

# COUNT SHOWS PROHIBITION WAS DEFEATED IN STATE BY 20,915

Official Vote Complete Shows That County Taxation Amendment Carried—Home Rule Bill Carried by 4547.

Compilation of the official vote on the various initiative and referendum measures, as canvassed by the county election boards, reverses the result heretofore announced on the county taxation amendment that appeared under the ballot numbers 326, yes and 327 no. Instead of having been defeated, the complete figures show that the measure has carried by a majority of 16,555.

Complete Vote Tabulated. The following are the measures that have been adopted and complete vote on each:

An act authorizing the location, construction and maintenance of a branch insane asylum in eastern Oregon—  
Yes ..... 47,875  
No ..... 49,264

Majority for ..... 7,511  
A bill providing for the support and maintenance of the Monmouth normal school—  
Yes ..... 59,404  
No ..... 49,043

Majority for ..... 10,261  
A constitutional amendment empowering the people of each county to regulate taxation and exemptions within the county regardless of constitutional restrictions or state statutes, and abolish poll tax—  
Yes ..... 43,989  
No ..... 42,334

Majority for ..... 1,653  
Home rule liquor bill—  
Yes ..... 52,461  
No ..... 47,914

Majority for ..... 4,547  
Employers' liability law—  
Yes ..... 55,641  
No ..... 33,529

Majority for ..... 22,112  
A bill prohibiting the taking of fish from the Rogue river except by hook and line—  
Yes ..... 49,657  
No ..... 33,451

Majority for ..... 16,206  
Good roads amendment—  
Yes ..... 50,875  
No ..... 32,852

Majority for ..... 18,027  
Presidential primary law—  
Yes ..... 43,253  
No ..... 41,574

Majority for ..... 1,679  
Three-fourth jury amendment—  
Yes ..... 44,545  
No ..... 39,307

Majority for ..... 5,235  
Prohibition Bill Vote Heavy  
The greatest number of votes cast on any measure was on the prohibition law, which received a total of more than 106,000. The bill is defeated by 20,915. Approximately 11,000 votes fewer than those cast for candidates for governor were polled on this bill.

Statewide prohibition as provided for by constitutional amendment was defeated by 17,846 in a total of more than 104,000 votes recorded on the amendment.

The highest majority polled for or against any measure was on the bill providing that Baker county should pay \$1000 yearly to the judge of the Eighth judicial district in addition to the annual salary of \$2000 received by him from the state. In a total of about 84,000 votes there is a majority against the bill of 68,268.

On woman's suffrage 94,659 votes were registered and the amendment was defeated by 22,259.

The Neamith county bill received the most favorable consideration of any of the county division matters presented but went down to defeat by an adverse majority of 37,213.

The majorities against other division bills ranged up to 53,874, which was the majority recorded against the Washington-Multnomah annexation.

23 Amendments Defeated  
The following is the complete state vote on all defeated measures:

Woman's suffrage amendment—Majority against, 22,259.  
Constitutional convention—Majority against, 34,326.

Legislative districting amendment—Majority against, 39, 879.  
Amendment eliminating phrase "and all taxation shall be equal and uniform"—Majority against 2,399.

Railroad district amendment—Majority against, 12,108.  
Amendment directing a uniform rule of taxation except on property specifically taxed—Majority against, 8,877.  
Bill increasing salary of Baker county judge—Majority against 58, 368.

Bill creating the county of Nesmith—Majority against, 41,954.  
Clackamas-Multnomah annexation bill—Majority against 53,109.  
Bill creating the county of Willams—Majority against, 49,436.  
Bill creating the county of Oreland—Majority against, 46,048.  
Bill creating the county of Clark—Majority against, 46,093.

Bill providing for the support and maintenance of the Western Normal school—Majority against, 5,544.  
Washington-Multnomah annexation bill—Majority against, 53,874.

Bill for the support and maintenance of the Ashland normal school—Majority against 10,098.  
Prohibition amendment—Majority against, 17,846.

Prohibition law—Majority against, 20,915.  
Employees' indemnity commission bill—Majority against 19,493.

Bill creating the county of Deschutes—Majority against, 43,232.  
Bill providing method for creating new counties—Majority against, 5,253.

Official gazette bill—Majority against, 24,301.  
Proportional representation amendment—Majority against, 7,927.

