

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY BY THE MEDFORD PUBLISHING CO.

A consolidation of the Medford Mail, established 1889; the Southern Oregonian, established 1892; the Democrat-Times, established 1872; the Ashland Tribune, established 1906; and the Medford Tribune, established 1910.

GEORGE PUTNAM, Editor and Manager Entered as second-class matter November 3, 1899, at the post office at Medford, Oregon, under the act of March 3, 1879. Postoffice at Medford, Oregon. Official Paper of the City of Medford.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One year by mail \$5.00; One month by mail \$1.00; Six months delivered by carrier in Medford, Ashland, Jacksonville and Central Point \$3.00; Sunday only, by mail per year \$1.00; Weekly, per year \$1.50.

Full Leased Wire United Press Dispatches: The Mail Tribune is on sale at the Perry News Stand, 274 1/2 Ave. Portland; Hotel News Stand, Portland; Bowman News Co., Portland, Ore.; W. O. Whitely, Seattle, Wash.; Hotel Spokane News Stand, Spokane.

Postage Rates: 1 to 15-page paper, 1c; 15 to 24-page paper, 2c; 24 to 35-page paper, 3c.

SWORN CIRCULATION

Table showing average daily circulation for various months from November 1908 to August 1910, with a total of 62,245.

On the 1st day of October, 1910, persons appeared before me, George Putnam, manager of the Medford Mail Tribune, who upon oath, acknowledged the above figures as true and correct.

H. N. TOOKER, Notary Public for Oregon.

MEDFORD, OREGON

Metropolis of Southern Oregon and Northern California, and the fastest-growing city in Oregon. Population 1910, 8,000. Bank deposits \$2,750,000. Five hundred thousand dollars Gravity Water System completed in July, 1910, giving finest supply pure mountain water. Fifteen miles of street being paved at a cost exceeding \$1,000,000, making a total of twenty miles of pavement. Postoffice receipts for year ending June 30, 1910, show a gain of 4 per cent. Banner fruit city in Oregon - Rogue River apples won sweepstakes prize and title of "Apple King of the World" at the National Apple Show, Spokane, 1909. Rogue River bears brought highest prices in all markets of the world during the past five years. Write Commercial Club, enclosing 4 cents for postage of the first community pamphlet ever written.

Wanted

Ranch hands. Carpenters. Woman cook. Girl for general house work. Laborers.

FOR SALE

Rooming house, close in. Business, \$200 daily, at invoice. Furniture and 10-room house. Good furniture cheap. Business with long lease; average sales, \$90 daily; \$4,000. 4-chair barber shop in good town.

FRUIT LAND

8 acres, chicken ranch, close in. 120 acres, 35 cultivated, fine bench and bottom land, \$3600. Small tracts, unimproved, from 1 acre up, close in. 5 and 10-acre tracts, full bearing. 35 acres, 1-2 in orchard, 9 acres alfalfa, easy terms. 10 to 100 acres, cleared, 7/8 in. fine pear land, \$150 to \$250 per acre, good terms. 36 acres, 1 mile out, 1/2 in orchard, buildings, \$350 acre quick sale. \$1000 will handle fine bearing orchard, close in. 18 acres 2 1/2 miles station; good buildings; 15 acres bearing and young orchard, \$6500, terms. 90 acres cleared, rich soil, close to Eagle Point, sub-divide, \$125 per acre. 70 acres fine hog and trout ranch, \$1200 will handle.

CITY PROPERTY

2 lots in Kenwood, \$600. 2 lots, 50x120 each, \$500 for both. 2 acres, near West Main paving, inside limits, \$3000, terms. 4-room houses, lots 50x100, \$2300 takes both. 3-room house, 2 lots, each 50x170, \$100 down, balance monthly. 7 Westmoreland lots for quick sale, \$2000 cash. Quarter-acre tracts on Orange and Peach, \$350, easy terms. 5 acres, close to limits, for plating ideal situation, \$600 acre. Lots in West Walnut Pa &, \$350, \$25 down, 10 monthly.

TIMBER

100 acres on new Hill R. R., 20 acres pay for all. 3,000 acres fine timber on new Hill railroad; well situated.

E. F. A. BITTNER, Room 206 Taylor & Phipps Bldg. Phone 4141 Main.

OREGON

THE LAST CALL OF THE WEST. By Walter V. Washke. Beautifully illustrated in four colors in November Sunset Magazine. Now on sale, all newspapers, 15 cts.

