

**NEW CHIEF FORESTER AND MEN
UPON WHOM HE WILL MAKE WAR.**



HENRY S. GRAVES

In declaring at the farewell banquet given him at New Haven that he perceived ahead of him "many windfalls, many drifts to be cut through, some washouts also, and very probably a few rotten trees to be cut down," Henry S. Graves, the newly appointed chief forester, announced his sympathy with the policy pursued by his predecessor, Gifford Pinchot, who was removed by President Taft. For several years Mr. Graves was closely associated with Mr. Pinchot in the forestry service. In pursuing the policy of conservation of the nation's resources it is not the intention of Mr. Graves to war upon those who make legitimate use of the country's forests, but upon the men who destroy trees wantonly without taking any measures to replace them. Three of the men who are thus depleting the country's resources are shown in the picture.

**GERMANS PASS TARIFF
BILL WITH UNITED STATES**

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—The bill endorsing the government's tariff arrangement with the United States,

presented in the reichstag, was passed without alteration. Its acceptance on each of the three required readings was almost unanimous. The only protests were from the extreme Conservatives.

**TACOMA RAILROAD
OFFICIAL FINED**

**Supreme Court Affirms Finding of
Lower Court and Superintendent
Must Pay \$100 Fine.**

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 5.—F. A. Bouffelle, superintendent of the Tacoma Railway & Power company, recently fined \$100 in the police court for giving the people poor service by refusing to run cars every five minutes on certain lines, as required by a city ordinance, lost his appeal in the superior court yesterday afternoon and the fine was affirmed. Judge Easterday, in rendering his decision, held that a five-minute car service on the lines in question was not unreasonable, and further held that a city has the right to regulate its public service concerns.

The case will likely be taken to the supreme court.

**RAILROAD COMMISSION
TO HOLD HEARING SOON**

Pursuant to the provisions of sections 26 and 28 of chapter 52 of the general laws of Oregon for the year 1907, the commission has on its own motion investigated the existing regulations and rules governing the delivering, switching, weighing, loading and unloading of cars now enforced by the railroads of the state and has determined that sufficient grounds exist to warrant an investigation and hearing as to the said regulations and rules, to the end that if on such investigation and hearing it shall be found that any or all of said existing rules and regulations are in any respect unjust, unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory that reasonable rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of section 26 of said chapter, may be made and established by said commission, to be followed and observed in lieu of any so found to be unjust, unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory.

The commission has fixed Tuesday, the 8th of February, 1910, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon as the time and its office in the capitol at Salem, Oregon, as the place when and where the said matter will be investigated, heard and determined.

PROTECTION FROM BURGLARS.

Burglars Shun Electric Lighted Houses.

Electric light frightens thieves. The bravest burglar will flee when you touch the button and flood the house with electric light.

House-breakers are but cowards at the best, and a button that lights the electric lamps located within easy reach of your bed is better than a rattling gun.

Then, electrically lighted houses are much more likely to be equipped with modern burglar alarms.

Houses so wired are practically traps for the burglar. He may be working on the ground floor, for example, when some member of the household in a chamber above is aroused and fancies that he hears someone moving about below. At once the man of the house reaches for an

electric switch and turns on the light for the lower floor, so that the burglar finds himself in a blaze of light, while the man of the house, a gun in hand, is screened by the darkness. This puts the householder in a position to shoot without being shot at. This protection is yours when you install electric light. Don't leave your family alone evenings without an electric porch light. ROGUE RIVER ELECTRIC CO.



If you are a seeker of investments in the Rogue River valley, it will be to your interest to see us before buying, as we handle all properties on a straight legitimate commission basis. No inflation of listed price or "rake-off."

**Aylor
&
Barnett**

Next Door to Mail Tribune.

No. 8236.
**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
MEDFORD NATIONAL BANK**

at Medford, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, January 31st, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$271,788.28
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	29,674.61
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	49,300.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	1,795.87
Bonds, securities, etc.	27,592.26
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	35,071.14
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	759.99
Due from state and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	3,946.15
Due from approved reserve agents	123,297.86
Checks and other cash items	2,044.16
Notes of other national banks	4,010.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	155.20
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie	\$29,360.30
Legal tender notes	50.00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer, 5 per cent of circulation	2,400.00
Gold dust on hand	89.71
Total	\$572,905.53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	6,325.74
National bank notes outstanding	49,800.00
Due to other national banks	531.65
Due to state and private banks and bankers	7,312.22
Individual deposits subject to check	419,279.96
Demand certificates of deposit	24,281.24
Time certificates of deposit	5,274.72
Total	\$572,905.53

State of Oregon, County of Jackson, ss:
I, John S. Orth, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN S. ORTH, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of February, 1910.
(Seal) C. L. REAMES, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
F. E. MERRICK,
W. M. COLVIG,
J. A. PERRY,
Directors.

**Tract "E" of the Snowy Butte Orchards
Contains 481 Trees**



Do not wait 10 years for an orchard to come to full bearing. Do not take chances on an untried district with its possibilities of failure. Sound judgment is to buy a fully developed high-class orchard in the

ROGUE RIVER VALLEY

The World's Premium Fruit Section

The Snowy Butte Orchard holds the world's record for pear production. Our other 10-acre tracts in bearing will yield corresponding results. There are 26 of these tracts, one-half of which are in bearing. The young orchards are from 1 to 5 years old and will come into bearing successively after 1911, inclusive.

We will contract to care for young or bearing orchards for you, upon strict scientific lines if you wish. People from every state in the union are locating in the Rogue river valley to share in its amazing progress and opportunities.

Tract "E" will produce in four years a net profit of \$14,010. This same tract will have cost you the purchase price of \$10,000, leaving a net gain of over \$4000. In other words the tract has cost you nothing at that time save the interest on the investment and you have a profit of over \$4000 to be applied to this interest account—and the deed to that tract of producing orchard is yours, and it is good for the same kind of crops for an indefinite period. There are apples and pear trees in the Rogue River Valley which have produced fruit for from 30 to 50 years—and they are still producing. No person seems to know the life of a pear or apple tree in this valley.

READ THIS.

TRACT "E"

- 177 full bearing Spitzenberg trees.
 - 25 full bearing Winter Nelis pear trees.
 - 37 eight-year-old Comice pear trees.
 - 69 four-year-old Newtown Pippin apple trees.
 - 100 three-year-old Bose and Comice pear trees.
 - 73 one and two-year-old Bose, Comice and Bartlett's.
- The first payment on this tract is \$2,500, or one-fourth the total cost. Other payments may be made in one, two and three years.

Based on past records this tract ought to produce in 1910 a net profit of \$3,508.25. This, understand, is after all expenses have been paid.

Medford Land & Orchard Company
No. 9 North Front Street
Medford, Oregon