

### Payroll Savings Buys Comfort For Your Fighting Relatives

Not all of your payroll savings and other War Bond purchases are for tanks, planes and gunpowder. A part of your investment goes for the comfort of your father, brother, son or friend.

Put your war bond buying through your payroll savings plan on a family basis to do the most effective job in providing for the care and safety of your men in the armed forces. Figure it out for yourself how much beyond 10 per cent of the aggregate income of your family you can put into war bonds above the cost of the necessities of life.

Remember a single \$18.75 war bond will buy for a fighting soldier on the front: Two cotton undershirts at 44 cents; two pairs of cotton shorts at 76 cents; two pairs of cotton socks at 34 cents; one pair of shoes at \$4.31; a cotton khaki shirt at \$4.64; pair of trousers at

\$4.16; one web waist belt at 23 cents; two cotton neckties at 44 cents; 2 khaki caps at \$1.26 and one twill jacket at \$2.16. Total \$18.74.

An \$18.75 war bond should make a marine comfortable for the night with a 23-pound mattress at \$4.20; two blankets at \$13.54; a pillow at 56 cents and two pillow cases at 39 cents. Total \$18.69.

Or he could be provided with a rubber poncho at \$4.77; a helmet with its lining and other items of its assembly at \$5.62; a rifle cartridge belt at \$2.15; a marine corps pack consisting of haversack, knapsack and suspenders at \$5.10; a canteen and its cover at \$1.05. Total \$18.69.

Those of you who worry about the comfort of your boy in service can help insure his comfort by buying war bonds. And 10 years from now you'll take back \$25 for every \$18.75 you put in.

U. S. Treasury Department

### ECHO NEWS ITEMS

By Mrs. W. H. Cravy

Joseph G. Ramos Jr. was elected a director at the annual Echo school meeting Monday, succeeding Troy Coleman, who has served two terms in that position. W. H. Cravy was re-elected clerk. Joe Middleton, chairman, and Homer Coppinger are the holdover directors. A budget of \$27,200.50 was approved for the ensuing

This is the first time in 20 years that the district has had a budget exceeding the constitutional 6 per cent limit. Outstanding bonded indebtedness of the district is \$3000.00, and there is no warrant indebtedness.

A heavy rain, .45 of an inch, soaked this vicinity Monday night and added to the troubles of hay farmers, many of whom have their first cutting on the ground during the several days of alternate sunshine and rain. A brief but heavy hail storm was reported

### Notice of 1943-44 Budget Meeting

In accordance with the provisions of the "Local Budget Law" (Sections 110-1201 to 110-1215 O. C. L. A. as amended) notice is hereby given that the Budget Committee of the City of Hermiston, Oregon, has prepared in compliance with the "Local Budget Law" Budget Estimates for the ensuing fiscal year July 1, 1943, to June 30, 1944. All persons are hereby notified that on Friday, the ninth day of July, 1943, at 8:00 P. M. in the council room in the Public Library Building, Hermiston, Oregon, the following Budget Estimates for the ensuing fiscal year ending June 30, 1944, for the City of Hermiston, Oregon, may be discussed with the City Council, the levying board for said City of Hermiston, Oregon, and any person subject to the proposed tax levy or tax levies will be heard in favor of or against said proposed tax levy or tax levies or any part thereof. The estimates of expenditures, the estimated receipts and the estimated taxes to be levied as prepared by the Budget Committee, and adopted June 8, 1943, are as set forth in the accompanying statements.