MUNICIPAL CONTROL OF TREE PLANTING.

IN NO way can Medford become the city beautiful as easily and as cheaply as by planting of shade trees along residence streets. With plenty of water, with abundant soil and with a climate that will grow almost anything, no excuse can be offered for not beautifying the city.

Competent real estate authorities from experiences in other cities, estimate that well grown trees of ten years or over increase the value of abutting residence property at least twenty per cent. The value of individual trees is estimated at from \$250 to \$300 apiece. The cost of planting and caring for the trees for ten years is comparatively little and the gain to the municipality is great.

The tree planting should be under municipal control, so that regularity and care will be exercised. Left to individual owners trees will not be planted, or if planted not cared for. The money spent on this public improvement differs from that spent on other public improvements in that its value increases in each passing year instead of deteriorating.

It is no more sensible to trust tree planting and care to individuals than it is to trust the curbing and paving in front of their property. Street trees give the best results when publicly cared for, planted according to specifications and cared for as the street is cared for.

Public tree planting is not sentimental, foolish or a fad. It is a business proposition. It is so recognized in many of the states. It has been adopted largely in southern California, and as a result has added great attractiveness to the cities. Riverside is a good example. With an estimated population of 15,000 last year \$6000 was spent for street tree purposes. The trees were planted, watered, trimmed and maintained from a tax levy for the purpose. In 1909 Riverside planted over 2500 street trees, making the total since the movement began of over 60 miles of street trees. Magnolia avenue is famous throughout the country, and her streets show what can be done with a definite policy of systematically planting all the improved streets of the city.

Medford should follow the example of Riverside and as the most progressive city in Oregon be the first to inaugurate tree planting upon a modern basis.

BOWERMAN AND SPECIAL INTERESTS.

CORPORATIONS chose a faithful servant in the person of Jay Bowerman, assembly nominee for governor, to lead the attack on popular government and progressive legislation.

Mr. Bowerman is seriously smirched in the J. Thorburn Ross scandal precipitated by the failure of the Title Guarantee and Trust bank of Portland.

Mr. Bowerman, while a member of the senate in 1907, was a member of the committee which killed the Miller bill requiring that state funds be deposited by a state board in approved banks paying interest on such deposits into the state treasury, and secured instead the passage of a law under which the state treasurer alone deposited \$395,000 of school funds in J. Thorburn Ross' bank, which afterwards failed.

Mr. Bowerman, according to the Oregonian, responded to the request of Mr. Ross' bank, and as "Joinder" (the code name he was called by), killed the Jackson bill, which had already passed the house and provided a judicial review of the lawsuit whereby Judge Marquam lost the Marquam block to the Ross bank.

But Mr. Bowerman's legislative record shows him all along to have been a staunch supporter of corporation measures. He helped defeat the 80-cent gas bill, and its defeat enabled the Portland Gas company to water its stock to an immense degree at the expense of the consumers of Portland. He refused to vote for Oswald West's bill restoring to the public domain a million dollars' worth of tide lands claimed by the Harriman railroads. He voted for a constitutional convention, which has as its object the elimination of the initiative and referendum. He voted against the railroad commission bill limiting railroad employees to 14 hours' continuous work.

Mr. Bowerman's weird record shows him opposed to popular government. He voted for the Mariner bill to legalize the assembly. He refused to take Statement No. 1. He said in a senate speech that he would rather vote for a convention candidate than a direct primary candidate. He organized and "stacked" the assembly, and refused to permit his campaign committee to declare for the direct primary and Statement No. 1.

The only way to effectually defeat the effort to kill the direct primary and to defeat the effort of special interests to control Oregon's government is to defeat Jay Bowerman.

PRAYER USED TO CHECK DISEASE IN SO. CHINA

Epidemic of diphtheria raging in Zion City—Medical Science Now Being Tried to Stop It—So Far No Deaths Have Been Reported.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 3.—Prayer instead of medical science in fighting an epidemic of diphtheria is being tried in Zion City today, but with what results is not known. So far no deaths have been reported to the coroner.

Overseer Wilbur Glen Yeliva, who will take supreme charge of the Dowie estate and of Zion City, next Monday, will probably find that the health conditions of the community will be his most serious problem.

