

## LEXINGTON WHEATFIELD

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LXINGTON OREGON

## NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

A tornado and tremendous rain storm did heavy damage in St. Joseph, Mo., and vicinity.

The Elks national convention is considering plans to stop the slaughter of elk to get teeth.

The Korean delegate at The Hague denounces Japanese, but the other delegates favor Japan.

Rioting in Seoul results from abdication of the Korean emperor. At least 25 Japanese were killed.

In the Glass trial the court has ruled that evidence showing similar offenses may be introduced, a decided victory for Heney.

Connellsville, a town of 300 inhabitants near Zanesville, has been almost wiped off the map by flood. No lives are reported lost. The property loss will be large.

A Chinaman is on trial in Los Angeles for practicing medicine without a license. So far 340 talesmen have been summoned and but five have qualified, all others being biased on account of defendant being a Chinese.

F. M. Holbrook, E. E. Lonabaugh and Robert McPhillaney, prominent men of Wyoming, have been found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the government of coal lands in that state. The maximum penalty is two years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$10,000.

The Indian Territory Democratic convention ended in a riot.

The Northwestern railroad is preparing to extend its lines to the coast.

The emperor of Korea has abdicated, after a vain appeal to Marquis Ito.

Foreign Minister Hayashi, of Japan, says his country will trust in American justice to prevent war.

A heavy rain brought relief from excessive heat in Washington, but not before many persons were prostrated.

The Postal Telegraph company has made an offer to its former employees in San Francisco to return to their work.

Thousands were prostrated by the heat during the Elks' parade at Philadelphia. The emergency hospitals treated 1,500 and other hospitals 1,000.

Two ticket agents in North Carolina have been found guilty of selling tickets in disregard to the new rate law and each sentenced to 30 days in the chain gang.

Canada will send an exhibit of irrigation products to the Interstate fair to be held in Sacramento next September in connection with the National Irrigation congress.

King Oscar, of Sweden, is anxious to secure the return of the hundreds of thousands of his subjects who have emigrated to America and has begun an investigation to learn the reason for the people leaving their native land.

The floods in Missouri are subsiding.

The Hague conference is considering limited armament.

Korea is in a panic, expecting the emperor to be dethroned.

Burglars broke into the South San Francisco postoffice and secured \$1,800 in stamps.

The 40,000 Japanese troops in Mexico is in reality but 400, according to a Mexican army officer.

Corvallis business men have raised \$30,000 to build a railroad into the interior of Benton county.

The Alabama legislature has elected ex-Congressman John H. Bankhead to the United States senate.

Heney is having trouble with witnesses in the Glass case and has offered to fight Attorney Delmas.

Returns of deaths from the plague in India show the appalling total of 1,060,067 for the six months ending June 30.

Eugene business men have started a movement to boycott Harriman lines by asking wholesale houses to freight over other lines so far as possible.

The "Four hundred" of Newport, R. I., have formed a gambling club.

A Chinese tong war is on in Los Angeles and several Orientals have been killed.

Richard Croker has declined to become a candidate for the English parliament.

Congressman Jones, of Washington, announces that he is a candidate for the senate.

## LAWYERS HAVE INNING.

Devote Entire Day to Arguments in Haywood Case.

Boise, Idaho, July 19.—A day of argument on the admissibility of points of evidence followed the announcement from the defense that they had no further witnesses to offer in behalf of William D. Haywood. The jury was not brought into court, Judge Wood having been informed by counsel of their decision to rest without offer of rebuttal. Clarence Darrow spoke for an hour and a half of the morning session. Senator Borah replied in the afternoon and was followed by E. F. Richardson. Judge Wood will probably announce his decision today.

The point argued was the proposition to exclude from consideration by the jury the evidence offered by the defense to show, by proof of deportation of miners from and the employment of detectives in the Cripple Creek district of Colorado, that a conspiracy was formed among the mine owners and the citizens of the district to prevent the employments of members of the Western Federation of Miners. The position taken by the Haywood defense was that Harry Orchard was employed by the Mineowners' association through detectives to commit crimes which were then charged to the Federation, and public opinion aroused against the union workers, and it therefore followed that, if Colorado evidence for the state was admitted, the defense had the right to show a counter-conspiracy. The reply of the state was that the defense had failed legally to connect its case in these particulars and therefore its evidence merely confused that issue.

In the absence of the jury the argument gave counsel an opportunity to take a wide range in commenting on the methods employed on both sides. Mr. Darrow was impassioned and vituperative. He bitterly assailed Orchard and the Pinkertons.