### City of Hermiston Budget

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES	
<b>GENERAL GOVERNMENT—</b>	
Mayor	\$ 120.00
Mayor, Clerical Help	600.00
Mayor, Expenses, Travel, etc.	60.00
Recorder	1,200.00
Attorney	360.00
Treasurer	96.00
Council	280.00
Stationery and Supplies	120.00
Notices and Advertising	150.00
Telephone and Telegraph	60.00
Audit	150.00
League of Oregon Cities	15.00
Surety Bonds	50.00
Sundry Expense	50.00
	\$ 3,311.00
<b>POLICE DEPARTMENT—</b>	
Police Salaries	\$ 2,700.00
Deputies	700.00
Police Supplies	100.00
Jail Expense—Heat, Light, Meals, etc.	360.00
	\$ 3,860.00
<b>FIRE DEPARTMENT—</b>	
Members' Wages	\$ 400.00
Equipment and Supplies	500.00
Storage—Equipment	150.00
Phone	40.00
	\$ 1,090.00
<b>SOCIAL WELFARE—</b>	
Health Officer	\$ 120.00
Relief	50.00
Boy Scouts	50.00
	\$ 220.00
<b>PUBLIC LIBRARY—</b>	
Librarian	\$ 420.00
Heat and Light	100.00
Books and Magazines	85.00
Janitor	240.00
	\$ 845.00
<b>PUBLIC WORKS—</b>	
Street Maintenance	\$ 2,500.00
Street Lighting	900.00
Refuse Disposal	100.00
	\$ 3,500.00
<b>ACCIDENT INSURANCE</b>	
	\$ 250.00
<b>GENERAL SINKING FUND</b>	
	\$ 1,835.00
<b>WATER DEPARTMENT—</b>	
Superintendent	\$ 1,800.00
Labor and Supplies	2,800.00
Electric Power and Lights	1,350.00
Office Supplies	170.00
Clerical Help	600.00
Reserve for Water Extensions	5,180.00
Incidentals	100.00
	\$ 12,000.00
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	\$26,911.00
Allowance for Delinquent Taxes	\$ 1,600.00
<b>TOTAL REQUIREMENTS</b>	\$28,511.00
<b>ESTIMATED REVENUES—</b>	
Delinquent Taxes	\$ 1,600.00
State Liquor Apportionment	120.00
Licenses, Fees and Fines	1,000.00
Road Fund Apportionment	600.00
Other Miscellaneous Revenues	1,000.00
Water Department	\$12,000.00
	\$16,320.00
Estimated Available Cash Balance July 1, 1943	\$ 5,000.00
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED REVENUE</b>	\$21,320.00
<b>AMOUNT NECESSARY BY TAXATION</b>	\$ 7,191.00

We, the undersigned Chairman and Secretary of the Budget Committee of the City of Hermiston, Oregon, hereby certify that the foregoing is correct as made by the said Budget Committee June 8, 1943.

CURTIS SIMONS, Chairman  
C. J. JACKSON, Secretary

that evening from the Vogler ranch year, with a tax levy of \$13,918.50. This includes an increase over the 6 per cent limitation of \$3,784.00 voted at the meeting. The increased levy was necessitated by a raise in teachers' salaries of \$3,060.00 and increased costs of supplies, transportation and repairs to buildings and equipment. done to the wheat crop. On Butter Creek considerable hay was on the ground and will have to be dried before it can be stacked or baled.

Malcolm B. Ballinger, former Echo pastor of the Methodist church, is now in training at the army chaplain school, Harvard university, Cambridge, Mass., and in a letter to the Middletons he says he has been assigned to service at Camp Shelby, Miss., with the infantry division. He asks that the names of any Echo men who may be stationed at this camp be sent him so he may contact them on his arrival. Mr. Ballinger was a student at Harvard while preparing for the ministry and his wife was a scientific technician in the university biological laboratory. On his way east Mr. Ballinger visited five days with relatives in Indiana and one day at Atlanta, where he preached prior to coming to Echo and Hermiston. His address is Chaplain (1st Lt.) M. B. Ballinger, 0522915, Section F-16, Chaplain School, Harvard University, Cambridge 38, Mass.

Earl Cotton, who will teach science and mathematics in Echo high school next year, and act as pastor for the local Methodist church, is expected here next week from Fossil. He will occupy the parsonage house, now occupied by Bud Springer.

Mrs. Floyd Mathers, who recently underwent two operations at an Idaho hospital, is now convalescing at Hermiston, and is reported to be improving rapidly.

Mrs. Don Parker, who was called from Portland by the illness of her

little son Freddie, has been visiting a few days at the home of her mother, Mrs. Marian K. George. Mrs. Parker and son, who is rapidly recovering from his illness, accompanied Miss Marian George to Portland.

