

REVIEW OF WORK OF OREGON LEGISLATURE

Fourth Week of Session Commences With Most of Big Bills Introduced.

Dry Measures Withdrawn — House Gets Bonus Bill—State Tax on Incomes Up — To Regulate Sale of Eggs — Committee on Reapportionment Named—Would Enforce Support of Parents—Budget Bill Approved—Disloyal Teachers Barred.

Salem.—When the legislature assembled Monday for the fourth week of the session there was very little to its credit in the way of measures passed and sent up to the governor. However, with the exception of the appropriation bills, most of the big bills likely to appear at this session have been introduced and referred to committees, and from now on the legislative wheels may be expected to industriously grind away at the grist of bills dumped into the legislative hopper.

While the first three weeks of the session have been rather dull, particularly in the way of vocal fireworks, there are a number of measures among those introduced which are likely to arouse spirited debates.

The number of bills introduced during the first three weeks of the present session surpassed the record of the 1919 session. During the first three weeks of the present session there were introduced in the two houses 454 bills as against 451 bills during the same period of the 1919 session.

Presumably because they feared defeat, owing to their drastic provisions, the three prohibition measures fathered by Senators Farrell and Eddy were withdrawn by their authors. One of the bills created the office of prohibition commissioner, another provided more stringent penalties for law violation and the third carried drastic search and seizure provisions. It is said substitute bills will be introduced with less drastic provisions.

Bonus Bill Introduced.

A step toward providing a bonus for veterans of the world war was taken with the introduction in the house of a measure providing for a cash bonus or a long time loan.

Summarized, the bill provides that all Oregon citizens who served more than two months in any branch of the military forces of the United States between April 6, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918, shall be entitled to receive a bonus of \$25 for each month's service, with a maximum of \$500.

Under the loan provision, a sum not to exceed \$3,000 may be borrowed from the state, to be secured by a mortgage on real property. The loans may be repaid to the state at the option of the borrower in annual, semi-annual or quarterly installments, which in each year's period must aggregate 6 per cent of the total borrowed.

The bill prohibits participation in both federal and state bonus plans, also from receiving bonuses from other states.

Relatives of deceased Oregon veterans, or those entitled to receive government insurance, would be entitled to receive the bonus due to the veteran, had he lived until the act became effective, the bill provides.

State Income Tax Proposed.

A measure providing for a state income tax was introduced in the house by Representative Gordon of Multnomah. The proposed law follows the federal income tax law in general form, and provides for an exemption of \$1000 for single persons and \$2000 for married persons. The rate varies from 1 per cent on the first \$1000 of taxable income up to 6 per cent on incomes of \$10,000 or over.

Every person residing in the state, regardless of whether his taxable income is derived from property or business located within or without the state would be subject to the assessment under the act.

Under the proposed law 30 per cent of the tax shall go to the state and 70 per cent to the county in which it is collected. The latter fund then would again be divided between the county and its various political subdivisions.

Must Brand Storage Eggs.

Regulation of classification and sale of cold storage eggs, foreign eggs, preserved eggs and incubated eggs is provided in a bill introduced in the senate by Senator Porter of Linn county.

Under the provisions of the bill cold storage eggs shall include eggs which have been in cold storage for more than 30 days and before being offered for sale shall be branded or stamped with the word "storage." When eggs are placed in refrigeration for the purpose of cold storage there shall be stamped on each container the date when entered in refrigeration.

Eggs imported from foreign countries shall be sold as such, and the containers in which the eggs are shipped shall be stamped with the

words "foreign eggs."

Every section of the state is represented in the special legislative committee which will sift out the reapportionment legislation.

Two of the members are from eastern Oregon, two from central Oregon, two from Multnomah county, two from the coast section and one each from the Willamette valley and southern Oregon.

The personnel of this committee, regarded as the most important and most powerful of the present session, follows:

Senator Dennis of Union county, Senator Staples of Multnomah, Senator Patterson of Polk, Senator Hall of Coos, Senator Robertson of Gilliam, Representative Burdick of Deschutes, Representative Carter of Jackson, Representative Gordon of Multnomah, Representative Hurd of Clatsop and Representative Gallagher of Malheur.

Bill Aimed at Habitual Criminals.

If a bill directed against habitual criminals, introduced by Representative Woodson, is passed, every person convicted a second time for a felony must be confined in the state penitentiary for a maximum term of not less than double the time of the first conviction, and if convicted the third time of a felony must be confined in the state penitentiary for life.

A bill prohibiting county courts or county commissioners from awarding contracts for material, equipment or supplies without preparing specifications in writing and advertising not less than six times in a daily newspaper or two issues of a weekly newspaper, was introduced by Representatives Kubli and North.

Must Care For Parents.

Every adult person who, having the ability so to do, fails and neglects to support an indigent parent, will be guilty of a misdemeanor and will be punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year or a fine not exceeding \$1000 or both fine and imprisonment if a bill introduced in the house by Representative Hindman of Multnomah county becomes a law.

All fines or forfeitures imposed by the court and collected in such case or under the provisions of any law relating to indigent parents may be directed by the court to be paid in whole or in part to such indigent parent or their guardian, according to the provision of Hindman's bill.

Senate Passes Budget Bill.

The state board of control is constituted the budget commission of Oregon under a bill prepared by Senator Patterson, which was passed by the senate.

Under the provisions of the act the commission is authorized to employ a statistician, whose duty shall be to examine the demands of the various institutions and departments of the state and prepare budgets for presentation to the legislature.