Mr. Borah confined himself largely to the legality of the question of admissibility. He spoke for an hour, forcefully reviewing the evidence and allegations made by the defense, which, he said, failed to show by the member of the alleged conspiracy between the mine-owners and the Pinkertons that any such conspiracy existed.

## DISSENSIONS IN THE RANKS.

Striking Telegraph Operators Criticize National Chiefs.

San Francisco, July 19.—Yesterday was a busy day in the ranks of the striking telegraphers at Oakland. There were committees appointed and many impromptu consultations held, and during the afternoon several operators waited on the three members of the executive committee, M. J. Reidy, S. J. Konenkamp, and J. M. Sullivan, but absolute silence was maintained as to the meeting or the trend of the discussions.

It was evident from the bearing of the conferees that the situation was considered serious and there were hints of increasing friction among the leaders of the strikers. The executive committee came in for severe criticism on account of its reported remarks deprecating the calling of the strike and its apparent lack of sympathy for the local operators.

It has been rumored persistently for the past few days that there was a serious split between President Small and his executive committeemen.

## Mayor Taylor Takes Office.

San Francisco, July 19.—Dr. Edward R. Taylor, dean of Hastings Law college and acting president of Cooper Medical college, today received his commission as mayor of the city and county of San Francisco. Regarding his plans for reforming the city government, Mr. Taylor said: "I have no plans at present. In fact, the whole thing has come on me so suddenly that I have not had time to think about it as yet. I intend to conduct the government on a nonpartisan basis, but further than that I have no plans."

## Equal Pay for the Sexes.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 19.—The thirteenth biennial convention of the Retail Clerks' International union today elected F. H. Conway, of Chicago, president. Resolutions were adopted declaring that women clerks should be paid the same wages as male clerks where they do the same work. The convention also will declare for an eight-hour day. President Conway denounced department stores as a curse to humanity, paying only starvation wages to women employees.

## Acquitted of Land Fraud.

Eureka, Cal., July 19.—A jury in the Federal court this afternoon after less than 10 minutes deliberation and on the first ballot found George W. Brace, formerly of Eureka, now of Oakland, not guilty of conspiring to defraud the government out of valuable public timber land in Trinity county.

## Hundred Jackies Desert.

Norfolk, Va., July 19.—During the past few weeks 100 desertions have been listed and advertised from the battleship Minnesota, one of the warships in Hampton Roads. The local police were notified of 15 desertions yesterday.

## WORST OF CRIMINALS

Hawley Declares Truth of Orchard's Story Proven.

MAKES THE DEFENSE FURIOUS

Judge Wood Rules Out Evidence of Mineowners' Conspiracy—Point Won for Prosecution.

Boise, Idaho, July 20.—The field for argument both for the prosecution and defense of William D. Haywood has been limited by Judge Wood, who in a decision handed down yesterday removed from consideration by the jury all evidence bearing on the alleged conspiracy by mineowners and others against the Western Federation of Miners. Judge Wood decided that the defense of Haywood had made no legal connection of the Mineowners' association, the Citizens' alliance, of Colorado, and the Pinkerton agency with the crimes as laying a foundation for the evidence introduced by the defense to show that the charge against Haywood and his co-defendants is the outcome of a conspiracy to exterminate the Federation.

Immediately following the announcement of this decision, argument commenced. J. H. Hawley, leading counsel for the state, spoke for two hours and 15 minutes of the afternoon session, the morning session having been adjourned to enable the judge to prepare his decision.

Counsel for the defense repeatedly interrupted Mr. Hawley with protests and objections, but these only seemed to stir him to greater efforts.

Mr. Hawley concluded with the statement that already he had shown enough to convict and that any jurymen not willing to convict on the evidence connecting the conspirators with the blowing up of the Bunker Hill & Sullivan concentrator in 1899 and the explosion at the Vindicator mine in 1903 alone "sought only to rid himself of an unpleasant duty to his state."

Mr. Hawley will continue his argument today.

Judge Wood has notified counsel for the defense that he expects argument for their side to commence on Monday.

## READY TO FIGHT PACKERS.

Livestock Exchange Convention to Consider Post Mortem.

Kansas City, Mo., July 20.—Livestock commission firms in the 15 principal markets of the country, that do an annual business estimated at \$800,000,000, were represented here today at the opening of the National Livestock Exchange association. The livestock centers represented included nearly every city of importance from Buffalo to Denver and from St. Paul to Fort Worth. Twenty delegates came from Chicago.