Echo Masonic lodge adjourned for a two months vacation from work Tuesday evening after a meeting at which a second degree was conferred. The next regular communication will be on the second Tuesday in September.

A delightful stork shower was given Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Homer Coppinger honoring Mrs. Stephen Spike. Hostesses were Mrs. Homer Coppinger, Mrs. Troy Coleman and Mrs. W. J. Helmick. Many gifts were received by the honoree.

### BEST FLY CONTROL IS TO SWAT DIRTY BREEDING PLACES

The best way to swat flies is to swat their breeding places, reminds Lois A. Lutz, extension specialist in home management at Oregon State college, who is now receiving the usual seasonal question on fly control.

Weekly removal and scattering of stable manure is one way to control these breeding places in the country, while in the cities the first requirement is adequate garbage disposal. Of course, there always will be some flies and hence good window screens, fly poisons, sprays and traps will help rid the home of flies that get to the house, Miss Lutz adds.

Ordinary fly poisons are dangerous both to human beings and animals,

hence must be kept out of reach of children and pets, she warns. An effective homemade poison is easily prepared from 3 teaspoons of formalin in a pint of sweet, skimmed milk or water; add a teaspoon of sugar or syrup and pour it over a small, thin slice of bread in a saucer. This solution attracts and kills flies and works best when no other food or crumbs are around.

A good, homemade fly spray consists of pyrethrum extract in kerosene. Pyrethrum "flowers" are obtained from any drugstore. A pound of these flowers is soaked in a gallon of kerosene and stirred occasionally for 48 hours. This liquid is then strained off through a cheesecloth and can be applied with any good hand spray.

Miss Lutz reminds homemakers that the most important thing of all in fly control is sanitation. Flies won't put up with cleanliness, hence they can be starved out if refuse heaps, garbage pails and manure piles are prevented from becoming their breeding places and if other conditions that they like around the house are cleaned up.

The house fly has been recognized for generations as a nuisance and a health menace. Every fly that gets into the house is a health hazard as it probably has come recently from some dirty, refuse pile.

This is a family war. Put your War Bond buying through the payroll savings plan and to a 10% per year.

### Keep Vitamins In Home-Canned Tomatoes

The tomato rates respect because it is chockful of vitamins (A and C), those invisible spark plugs that keep one feeling fit.

Because tomatoes are an important food, it is imperative that every one not needed for immediate use be saved by canning, but they must be canned right, else there will be



little or no vitamin C left in them. Undue exposure to air after the skins are removed and over-cooking in an uncovered container destroy vitamin C. This is one reason that tomatoes should be prepared and canned as quickly as possible. Usually whole tomatoes have more food value than tomato juice, partly because a considerable amount of vitamin A is lost in the pulp that fails to go through the strainer when the juice is made, but mainly because greater exposure to air destroys vitamin C.

If you want first-class canned tomatoes, use freshly gathered, firm-ripe, sound fruit—one small bad spot can ruin a whole batch. Wash the tomatoes before scalding; scald a few at a time. Remove all core, slip off the skins, and cut away green spots. Pack the tomatoes tight into clean hot jars—this is best done by pressing each tomato down with a wooden spoon. Add salt to season to suit your taste—the usual amount is one teaspoon to the quart. Seal jars according to manufacturer's instructions and process 35 minutes in hot water bath. If tomatoes are not fresh from the garden, process 45 minutes.

No juice can be better than the fruit from which it is made, so be sure to use strictly fresh, firm-ripe, red tomatoes, which are free from all decay. Wash well and cut away any green spots or weather cracks. Weather cracks are those splits that form around the stem ends when hot sunshine follows a hard rain. Such tomatoes are unfit for canning or juice unless used immediately after picking. Leave the tomatoes whole and steam or bake them until they are soft; then press through a fine sieve, preferably a cone-shaped one; reheat the juice to simmering; pour into sterilized jars and process 30 minutes at simmering. The pulp will separate from the juice unless a very fine sieve is used or if too much heat is applied at any time. Oh, so you boil the juice in an open kettle until it is thick? Well, that's a fine way to get rid of most of those precious vitamins.

