

**MRS. DE PASSE  
OF NEW YORK CITY**

"I Consulted Several Physicians, but They Did Me No Good. Peruna and Man-a-lin Helped Me."



MRS. ALINE DEPASSE.

Mrs. Aline DePasse, 776 E. 15th St., New York, N. Y., writes: "It gives me pleasure to testify to the curative qualities of Peruna and Manalin."

"I was afflicted for over seven years with catarrh of the head, throat and digestive organs. I consulted many physicians, but they did me no good."

"One day I happened to read some testimonials in your Peruna almanac. I decided to try Peruna and Manalin. I bought a bottle of each, and after taking them for a week I noticed a change for the better. So I kept it up, and after using twelve bottles I was perfectly cured."

"I also gave the medicine to my children and they had the same beneficial result. I would never be without these remedies in the house."

"I highly recommend Peruna and Manalin to all my friends, and in fact to everybody."

Miss Mildred Grey, 110 Welmer St., Appleton, Wis., writes:

"It gives me pleasure to recommend Peruna for catarrh of the stomach. I had this disease for a number of years, and could not enjoy a mouthful of food that I ate. It was indeed a great relief when I hit upon Peruna, and obtained decided results from the first. I took six bottles before I felt entirely cured of my trouble, but I had an aggravated case."

**Hospital Horror.**

First Internes—What a funny little appendix that last patient had!  
Second Internes—Yes; regular comic supplement.

**Where 15 Languages Are Spoken.**

Winnipeg is where they do things. This is really the place where the frontier was abolished by the real estate regicides. A kingdom is sold daily in Winnipeg, an army is marched in by rail to occupy it over night.

The yards of the Canadian Pacific railway alone in Winnipeg have over 120 miles of trackage, and they need it. The immigrants come by battalion—Englishmen in caps, Scotchmen in bonnets, Breton French in blue coats, Germans, Swedes, Norwegians, Austrians, Mennonites, Galicians—all manner of furtive folk and wild.

There are fifteen known languages in the Winnipeg schools, and a lot too late to classify. When you see a stranger you cannot tell whether or not he is within the range of human speech. You bitterly reflect only that he is one of those who have wiped out the old frontier, lost it forever to those who love the wilderness.—Outing Magazine.

**Some New York Climbers.**

When all has been said there is no city on earth where merit is so quickly recognized and rewarded as in New York. A boy enters the service of a railroad corporation and at the age of 28 he is general manager of a great traction system. True, he has a distinguished lawyer and statesman for an uncle, but he starts at the bottom, and his promotion is due to his own exertion. Such is the career of Oren Root.

H. H. Vreeland, a brakeman without pull, raises himself in a short period to the presidency of the Metropolitan Railway Company. Within two generations all the spectacular fortunes of New York have been made from nothing.

Reward of merit comes quickly in other fields. Charles E. Hughes, a comparatively obscure lawyer, is selected to conduct an important investigation in which the whole country is interested. Without having previously held office, a very novice, he is made a governor.—Broadway Magazine.

**In Medias Res,**

"What are you working at now, Garrels?"

"For the last three days I have been working under the head of 'unfinished business.'"

"Hey? What?"

"Just moved into a new house."

**Better Still.**

"Can you recommend this phonograph?" queried the prospective purchaser.

"I can, but it isn't necessary," replied the dealer. "It speaks for itself."

A motor driver was fined \$115 in the town of East Wolsley, England, the other day for passing a cart on the wrong side.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

**"Frighted by False Fire,"**

"I'm afraid to take fencing lessons, for 'tis such an exhausting exercise."

"Not a bit of it. Who told you so?"

"Maizie is taking them, and she always is talking about how she feints so often while she's practicing."—Baltimore American.

**FITS** St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia.

**Few Climbers.**

"Dis am a lazy world, deacon," remarked Bruddah Sunflower.

"Deed et am," replied Deacon Deeberry.

"Yeas, sah. Ef you was to tell some people dey cud reach de seventh heben free of charge dey would ask you when de elevator was going up."

**CASTORIA  
For Infants and Children.**

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

**Coldly Calculating.**

"You should see what he writes to me," said the sentimental girl.

"Yes," rejoined Miss Cayenne; "but the question is, will he show as much enthusiasm in drawing a check for the grocer's bill as he does in composing a love letter?"—Washington Star.



**Crop Rotation and Root-Aphis.**

From the fact that in the midst of the corn belt, and where the root-aphis is known to prove destructive under certain conditions, almost complete immunity is secured where a system of crop rotation has been carried out for many years, involving but one corn crop in the cycle of rotation, it is self-evident that this measure offers the greatest protection from the ravages of this pest, says a government report. Indeed, it is only where such a system of crop rotation is not practicable that the root-aphis need be considered in farm practice. To the eastward, where there is more general rotation of crops, this pest does but little injury.

