

CLEARINGS
BANK CLEARINGS
\$92,291.12

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

WEATHER
Fair—Max 59.4, Min 45, Mean 54.

Medford, Oregon, Monday, May 22, 1911. No. 52

SECOND GREAT GOLD STRIKE MADE IN JOSEPHINE; J. F. REDDY SECURES OPTION

RIVALRY STRIKE RECENTLY MADE FOR RICHNESS

New Strike Twelve Miles From First One and Was Made by Henry T. Brazile—White Quartz is Permeated With Free Gold.

DR. REDDY WAS NEAR, AND AT ONCE SECURED OPTION

Crew of Men Are Put to Work at Once to Determine the Extent of the Find.

GRANTS PASS, Ore., May 22.—Another wonder strike of free gold, this time in white quartz, was made Friday, 11 miles north west of Selma in this county, which is a rival of the strike made by Higgins on the Golden Dream claim. The new strike is located 12 miles from the Higgins strike and was made by Henry T. Brazile, on a quartz claim recently located and owned by Brazile and John C. Shadle, both old timers in this region. Several pounds of the quartz were taken out Saturday and it is permeated with free gold, showing the rock to be worth many thousands of dollars a ton. A part of the quartz is on exhibition today in a Grants Pass bank and crowds are flocking to see it.

Reddy Takes Option.
Although the find was made only Friday, an option on the property was taken Monday by Dr. J. F. Reddy, a Medford capitalist, who happened to be in the vicinity on a return trip from an inspection of the Higgins find. Several Grants Pass men begged to, and Dr. Reddy split his option with J. R. Harvey, W. H. Nipper, J. T. Logan and Joseph Smith. Logan recently sold a property in the county near Grants Pass for \$150,000. The new syndicate set a crew of men at work immediately on the discovery which Brazile had named the Black Bear.

German Finds Gold.
An exciting incident in connection with the find was that a German, ignorant of mining and minerals, was on a tramp over the ridge of the same mountain on which Brazile made his find Friday, and came into Selma Saturday with a piece of quartz as large as a man's two fists which was alive with gold and asked if it were "any good."

A crowd gathered up the butchman and hurried him in the region where he found the rock, but the man could not again find the ground. A vigorous search is now being made for the ledge by a number of prospectors, mining men and ranchmen.

Mining men from all over the western states are arriving in Grants Pass as a result of the Higgins strike and a number of these are now hurrying into the newest gold field.

Reddy Confirms.
Dr. J. F. Reddy who returned to this city last night from Grants Pass today confirmed the report that a second gold strike had been made in the neighborhood of the Higgins strike. Dr. Reddy has engaged a large crew of additional men and purchased supplies preliminary to doing much development work on the claim. He states that he and his associates will spend a large amount of money at once determining the extent of the find.

"We were returning from a visit to the Higgins strike," states Dr. Reddy, "when we met Brazile coming down the trail. He had with him a flour sack in which he had nearly \$450 in gold which he had taken from the strike. We questioned him and made arrangements for a visit to the mine. This trip we made yesterday and immediately took an option on the claim. The boys who were with me begged to be taken in so we formed a company on the spot."

Dr. Reddy represents several New York capitalists who commissioned him to pick up claims in this section of Oregon. He has just returned from a four months tour of Europe.

Youngsters Wander Away on Desert
GLOUCESTER, Ark., May 22.—Texas Rangers cowboys and Indian trappers are scouring the desert east of Rice station on the Arizona & Eastern railroad today for Sidney Richardson, six years old, and his brother Frank, aged 5, who have been lost on the cactus plains since Saturday.

The boys attended a picnic at Rice on Saturday, watched the train and were missed until the train returned here. The children's parents are prostrated and it is feared they have perished in the desert.

Wants a Vote



MISS MARGARET DRAPER

Miss Draper is one of the leading suffragettes in New York city. It was she who recently organized the great parade of suffragettes in that city.

BRITISH FAMILY IN CONFERENCE

Will Probably Prove Great Peace Meeting—Many Other Important Matters Are to Be Discussed by Representatives.

