BRIEF LOCAL MENTION

WOOD FOR SALE. CHOWN.

Mrs. G. P. Morden went to The Dalles Saturday for a visit.

Mrs. C. G. Nichol was a Hood River visitor Tuesday.

Chown now issues HUNTING and FISHING Licenses.

F. A. Allington and son, Darrell, spent Friday in Hood River.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Anderson were visitors Sunday in Hood River.

Last call for heavy rubbers. See what cash will do this week. Strauss.

C. J. Littlepage was in The Dalles on business Monday.

Fred Ulmer spent Sunday in Hood River.

Dr. David Robinson was in Hood River on business Monday morning.

Stock Tonic and Poultry Remedies at Chown's.

Hans Kollandsrud went to Portland Wednesday on a business trip.

Miss Olive Fisher was a Saturday visitor in The Dalles.

Chas. T. Bennett was a Monday morning visitor in Hood River.

More cold weather is coming. Buy blankets and comforts now at Strauss.'

Arthur Kuhn returned Wednesday from a short business trip to Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Wilcox spent Monday in Hood River.

Chown will be well supplied with all Sprayer supplies that you may need in the Spring.

M. J. Oliphant was a visitor Saturday night in The Dalles, returning Sunday morning.

Mrs. E. M. Strauss and three children, Ferdinand, Dorothy and Harriet, were in Hood River Monday afternoon.

Salted peanuts, walnuts and almond nuts from The Nut House, fresh at Strauss.' "Oh, how good."

Mrs. E. E. Amsden and her sister, Mrs. G. P. Christie, spent Saturday in Hood River.

Hans Kollandsrud went to Blaylock, Or., Saturday morning where he purchased three horses.

Thomas Henningsen, of the Greenwood district, went on a business visit to The Dalles last week.

W. W. Winegar returned Friday from The Dalles where he had been visiting.

All sorts of electrical appliances for sale, including electric light globes, at the drug store. tf

C. J. Littlepage returned Sunday night after a business trip of several days to Portland and Salem.

Mrs. E. A. Yarnell returned yesterday to her home in Portland after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Carroll.

Dr. M. E. Welch, vetinary surgeon of Hood River, was called here Friday on account of a sick cow, the property of T. H. Gordon.

Clam soup for these cold nights makes an ideal dish, and if it is Pioneer clam soup from Strauss, it's extra fine. Try it.

A meeting of the directors of the Mosier Valley Telephone company will be held on Tuesday, February 1. Election of officers will be held.

The Mosier basketball team leaves here Friday noon, driving to Odell where they will contest with the Odell team.

Nearly everything is advancing in price. Buy now all you can and can use soon and save money. A word to the wise is enough. Strauss.

Mrs. J. S. McCown and Miss Taylor have returned to their homes in The Dalles after spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Dunsmore.

Bishop R. L. Paddock, of the Eastern Oregon diocese will preach the Sunday morning service at 11:15 at the Immanuel church. All are invited to hear him.

J. H. Hickman, an old time friend of Mrs. F. A. Shogren and family, stopped off Monday night for a short visit, while en route to his home in Portland.

W. J. Wollam, of Hood River, and his brother, G. H. Wollam, who has been visiting him, from Alberta, Canada, came Saturday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Carroll.

Mrs. F. A. Shogren returned Saturday night from a few days' visit to Portland. She was accompanied by her sister-in-law, Miss Ann Shogren, who is spending a few days on her ranch.

Miss Melvine Marcotte left yesterday afternoon for her home in Portland after visiting with her father on Almorita ranch. She will enroll as a student in the Behnke-Walker Business college the first of the month.

Rev. Fredric J. Stoetzel came up Tuesday night from Kalama, Wash., and with his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stoetzel, left yesterday morning for that place to make their home.

Say, you men, I am now ready to sell those pajamas and warm flannel night gowns that came in an extra lot and in order not to carry them over I offer $1.75 pajamas for $1.19; $1.50 gowns for $1; and $1.25 gowns for 90c; all sizes for small, also extra large men. See Strauss at once about it.