## ANDREE HAD PLANNED OCEAN AERIAL TRIP

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 22.—Scandinavian explorers and scientists continue to discuss the Wellman attempt to cross the Atlantic by airship and the prospects of a more successful effort in the near future. Incidentally it is declared the ill-fated Andree, who was lost in the Arctic regions, had ideas about attempting such a flight 17 years ago. Andree once, with his balloon Sven, drifted over the Baltic and was only able to land in the Finnish skagard. During this trip he became convinced that a balloon traveling at a steady height could perfectly well retain a sufficiency of gas for a long ocean trip.

The following year he experimented with a sail he had invented by the aid of which he was able to some extent to steer the balloon. By means of his trailing lines he could also keep it at a steady level.

He laid his plan before Professor A. E. Nordenskjold, who, however, said that it would be easier to organize a trip with the north pole for its goal than an Atlantic excursion. It was only when he had come round to Professor Nordenskjold's views that Andree abandoned his plan of attempting to cross the Atlantic in a balloon and substituted the venture towards the north pole, which cost him and his two distinguished comrades their lives.

## NEGROES MAY BE BARRED FROM SALOONS

TACOMA, Nov. 22.—Negroes may be barred from saloons and saloon-keepers have the right to refuse them or any man liquor regardless of race or color, according to a decision handed down by Judge Clifford of the supreme court.

As a result of the decision Henry Newman, a negro, lost his suit for \$1000 damages against Geo. Schroeder, proprietor of the Olympic club.

The exact question involved has never been passed upon by the supreme court says the court, adding, however, that the general trend of legislation in Washington indicates clearly that it is intended to disassociate saloons as far as possible from places of public resort and confine them to the sale of liquor as a private business. Under this construction, it was held that Newman could not recover.

## WASH THAT IT AWAY

It is said that there are certain springs in Europe that give relief and cure to Eczema and other skin diseases. If you knew that by washing in these waters you could be relieved from that awful itch, wouldn't you make every effort to take a trip to Europe at once? Would you not be willing to spend your last cent to find the cure?

But you need not leave home for these distant springs. Relief is right here in your own home town!

A simple wash of Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and other ingredients as compounded only in D. D. D. Prescription will bring instant relief to that terrible burning itch, and leave the skin as smooth and healthy as that of a child.

If you have not already tried it, get at least a 25-cent bottle today. We assure you of instant relief.  
Medford Pharmacy, near postoffice.

Haskin's for health.

# WOMAN SUFFRAGE CREATING TROUBLE

Hundreds of Knotty Problems Follow Washington's Grant of Franchise to Women—Qualifications Puzzling Officials.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 22.—Since the adoption of the equal suffrage amendment knotty problems have been sown thick as dragon's teeth along the pathway of suffragists. They have received the indorsement of the voters at the polls. There remains the formality of a proclamation by Governor Hay before the amendment becomes a part of the constitution, and after that, presumably, legislation adjusting registration statutes to the changed condition will be required. As a variation come numerous queries by foreign-born women whose husbands have been naturalized.

The question has arisen at Bremerton and Charleston, in Kitsap county, with relation to the qualifications of women to vote at the forthcoming municipal election. It has been suggested that since the registration books close 20 days before the election the women will have no chance to register, and hence may not vote. The law has no provision which would permit a city clerk to register a woman voter even after proclamation by the governor; in fact, the law especially prohibits any clerk registering any person until he takes the oath prescribed.

State Senator Bryan, who is himself an ardent advocate of woman suffrage, was asked to advise the councils of Bremerton and Charleston. He informed them that it may be taken as settled that the women cannot register to vote until the legislature has passed a new law.

But may women vote without registration, in the absence of such a law?

"I think they may," answers Senator Bryan. "The right to vote is a constitutional right. While the constitution requires the legislature to enact registration laws, it does not suspend the right to vote till the legislature acts. The legislature had to be elected by voters who were not registered before it could enact a registration statute. I believe, since it is impossible for a woman to register under any existing registration law, that she will be entitled to vote at the approaching municipal elections without being registered."