LONDON, May 22.—If John Bull's fifth imperial conference lives up to what is expected of it, the great gathering inaugurated so auspiciously today will take rank as the most momentous peace meeting ever held. Delegates from every part of the empire congregated today at the official opening of the conference.

World peace is the one absorbing topic of the day in the realm, and the whole question will be taken upon in principle during the conference. "Canada represented by Premier Wilfred Laurier and other able statesmen, will strongly support the Anglo-American peace pact which will, in the language of Asquith, "put an end once for all to the unthinkable possibilities of fratricidal strife."

Among other important matters to be taken up by the conference are the "all red state cable" with a line across Canada, forming a direct government line from England to Australia, a proposal for a government subsidized steamship line linking Canada and New Foundland with the mother country, and the establishment of an imperial court of appeal. New Zealand offers a proposal for an imperial council with representatives in each of the high commissions in London be raised to the status of ambassadors.

Australia raises the question of the declaration of London, and expresses regret that the provisions affecting food supplies and the destruction of neutral vessels.

The imperial conference grows out of the conference of colonial promoters, the first of which was held in 1887, during Queen Victoria's jubilee.

WANT SOUTH AMERICA TO SNOW AT SAN DIEGO
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22.—The Baker resolution asking the president to invite the South and Central American republics to participate in the San Diego fair, was urged today by the California delegation before the house committee on industrial arts and exhibitions.

D. C. Collier and Congressman Kent, Baker, Stevens and Kain appeared before the committee, which is said to favor the passage of the bill. Chairman Heflin said, however, that the committee would not act at this session unless a demand is made, which is said to be in accord with the democratic plan to submit all legislation to caucus vote.

MADERO IS AS BAD AS DIAZ

So Says Los Angeles Rebel Junta of the Federal Mexican Party Which is Conducting Campaign in Lower California.

CALL SENT TO SOCIALISTS WORLD OVER FOR HELP

Issue Manifesto in Which They Declare That War Must Go On Until People Win.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 22.—That the appointment of Francisco I. Madero, jr., as president of Mexico will by no means restore peace to that country was indicated here today by the Los Angeles rebel junta representative of the Liberal Mexican party, which is conducting the insurrection campaign in Lower California. Honora, Simas and Southern Mexico and which controls the army of General Figueroa, which is reported encamped near Mexico City. After two weeks of debate in the inner council, members of the junta today sent to the printers a draft of a manifesto appealing to all members of the Liberal party to keep up the war and to socialists all over the world to lend them assistance. The manifesto, in pamphlet form, will be printed in several languages and distributed broadcast.

Fight Must Go On.
The manifesto reads in part as follows: "The Mexican revolution must go on until it has won for the people economic independence. Much blood has been shed; much money has been spent; immense sacrifices have been made. It would be lunacy to permit all this to be wasted on a mere change of presidents or cabinets."

"From the first Madero's sole aim has been political; the substitution of his government for that of Diaz. Madero belongs to one of the wealthiest Mexican families, which owns approximately 5,000,000 acres of land. That very fact constitutes him a member of the slave-holding class."

No Guarantee.
"There is no guarantee that under Madero or any of his supporters the people of Mexico would be happier or more prosperous than under Diaz."

"Madero has used for his own political advancement the following of the Mexican Liberal party. He has transformed for the moment an economic revolution into a political, alleged reform crusade."

"From the first the Mexican Liberal party's sole aim has been economic—Madero's the substitute of liberty for slavery."

"The Liberal party will not lay down its arms until the natural resources of Mexico have been restored to the people for their free and equal use."

The manifesto, among others, is signed by General Figueroa.

Ricardo Flores Magon, junta president, said that it would affect all of the revolutionists in southern Mexico as well as those in every state of Mexico bordering upon the Pacific ocean. The Liberal army, Magon said, was about equal to that of Madero, if anything stronger. He said, however, that in the event of peace he believed that more than half of Madero's followers would align themselves with the Liberal army.