Louise A. Craig, suggestive therapeutic practioner, of The Dalles, will be at the home of J. T. Davenport for the next three weeks. Persons desiring treatment may call there for appointments. Suggestive Therapeutics is to system of mental treatment which restores normal activity to the tissues, organs and cells of the human body, colds fever and pneumonia. Ovarian troubles treated successfully. j28

C. L. Joy, who has been the foreman of the M. & A. Shogren orchards for some time, will leave the first of February, and with his family will move to the Dr. David Robinson ranch. Mr. Joy will operate this place on shares with the owner.

L. J. Merrill went to The Dalles Saturday night, taking the early train Sunday morning for Portland where he spent the day with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Merrill, of Des Moines, Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Merrill, who have been spending the winter in California, expect to spend two months in Seattle, where their son, Edgar, is in business.

The Mosier Scouts basket ball team went down to defeat here Saturday when the Hood River Scouts won from them 28-14. The local boys have been practising hard and will go to Hood River Saturday for a return game. The Mosier line-up follows: Paul Bailey, center; Orval Bailey, left forward; Carroll Cole, right forward; Harry Wilson, right guard; and Roland Depee, left guard.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugo E. Birkner and two little children, Alice Louise and Hugo, Jr., left Saturday morning for Portland where they will make their home for the present. Mr. Birkner returned Sunday night and has been packing up the household goods. He is not certain regarding his future plans but is considering several propositions. He stated that he expects to return to Mosier occasionly to look after property interests.

WILL HOLD LOCAL INSTITUTE SATURDAY

The following is the program for the local teachers' institute which will be held on Saturday, January 29:

Forenoon

9:30 Opening Song and Invocation.
9:40 Address, Rev. B. A. Warren.
10:10 Address, A Common Task, Corrine A. Metz.
10:30 Recess.
10:40 The Teaching of Technical Grammar in the Grades, Supt. Irvin B. Warner.
11:25 The Hot Lunch in the One-Room School, Lucy Crawford.

Afternoon

1:30 Opening Song and Invocation.
1:45 The Teaching of the Fundamentals in Arithmetic, Supt. E. E. Amsden.
2:30 Question Box. Write on a slip of paper any questions you wish answered and drop it into the question box.
3:15 Industrial Club Work and the Mosier Fair, Dr. David Robinson.
3:45 The Profession of Home Making, Margaret Osburn.

Evening

7:30 Constructive Moral Education, Supt. Irvin B. Warner.
8:10 The Boy Scout Movement, Rev. B. A. Warren.

The forenoon and afternoon sessions will be held at the high school, while the evening session will be given in the Immanuel church.

Local Citizens on Drawn Jury List

Chas. T. Bennett has been re-appointed road supervisor of Road District No. 10 at Mosier by the county court at its last meeting. The following Mosier taxpayers have been placed on the drawn list of jurors for the circuit court for the years 1916 and 1917:

J. O. Beldin, J. T. Davenport, Leander Evans, Geo. C. Evans, C. J. Fredricksen, Samuel Fisher, J. N. Mosier, C. A. McCargar, T. J. McClure, C. A. Root, J. P. Ross, H. H. Smith, F. A. Shogren, H. M. Scearce, O. E. Wilson and V. C. Young.

The following named persons were appointed judges and clerks of elections in the Mosier precinct for the years 1916 and 1917 to serve as such at all general and special elections held in the said precinct ordered by the state of Oregon or by Wasco county during said time.

Day Board—Geo. Wood, chairman; J. N. Mosier, judge; G. L. Carroll, first clerk; J. T. Davenport, clerk; W. Cook, clerk.

Night Board — W. A. Husbands, chairman; C. J. Littlepage, judge; Chas. Bennett, first clerk; J. E. Cole, clerk; P. L. Arthur, clerk.

