

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

MONEY AND FOOD.

People of Oregon Coming to Front With Help for Needy.

Portland.—Provisions in large supply are pouring in to the relief funds in a large number of Oregon towns. Many cars have been filled with a variety of edibles, including prepared food, eggs, bacon, rice, loaves of bread by the thousand, besides flour and potatoes.

Cooking utensils, stoves, blankets and clothing have been given and purchased in considerable quantities, and will arrive in the Bay City as fast as the trains can be moved south. Collections of money are still going forward and more supplies and funds will be forwarded later.

Portland aid for San Francisco and the other stricken California cities will probably exceed the value of \$250,000. Not less valuable than the money to be spent in the sympathy and love for humankind that prompts the voluntary gifts for relief. Reports from San Francisco show that her people have been touched by the prompt steps taken for their help by neighbor states.

Jacksonville Raises a Fund.

Medford.—At a meeting of the citizens of Jacksonville at the City Hall \$750 was subscribed in less than ten minutes for the relief of San Francisco sufferers. The amount has been increased through the efforts of the committee to \$1250, and will exceed \$1500.

The ball team contributes its savings, and a benefit game with Ashland is now in progress. All branches of the Masonic order and the I. O. O. F., A. O. U. W., Red Men, Jacksonville Elks and Native Daughters contributed liberally. There was no rivalry between the business men, but all gave freely and liberally, and made their contributions with as much pleasure as if it had been for their own people.

Salmon Better Than Money.

Astoria.—The cash subscriptions made by the citizens of Astoria to the San Francisco relief fund amount at the present time to about \$2850, and besides this the Lower Columbia River cannerymen have donated 725 cases of canned salmon. Two carloads of canned salmon have been shipped. Another car of salmon will be shipped and the committee promises to raise another \$1000.

Roseburg Raises \$1,500.

Roseburg.—Roseburg responds nobly to the call for help by the sufferers at San Francisco by contributing \$1500 for relief. A carload of provisions, bread, clothing, bedding and tents have been forwarded. Drain puts in the hands of the relief committee a good collection. A large number of Roseburg citizens are in San Francisco, but all are reported saved.

Clothing in the Carload.

Oregon City.—The citizen's committee has forwarded another carload of potatoes, flour, blankets and clothing. The women of the city have organized and collected a great quantity of clothing. One of the largest local contributors is the Oregon City Manufacturing Company, which, in cash and blankets, has contributed about \$1,000.

Good Things from Hillsboro.

Hillsboro.—The citizens of Hillsboro dispatched a 60-ton car laden with potatoes, flour, evaporated cream, bacon, beans, blankets and clothing, and representing a cash outlay of \$600, to the relief of the San Francisco sufferers. The committee named by Mayor Cornelius raised the necessary amount in a few hours.

Canvassing at Newberg.

Newberg.—At a meeting of the citizens of Newberg called by E. H. Woodward, president of the Board of Trade, it was decided to send two carloads of potatoes to the San Francisco sufferers. Liberal subscriptions were taken at the meeting and a committee was appointed to make further canvass.

Medford Shipped by First Train.

Medford.—On hearing of San Francisco's need, Medford dispatched one car of supplies to San Francisco by the first relief train. As soon as possible thereafter a mass meeting was held and arrangements made to send other cars as fast as it could be learned what was especially needed.

Purse from Bohemian Miners.

Cottage Grove.—The miners of Bohemian raised \$100 and sent it down to succor the San Francisco needy. This contribution came without solicitation. The sawmills up Row River have also contributed a carload of lumber.

Glendale Adds a Carload.

Glendale.—The citizens of this city responded to the call for aid by shipping a carload of provisions on one of the supply trains passing for San Francisco.

FOUR CARS SENT.

Salem Housewives Bake Bread and Bakeries Give Stocks.

Salem.—This city forwarded the following to aid San Francisco sufferers: One carload of potatoes, one carload of flour, one carload of bread and other provisions, one car of breadstuffs and two carloads of bread and potatoes. In addition to this, citizens of Shaw are making up a carload of provisions, and the citizens of Pratum a carload of potatoes. Cash subscriptions have been raised in Salem, amounting to \$3500. Practically every housewife in Salem has baked bread, and the bakeries have delivered over their entire stock. The prisoners in the penitentiary have subscribed \$75 and proffered all their blankets, and to go without bread if necessary. Salem will continue to send supplies every day while there is need.

Corvallis Loads a Car.

Corvallis.—Corvallis citizens hastily assembled at the Courthouse upon information that an organized effort in this state was being made for the relief of San Francisco. At this meeting arrangements were completed for loading a car with provisions and starting it to its destination. The initial contributions from Corvallis include ten tons of flour, 400 bushels of potatoes, 31 cases of eggs, 300 pounds of bacon, 1000 loaves of bread. Other supplies will follow.