THE ANTOINE SIMON, FORMERLY THE UMBRA.
That the government of President Simon has been preparing for several months for a revolutionary outbreak was apparent from the haste with which the authorities were building up the naval strength of the republic.

ASSESSMENTS ARE NOT PAID

Two Hundred and Sixteen Fail to Pay for Water Mains, Sewer Mains or Paving—City Recorder Completes Report to Council.

\$16,000 DELINQUENT ASSESSMENTS ON BOOKS

City Attorney Will Probably Be Instructed to Institute Suits to Get Money.

City Recorder Robert W. Teifer has completed a report to the city council which shows that 216 property owners in the city have failed to pay assessments due under the Hancock act for sewer and water mains and paving. A total of \$16,000 is due the city according to the report which will be filed soon with the city council, according to instructions issued by them to Recorder Teifer at their last meeting. The report is to be considered first by the finance committee which will, in all probability instruct the city attorney to immediately institute suit for the purpose of collecting the money. Under the state law, the property can be sold by the city.

WILSON FAILS TO PLEASE SPOKANE

Scheduled to Deliver Short Address But Instead He Sleeps Through It All—Democrats Are Much Disgruntled.

SPOKANE, Wash., May 22.—Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey disappointed 200 prominent citizens here this morning when his train, en route to Minneapolis, pulled into the station at 7:40. He was scheduled to deliver a fifteen minute address. Instead of arising, however, Wilson slept on and the Pullman porter refused to awaken him, asserting that he had orders not to disturb him.

The democratic reception committee is much disgruntled as its leaders had prepared near little welcoming addresses which they had no chance to deliver. Several of them asserted that "Wilson's presidential aspirations were jolted" as far as Spokane was concerned.

Dalton Arranged.
OAKLAND, Cal., May 22.—County Assessor Henry F. Dalton, charged with bribery, was arraigned today before superior Judge Brewster, sitting for Judge Wells. The request of Dalton's attorney for a delay of one month was denied and the court set Thursday as the day for the defendant to plead. Copies of the testimony before the grand jury were furnished the defense.

Another Suit Against John D. Starts



JUDGE JOHN R. HAZEL

Judge Hazel is presiding in the government's suit against the Standard Oil company, which came up for trial in Rochester, N. Y., today. Indemnity charging acceptance of rebates and containing 108 counts have been pending several years.

MADERO MAY NOT CONTROL REBELS

With Resignation of Diaz Provisional President Will attempt to Stop All Warfare but May Prove Unsuccessful in Effort.

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 22.—Insurrecto chiefs here today declare that if President Diaz resigns June 1 the conditional peace pact now existing will become automatically final. If Diaz fails to surrender his office at that time the fighting will be resumed.

The real test of Madero's strength with the people will come in the event of Diaz's resignation when he attempts to put an end to the fighting throughout the country. Francisco Madero, senior, says:

"It will take a long time for the peace news to get abroad throughout the country. The insurgents believe that the peace messages sent out are false and fearing a trick by Diaz, are continuing to fight. The rebellion against the government has swept the land like a flame and my son does not know the full strength of his forces."

Sporadic fighting probably will continue until Madero reaches Mexico City. He is expected to leave here Wednesday or Thursday.

PEACE PACT IS SIGNED; DIAZ OUT WEDNESDAY

Disquiet, However, Follows on First Day—Many Would March at Once on Chihuahua and Take That City From Federals.

MADERO WILL GO IN FEW DAYS TO CAPITAL

Gomez Now On His Way to Prepare Welcome for Provisional President.

EL PASO, May 22.—A treaty of peace was signed last evening at Juarez which marks the end of the present rebellion in Mexico. All that remains to be done now is for President Diaz to fulfill his promise to resign. It is thought that he will leave office next Wednesday.

Day Disquieting.
The first day of peace between the Mexican federals and insurrectos here was disquieting and filled with portents that further trouble is by no means unlikely. Many telegrams were received at Madero's headquarters today expressing the complaints of rebel leaders at the proposed peace, and it is probable that Chihuahua will be occupied in order to satisfy the firebrands.