Wins Prizes on Corn

Two first premiums have been awarded on corn grown by C. J. Littlepage on his farm in the Grandview district. The first premium was awarded to Mr. Littlepage on the best bushel of corn exhibited at The Dalles in the O.-W. R. & N. corn show, and he was also awarded first premium at the Walla Walla corn show for the best two acres of non-irrigated Dent corn grown by dry farming methods. He was the recipient of a prize offered by the Mitchell, Lewis & Staver Co., of Portland and Spokane, which consisted of a Kramer rotary harrow attachment.

Mosier Valley Bank Elects

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mosier Valley bank the following directors were elected: J. N. Mosier, L. J. Merrill, J. P. Carroll, J. M. Carroll, Fred Evans and J. M. Elliiott. The following officers were then elected by the directors: J. N. Mosier president; J. P. Carroll, vice president; and L. J. Merrill, cashier.

Dr. Robinson retired as a member of the board of directors and at the next monthly meeting his successor will probably be chosen.

Let us finish your films. Same may be left at the Bulletin office. Slocom & Canfield. Hood River. j-

NEW ROAD PLANS ARE FORMULATED

The Wasco County Good Roads association is hoping to come to some agreement that would be satisfactory to all sections of the county, says The Dalles Optimist, and are now expecting to hear from the state railroad commission at Salem in the near future, when the new bonding plan which they have had under consideration, it is expected, will be given the sanction of the state authorities and the bond issue will be put to vote.

The association has been in communication with the state highway commission for some time and a new plan has been formulated for bonding to build the roads in the county which will be ready for publicity as soon as it is passed upon by the commission, which is expected in the immediate future. By this plan the limit for bonding will not be touched.

After the meeting in Dufur held January 15 when the residents from there stood pat for the bond issue and the completion of the Dalles-California highway from the north of the county to the south county line at a cost of $200,000 regardless of any other roads in the county, presenting resolutions to that effect and making the assertion that the residents of Wasco county south of Eight Mile pay 60 per cent of the county taxes, President J. L. Kelly of the association looked up the records and the current tax rolls and registration lists were gone over with the result of finding the following totals: The assessed valuation of the districts south of Eight Mile creek is $8,193,765.72, while the assessed valuation of the district north of Eight Mile is $9,364,981.60, the valuation north of Eight Mile exceeding that south by more than a million dollars or $1,171,125.88. In the matter of the number of voters in the two sections, the southern part of the county that claimed by the dissenters, has 1756 voters while the north half has more than twice as many or 3714, exceeding the south by 1958.

This supports the contention of the north end of the county, and is in adverse of Dufur's contentions. Local good road enthusiasts are eargerly awaiting further developmeuts.

LIME-SULPHUR IS FAVORED BY GROWERS

All of the growers present at the meeting of the Mosier Horticultural society expressed themselves in favor of using the lime and suplhur spray. Considerable dissatisfaction was shown regarding the results obtained the past year with the soluble sulphur spray, and not a one of the members of the society expressed himself in favor of this spray.

J. M. Carroll acted as chairman of the meeting and led the talks on spraying. He stated that many who had used arsenate of lead separate from the other sprays had not obtained very satisfactory results, received infect ons through the calyx and side of the apple to the amount of about 25 per cent. "I have talked with people who mixed the arsenate of lead with the lime and sulphur in the calyx spray and obtained success, keeping out nearly all the worms and keeping the csab down to six per cent, the amount varying from two to six per cent according to varieties. The worm infections were small, and believe that we could make a success here.

"I have had considerable success with arsenate of lead for codling moth," said Geo. Chamberlain. "I used the calyx spray in June; although did not spray for scab, I had less than one per cent of wormy apples. In the calyx spray used five pounds of the arsenate of lead to the fifty gallons of water under 100 pounds pressure; for the spray on June 1, I used three pounds to fifty gallons."

Geo. Carroll stated that when the calyx was closed, it ought to be a good time to spray with lime-sulphur. J. M. Carroll stated, however, that it leaves too long a time, as twenty days will have elapsed before spraying with a fungicide. "If the spray is put on in the dormant stage," he continued, "it should also be put on in the semi-dormnat and then in the pink." Later you can catch the eggs of the aphis. I always wait until nearly the semi-dormant period before putting on the dormant srpay."