ATTEND COLLEGE. Arrange to attend the Eugene Business College, and let us get you a letter when you graduate.

"THE INFAMOUS SEARCH LAW"

Ex-Mayor Rose Denounces it

And yet the law has been on the statute books of Oregon for six years, and is in the law, word for word, for which Mr. Rose pleads so earnestly—the local option law. The search clause is in every criminal law of every state in the Union.

Why have not the liquor men and their aid society the courage and honesty to admit this? They must deceive the public or their cause is lost.

"Prohibition is a Fallacy"

So ex-Mayor Rose declares. The fallacies of prohibition cannot hold a candle to the FALSEHOODS of the liquor men and their aid society. Read the following telegram, received in Portland Saturday afternoon:

Topeka, Kansas, October 20, '10. It is with feelings of regret and shame that the undersigned are compelled to denounce as misleading and false the statements of the mayor of the capital city of Kansas concerning conditions in our state. We condemn him as a traitor to his city and state, and wholly unworthy of the high position he holds. Our prohibition law is the most drastic and far-reaching ever passed by any legislative body, and it is well enforced throughout our city and state.

There is not one open saloon in Kansas, and the statements of Mayor Billard are an outrage upon our city and state. Our state is exceedingly prosperous. At least 75 per cent of our people stand solidly for our laws.

The National Association of Manufacturers and Business Men, and outside brewery associations, organized by one Hinkle, from Milwaukee, has perfected a local organization in Topeka of which Mayor Billard is vice-president. The sole object of this organization is to aid and assist the liquor forces in other states where prohibition questions are pending.

- W. R. STUBBS, Governor of Kansas. F. D. COBURN, Sec. State Board of Agriculture. E. L. COPELAND, Sec. and Treas. the A. T. & S. F. Ry Co. D. D. LEAHY, Sec. to the Governor. ARTHUR CAPPER, Publisher Topeka Daily Capitol. H. T. CHASE, Editor Topeka Daily Capitol. F. L. LOVELAND, Pastor First M. E. Church. A. W. MILLS, V. P. the Mills Dry Goods Co. T. R. MULVANE, Pres. Bank of Topeka. W. M'FARRAN, Pres. the State Savings Bank, Topeka. J. A. TROUTMAN, Lawyer. THOMAS PAGE, Owner Mid-Continent Mills, Pres. Shawnee Bank and V. P. Prudential Trust Co. JOHN MARSHALL, First Assistant Attorney General of Kansas. J. W. ROBINSON, Merchant. ROBINSON, MARSHALL & CO. F. M. STAHL, Supt. Kansas State Temperance Union. AND THREE THOUSAND INDIGNANT CITIZENS BY A STANDING VOTE AT A MASS MEETING IN AUDITORIUM LAST NIGHT.

The Attorney General has Knocked

Down the Man of Straw Which the Home Rule Association Set Up. Read this excerpt from the address of Hon. E. C. Bronaugh, former judge of the circuit court. Speaking of the home rule amendment he said:

"It is merely a repetition of the famous, I should say infamous, Reddy bill. That bill was snowed under deep by the voters of Oregon two years ago. I notice what purports to be an opinion by the attorney general of this state, answering in the negative the question as to whether or no this proposed bill will put it within the power of municipalities to nullify the criminal laws of the state of Oregon. I did not know that anybody had announced the proposition that it would. The

(Paid advertisement)

Liquor men have put up a man of straw and have asked the attorney general to knock it over for them. Nobody who has studied the law supposes for a moment that it will enable municipalities to annul the criminal laws of the state of Oregon. But it will do a few things which I would like to place before you to meditate upon.

"Perhaps you know that we have in this state a law which provides that no license shall be granted to a person who has been convicted of selling liquors to minors, or permitting minors to loiter about his saloon; that is, it is the law except in the city of Portland.

"We have another law which prohibits saloonkeepers from selling liquors to habitual drunkards. There is another law which prohibits the opening of saloons on Sunday. There is another law which prohibits the licensing of saloons within a certain distance of a public school building. The proposed, so-called home rule bill will put it within the power of every municipality to evade those laws. Now, Mr. Liquor Man, will you ask the attorney general whether that statement is true or not? And see what he says.