The best tasting juice is that made by pressing whole home canned tomatoes through a sieve just before serving. Any seasonings liked may be added before canning but the juice will be better if seasonings, except salt, are added when the juice is opened for serving, and even the salt may be left out.



Margaret turned off the humming vacuum cleaner, and straightened the slipcovers of the armchair and the daybed that she had pushed up to go over the rug. Then she stood quite still in the doorway and looked at the small bedroom with its southern exposure. It was as neat and impersonal as a pin. It might never have been lived in. The door stood open on the clean, bare closet. There was not a pennant, not a team picture, not even so much as an old Arithmetic book left to show whose room it had once been.

Margaret stared at the walls, the furniture, and deeply, slowly, she realized that no matter what lodgers with their own trinkets and pictures might occupy it, she would always see it the old way. It was the old way that she saw it now. A pair of hard-worn gray pants lay on the floor where they had been dropped. Three baseball bats were stacked with a fishing rod in the corner. A battered red cap with a letter on it lay on the bed. And through the bed, as though it were transparent, Margaret saw another bed, smaller, and with high slatted sides.

She put the vacuum cleaner away and went down to her desk in the sitting-room. She took the fifteen dollars rent that the new lodger had paid that morning in advance for the room, and added to it, from her purse, three dollars and seventy-five cents more. Then she drew out a sheet of paper and began to write on it, slowly, gravely.

"To buy a bond to help train a young man to replace Don, Jr.—killed on June 6th in the Battle of Midway."

(Letter from an actual communication in the files of the Treasury Department.)

Help our boys. Make certain the wage earner of the family joins a payroll savings plan and to a 10% per year.