After a query by John Ross regarding the danger of the semi-dormant spray burning the little stems and fruit buds, the chairman replied: "In talking with E. H. Shepard, of Hood River, editor of Better Fruit, he stated that he had received no damage from spraying 1-20 in the pink. Where the bloom had bursted, he used 1-25 with no bad results. The leaves were protected and no damage was done to the stems. The young fruit is easily burned, and Bordeaux mixture russets in the pink more readily.

Mr. Carroll stated that the association would carry a supply of Baume hydrometers so that every man would be able to test the lime-sulphur before using it in his spray.

For aphis Geo. Mathews stated that he used 3-8 of a pint of Black Leaf "40" for aphis to 50 gallons of water which he mixed with the lime-sulphur. This spray has met with favor among all the growers. Regarding the brand of arsenate of lead which the association used the growers showed no special preference, but left the matter up to the board of directors, who later purchassed from A. V. Higgins, a representative of the Sherwin-Williams Co., who was present.

Every grower was urged during the year to keep a careful memorandum of the date when spraying will be done, the weather conditions, the kind of spray material and accessories used, the amount of spray used, the condition of the trees, and in fact anything that would help to develop the cost per develop the cost per box of the spray. E. J. Thrift stated that he has kept such a record for the past three years.

For a topic of discussion for the next meeting, Geo. Mathews moved that the talk be made on "Cultivation." The chairman then appointed C. L. Joy to lead the talk, on account of his success in this work.

APPLE SCAB, METHODS OF FIGHTING IT

The following is an article that appeared in a recent issue of the Daily Produce News and which was read by R. D. Chatfield, manager of the Mosier Fruit Growers asscoiation, at the meeting last Saturday of the Mosier Horticultural society:

Reports from different parts of the West during the past season indicate that apple scab has been unusually severe in many sections. The loss due to this disease alone will probably amount this year in rough estimate to over $300,000 in Oregon. In many an unsprayed orchard there could not be found a single scab-free fruit this year, and even in orchards where the owners did spray there was often a serious high percentage of scab, sufficient in some cases to remove all trace of profit from the ledger. For several years the college has been conducting investigations on the control of apple scab and at the same time has been watching the work done by practical growers in this direction. From the results of these investigations and observations the conclusion is forced upon us that no matter how bad the year may be for this disease, the intelligent application of our present knowledge will result in satisfactory control.

So much has been written and said on the subject of apple scab that there is no need of describing the disease in detail. You will understand that the parasitic fungus which causes it lives through the winter in the dead tissues of the fallen apple leaves, and that in the early spring a crop of spores is matured which are shot forcibly out of these old leaves and then caught by the lightest air currents, are carried to the newly developed foliage and fruit, causing on them the first scab infections of the season. It was for a long time thought that this crop of spores did not mature until about the time the blossoms open and that infection could not occur earlier. In Oregon, however, we have found that at least in some seasons these spores may be mature approximately a month before the blossoms open. Under such circumstances if the weather conditions are favorable infections may occur before the cluster buds are fully opened, often a considerable time previous to blossoming. These first infections will develop into typical scab spots on the young leaves and bower parts and in a week or two there will be a new crop of spores produced in these spots which, as you are aware, usually result in an exceedingly rapid spread of the disease in the orchard, attacking fruit and foliage alike.

There is now no longer any doubt regarding the natural conditions which make possible the spread of the disease. Moisture is absolutely necessary for the germination of the spores and those climatic conditions which enable the dew, rain or fog to remain upon the leaves or fruit for a considerable number of hours in succession make it possible, where spores are present, for those spores to sprout and send their delicate germ tubes through the cuticle, after which the infections will take care of themselves. Anything that promotes rapid drying of foliage tends to prevent infcetion. Wind and sunshine, even though interspersed with showers, are unfavorable to the disease, while cloudy or misty weather with little wind, even though there be practically no rain, makes possible abundant spore germination.

