

CURRENT EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Doings of the World at Large Told in Brief.

General Resume of Important Events Presented in Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

Germany's reply to the arbitration proposal is reported to be favorable.

English troops have fired on strikers in Liverpool, and a general strike of transport workers has been called.

An 18-year-old girl was killed by falling 185 feet onto jagged rocks while climbing Mount Juneau, Alaska.

Boys in the Upper Willamette valley are making \$2 to \$3 per day picking fir cones with which the forestry department is reseeded burned-over lands.

The Southern Pacific has applied to the Interstate Commerce commission for permission to charge a higher rate of fare for passengers over the Siskiyou mountains.

A hungry Italian in Boston went to the immigration station and declared he believed he was suffering from cholera, but admitted later that he did it to get something to eat.

The husband of a rich Seattle woman disappeared from their hotel in Los Angeles with a handbag containing \$30,000 worth of gems and jewelry, and no trace of him can be found.

A Tacoma hotel keeper is under arrest because the sheets on his beds are not up to the legal size. He swears the linen has been shrunk by the laundries and refuses to put up bail.

Crowds were so great and so unruly at the registration for lands of the Berthold Indian reservation in North Dakota that the registrar threatened to put them out of the building on account of their violence.

President Taft will make a tour of the country this fall, including the Pacific Coast.

The strike of carmen in London, which threatened starvation to the city, has been settled.

Roosevelt freely admits having approved the steel merger while he was in office, saying it was the only way to avert a panic.

An American actor who lost his life in a London hotel fire, had a premonition of approaching death, and had all his business affairs arranged accordingly.

Western railroad men have served notice abrogating their wage agreements with the roads, and a big strike is looked for.

The British house of lords reluctantly passed the veto bill, which greatly curtails their own powers and increases the power of the house of commons.

An itinerant clock repairer, 86 years old, is walking from Portland to Long Creek, Or., carrying his tools and supplies. He expects to earn his living on route.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—New crop—Bluestem, 81c; club, 77c; red Russian, 75c; valley, 77c.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$24.50@25 per ton; middlings, \$32; shorts, \$25.50@26; rolled barley, \$28@29.

Corn—Whole, \$33; cracked, \$34. Barley—New, feed, \$25.50@26; brewing, \$30@31.

Oats—Old white, \$25 per ton; new, \$24. Hay—Timothy, valley, \$15@16; alfalfa, \$11; clover, \$8.50@9; grain hay, \$10.

Fresh Fruits—Cantaloupes, 1.25@1.26 per crate; peaches, 60c@1.25 per box; watermelons, 16@14c per pound; plums, 90c@1.75 per crate; prunes, 1.75 per box; new apples, \$1.75@2.50 per box; raspberries, \$2@2.50; blackberries, \$1.75@1.90; pears, \$2@2.50 per box.

Vegetables—Beans, 5@10c; cabbage, \$2 per hundredweight; corn, 30c@40c per dozen; cucumbers, 1@1.25 per box; egg plant, 10@12c per dozen; garlic, 10@12c; lettuce, 30c@35c per dozen; hothouse lettuce, 1.25@1.75 per box; peppers, 8@10c per dozen; radishes, 1@2c per dozen; tomatoes, 90c@1.25 per box; new carrots, \$1.75 per sack; turnips, \$1.25; beets, \$1.75.

Potatoes—New Oregon, 1@1.1c per pound. Onions—Walla Walla, \$1.75 per hundred.

Poultry—Hens, 16@16c; springs, 18@18c; ducks, 16c; 15c; geese, nominal; turkeys, nominal.

Eggs—Fresh Oregon ranch, candled, 27c per dozen. Butter—City creamery extra, 1 and 2-pound prints, in boxes, 30c per pound; less than box lots, cartons and delivery extra.

Pork—Fancy, 10@10c per pound. Veal—Fancy, 12@13c per pound. Hops—1911 contracts, 30@32c per pound; 1910 crop, 29c; 1909 crop, 20@22c; olds, 13@17c.