The National Exchange is practically the clearing house for the various local exchanges. James C. Swift, of Kansas City, the president, said this morning that the mortem question, among other things, will be discussed and said of it in his annual address:

"While we regret the passing of the 7-cent hog, we rejoice that his memory bears no taint of post mortem, and that he left with us the ever-welcome 7-cent seers and the lowly sheep, with his high-priced fleece and strong-smelling mutton."

Mr. Swift said that livestock exchanges for years had been the butt for shafts of cheap ridicule and the basis for criticism born either of malice or ignorance.

## Canada at Irrigation Fair.

Sacramento, Cal., July 20.—Canada will send an exhibit of irrigation products to the Interstate Exposition to be held in this city next September in connection with the National Irrigation congress. A representative of Alberta province called at headquarters to arrange for the installation of a big display. The outlook points to the largest and most important exposition of the kind ever held in the West. Twenty thousand dollars in trophies and prizes are to be offered for the best collective and individual entries.

## Telegraphers Will Arbitrate.

San Francisco, July 20.—After being on just a month, the strike of the telegraph operators in the Oakland and San Francisco offices of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies was settled this afternoon. The operators almost unanimously voted to return to work under the same conditions and salaries as prevailed when they went on strike and to arbitrate their grievances and differences, as provided for in the compromise offer contained in the letter from Colonel R. C. Clowry of June 20.

## Express Money Package Stolen.

Columbia, S. C., July 20.—It is reported here that an express package of \$10,000 has been lost at the Florence, S. C., office.

## ORCHARD CORROBORATED.

Prosecution Offers Evidence to Rebut Showing of Defense.

Boise, Idaho, July 17.—In the last stages of the case against William D. Haywood, the prosecution put six witnesses on the stand yesterday to rebut the evidence of the defense. They testified to conditions in the Coeur d'Alenes in 1899, and to the situation in Colorado during the strike period of 1903 and 1904. The important witnesses of the day were called to contradict the showing made by witnesses for the defense for calling out the militia of Colorado other than a desire upon the part of the mine owners to drive members of the Western Federation of Miners from the mining district. One witness flatly contradicted the evidence introduced by the defense to show that the explosion at the Vindicator mine was due to an accident.

While the big trial was going on in the District court, before Judge Fremont Wood, an interesting offshoot of the case was being heard by Justice of the Peace Savage. W. H. Aller, the depot agent, who was arrested charged with perjury, was brought before the magistrate for preliminary hearing. The state was represented by Prosecuting Attorney Koelsch, and the prisoner by Peter Breen, an attorney of Butte, who has been associated with Haywood's counsel, having been retained by the Miners' union of Butte to watch the case. Fred Miller, who was Orchard's counsel at the preliminary hearing at Caldwell, immediately after the murder of Governor Steunenberg, assisted Mr. Breen.

A motion to dismiss will be argued this afternoon. Aller was released on deposit of \$2,500 bonds.

## FAIRBANKS GOES HOME.

Vice President Starts East After His Portland Banquet.

Portland, July 17.—Charles Warren Fairbanks, vice president of the United States and generally conceded to be a candidate for the presidency in 1908, spent yesterday in Portland. His coming was attended by no salute of artillery nor rattle of drums. He was here in a purely unofficial capacity and save for the informal dinner tendered him by the Portland Press club at the Sargent Grill, there was no public demonstration in his honor.

The second citizen of the land was accompanied only by Private Secretary King and took his chances on securing a room at the Portland hotel like any ordinary private citizen.

The Press club had, the night before, extended Mr. Fairbanks an invitation by telegram to be the guest of honor at dinner, which invitation he accepted by wire, and that dinner was the feature of his visit and one of the most successful affairs ever held here in compliment to a public man.

Vice President Fairbanks had already made himself en rapport with all the diners by his unaffected friendliness, but it remained for his address, which was entirely impromptu, to disprove completely the charge of frigidity so often made against him.

While he attempted no oratory, his address was eloquent in the highest sense, and its sincerity was so apparent that all his auditors were deeply impressed.

He will leave this morning at 8:30 over the O. R. & N. for his home in Indianapolis, making no stops en route.

## Colorado Graft Ridden.

Chicago, July 17.—"Colorado is the most corrupt state in the Union. It is overridden with graft. Even the women, who are possessed of the right of franchise, have been reached by corporate interests. A franchise grant in Denver is indorsed by the people, no matter how bad it is. Throughout the commonwealth wealth overrides honesty and the popular will is smothered in dollars." Judge Ben B. Lindsey, Denver's belligerent juvenile court judge, sat in the Great Northern hotel and recited a story of a politically rotten state.