## OREGON WANTS AN APOLOGY FROM O.A.C.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Nov. 22.—Committees of the faculties of the University of Oregon and Oregon agricultural college have been appointed make a thorough investigation of the trouble resulting from the football game last Saturday. This committee will meet within a few days and attempt to place the blame where it belongs, and if any of the students of either institution can justify by being convicted of starting the fight they will undoubtedly be suspended. The faculty of Oregon agricultural college is especially anxious that a satisfactory conclusion can be reached, for if the matter is not settled fairly and squarely to all, friendly relations between the colleges will be at an end. Many of the prominent upper class men of the University of Oregon have publicly expressed themselves as favoring a severing of relations of the two schools. It is thought that if future games can be played in Portland, all further trouble will be avoided. However, it seems to be a general opinion here on the campus, that Oregon agricultural college should at least publish and apology for the manner in which they treated their guests last Saturday.

## DRUNKENNESS CURABLE

Drunkenness is no longer considered a crime; eminent scientists and physicians have agreed that it is a disease and must be treated as such. The home treatment that has been used for a number of years, and is highly successful, is Orrine. It is sold under a positive guarantee that if it does not effect a cure your money will be refunded. When desiring to give secretly purchase Orrine No. 1, and if patient will take treatment, Orrine No. 2 should be given. Orrine costs but \$1 per box. Mailed on receipt of price. Write for free booklet on "Drunkness." The Orrine Co., 632 Orrine Building, Washington D. C. Sold in this city by Leon B. Haskins, 214 E. Main street.

# 'DRYS' WILL AID ROSEBURG 'WETS'

Hoome Rule Bill is to Be Given a Thorough Trial—Prohibitionists Will Lend Association All Possible Encouragement.

ROSEBURG, Nov. 22.—That the citizens of Roseburg and Douglas county will lend the greater Oregon home rule association all possible encouragement in its effort to reform the saloon system in Oregon, is shown here, and a large number of the most ardent advocates of prohibition have expressed themselves in favor of giving the measure a fair and impartial trial.

They contend that the wet element has won a victory so far as securing votes is concerned, but they disclaim that they have lost in their battle against immorality. They say, however, that they are ready and willing to assist in carrying out the intention of the home rule amendment, and to that end they will work in harmony with their wet friends.

According to members of the Roseburg council who have given some study to the question of home rule, Roseburg will not support over six saloons, which means that one license will be granted to each 1000 inhabitants within the corporate limits of the city. As Roseburg has approximately 5500 people, it is possible that the sixth saloon license will be granted. In the event the council is given power to draft ordinances regulating the saloons, attorneys will be employed, and the restrictions will be so constructed that any attempt of the saloon men to revert back to the old system of conducting their establishments will prove equivalent to the revoking of their licenses.

Open fronts in all buildings occupied by saloons will be demanded; card and other gaming tables will be forbidden; chairs and lounges will be barred and stringent orders will be given the saloon men against allowing women to frequent their place of business.

## WHITH SLAVERS ARE GIVEN LONG TERMS

PORTLAND, Nov. 22.—Convicted under the federal statute prohibiting white slave trafficking, George Kavallin, a graduate of the University of Athens, Greece, and James Takos, were sentenced to long terms in the penitentiary Monday by Judge Wolverton in the United States district court. According to Federal Prosecutor McCourt, the two men were the first to be convicted under the white slave law.

Kavallin, who was the ring leader, was sentenced to eight years and Takos to six years. They were convicted on the charge of having brought two young girls from Eureka, Cal., to Portland for immoral purposes.

## NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON PURE MILK SUPPLY

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—A national conference will be held here December 2 and 3 as a result of the country wide agitation on the matter of pure milk supply. The conferees will include many of the noted sanitary authorities and state officers of the country over. The speakers will include Commissioner W. A. Erlans of the Chicago board of health, and representatives from several states. Canada will be represented.

## ALL MY PIMPLES GONE

Girl Tells How a Blotchy Skin Was Cleared by a Simple Wash.  
"I was ashamed of my face," writes Miss Minnie Pickard of Altamabaw, N. C. "It was all full of pimples and scars, but after using D. D. D. Prescription I can say that now there is no sign of that Eczema, and that was three years ago."  
D. D. D. has become so famous as a cure and instant relief in Eczema and all other serious skin diseases, that its value is sometimes overlooked in clearing up rash, pimples, blackheads, and all other minor forms of skin impurities.

The fact is, that while D. D. D. is so penetrating that it strikes to the very root of Eczema or any other serious trouble, the soothing Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and other ingredients are so carefully compounded there is no wash for the skin made that can compare with this great household remedy for every kind of skin trouble.