### DETAILED BUDGET REPORT OF Estimated Expenditures and Revenues

FUND AND CLASSIFICATION	Estimate	July 1, '42 to June 30, '43		Actual for	Actual for Year Ending	
	July 1, '43 to June 30, '44	Actual for First Six Mos.	Budget for Year	Period Jan. 1, '42 to June 30, '42	1941	1940
<b>GENERAL GOVERNMENT—</b>						
Mayor, Salary	\$ 120.00	\$ 50.00	\$ 120.00	\$ 55.00	\$ 42.00	\$ 39.00
Mayor, Clerical Help	600.00	300.00	600.00			
Mayor, Expenses: Travel, etc.	60.00	113.03	70.00	60.00	65.04	60.00
Recorder, Salary	1,200.00	600.00	1,200.00	450.00	600.00	600.00
Attorney, Salary	360.00	180.00	360.00	180.00	240.00	240.00
Treasurer, Salary	96.00	48.00	96.00	48.00	60.00	60.00
Council, Salaries	280.00	126.00	288.00	128.00	143.00	134.00
Stationery and Supplies	120.00	49.11	200.00	49.39	177.71	46.68
Notices and Advertising	150.00	22.80	160.00	115.65	131.75	101.63
Telephone and Telegraph	60.00	27.84	120.00	71.56	52.99	31.65
Election Expense		46.09	105.00			102.47
Audit	150.00	150.00	200.00		75.00	75.00
Capital Outlay		39.25			160.00	
League of Oregon Cities—Dues	15.00	20.00	20.00	5.00	15.00	
Surety Bonds	50.00	50.00	50.00	25.00	50.00	75.00
Sundry Expense	50.00	23.37	50.00	51.00	48.85	50.02
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$ 3,311.00	\$ 1,845.49	\$ 3,639.00	\$ 1,238.60	\$ 1,861.34	\$ 1,615.45
<b>POLICE DEPARTMENT—</b>						
Police Salaries	\$ 2,700.00	\$ 2,550.00	\$ 4,200.00	\$ 2,062.50	\$ 3,325.00	\$ 2,100.00
Deputies	700.00	15.00	700.00	15.00	190.00	68.00
Police Supplies	100.00	45.53	250.00	47.57	347.09	27.10
Jail Exp., Heat & Lt., Meals, etc.	360.00	182.30	300.00	101.96	248.44	30.80
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$ 3,860.00	\$ 2,792.83	\$ 5,450.00	\$ 2,227.03	\$ 4,110.53	\$ 2,225.90
<b>FIRE DEPARTMENT—</b>						
Members' Wages	\$ 400.00	\$ 177.00	\$ 600.00	\$ 283.00	\$ 286.00	\$ 250.00
Equipment and Supplies	500.00	14.58	500.00	37.21	340.27	106.87
Storage Fire Truck and Equip.	150.00	52.50	90.00	37.50	90.00	90.00
Phone	40.00	19.70	50.00	19.80	19.50	19.25
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$ 1,090.00	\$ 263.78	\$ 1,240.00	\$ 377.51	\$ 735.77	\$ 466.12
<b>SOCIAL WELFARE—</b>						
Health Officer, Salary	\$ 120.00	\$ 60.00	\$ 120.00	\$ 60.00	\$ 120.00	\$ 120.00
Relief	50.00	1.00	60.00	6.76	5.02	34.95
Boy Scouts	50.00		50.00		50.00	50.00
School Band and U. S. O.					66.10	15.00
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$ 220.00	\$ 61.00	\$ 230.00	\$ 66.76	\$ 241.12	\$ 219.95
<b>PUBLIC LIBRARY—</b>						
Librarian, Salary	\$ 420.00	\$ 210.00	\$ 420.00	\$ 210.00	\$ 380.00	\$ 360.00
Heat and Light	100.00	7.52	150.00	3.30	95.96	110.89
Books and Magazines	85.00	39.50	85.00	100.00	32.17	33.60
Janitor	240.00	100.00	180.00	64.28	54.50	38.58
Building and Grounds		5.00	150.00		127.23	162.02
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$ 845.00	\$ 362.02	\$ 985.00	\$ 377.58	\$ 689.86	\$ 705.09
<b>PUBLIC WORKS—</b>						
Street Maintenance	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 627.88	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 619.06	\$ 1,022.61	\$ 746.51
Street Lighting	900.00	413.72	900.00	426.35	690.52	723.85
Refuse Disposal	100.00	104.50	100.00	26.25	7.75	6.00
Capital Outlay—Equipment		645.38			22.50	564.52
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$ 3,500.00	\$ 1,791.48	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 971.66	\$ 1,743.38	\$ 2,040.88
<b>ACCIDENT INSURANCE</b>						
	\$ 250.00	\$ 120.89	\$ 240.00	\$ 105.59	\$ 196.58	\$ 162.18
<b>BUILDING FUND (Sinking Fund)</b>						
	\$ 1,835.00	\$	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 500.00	\$ 350.00	\$ 350.00
<b>PUBLIC PARK INDEBTEDNESS</b>						
	\$	\$ 1,693.01	\$ 1,690.90	\$	\$	\$
<b>EMERGENCY</b>						
	\$	\$ 42.16	\$ 4,174.10	\$ 307.38	\$ 100.00	\$ 173.25
<b>WATER DEPARTMENT—</b>						
Superintendent, Salary	\$ 1,800.00	\$ 900.00	\$ 1,800.00	\$ 789.63	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,200.00
Labor and Supplies	2,800.00	643.69	2,860.00	650.66	2,989.73	600.37
Electric Power and Light	1,350.00	629.60	1,200.00	582.79	1,067.18	933.19
Office Supplies	170.00	83.30	150.00	104.28	144.50	38.05
Clerical Help	600.00	240.00	480.00	240.00	240.00	
Superintendent Auto Expense					22.25	
Bond Retirement					5,000.00	4,500.00
Interest					200.00	380.00
Capital Outlay		2,553.75				
Reserve for Water Extensions	5,180.00		2,460.00			
Incidentals	100.00	70.65	50.00	23.63	115.00	27.80
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$12,000.00	\$ 5,120.99	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 2,390.99	\$10,778.61	\$ 7,679.41
<b>GRAND TOTALS</b>						
	\$26,911.00	\$14,094.25	\$32,649.00	\$ 8,563		