Years ago, before the nature of this disease was yet fully understood, an effort was made to find some means by which it might be prevented. Bordeaux mixture had been found of such value in connection with certain other plant diseases that it was naturally one of the first materials tried out as a spray for the control of this malady. As long as twenty or twenty-five years ago in the eastern part of this country Bordeaux mixture was shown to be decidedly beneficial, and the large number of tests carried out since that time all over the United States leave no doubt as to its efficiency for scab control in the mind of any one familar with the results. There was, however, one drawback in connection with Bordeaux mixture wherever used; namely, the tendency under certain conditions to cause russeting of the apple fruit. It was thought at first the mixture was being used too strong, but experiments demonstrated the fact that injury would occur when weak dilutions were used and it was found that this could not be prevented by any change in proportions of the ingredients. It was found that this injurious effect was present only in fruit sprayed when young, and it is now further understood that moist weather following the application of Bordeaux mixture provides the most favorable conditions for the appearance of russeting.

(Continued Next Week)

Live Stock Wanted

I am in the market for beef, hogs, poultry and anything in the meat line. Parties desiring to sell will do well to phone Odell 177 or write J. W. McDonald, Hood River, Oregon. mch31

WRITER ADVANCES MARKETING VIEWS

In the Portland Fruit and Produce Marketer we read with interest an article written by A. H. Harris, of the Portland Telegram. Mr. Harris has visited most of the Northwestern fruit districts in the past year. His advice is timely and sane. We give below excerpts from his suggestions:

Mr. Harris says: It has remained for the fruit grower to maintain the consignment abuse long after other wise producers on the land have killed off the consignment shark. It has become part of the fruit game in the Northwest to brag about great market places and stand off the banker who loaned money to cover marketing expenses. With the most perishable goods produced, the fruit grower consents to delivery of his produce in a far away city, among strangers whose one purpose is to the consigned commodities.

He demands that all his fruit be sold, when he would be money ahead to market only good fruit and allow culls and inferior grades to go to the cider mill or to rot in the orchard. He sometimes pays fancy salaries to his employees and then ties their hands by lack of equipment and funds and by rules and regulations until they cannot perform the highest and best service. And, finally, the small grower must have ready money, and hence forces his crop on the market when demoralizing conditions are being crystallized by other men who do foolish things like himself.

If cooperative selling is to be permanent and profitable among Oregon horticulturists, a comprehensive plan must be adopted, in my opinion. Overhead expense is too heavy in many cases, under methods now employed, and results are not satisfactory to the growers. On the whole, net prices received year after year, are low, except in cases where large growers make the most of market conditions. The small grower sells direct, too often, in order to get quick money and to avoid settlements with commission houses which have made fortunes through questionable methods. Then, cooperative selling is best for the large grower, while the small producer more or less demoralizes the market for the entire output. A cooperative scheme which does not properly care for the small producer is a failure, unless the plan is working to centralize the control of orchard products.

I have made a diligent effort to gather facts as to the acreage of orchards and fruit tracts in Oregon, but the best information available is a guess. In few counties of the state, only, can the area of cultivated land be gotten from assessment rolls, while the rule is to assess land as "tillable"—whatever the term means—and "nontillable" and "timber lands." No attempt has been made, ordinarily, by assessors to gather facts as to the acreage of apples, pears, peaches, prunes, or any other fruit. All the estimates made in the Oregon Almanac and in boosting literature seem to be based on assumption, and assumption which serves the end sought. Growers should at once gather accurate information on acreage and condition of orchards and preserve and facts for the exclusive use of cooperative selling agencies.

While visiting scores of towns in Oregon I was struck by the absence of apples on the markets and by the miserable packs and displays where apples were offered for sale. The neglect of local markets seems to be complete, outside of Portland, where a few stores maintain admirable displays of fresh fruits and exercise salesmanship in their disposal. In many towns only inferior fruit was on sale and frequently it was "shopworn" and even disgusting. Oregon, as a field for the sale of Oregon fruit, is being neglected while returns from Eastern markets are discouraging if not disastrous in many cases.