Mohair—Choice, 36@37c per pound. Cattle—Extra choice steers, \$5.75@6; good, \$5.25@5.50; choice cows, \$4.75@4.80; good, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$2.75@3; choice heifers, \$4.75@5; choice bulls, \$3.50@3.75; choice calves, 200 pounds and under, \$7@7.25; good to choice, \$5.50@6; common, \$4@5; choice stags, \$4.50@4.75; good, \$4.25@4.50.

Hogs—Extra choice light hogs, \$7.85@8; choice heavy, \$7@7.25; heavy rough, \$6.25@6.50. Sheep—Choice yearlings, wethers, coarse wool, \$3.25@3.50; choice yearling wethers, east of mountains, \$3.25@3.50; choice two and three, \$3@3.50; choice spring lambs, \$5.25@5.50; good to choice spring lambs, \$5@5.25; choice killing ewes, \$2.75@3.

TWO AVIATORS KILLED.

One Plunges to Bottom of Lake; Other Falls Into Pit.

Chicago—Two aviators, William R. Badger, of Pittsburg, and St. Croix Johnstone, of Chicago, both young men, lost their lives in the international aviation meet here.

Both accidents revealed the frailty of the machines in which the aviators were gliding about the air with scarcely a pause.

Badger, a wealthy young man, came to his death in a pit in the aviation field. There had been a flaw in one of the wings of the propeller of the Baldwin machine he drove.

Centrifugal force broke the propeller and upset the delicate equilibrium of the machine, and Badger dashed 100 feet to the bottom of the pit. His neck was broken.

Johnstone fell 500 feet under his engine and was drowned. Caught under the heavy engine in the Moisant monoplane, he was carried deep into Lake Michigan, and his body was not brought to the surface until an hour later.

Badger lived three-quarters of an hour after he had been extricated from the wrecked machine. He did not recover consciousness. Thirty-five flyers had dipped and glided here for three days, and this was the first fatal accident. Three aviators fell but were unhurt.

GERMANY IS FAVORABLE TO TREATY WITH U. S.

Washington—Almost in the same hour that the senate committee for foreign relations reported Wednesday to the senate its convention that the recent negotiated arbitration treaties between this country and Great Britain and France were "breeders of bitterness and war," Germany, through its ambassador here, was announcing its desire to be a party to a similar arbitration compact with the United States.

Germany made known to Secretary Knox, through Ambassador Von Bernstorff, its acceptance of the general principles of arbitration as laid down in the secretary's draft, recently submitted. A few exceptions were noted, however, and Count Von Bernstorff will sail for Germany to consult his government further. He will return in October.

LIVERPOOL IN TERROR.

Soldiers and Mobs Have Pitched Battles in Streets.

Liverpool—A reign of terror exists here and troops are pouring into the city to put down disorder. A special guard has been detailed to protect the landing stage of the trans-Atlantic steamers which, it is asserted, the rioters have planned to destroy by fire.

Five prison vans escorted by 50 soldiers who were carrying riot prisoners from the police court to Waltham jail were attacked by 3,000 members of the roughest class in Vauxhall street. The mob threw missiles of every description and in defending themselves the hussars fired.

At first blanks were used by the soldiers, and then ball cartridges. One man was killed and many persons were severely wounded. The troops then charged with drawn sabers and cleared the street. So daring were the rioters that one of them tried to unhorse an officer, who was obliged to use his revolver, wounding the man severely.

Another less serious affray in which the troops were again compelled to fire took place in Bond street. Only a few persons were injured.

Insurance Probe Grows.

Detroit—More representatives of companies under investigation were quizzed by the special committee selected by the national convention of insurance commissioners to probe the methods of certain industrial insurance concerns doing business in the United States. The committee's report is expected to be ready Thursday or Friday. It is said that something in the nature of a report may be read at the national convention of state insurance commissioners in Milwaukee next week.

Young Gomez is Accused.

Havana—Following the revolver duel in the Cafe Cosmopolita between Miguel Gomez, son of President Gomez, who opened the fire, and Congressman Armand Andres, editor of the El Dia anti-administration newspaper, that publication asserts that many friends of Gomez fired upon the editor. The walls of the Cafe Cosmopolita and the fronts of the adjacent buildings show bullet marks greatly exceeding in number the shots that could have possibly been fired by the principals.