Chemawa Students Give Bread.

Chemawa.—The Indian pupils of the training school here sent 830 loaves of bread, being their first consignment for the benefit of the California sufferers. This consignment was sent by Wells-Fargo, and will be followed by others from day to day as fast as the flour purchased can be baked into bread in the school oven by the Indian bakers.

Cooking Utensils from Union.

Union.—A special meeting of the City Council adopted sympathetic resolutions with the San Francisco sufferers and a committee of 50 was appointed to secure contributions for the relief of the victims. The committee loaded one car of provisions, stoves, cooking utensils, blankets and clothing and another carload of flour.

Supplies Ready at Cottage Grove.

Cottage Grove.—The committee appointed to solicit funds for San Francisco relief at the mass meeting has secured \$550. A carload of supplies was purchased, consisting mostly of flour, potatoes and bacon, and went by the first train.

Arlington Raises \$600.

Arlington.—At a mass meeting \$600 in cash was subscribed for San Francisco. Mr. Smith and Smythe & Son, sheepmen, each gave \$100.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Club, 70c; bluestem, 70@71c; red, 68c; valley, 68@69c.

Oats—No. 1 white feed, \$27.50; gray, \$27 per ton.

Barley—Feed, \$23.50@24 per ton; brewing, \$24@24.50; rolled, \$24.50@25.50.

Hay—Eastern Oregon timothy, choice, \$15@16 per ton; valley timothy, \$12; clover, \$7.50@8; cheat, \$6@7; grain hay, \$7@8; alfalfa, \$12.

Fruits—Apples, \$2@2.75 per box; strawberries, \$2.50 per crate.

Vegetables—Asparagus, 8½@12½c per pound; cabbage, 2½@2¾c per pound; cauliflower, \$2.25 per crate; celery, 75@90c per dozen; head lettuce, 25c per dozen; onions, 10@15c per dozen; radishes, 20@25c per dozen; rhubarb, 3@4c per pound; spinach, 90 per box; parsley, 25c; turnips, \$1@1.25 per sack; carrots, 65@75c per sack; beets, 85c@1 per sack.

Onions—No. 1, \$1@1.15 per sack; No. 2, nominal.

Potatoes—Fancy graded burbanks, 65@75c per hundred; ordinary, 50@60c; new California, 5c per pound.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 17½@20c per pound.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 16½@17c per dozen.

Poultry—Average old hens, 14@15c per pound; mixed chickens, 13½@14c; broilers, 22½@30c; young roosters, 12½@13c; old roosters, 11@11½c; dressed chickens, 15@15½c; turkeys, live, 17@18c; turkeys, dressed, choice, 21@22c; geese, live, 8@10c; geese, dressed, 10@11c; ducks, 17@18c.

Hops—Oregon, 1905, 8@10c; olds, 5½@7c.

Wool—Eastern Oregon average best, 15@20c; valley, 24@26c per pound; mohair, choice, 28@30c.

Veal—Dressed, 8½@7¾c per pound.

Beef—Dressed bulls, 3c per pound; cows, 4½@5½c; country steers, 5@6c.

Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 9½@10c per pound; ordinary, 6@7c; lambs, with pelt on, 10@10½c.

Pork—Dressed, 6@8½c per pound.

SOON REOCCUPY BUILDINGS.

Steel Structures Only Had the Inner Woodwork Burned Out.

San Francisco, April 23.—Today property-owners have had an opportunity to inspect some of their holdings, and in a measure to ascertain what damage had been done. The new modern steel buildings were found to be almost intact. In every instance it seemed that the earthquake had not damaged them. The steel frames were in perfect plumb and as strong as ever. Cornices and fancy trimmings fell, but that was all. Even when the fire swept through them, only the woodwork was damaged.

The Fairmount Hotel on Nob Hill will be rushed to completion; the Claus Spreckels building on Market and Third streets will be occupied within a few days. The Union Trust building on Montgomery and Market street has only lost the interior woodwork, and as soon as men can put in the lumber it will be ready for occupancy. The St. Francis Hotel is in the same category, and the work of renovating the interior will soon be commenced. An inspection of the Call building at Third and Market streets disclosed the fact that several floors were in good condition and could, after slight repairs, be used as formerly.

The new Monadnock, on Market street next to the Palace Hotel, was found to be in first-class condition, even the woodwork in the interior being intact, and the owner, Herbert E. Law, announced tonight that within ten days he would be renting offices in this building. The Monadnock is a large structure of steel and brick almost completed when the fire came. Marble and lumber have been ordered from Los Angeles, and a big force of men will rush the building to completion.

STEEL MILLS ARE CROWDED.