In Oregon, outside of Portland there are approximately 1700 hotels and restaurants, where meals are served the public. In Portland there are approximately 700 hotels, grills, restaurants and dining rooms. I have visited more than 100 eating places in Oregon recently, and only in a few was I able to get service of apples or other Oregon fruit from the ordinary menu card. On the bills of grills and restaurans oranges and bananas and tinned pineapples are featured, and during he season the Oregon strawberry, but there is no effort to encourage the consumption of the Oregon apple or the Oregon pear. Even at Hood River and at Medford the restaurant and grill service does not include apples, except, perhaps, occasionally as baked and frequently as pie in competition with a dozen other standard varietiesof pie.

I doubt, seriously, if Oregon orchards now produce more fruit than could be consumed within the state, with due consideration for the health of the people and the loyal patronage of Oregon industries.

The average fruit grower does not fully realize that when he becomes a salesman he must protect his customers in their several fields and make good on supply and quality of goods needed by each customer. The shipper who does spasmodic business, whether in wheat or whetstone, must fail in the face of modern competition.

Men who are supplying large quantities of fruit for consumption should be able to get supplies from the same concern, under the same rules and regulations, season after season. And, as much of the success in business depends on personality and acquaintance, change in management should not be frequent. In Oregon selling agencies have trained too many men. Efficient enterprises are seldom new enterprises; efficient men are those who have had adequate training and not a little experience.

During the opening of the apple season little mention was made in any Portland daily except in market quotations and in the advertisements of Ben Selling, grocer. And in market quotations, Washington apples get mention as freely as do the Oregon product.

In large display advertisements of provision houses and department stores space is given freely to meats, butter, poultry, oranges, pineapples, but blessed little space is given to urging the purchase of apples, pears, grapes or any Oregon fruit. Read the reports of the Manufacturers' and Land Products Show and note how little mention was made of the apple, prune, grape or pear. Much space is given to mention of corn, grain, hops. And, during the progress of the show, the pineapple was given 120 inches of display advertising in the Oregonian. If you have not perused the daily papers for material on apple day, October 20, you should do so. Search for illuminating material and large display advertising will surely be interesting.

Also excellent for grown-ups

Money Back if not Satisfied

Arthur Pharmacy

Classified Ads.

[Communications and copy for advertisements must be in this office by Wednesday to insure publication same week.]

Hot Point Electric Irons at the drug store, now $3.00. tf

Daters, Pads and Rubber Stamps of every description at this office.

Ladies, secure your calling cards at the Bulletin office. 50 cards for 75c; 100 cards for $1.

No tresspassing and no hunting signs at this office.

Commercial Club Meeting

The regular business meeting of the Mosier Commercial Club is held on the first Monday of each month.

E. W. DAVIDHIZAR, Pres.
DR. DAVID ROBINSON, Sec.

EVERY VOTER SHOULD REGISTER AT ONCE

Every voter in the state of Oregon must re-register before the close of business, April 19, 1916, if he wishes to vote at the Primary election to be held May 19, 1916.

Failure to re-register before April 19, will preclude him from voting at that election.

And since one of the first duties of good citizenship is to vote, it behooves every voter of Mosier to have his name appear in the new register.

Therefore, REGISTER NOW! and remember, no previous registrations count.

To date Registrar P. L. Arthur reports that only 22 citizens have registered.