## Count Boni Finally Loses.

Paris, July 17.—The appeal of Count Boni de Castellane from the decision of the court on November last granting a divorce to the Countess Boni de Castellane, formerly Miss Anna Gould, was dismissed this afternoon and a final decree of divorce duly entered. Attorneys for the count made practically no contest.

## Summer Blizzard in Austria.

Vienna, July 17.—A sudden cold wave has struck Austria-Hungary and conditions are prevailing such as have not been experienced in 130 years. Ten degrees registered here yesterday. There is some snow in the mountain districts. Summer visitors at the hotels are snowed in and the railways are not working.

## Why Dreyfus Resigned.

Paris, July 17.—The Patrie says the real reason for the recent resignation from the army of Major Alfred Dreyfus as because General Picquart, the minister of war, refused to give him the rank of lieutenant colonel. General Picquart thought it would be impolite to reopen the affair by making this promotion.

## TRIES NEW TACTICS

Heney Would Prove That Glass Bribed Others Than Boxton.

DEFENSE OBJECTS TO TESTIMONY

Change of Plans Made Necessary Because of Silence of Vice President Zimmer.

San Francisco, July 18.—The trial of Louis Glass for bribery reached a crucial stage yesterday, when the prosecution made its first attempt to begin the introduction of the testimony of 10 or more supervisors other than Boxton that their votes were bought by Theodore V. Halsey, acting under direction of Vice President Glass, of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph company. Such testimony is called "evidence of similar offenses" and it is often admitted in criminal trials for the purpose of showing corrupt intent on the part of a defendant in the commission of the act for which he is being tried.

Glass at the present time is being tried for the bribery of Boxton; the prosecution contends that it has the right to lay before the jury the inference of his guilt contained in the proof of his having bribed other supervisors, like Boxton, against the granting of a rival franchise to the Home Telephone company. The defense denies this right, mainly on the ground that the state is not privileged to prove other crimes in an effort to establish the crime on trial.

The argument of this point, conceded to be of even more than its original importance, since the defection of Second Vice President Zimmer from the ranks of the prosecutor's witnesses, occupied the last two hours of the afternoon session and was in progress at adjournment. The jury was excused at the commencement of the argument and was taken by bailiffs to a point near the Temple Israel, later to be returned to its quarters at the Fairmount hotel.

## ATTEMPTS TO BRIBE JURORS.

Cudworth and Fish Testify Against Friends of Schmitz.

San Francisco, July 18.—Charges that efforts were made to bribe two members of the jury which tried and convicted Mayor Schmitz on the charge of extortion, were laid before the grand jury yesterday at a special session. The jurymen involved in the charges are Royal W. Cudworth and Charles D. Gish, both of whom gave their testimony.

Mr. Cudworth and his wife both told the grand jury of the efforts that had been made to communicate with him while he was locked up at the St. Francis hotel with his fellow jurors. Mr. Gish gave testimony showing efforts had been made to reach him while the case was on trial.

The grand jury also heard the evidence of D. Capelli, a teamster in the employ of Mr. Cudworth, and of F. Owings, whose story was corroborative. The grand jury took the matter under advisement.

Henry T. Scott, president of the Pacific States Telephone company, who is accused by Assistant District Attorney Heney of seeking to mislead the prosecution in regard to the whereabouts of T. V. Halsey and of being instrumental in preventing E. J. Zimmer, vice president of the company, from testifying in the Glass case, was called before the jury.

## Small Denies Friction Talk.

Oakland, Cal., July 18.—After a meeting of the telegraphers in Sunset hall, West Oakland, today, President Small gave out the following statement: "I expect to leave Oakland within the next 48 hours for Chicago, where I will hold a conference with prominent leaders on next Tuesday, and recommend that our executive board meet in that city on that day. The strike in San Francisco and Oakland will continue. The fact of the matter is there are not enough telegraphers to fill the positions, and there is no worry about strikebreakers."

## Cabinet Follows Old Custom.

Tokio, July 18.—Although Korea is under an absolute monarchy, the democratic custom has existed since olden days of demanding the retirement from the throne of a sovereign whose conduct endangers the national welfare. When such an occasion arises, the usage prevails that all the cabinet ministers shall appear before their ruler. One of them, acting as a spokesman, humbly states the advisability of the emperor's retirement in favor of a rightful successor. When this state is reached, the emperor is bound to abdicate.

## Halsey Pleads Not Guilty.

San Francisco, July 18.—T. V. Halsey today, in Judge Dunne's court, pleaded not guilty to ten indictments charging bribery of supervisors as the agent of the Pacific States Telephone company.