Structural Material for Bay City May Be Made Abroad.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 23.—According to Pittsburg steel men the rebuilding of San Francisco may be greatly retarded on account of the inability of Pittsburg steel mills to supply structural shapes for the new city. The Carnegie Steel Company and the Jones & Laughlin Company, the big independent concerns, are already so crowded that they have practically closed their order books of delivery of building material within eight months' time.

Never before in the history of structures has there been such a demand for material as this year, and it is feared that it will be well nigh impossible for the mills to take on additional work. According to the local steel men, the San Francisco people will be compelled to go to Great Britain and Germany for a large amount of their building material.

The mills of Germany are busy at the present time, and will be able to take on but little additional work. Those of Great Britain, however, will be able to handle a great many of the orders. On account of the high freight rates from the east to the Pacific Coast the foreign steel mills will be able to deliver structural shapes at San Francisco as cheap and probably cheaper than the local mills will be able to do.

The Pennsylvania and Lackawanna Steel Companies and the Illinois Steel Company will be able to handle some of the work. It is believed that the local mills will, if possible, attempt to put aside some of their present orders, in order to accommodate the more urgent work for San Francisco.

TAKING CARE OF HEALTH.

Many Willing Workers to Improve Sanitation.

San Francisco, April 23.—The board of health reports a very encouraging health condition, considering the circumstances. Sickness is constantly on the decrease. There are very few contagious diseases, and these are being attended at Deer Lodge in Golden Gate park. Sanitary conditions in the residence districts are being improved.

A large corps of volunteers started at work yesterday removing all cans of garbage to the curbs. Wagons were pressed into service today and the garbage removed to the burned districts, where it will be destroyed. Cesspools are being dug.

Cliff House Stands.

San Francisco, April 23.—A thorough inspection made by a representative of the Associated Press, who made the trip in an automobile, shows that comparatively little damage was done in the vicinity of the Cliff. The Cliff House not only stands, but the damage sustained by the earthquake shock to this historic building will not exceed, according to the statement of Manager Wilkins, \$500. In fact, the escape of the Cliff House is one of the curious features of the disaster which has befallen San Francisco.

Says Dowie Cheated Him.

Chicago, April 23.—James Surrock, of New Mexico, today made complaint to the Federal authorities that he had been defrauded by John Alexander Dowie out of a sum close to \$20,000, and that the mails had been used in the operation.

MAY BE NEW PARIS BOILS WITH ANGER

Daniel Burnham Tells of San Francisco's Opportunity.

MAY REPEAT FEAT OF NAPOLEON

Says Ground is Clear for Execution of His Plan—May Go To Burned City.

Chicago, April 28.—Daniel H. Burnham, the architect who drew the plans for beautifying San Francisco, returned to his home here yesterday from Europe. He said San Francisco now has it within its power to rebuild itself into one of the most beautiful and convenient cities in the world.

Mr. Burnham, on his arrival, found awaiting him a message from James D. Phelan, president of the association for the improvement and adornment of San Francisco, asking him to go at once to that city. He replied that he could not say until Monday whether or not he could go. Mr. Burnham said:

"The two chief features of my plan, which can now be carried into effect, are those relating to the cutting of diagonal streets and the construction of a splendid outer boulevard which will encircle the whole city.

"San Francisco has a chance to do what Louis Napoleon did in Paris in 1851—the opportunity to make itself one of the beauty spots of the world."

BUILDING MOVEMENT IS ON

Mrs. Oelrichs Declares Purpose—Magee to Build Steel Structure.

San Francisco, April 28.—The work of rebuilding San Francisco will proceed rapidly. Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, of New York, has agreed to repair the Rialto building and to build again on the site of the Crosley. She and her sister, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., have also stated that they will put up solid office structures on their Montgomery street site.

Thomas Magee, a real estate dealer, will start for New York on May 1 to complete arrangements for the erection of a 12-story steel building on Market street, just above the Mutual Bank building.

The Emporium, a large department store, will resume business on a large scale next week. A temporary structure will be built at the corner of Post and Van Ness avenue.

In two weeks seven floors of the new Monadnock building, which was in course of construction at the time of the disaster, will be filled with offices.

Capitalists are not in the least dismayed or disheartened. James D. Phelan, chairman of the finance committee and multi-millionaire, said:

"Before the earthquake I was asked by certain capitalists to erect a large hotel on the site of the Phelan building, at Market and O'Farrell streets. Since the disaster the proposition has been repeated and even urged. This shows most decidedly that there is no lack of faith in the future of the city."

SAY SOLDIERS SHOOT AND LOOT

Refugees Tell Lurid Story of Slaughter and Plunder.

Des Moines, April 28.—Stories of wholesale robbery by soldiers as well as vandals, of innocent as well as guilty men shot down at sight by military guards, are told by Harry Shostro and W. C. Lane, Iowa men, who spent three days in San Francisco. They reached Des Moines today.