D. D. D. is pleasant to use, perfectly harmless to the most delicate skin, and absolutely reliable. A 25-cent bottle will give you positive proof of the wonderful effectiveness of this great remedy.  
Medford Pharmacy, near postoffice.

Haskin's for health.

# Opening Overcoat and Suit Sale

MADE TO ORDER

Regular Price \$16.50 up to \$40.00  
Sale Price \$14.85 up to \$36.00

## 10% Discount Sale

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday  
Nov. 21, Nov. 22, Nov. 23

Positively Opens Monday  
Positively Closes Wednesday  
Open Evenings

# CRISWELL'S QUALITY SHOP

203 Garnett-Corey Building, Medford



## Auto Owners

You read our last week's ad, didn't you, as to our guaranteeing our work? Well, we have proven it to quite many. Call and we can prove it to you.

## Offutt Rarnes Auto Co.

Eighth and Central.  
Phone 6231 Main.

ALL KINDS OF DRY

# WOOD

Oak, Laurel, Fir and Pine. Buy your winter supply now; reasonable prices.

THE SUN STAR WOOD CO.  
602 Almond st.  
Phone Main 6051. Jai Koyama.

## Careful Moves

Parties moving will do well to call on

### MATTHEWS & LAKE

to handle their household goods. They pack and ship furniture and unpack and set up furniture and do hauling of all kinds. Baggage included. Phone 2151.

## NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a special meeting of stockholders of the Joe Creek Copper company on December 2, 1910, at 3 o'clock p. m., at the office of the secretary in the Palm building, at Medford, Oregon, to arrange for doing assessment on the company's properties and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.  
By order of the president,  
H. WITHINGTON,  
Secretary.

## The Best Sub-Division Proposition

in the Rogue River Valley

170 ACRES, HALF MILE FROM RAILROAD STATION—  
115 acres in grain; 10 acres in 2-year-old pears; 45 acres in brush and timber, easily cleared; no waste; good house, two barns, all fenced with woven wire; telephone; R. F. D.; part irrigated.  
Price, \$125 per acre; total, \$26,250. Terms: \$7500 cash; \$4000 one year, 6 per cent; \$14,850 five years, 6 per cent.

### HUNTLEY - KREMER COMPANY

214 FRUITGROWERS' BANK.

## NEW PLACE

for new people, at the new town and fruit tracts at \$50.00 to \$100.00 per acre, at Three Pines, which is the shipping point on the Southern Pacific railroad in the lower end of the Rogue River valley, for 700,000,000 feet of lumber. A lumber flume 11 miles long is now completed and a planing plant in operation. See HOWLAND for prices and terms on the fruit tracts, or

### Van Dyke Realty Co.

Room 3 123 Main

## EQUIPPED PLACER MINES

of 150 acres of deeded land, for sale on terms. Property has one giant, several hundred feet of pipe, reservoirs, ditches, water right, cook house, bunk house and other buildings. Good dump and grade for flume. Mostly coarse gold. Five miles from railroad and in Jackson county. Wagon road to mine. Orchard and garden.

ROOM 3, 123 MAIN STREET

## LANDIS REFUSES TO TRANSFER PACKER CASES

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—United States Judge K. M. Landis, this afternoon refused to transfer the government cases against certain Chicago packers to the federal circuit court, but transferred them to another department of the United States district court, presided over by Judge Carpenter. The attorneys for the packers recently protested against having the cases transferred to the district court, when Judge Landis intimated that such was his intention.

## GRAY HAIR BANISHED.

The old idea of using sage for darkening the hair is again coming in vogue. Our grandmothers used to have dark, glossy hair at the age of seventy-five, while our mothers have white hair before they are fifty. Our grandmothers used to make a "sage tea" and apply it to their hair. The tea made their hair soft and glossy and gradually restored the natural color. One objection to using such a preparation was the trouble of making it, especially as it had to be made every two or three days on account of it souring quickly. This objection has been overcome and by asking almost any first-class druggist for Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur the public can get a superior preparation of sage, with the addition of sulphur, another valuable remedy for hair and scalp troubles. Daily use of this preparation will not only quickly restore the color of the hair but will also stop the hair from falling out and make it grow. It is sold by all druggists for 50c and \$1.00. It is sent direct by the Wyeth Chemical Company, 74 Cortlandt St., New York City, upon receipt of price.

FOR SALE BY LEON B. HASKINS, MEDFORD, OR.

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