First National Board Elects

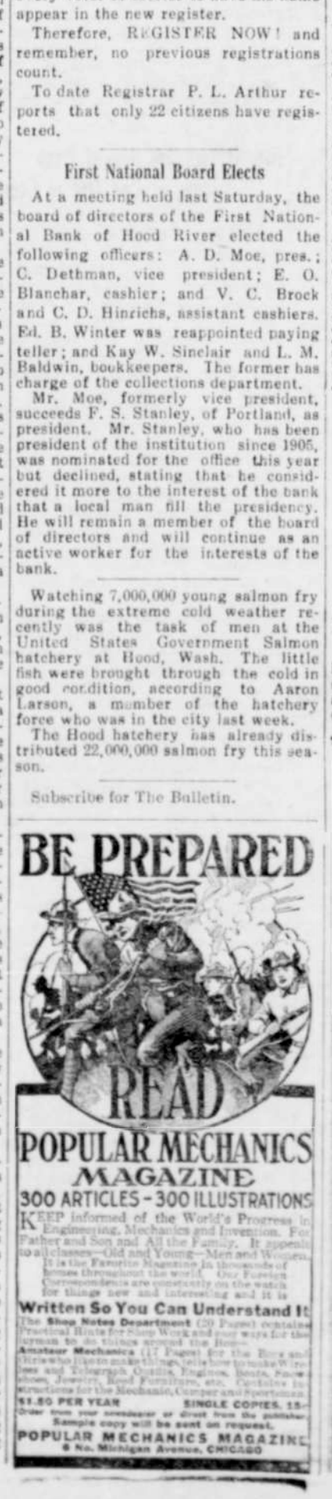
At a meeting held last Saturday, the board of directors of the First National Bank of Hood River elected the following officers: A. D. Moe, pres.; C. Dethman, vice president; E. O. Blanchar, cashier; and V. C. Brock and C. D. Hinrichs, assistant cashiers. Ed. B. Winter was reappointed paying teller; and Kay W. Sinclair and L. M. Baldwin, bookkeepers. The former has charge of the collections department.

Mr. Moe, formerly vice president, succeeds F. S. Stanley, of Portland, as president. Mr. Stanley, who has been president of the institution since 1905, was nominated for the office this year but declined, stating that he considered it more to the interest of the bank that a local man fill the presidency. He will remain a member of the board of directors and will continue as an active worker for the interests of the bank.

Watching 7,000,000 young salmon fry during the extreme cold weather recently was the task of men at the United States Government Salmon hatchery at Hood, Wash. The little fish were brought through the cold in good condition, according to Aaron Larson, a member of the hatchery force who was in the city last week.

The Hood hatchery has already distributed 22,000,000 salmon fry this season.

Subscribe for The Bulletin.



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Needles, Oil, Belts and all kinds of Sewing Machine supplies, Repairing a specialty.

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Notice of Sheriff's Sale

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Wasco.

United States National Bank, of Portland, Oregon a corporation of the United States, Plaintiff, vs. Lena J. Tompkins and W. A. Tompkins, Defendants.

By virtue of an execution, judgment order, decree and order of sale, duly issued out of the above entitled Court in the above entitled cause, to me directed and dated the 31st day of December, 1915, upon a judgment and decree rendered and entered in said Court on the 11th day of October, 1915, against Lena J. Tompkins and W. A. Tompkins, defendants for the sum of $1,362.31, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, from January 14th, 1914, and the further sum of $180 attorney's fees with interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, from the 11th day of October, 1915, and the costs of and upon this writ commanding me to make sale of the following described real property, towit: Lot 40 "Mosier View Orchards", Wasco County, Oregon.

Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution judgment, order, decree and order of sale, and in conformity with the commands of said writ, I will on Saturday the 5th day of February, 1916, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the County Court House, in The Dalles, Wasco County, Oregon, sell at public auction (subject to redemption) to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the within named defendants or either of them had on the 14th day of January, 1914, the date of the mortgage foreclosed, or since that date, had in and to the above described property or any part thereof to satisfy said execution, judgment order and decree, including costs and accruing costs.

LEVI CHRISMAN,
Sheriff of Wasco County, Oregon.

Dated this 31st day of December, 1915.
Date of first publication Jan. 7th, 1916.
Date of last publication Feb. 4th, 1916.

W. A. HUSBANDS
Blacksmith
Horse Shoeing and General Repair Work.
MOSIER, - - OREGON

Past Due memory refreshing stamps have been added to our ready made stock. They are neat in appearance and the wording is to the point. For sale at this office.