Unfortunately, local conditions, often extending over large sections of country, will not permit of crop rotation being generally adopted, and some other plan more feasible must be put into practice. Two other methods may be followed. One of these is practicable throughout the corn-growing section of the country in seasons of not more than normal precipitation during the time intervening between the first plowing of the ground and the first cultivation of the young corn. The other is perhaps best adapted to the southern portion of the country on account of the milder winters.

**Good Variety of Plum.**

The Lincoln plum here shown is described by the Ohio experiment station as being of a variety of rare



THE LINCOLN PLUM.

beauty and excellent for market, one of the best second early plums; quite free from rot in some seasons; first blossoms May 7, full bloom May 10, last blossoms May 15; in full fruitage Aug. 15.

Fruit large to very large, roundish oblong, blunt at apex, slightly necked; stem long and strong and set at an angle; suture distinct, slightly depressed; color light greenish yellow, overspread with a beautiful shade of crimson; dots many, very minute and indistinct; bloom, thin lilac; flesh light yellow, firm; pit rather large, free; quality only fair; tree only a moderate grower, but healthy, and forms a round, shapely head; foliage prolific, but not so much so as to require thinning of the fruit.

**To Protect Trees from Borers.**

Mix cement with skim milk and apply with a stiff brush. Mix only a small quantity at a time, as it may "set." Apply it somewhat in a thin condition, and then make a second application. First remove the earth from the trunk of the tree and apply the cement mixture six inches below the surface of the ground and a foot above. It will also protect against the gnawing of rabbits and mice if put on two feet above the surface, as it becomes stone.

**Care of the Lawn.**

Be careful in mowing the lawn during very dry weather. If the grass plot is kept too close the grass may die out should there be a lack of sufficient moisture. The cutting of grass weakens the plant at first, as every successive growth is in the direction of producing seed. Any plant can be destroyed if kept cut close to the ground. It may make new growth several times, but sooner or later becomes exhausted. When moisture is abundant, however, the plant has better opportunities to renew its growth.

**Experiment with Lambs.**

Some breeds of sheep attain heavy weights if pushed from the start, but they must have rich pastures and be given plenty of grain. A full allowance of hay will be sufficient, with but little grain, but some of the mutton breeds can consume over two pounds of grain each per day. An experiment with lambs at the Iowa station showed that 100 lambs of various breeds consumed 34,501 pounds of food in ninety days and gained 4,678 pounds, while seven selected individuals of the breeds consumed 23,792 pounds of food and gained 3,281 pounds. The gain was at the rate of one pound increase in live weight for each 7.37 pounds of food (dry matter) of all breeds tested, and one pound for each 7.25 pounds of food by the seven special breeds, the food consisting of corn, oats, bran, oil meal, turnips, mangels, pea hay, clover hay and timothy, the average gain being a little over half a pound a day. The cost of the gain in live weight was 2.88 cents per pound for the selected breeds and 2.93 cents for the others. This does not include the fleece, labor or manure. The lambs sold at \$4.75 per hundred pounds, live weight, and the yearlings at \$4.25. Shropshire yearlings dressed over 62 per cent. Where early lambs are gotten into market the prices received are sometimes very high, and the growth of the lambs is promoted by liberal feeding and care. The object in calling attention to the mutton breeds is to show the importance of feeding lambs and sheep, instead of depending on cheap lands and scanty pastures. In the summer give the sheep good pastures and grain; in winter, feed a variety of food, using plenty of hay and grain, and give them comfortable quarters at night.

**Growing Pumpkins.**

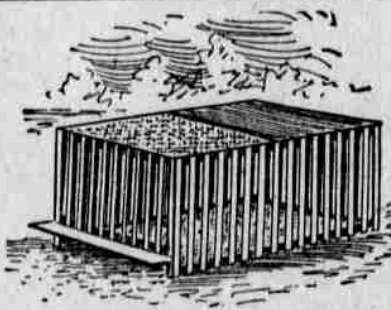
Growing a lot of pumpkins in the field of corn is an old practice, but it is doubtful if pumpkins so grown are as profitable as when grown as a separate crop from corn. The pumpkins will prevent the proper cultivation of corn, as working the corn destroys the pumpkin vines, the result being that late weeds get a chance to grow and mature. It is urged in defense of growing pumpkins in the corn field that they do not interfere with cultivation until the corn is "laid by," but much depends upon the land, rainfall and thoroughness of cultivation. Corn should never be "laid by" as long as weeds and grass can have an opportunity to grow, cultivation being given it if it is possible for a horse to pass along the rows.