Forty-Three Rattlesnakes Bagged.

Spokane—Forty-three rattlesnakes were the result of a day's hunt in the Wilson Creek draw, near Wilson Creek, Wash., by Mat Ferral and Frank Lamphere, visitors from Kansas, and Bruce Webley, a rancher living north of Wilson Creek. The largest snake was four feet in length. The hides of several of the snakes measured six inches in width. The rattles taken from the reptiles half filled an ordinary shoe box.

Asylum Guards Caught.

Chicago—For a week three detectives have been "patients" at the Cook County asylum for the insane at Dunning. The result of their detention was seen Wednesday when President Bartzon, of the county board, suspended four attendants, charged with cruelty. The secret investigators, while confined with the insane, watched physicians, nurses and other attendants and made reports of their actions.

"Be Gentle" Editor Fights.

St. Louis—Albert Solomon, of this city, editor of the Humanitarian, in which he admonishes everybody to be kind and gentle, is under arrest on the charge of beating his wife and fighting with his brother-in-law. The brother-in-law is locked up on a cross charge of disturbing Solomon's peace.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROGRESS OF OUR HOME STATE

PEST WORSE THAN FIRE.

Forests Suffer Millions of Dollars by Insect Onslaught.

Medford—Presenting the fact that insects do more damage in the forest than do forest fires, B. I. Shannon, secretary of the Jackson county fire patrol association, secured the assistance of the Medford Commercial club in working for the establishment of a local field station here by the bureau of entomology.

"There is more than four and one-half billion feet of good commercial timber tributary to this little valley of 30,000 acres, to say nothing of the immense acreage of yellow pine on the east slopes of the Cascades," said Mr. Shannon. "Besides that amount there is nearly 2,000,000,000 feet readily accessible in West Josephine county and on the West Siskiyou."

"The damage done by the insects alone, now, in the National forest is equal to the loss by forest fires, and in private holdings this is also true. There are variations of from 400 to 1,400 feet in elevation in this district and there is the wet, warm climate of the west slope contrasting with the cold, arid conditions of the east slope, making the investigations cover a large field. An entomological station here would mean a saving of thousands and perhaps millions of dollars in timber destroyed in the Crater National forest and private holdings."

NATION TESTING APPLES.

Government Experts Try Keeping Qualities of Fruit.

Hood River—After having spent Thursday afternoon and Friday morning obtaining data on local storage conditions, B. B. Ramsey and H. J. Pratt, experts from the pomological office of the United States department of agriculture, left for White Salmon, where they will conduct the same work.

The experts, who have been in California for the last few years working on systems of refrigeration for citrus fruits, say that the government is planning to make extensive experiments in fruit storage and transportation in the Northwest. They will visit all of the principal apple sections of the Northwest between now and picking time and make a study of the different soil conditions of every locality.

Apples will be obtained from every district by the experts and will be subjected to tests to ascertain their keeping qualities. This season's work, it is said, will merely be preliminary. The experiments next year will be on a larger scale.

The government experts inspected the Union warehouses and were presented with Yellow Newtowns grown last year. The fruit was in a perfect state of preservation and of excellent flavor.

DEER LAWS STRICT.

Shipment of Game From State Forbidden by Ruling.

Salem—Deer hunters from California will be disappointed to learn that hereafter no deer carcasses, horns or any part of the animal killed in this state can be taken into California. The law in this regard was recently construed by Attorney-General Crawford, and every precaution will be taken by officers of the Fish and Game commission to see that it is enforced.

Attorney-General Crawford's decision is that the commission has no authority to issue permits to take deer killed in this state across the line into California. The only condition under which game can be taken out of the state is for propagation or exhibition. Already a number of applications have been received for permission to take game out of the state, and these have all been denied.

FUNDS RAISED FOR FAIR.

Klamath Falls Plans Big Exposition This Fall.

Klamath Falls—That Klamath will have the greatest county fair this fall in its history is believed by those who are promoting the project. Several prominent men have taken hold of the affair and promise to build grandstands, exhibit booths, stalls for stock and other necessary structures.