In the interior, the insurrectos are still active and hourly reports are coming in that the smaller towns, in widely separated regions, are falling into rebel hands.

Dr. Vasquez Gomez, former head of the Mexican revolutionaries, Junta in Washington and now chief of staff of Francisco Madero, jr., is today on his way to Mexico City. Gomez timed his departure to arrive in the Mexican capital on Monday. Francisco Madero, sr., and President Diaz will have resigned. Gomez will prepare the way for Madero's triumphal entry into the capital.

Signing the Peace.
A peace treaty was never signed under more extraordinary circumstances than that which brought the rebellion in Mexico to an end. Francisco Madero, sr., and Judge Carbajal, together with the newspaper correspondents, started for Juarez from El Paso at 9:30 last night after an hour's wait for Senator Pino Suarez. It was expected that Suarez failed to appear, he had gone to the Juarez customs house.

The peace automobile dashed up to the customs house shortly before 10 o'clock. Senator Suarez failed to appear and after a brief conference it was decided, as the document already had been drafted, to sign the pact on the steps of the building, all parties agreeing to allow Suarez to sign it today. Then and there and without further parley the pact was signed under the stars with the newspaper men contributing pads of paper to furnish sufficient light for the signing.

The fountain pen of Francisco Madero, sr., was used. In watching one of the commissioners slowly scrawl his name the man forgot the burning antich he held and nearly gobbled one of the signatures when he suddenly dropped it. The commissioners hugely enjoyed the humor of the situation and when it was all over they embraced in true Spanish fashion.

LAIRD 'O SKIBO WILL TESTIFY

Ganny Andy Says He Will Be Available Any Time the House Committee, Probing Steel Trust, Wants Him.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22.—Andrew Carnegie today voluntarily notified Congressman Stanley, chairman of the committee appointed by the house to investigate the United States Steel corporation, that he would be available at any time the committee might want him to testify. It was said that Carnegie would be summoned next week.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel testified today. Tomorrow he will be requested to appear before the committee with copies of all records in the bureau of corporations relating to companies. Attorney General Wickersham will be examined later in the week.

FIVE ACRES IN DECK; FOUR MINERS ARE DEAD
KITTINGING, Pa., May 22.—Four miners are dead here today as the result of the discovery of five acres in a deck of cards which the men were playing poker. Dick Sendorr, who was suspected of being responsible for the extra ace, is alleged to have shot and killed his brother, Charles, and Andrew and Bucco Leopold, brothers, and Walter Spilsh. Dick Sendorr is said to have fired into the crowd after the other players had beaten him up.

HANLEY PLACE SOLD \$65,000

One Hundred and Three Acres Are Disposed of to Seattle Men Who Will Make Their Home on the Tract—Is Good Buy.

The Hanley orchard of 103 acres, located two miles northwest of Central Point was sold Saturday afternoon to M. O. Carton of Seattle. The consideration was \$65,000. Thirty acres of apples, forty acres of apricots and thirty acres of alfalfa are planted on the tract. The soil is the best in the valley. M. Bryant of Seattle and J. M. Morris of Medford made the deal.

FIVE DAUGHTERS PLACED IN GRAVE

UTICA, Kans., May 22.—Five daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Harve Roach, ranging from 7 to 16 years, were buried in one grave here today as a result of burns received in a fire which destroyed the Roach restaurant. The girls were asleep on the second floor when their mother started to ascend the stairs carrying a lighted lamp. In some manner the lamp ignited a can of gasoline which exploded, sending a mass of flames which spread through the house.

Revolutionary Outbreak in Hayti Expected



ANTOINE SIMON, PRESIDENT OF HAYTI.
That the government of President Simon has been preparing for several months for a revolutionary outbreak was apparent from the haste with which the authorities were building up the naval strength of the republic.

Even since the revolution led by General Simon, which brought about the down fall of Nord Alexis, the country has been in a very disturbed state, and several times the flame of revolt has burst forth in the north and south. The inhabitants of the interior are said to be living in utter poverty, the financial condition of the republic is far from satisfactory and there are numerous revolutionary leaders who aspire to the presidency.