**Radishes.**

Radishes are hardy plants, and the seed germinates and starts in a few days after being planted. They can be grown now in a cold frame, provided it is covered at night and contains enough fresh manure to create slight warmth underneath. The best radishes are those that are forced from the start, as they will be then crisp and tender. They can be had on the table early in the year and until late in the fall.

**Convenient Turkey Coop.**

This coop may be of any preferred size, but not smaller than four by six feet, thirty inches high. The posts may be of two-by-three-inch strips, with one-by-two-inch strips fastened thereto, to which lath or wire may be nailed, as preferred. The sides are of cut lath, the top being of wire. Boards or



PLAN FOR TURKEY COOP.

tarred paper may be used as a covering over a portion of the coop, as a protection against sudden showers, under which portion a box open at one end only to the coop, as the turkeys should be on the ground during the day.

**Hens in Summer.**

The cheapest way to keep a flock of hens in summer is to turn them on a range, and let them pick up all the food required, as they will fill their crops several times a day with bugs, grass seeds, worms, etc. When fed grain during warm weather the fowls are liable to become too fat, in which condition the hens do not lay and are then also more liable to disease. Eggs may not be high in summer, but they can be produced at a very small cost at that season if the hens are made to seek their food.

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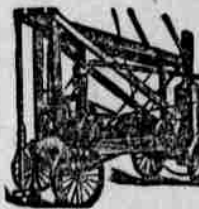
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Built especially for work in the northwest. Drilling and boring tools. We carry a large stock. Write us for your machinery wants. Well drillers' contracts blank free.  
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destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining room, sleeping room and every place where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, send prepaid for 25c.  
HAROLD BOMERS, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**LILLY'S BEST LICE KILLER**

Instantly kills lice on Poultry by its fumes. It is very powerful—the strongest of all lice killers. It is a necessary remedy, because lice-infested poultry cannot lay or thrive. Sold by dealers. Made only by Chas. H. Lilly Co., Seattle, Portland, San Francisco.

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Breakers, Washington

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WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

**CATARRH BLOOD DISEASED AND SYSTEM DISORDERED**

Catarrh is not merely an inflammation of the tissues of the head and throat, as the symptoms of ringing noises in the ears, mucous dropping back into the throat, continual hawking and spitting, etc., would seem to indicate; it is a blood disease in which the entire circulation and the greater part of the system are involved. Catarrh is due to the presence of an excess of uric acid in the blood. The Liver, Kidneys and Bowels frequently become torpid and dull in their action and instead of carrying off the refuse and waste of the body, leave it to sour and form uric acid in the system. This is taken up by the blood and through its circulation distributed to all parts of the system. These impurities in the blood irritate and inflame the different membranes and tissues of the body, and the contracting of a cold will start the secretions and other disgusting and disagreeable symptoms of Catarrh. As the blood goes to all parts of the body the catarrhal poison affects all parts of the system. The head has a tight, full feeling, nose continually stopped up, pains above the eyes, slight fever comes and goes, the stomach is upset and the entire system disordered and affected by this disease. It is a waste of time to try to cure Catarrh with sprays, washes, inhalations, etc. Such treatment does not reach the blood, and can, therefore, do nothing more than temporarily relieve the discomfort of the trouble. To cure Catarrh permanently the blood must be thoroughly purified and the system cleansed of all poisons, and at the same time strengthened and built up. Nothing equals S. S. S. for this purpose. It attacks the disease at its head, goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and makes a complete and lasting cure. S. S. S. removes every particle of the catarrhal poison from the blood, making this vital stream pure, fresh and healthy. Then the inflamed membranes begin to heal, the head is loosened and cleared, the hawking and spitting cease,

I had Catarrh for about fifteen years, and no man could have been worse. I tried everything I could hear of, but no good resulted. I then began S. S. S., and could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and after taking it a short while was cured. This was six years ago, and I am as well today as any man. I think Catarrh is a blood disease, and know there is nothing on earth better for the blood than S. S. S. Nobody thinks more of S. S. S. than I do.  
M. MATSON,  
Lapeer, Mich.

**S.S.S.**

PURELY VEGETABLE

every symptom disappears, the constitution is built up and vigorous health restored. S. S. S. also tones up the stomach and digestion and acts as a fine tonic to the entire system. If you are suffering with Catarrh begin the use of S. S. S. and write us a statement of your case and our physicians will send you literature about Catarrh, and give you special medical advice without charge. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.