Business men have been asked to raise \$1,500 for purses, and already volunteer donations of \$900 have been made. It is planned to hold a four-day fair, with racing and other sports.

Coos County Roads Promoted.

Marshfield—A permanent good roads association for the purpose of advancing the interests of the county is the purpose of a movement which has been started by the North Bend Commercial club. A committee has been appointed to confer with other commercial bodies in the county, and a general meeting will be called, when representatives of the different communities will be asked to be present and co-operate in the plan, it is believed that much good work can be accomplished.

Orlone Mine to Install Mill.

Grants Pass—The Orlone mine in the Galice district will put in a big gold mill. Heretofore the company has been shipping the ore to Tacoma, but this will be brought to an end by installation of the mill. The company has an overhead ledge exposure 600 feet. This company has in operation a power plant connected with Rogue River. The mine's tunnels, crosscuts and drifts make about one mile of underground work.

35-Cent Hop Offer Refused.

Salem—George L. Rose states that he received and refused bona fide offers to sell 250 bales of 1911 hops for 35 cents. He would not say who made the offer. The same kind of an offer was made to McLaughlin & Hirschberg, of Independence, by the same parties. Cables received here indicate that crop conditions both in Germany and England continue to be worse.

GOLD STAMPEDES BEND.

City Nearly Unpeopled by Report of Rich Strike.

Bend—What is characterized as the most remarkable gold rush experienced in Oregon for many years burst into full swing at Bend last week. As a result of the discovery of quartz, which assays have shown to contain a commercially valuable amount of gold, the town is all but deserted. The gold-bearing quartz was discovered 12 miles west of here on the edge of the forest reserve among the foothills of the Cascade mountains. Several merchants deserted their stores and joined the army of gold seekers. In the van of prospectors are several ex-miners recently come from Alaska, whose enthusiasm concerning the discoveries has had much to do with the general excitement.

As far as can be ascertained, the first discovery, upon which work was actually done, was made by Carl Ladewig, a Bend man who has spent much of his time prospecting in the adjacent country. Ladewig let a number of local men of means into his secret, and a group of claims was taken. It was not until several weeks after the inauguration of this secret work that its nature became generally known. Then the rush started.

Assays from the original group of claims, which have been christened the Golden Raes, have run from \$5 to \$10 a ton, free milling ore. However, the rock assayed thus far has been taken entirely from the surface. Several tunnels are being driven, and, according to the miners working them, the appearance of the rock encountered is becoming more promising. Already over 50 claims have been staked.

PAST WILL BE TOLD.

Historical Institute to Have Noted Speakers at Astoria.

Salem—Several more speakers who will participate in the historical educational institute, which will be held in Astoria September 5, 6 and 7, have announced their intention of being present. George H. Himes, president of the Oregon historical society, will be among the speakers. Professor F. G. Young of Eugene, secretary of the same society, will speak on "Significant Oregon History for the Life of Today." Professor Joseph Schaefer of Eugene; Frederick V. Holman, of Portland; Eva Emery Dye, Oregon City, and State Superintendent Alderman will be among the other speakers. As nearly as possible historical addresses will be given on the spot where the incidents which furnish the subject matter for the addresses occurred.

ROOSEVELT RECEIVES TOGO.

Japanese Admiral Presents Costly Souvenir to Warrior.

New York—Admiral Togo paid a warrior's tribute to Colonel Roosevelt. Apparently Roosevelt, the fighter, had appeared to the Japanese admiral, rather than Roosevelt, the peace-maker, for when he marched up Sagamore Hill to meet the ex-president, he carried Mr. Roosevelt a two-foot miniature of a soldier's armor.

This unique souvenir was of glistening metal, exquisitely carved, and was encased in a heavy mahogany box, adorned with Japanese colors. Admiral Togo had kept the prospective gift secret, and had apparently carried it on his travels from the time he left Japan.

The Japanese admiral journeyed to Oyster Bay on a special train on the Long Island road. Colonel Roosevelt, in a dark suit and immaculate white vest, stepped out on the veranda and greeted the admiral, who wore a white service uniform.

"Delighted to meet you!" exclaimed the colonel, his face beaming. The party filed into the broad reception room and the admiral presented his gift. The colonel expressed his gratitude in a broadside of superlatives.