"I am not here tonight to abuse anybody. I am not here to abuse men who may disagree with me. I am here to express surprise that the liquor men should have been shrewd enough to secure such an array of reputable and honorable men to stand sponsor for their bill. Many of those men I know personally, and I know that, if the true inwardness of that bill had been explained to them, their names never would have been at the foot of it and their influence never would have been back of it.

"There are other things this bill proposes to do. Has it struck you that it is at all significant that the clause, 'subject to be constitutional and criminal laws of the state of Oregon,' comes before the clause relating to the suppression and regulation of the sale of liquor? There is also a clause put in the end for the purpose of misleading—I can see no other purpose for it—'Subject to the provisions of the local option law of the state of Oregon, within the limits of the municipality.'

"It is provided in this act that no municipality may amend its charter so as to be in conflict with the criminal laws of the state, or with the provisions of the constitution; but this act does propose in effect to amend the charter of every municipality so that that municipality may enact ordinances, regulations and laws, which set at defiance the laws of the state regulating the sale of liquor. It will also practically nullify the local option law, because, if you read the criticism of the Oregonian this morning, you will note that the Oregonian called attention to the fact that it would practically do away with precinct vote and will limit the operation of the local option law to the municipality as an entirety. It will do more than this. In many parts of the state where there are small towns there are large precincts which include a whole or a part of the town, and a part of the country as well. This law gives the right to the municipality, as a whole, to vote upon the local option law, but there is no law that gives a part of a precinct outside of a city the right to vote upon the question of the prohibition of the sale of liquor, and therefore all such precincts outside of the municipality will be deprived of that right. Also in the municipality, in many cities where it is not possible to carry the city dry, a vote may be had upon a precinct, or combination of precincts.

"That is true in the city of Portland, and in many of the parts of the city people who do not want the saloons in their residence neighborhood have voted their precinct dry. They would be deprived of that right if this bill becomes a part of the constitution of the state of Oregon. And, think of it, I say this is the most outrageous and audacious assault that has yet been made upon the rights of the people of this state.

"Then again, if this amendment is adopted, if any county or precinct votes dry, it will be within the power of the liquor men to create a new municipality, however small, within such dry territory, which will be invested with authority to resume the sale of liquor within the municipal limits and thereby corrupt the whole district and set at naught the will of the people."

BRIAND MAY KEEP POSITION

May Still Remain at Head of French Cabinet—His Announcement Has Created Great Sensation in France—Has Conference With President.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—"I will announce the new cabinet tonight or I will never announce it," said Aristide Briand today. His announcement caused a sensation in France. It is taken to mean that when he agreed after a long conference with President Fallieres last night that he would head the new cabinet, accepting again the duties of prime minister, he accepted only on condition that certain men whom he named should take the various portfolios. It is believed today that M. Briand has not been able to secure the consent of the men whom he desired should take the places in the cabinet and that he will not act unless they agree to serve.

Briand and the former cabinet resigned yesterday after a stormy session in which a number of the cabinet members scored the prime minister's methods of handling the recent railway strike.

Dr. Stearns has moved from over Allen & Reagan's to new Garnett-Corey building.

CITY TREASURER'S NOTICE. Office of the city treasurer, Medford, Oregon, November 2, 1910. Notice is hereby given that there are funds on hand in the city treasury for the redemption of all outstanding city warrants issued against the following funds:

- Lateral sewer No. 7, district No. 6. Lateral sewer No. 2, district No. 8. Lateral sewer No. 3, district No. 6. Interest on the same will cease after the above date. L. L. JACOBS.

FRESH SUPPLY OF



The finest confections ever touched by a tooth. Better take home a box of those delicious "Marischino Cherries" or Chocolates.

Office Supplies

AND ARCHITECTS' SUPPLIES, POST CARDS, POST CARD ALBUMS, LATE PICTION, ETC.

Ask about our circulating LIBRARY.

The Merrivold Shop 134 West Main Street

Medford Brick Company

Now occupy office room in the No. 401, Fourth Floor, Garnett-Corey Building, Room

- ***** BLIND-PIGGERS ARE PULLED IN PASS ***** GRANTS Pass, Nov. 3.—Seven "blind pigs" were raided in this city this afternoon.

Advertisement for Benjamin Clothes featuring an illustration of a man and a woman in formal attire. Text includes: "Do you know who sells this brand of clothing? Address Box 1, Care of this office for a reward."