"The soldier is supreme in San Francisco," said Mr. Shostro. "On the slightest provocation they shoot a citizen down and nobody has thus far questioned the act. There has been lots of looting by vandals, but the soldiers have committed wholesale plunder also. I know that when buildings were to be blown up the soldiers would go inside, blow open and loot the safes and then dynamite the walls. I saw lots of soldiers with their pockets bulging with booty that I knew had been stolen, and I overheard one in uniform bragging that he had stolen \$2,000 worth of diamonds. Another told of a fine gold watch he had secured, he said, in this manner."

Both men say they are eager and willing to lay before the war department charges against the United States soldiers, offering specific evidence if necessary.

Oregon Equips Hospital.

Oakland, Cal., April 28.—Oregon has a hospital in San Francisco tonight. This institution dates its birth from this afternoon, when F. W. Leadbetter and Jefferson Myers, of the Oregon relief bureau, visited the Wilmerding school and found Major Sternburg and the Oregon National guard hospital corps stationed at this schoolhouse, which since the earthquake and fire has been turned into a hospital. Mr. Leadbetter and Mr. Myers also visited Harbor View Hospital, where Dr. K. A. J. MacKenzie is stationed. Dr. Marie D. Equi is stationed at the United States General Hospital.

Cuba May Give \$50,000.

Havana, April 28.—A resolution was offered in the house today appropriating \$50,000 for the victims of the California disaster.

Russia On Eve of New Revolutionary Outbreak.

CONSTITUTION IS A MERE FARCE

Opposition to Despotism is United by Deprivation of Liberty—Idle Workmen Organizing.

St. Petersburg, April 26.—The political situation has grown threatening. The publication yesterday of the new draft of the "fundamental law" or "constitution" of Russia has aroused a storm of indignation, and amidst the present great distrust of the government's motives has furnished just the stimulus needed to solidify the entire opposition in Parliament. The Reich insists that with the realization of the new Russian loan, and under the false conviction that the revolution is suppressed, the government has not hesitated again to show the cloven hoof, not even masking its intention to dissolve Parliament, if it is found to be troublesome.

M. Brianchaninoff, in the Slovo, calls the draft of the "fundamental law" a "mockery" which will be resented by every honest man, be he a member of the "Black Hundred" or a Social Revolutionist, adding that "such a mixture of lies and false logic on the eve of the assembling of the real masters of the country can only tend to push the people to a fresh revolution with its attending conflicts and anarchy. The existing regime seems fated to go down in blood."

The really dangerous element in the situation, however, is not in the attitude of the Liberals but in the possibility of another upheaval from below at the very moment when the intellectual forces of the country have been united. For some time the Social Democrats and other proletariat organizations have been trying to arrange a general uprising to coincide with the convocation of Parliament, but apparently they were making no headway. Now, however, a great movement among the idle workmen of the capital, now number 42,000, has come to the surface, and there is more than a supposition that this movement is simply the cover for a real uprising which is being organized behind it.

Meetings of men out of work held in the suburbs during the last few nights were attended by orators of the Social Democratic party. A council of men out of work has also sprung into existence like the famous Workmen's Council which directed the big strike of last fall. Proclamations have been issued calling upon all workmen to support the men out of work, who demand that the city within a week shall put them to work upon the construction of new street railroads and bridges, for which \$4,000,000 has been appropriated.

ARMY IN CHARGE.

San Francisco's Hungry Being Fed by Quartermaster's Department.

San Francisco, April 26.—Gradually the National Government is taking over the work of succoring the homeless and foodless thousands of San Francisco and tomorrow the representatives of the United States Army will have charge of the gigantic task of issuing food to all those who remain in the city. This development resulted from the meeting of the executive committee today and the work will be turned over to the United States Quartermaster of this department, who will establish a complete system of issuing rations at all of the 58 stations throughout the city.

This was a day of optimistic reports from all sides. "Conditions improving," was the happy expression from those who had charge of the duties of caring for their less fortunate townsmen during the last few days. In fact the most important duty will hereafter be performed by the United States Army, that of distributing the food and supplies which have been donated most lavishly by the people. The citizens of San Francisco have turned their attention to the details of the reconstruction of their business.

Wants Philippine Traffic.

Washington, April 26.—Senators Fulton and Gearin today received a telegram from the Portland Chamber of Commerce asking that Portland be made the temporary headquarters for shipping supplies to the Philippines, pending the rebuilding of warehouses and docks at San Francisco. The Senators will take the matter up with the Quartermaster-General. The President today sent a message to Congress urging an immediate appropriation for rebuilding the warehouses at San Francisco.

Another \$25,000 for Japan.

Washington, April 26.—Another contribution of \$25,000 from the Christian Herald was received today by the Red Cross for transmission to Japan for the relief of the famine sufferers.