After luncheon the party gathered on the wide veranda whence sounds of frequent laughter and the vigorous voice of Mr. Roosevelt often issued. The luncheon was strictly private.

COOS ENLISTS MORE MEN.

County's Naval Reserve to Be Trained on Cruiser Boston.

Marshfield—Coos county now has better representation in the Oregon naval militia than any other county in the state. With the organization of the new division at Bandon the county has three divisions in the reserve and the Coos band besides. The total number of enlisted men is about 150. Twenty-five from Marshfield and 10 from the new Bandon division have gone to bring back the cruiser Boston, which will be here August 16 to remain two months. In that time, all the men will receive training on the vessel. The new Bandon organization will be known as the fifth division. The commander is Dr. L. P. Sorenson, who has the rank of junior lieutenant. Dr. Smith J. Mann is assistant surgeon, and Earl S. Gher, ensign. Dr. E. E. Straw, senior lieutenant, of Marshfield, has command over all three divisions. Uniforms will at once be furnished the Bandon men and a drill hall has already been provided for.

Fair Success Assured.

Medford—Raising \$900 at a meeting of 30 men, with promises of more, the committee of merchants and business men are assured the success of a district fair here in October. The only difficulty has been that of raising funds, and it was finally decided to sell stock at \$50 a share in a \$5,000 fair corporation.

A few men, with limited liability, will be behind the fair, and in case of rain or other untoward event, will stand for the losses. Two committees, one to sell stock and another to take subscriptions, were appointed.

Films Lure Backsliders.

San Jose, Cal.—Illustrated songs and a sermon made more interesting by motion pictures, featured the services at the Christian church here Sunday last. Pictures have been used in the churches here before to illustrate lectures and midweek services, but this marks their first appearance in the regular Sunday services. Inasmuch as motion pictures have driven legitimate theatricals out of the city, keen interest marked the appearance of the pictures at the Sunday service at a church.

93 Drown in Mediterranean.

Gibraltar—The French steamship Emir founded five miles east of Tarifa, Spain, in the Straits of Gibraltar. Ninety-three persons were drowned. The ship sailed from here for a Moroccan port. An hour later, in a dense fog, she collided with the British steamship Silverton, bound from Newport, England, for Aranto, Italy. The crew of the Silverton rescued 27 of the Emir's crew and passengers. The Silverton later put in here with her forepeak full of water.

Strike Strength Display.

Chicago—Railroad officials declare that the strike which threatens Western railroads is being planned as a demonstration of strength of the railroad department of the American Federation of Labor. The railroad department of the American Federation of Labor was organized four years ago. It is said to have a membership of nearly 700,000, comprising shopmen and telegraphers of 18 of the most important roads.

Frost Hits Canadians.

St. Paul—According to reports received by the local weather bureau, Edmonton and Calgary, Canada, experienced breaths of frost Thursday morning, the temperature dropping to 36 degrees.

ANARCHIST HURLS KNIFE.

San Francisco Reds Defy Police and Start Riot.

San Francisco—Efforts of the police to break up a meeting of alleged anarchists here Sunday showed net results of three riot calls, the arrest of 10 men, and narrow escape of two firemen from a hurled knife and a defective badly bitten in the hand.

For several months the "anarchists" have been holding Sabbath meetings on the sidewalk in the Latin quarter. The Italian Roman Catholic church is not far distant, and a worshipper on his way to mass heard remarks from one of the speakers that caused him to lodge a protest over the telephone with the police.

Two detectives were sent to investigate, and were hooted at when they interrupted the speaker. Thereupon the officers placed Michael Conestron and Philip Perone under arrest and started to take them to jail.

With a yell of rage that brought everybody in the neighborhood on the run, the 200 assembled "anarchists" charged the detectives, who were forced to take refuge in a Broadway fire station.

A riot call brought a squad of patrolmen to the scene and seven other men were taken into custody. They, too, were lodged in the fire station.

