IT FOR PRESS

Strong Phrase in Controller Bay Message as Printed Not in Original as Read in House or Senate—Newspaper Copy Differed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27.—The fact that a strong phrase in President Taft's message sent to the senate yesterday as sent to the morning papers and printed this morning, does not appear in the official copy as read in the house and senate and printed in the congressional record, was learned here.

Next to the last paragraph of the message, according to the morning papers, after the words "not completely understood by congress," the following occurred:

And in all these scandals with which the public has been regaled, very few specific instances of corruption or improper attempts to acquire vested interests in Alaska have been shown by evidence that would stand the test of judicial examination. Notwithstanding this, however."

Then the printed story resumes its message as it appears in the official record.

### BEAT TO DEATH AGED BROKER

Burglars Kill William Jackson, Millionaire Whom They Tried to Chloroform—Victim Fought Desperately Until Clubbed Insensible.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Burglars today beat to death William H. Jackson, aged 70, a millionaire broker, in his rooms in the Iroquois Hotel here.

Jackson's body was found on the tenth floor by employees of the hotel who went there after members of Jackson's firm had become alarmed by his absence.

The burglars apparently tried to chloroform the aged man but Jackson awoke and fought desperately until he was slain.

The dead man was a member of the firm of Van Shick and Company and had for a long time a tenant of the fashionable hotel, where the apartments he occupied were on the same as those of District Attorney Whitman.

Look for the ad that describes the place you would like to own.

### PEACE TREATY WITH FRANCE

Anglo-American and Franco-American Arbitration Pacts Ready for Signature Monday or Tuesday Next.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27.—The Anglo-American and Franco-American general arbitration treaties may be ready for signature Monday or Tuesday according to federal officials today.

The state department in cable communication with the French government working out a minor adjustment in the text of the French treaty. It is planned to have the treaty signed simultaneously in France and the United States.

Ambassador Bryce at Barbarbor, Maine and Secretary of State Knox at Washington will sign the Anglo-American treaty at the same hour, also.

### FIFTEEN SKELETONS ON MAINE WRECK

HAVANA, July 27.—Recovery of more human bones today form the wreck of the battleship Maine is considered to have brought the total of skeletons found to fifteen. The remains of fifty-nine others who perished in the disaster have not yet been located and it is feared that most of them were in that part of the vessel which was utterly destroyed by the explosion.

### BATTLING NELSON TO MEET ABE ATTELL

NEW YORK, July 27.—Batling Nelson, former lightweight champion is arranging today to meet Abe Attell or "Knockout" Brown some time in September before a local club. Nelson has accepted the offer to fight. Brown is willing to meet the Battler at 135 pounds, and Attell will scrap at the same weight, although he would be giving away 10 pounds to his opponent.

NEW YORK.—After Lieutenant of Police Nedwell had arrested his wife on a charge of drunkenness, the court committed her to an asylum and ordered the policeman-husband to take her there.

### FRANCE MAY BACK DOWN IN MOROCCO

King George's Health Breaks Down Under Strain—Government Showing Bold Front to Germany—Crisis Is Hourly Growing More Acute.

### CONSERVATIVES BACK UP DEMANDS OF LIBERALS

No Party Division Against the Foreign Foe—Negotiations Proceeding for Adjustment of Difficulties.

LONDON, July 27.—Rush orders to prepare without the loss of a moment "for eventualities," sent from the admiralty to all naval depots and from the Horse Guards to Woolwich arsenal this evening has convinced the British public that "the day," which German officers have boasted for years is near and that possibly before many hours, the might of England and the legions and warships of the Kaiser will clash in a combat which will decide the fate of Europe.

BERLIN, July 27.—Bitter indignation prevails here this evening as the result of the statements by Premier Asquith and Opposition Leader Balfour in the British house of commons today. German officials declare that the only interpretation that can be put upon their statements is that England has definitely resolved to stand by France.

LONDON, July 27.—With King George's health and spirits visibly affected by the terrific strain under which he is laboring; with the cabinet in conference frequently and statements made in the house of commons by both premier Asquith and opposition leader Balfour, all England today is alive with talk of war.

The government is showing a bold front to the German warnings to keep "hands off of Morocco" and the crisis this evening is admitted to be growing hourly more acute.

It was generally reported in court circles today that at one of his conferences

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### WANT ELECTION FOR HIGHWAY

At a meeting Wednesday evening the Medford Commercial Club passed resolutions requesting the county court to call a special election to submit at once to the people the question of authorizing an indebtedness of one million dollars for constructing a permanent system of highways for Jackson county.

The resolutions are similar to those adopted by the mining bureau Wednesday, and will be acted upon by the county court next week.

### STEEL PROBE MOVES QUARTERS TO GOTHAM

NEW YORK, July 27.—Chairman Stanley's congressional committee which is investigating the activities of the steel trust, today took up quarters in the city hall here to continue the probe. The committee while here will inquire into the financial organization of the trust, its attitude in the panic of 1907, and will go at length into its compact with the harvester trust.

Scores of Wall Street lights are likely to be summoned before the Stanley committee during its hearing here.

### TIME TO SPRAY FOR CODLING MOTH

The first brood moth has just appeared and egg laying for the second brood will take place within a very few days. We shall expect to find the second brood larvae appearing in about ten days, so that apple trees should be sprayed at least before August 5th. A careful examination of a large number of specimens indicate that there has been a considerable difference in time in the appearance of the wintered-over larvae from last year. In other words, while we find the first brood moth appearing there are quite a large number of young larvae of the first brood which have been in the apple for only a short time. There are all gradations, therefore, from the moth to the larvae of a few days old. The larvae just emerging from the apple will require approximately 18 to 21 days before emerging from its cocoon as a perfect moth. It will be seen, therefore, that we will have a succession of young larvae tending to go into the fruit for the next 6 weeks or more. The codling moth broods this year have been very straggling, hence more difficult to control where the spray was not applied properly immediately after the petals of the apple fell, and another spray 10 days to 2 weeks later.

This spray should be the same strength as the other sprays, namely, 4 pounds of arsenate of lead to 100 gallons of water; however, the spray need not be applied with so much force as the first. One hundred pounds pressure should be sufficient, and the spray should be a fine mist rather than coarse, as with the first spray. There is no objection to the use of high pressure, say, 150 to 200 pounds, but the spray must not be coarse. An attempt should be made to cover the fruit with a very thin film of spray rather than to have it applied in large splashes which would only partly cover the fruit.

P. J. O'GARA, Pathologist and Entomologist.