The big outer door was closing on the retiring police, the alleged leader of the "anarchists" created a sensation in front of the truck house. Shouting at the top of his voice, he jerked off his gaudy straw hat, threw it to the ground and danced madly on it. Then, whipping out a huge clasp-knife, he sprang the blade and hurled the weapon through the closing door. It was a 75-foot throw, but the knife went true as a bullet and whistled past the ears of Fireman F. M. Hogan and Jack Edgar, imbedding itself in a wall.

JAPANESE ADMIRAL PRESENTS COSTLY SOUVENIR TO WARRIOR.

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COUNTLESS CHINESE DEAD.

Floods Along Yangtze Cause Suffering Beyond Description.

Victoria, B. C.—Floods have caused loss of hundreds of lives and great suffering in China, where several rivers have overflowed along the Yangtze. Arrivals from Shanghai by the Empress of Japan say that the distress which followed the floods is so great that children are being exposed for sale.

One eye witness from Hankow tells of seeing a band of refugees camped under hovels of matting with a number of children held under a sign announcing them for sale at the rate of 16 strings of cash (about 50 cents) for a boy and eight strings of cash (about 25 cents) for a girl.

Japs After Canal Trade.

Victoria, B. C.—News was brought by the Empress of Japan that the Osaka Shosen Kaisha has in view the establishment of a steamship line via the Panama canal when it is completed. At the annual meeting held shortly before the Empress liner departed, Nakagawa and Chiura, officials of the company, were ordered to visit the Panama zone in the United States and South America to investigate trade possibilities in this connection. The Japanese line proposes to run into New York via the canal.

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NORTHWEST HAS ONLY GOOD CROP

Situation Throughout Country Worst in Years.

Government's Monthly Report Discouraging—Increased Acreage Makes Up to Some Extent.

Northwest Wheat Crop Will Largely Exceed That of 1910.

Washington, D. C.—Preliminary estimates by the department of agriculture on the wheat crop fix the 1911 winter wheat crop of Oregon at 11,766,000 bushels, or 698,000 bushels over the crop of 1910. The quality of this crop August 1 is reported to have been 95 per cent and the yield per acre 22.2 bushels.

Washington's winter wheat crop is estimated at 19,800,000 bushels, as against 13,858,000 bushels last year. Its condition is reported as 97 per cent and the yield per acre as 27.3 bushels.

Spring wheat figures are given for Washington only and show the condition on August 1 to be 86 per cent, as compared with 93 on July 1. The Washington spring wheat crop was 62 on August 1, 1910.

Washington, D. C.—A tremendous decline in crops generally throughout the country, traceable to drought and intense heat, occurred last month, as indicated by official figures and estimates made in the monthly crop report of the department of agriculture.

The report is the worst, as to general crop conditions, that the department has issued for any one month since 1901.

The area most seriously affected extends from New York and Pennsylvania westward to the Rocky Mountains, embracing all the great corn, wheat and hay producing states in the country.

Conditions in the Pacific Northwest are regarded as excellent, although during July that territory suffered from a brief but excessively hot period. The figures of the report indicate a material slump in the prospects of all crops. Corn, which at this season is the most important, declined during the month from a condition of about 5 per cent below the average as indicated by the July report, to nearly 15 per cent below the average.

AMERICAN FLAG BURNED.

"Yankee Hater" in Canadian Town Vents Spleen on Emblem.

Buffalo, N. Y.—A dispatch from London, Ont., says: "The president of the 'Yankee Hater' club, who prides himself on the title of 'Yankee Hater,' publicly burned the Stars and Stripes in the streets of the town of Woodstock. A few hours before, someone, in a spirit of mischief, had nailed an American flag above the door of his shop. When Midgely saw the flag he called his neighbors around him and walking to the middle of the street, lighted a fire and burned the flag. Then he scattered the ashes about the street, 'that the horses might trample them under their feet.'"

NEW INVASION EXPECTED.

Magon Junta Prepares to Continue War in Lower California.

San Diego, Cal.—Dr. J. Dias Prieto, Mexican consul in San Diego, confirms the report that the Magon junta in Los Angeles is preparing for a second armed insurrection in Lower California. Consul Prieto said he had been in touch with the situation on the border the past six or seven days and that he was in communication with Colonel Celso Vega, jefe politico at Ensenada, Lower California