The senate is in favor of a legislative session of sixty days instead of forty and an increase in pay of the members from \$3 to \$5 a day, having passed the Smith-Eberhard-Hare joint resolution to refer the proposed change to the people.

Bill Bans Alien Teachers.

Allens or disloyal individuals will not be permitted to teach in any common school, high school, university, agricultural college, normal school or any other state school in Oregon if a bill introduced in the house by Representative Belknap of Benton county passes.

The bill provides that aliens shall not be permitted to teach in any of the schools enumerated unless they have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States. The bill provides for hearings on charges of disloyalty in teachers and their discharge, if found guilty, and the cancellation of their certificates to teach by the superintendent of public instruction.

Legislative Brevities.

An effort to change the date of final payment of taxes in Oregon from October 5 to December 5 failed in the house.

Exemption of Oregon road bonds from taxation as property is provided in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Sheldon.

Repeal of the gravity test law governing gasoline disposed of in Oregon is provided in a bill introduced by Representative Belknap.

The house sustained the veto of Governor Olcott and defeated a senate bill authorizing county courts and commissioners to fix salaries of county surveyors.

The senate by indefinite postponement killed the bill introduced by Senators Bell and Vinton to increase the pay of circuit court jurors from \$3 to \$4 a day.

A bill introduced by Senator Eberhard constitutes every county in Oregon a judicial district for circuit court purposes.

Senator Hume's bill requiring private, denominational and parochial schools to be under the supervision of the county school superintendents passed the senate. It applies to the schools in all the elementary grades. The bill provides the same course of study as in the public schools and the same qualifications for teachers.

HISTORIC HOUSE IN MARKET

Shakespeare Hotel at Stratford-on-Avon Recently Put Up at Auction in London.

On Thanksgiving day there was offered at auction in London the Shakespeare hotel at Stratford-on-Avon, a beautiful specimen of fourteenth century architecture, which for years has been the main resort of Americans and other tourists to Stratford-on-Avon.

The history of Stratford-on-Avon may be traced back for a period of 1,000 years, and as the birthplace of the great poet it has become a classic center visited annually by some 50,000 people. The Guard house, where Shakespeare was born; Shottery, where he courted Anne Hathaway; Charlotte Park, once the seat of Sir Thomas Lucy, whose displeasure Shakespeare incurred by stealing his deer; the Shakespeare Memorial theater, on the banks of the Avon, and Shakespeare's monument, are all places worthy of visiting in the old market town of Stratford-on-Avon.

The Shakespeare hotel, situated in the center of the town and close to the Shakespeare Memorial Theater, was erected in the fourteenth century, and has been in the hands of the late Mr. Justins' family since 1870. A few doors from the Shakespeare hotel is the Harvard house, which was the early home of the Harvard family, founders of Harvard university.

MUST PAY TRIBUTE TO ART

Not in Admiration, But in Current Coin, is the Edict of the French Authorities.

After all these years of luxurious idleness the Venus de Milo must become a wage earner. The authorities of France have so decreed. And not only Venus, but Mona Lisa and all the other celebrities gathered in the Louvre, and in the Luxembourg and other galleries as well. For the flat has gone forth recently that hereafter those who have been accustomed to visit the museums of Paris day after day, finding their treasures free as air, must pay an admission fee. If you want to go to admire Venus in her crimson velvet seclusion you must pay for the privilege. To be sure, she is worth any price, you must admit. And when you go into the Salon Carre of the Louvre and stop to meditate about what the enigmatical Mona Lisa is meditating, you must pay for that, too. Not a separate admission for each department. No, they are all banded together in one big union, as it were, all those priceless treasures of each museum, and hereafter they will earn their keep.

Rafts May Cross Pacific.

Swedish lumbermen are on this coast investigating the possibility of rafting lumber from British Columbia to Europe. Lumber rafts of large size, called rafauntes, have been successfully towed from Sweden to Great Britain, says the Scientific American. The Ocean Rafaunte Syndicate of London, England, has sent William Olsson of Stockholm, an experienced rafaunte builder, here to investigate the possibility of adapting that method to British Columbia timber exports.

The rafauntes are made of square timbers. Mr. Olsson, though expressing nothing definite, believes that the tremendous timbers of the British Columbia forests will make possible the construction and successful operation of rafauntes far larger than the rafts now shipped out of the Baltic. Swedish structures carry 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 feet each. It is proposed that the British Columbia rafts will contain 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 feet.

Rothschild's Best Tip.

In 1871 a friend approached Baron Rothschild, the great financier, who was a firm believer in the maxim "Buy when everybody else is selling and sell when others are buying," and asked what the banker considered a first-class investment.

"Buy French rentes," said Rothschild; "you can get them cheaply now." French bonds were then selling at 63.

"But the streets of Paris are running with blood," objected his friend. "That's the reason you can buy them cheaply," replied the money baron.

A quarter of a century later in 1896 these bonds were selling at 105 and were considered as perhaps the most conservative investment in the world. —Wall Street Journal.

Filer's Good Work.

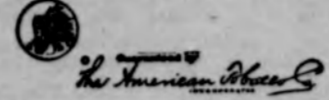
For revealing details hidden from horizontal observation, the value of the "bird's-eye" view was demonstrated anew in Iowa not long ago. The attention of a flier, circling about near Des Moines, was caught by various ribbons of smoke arising from apparently deserted regions, and closer inspection revealed a number of autos hidden in the brush, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. When the airman returned with a companion and made a landing, a large copper still was discovered, attended by four men and fed with corn from a wagon.

The Matrimonial Kind.

"The men's wear department is two sizes to the left, sir," said the officious floorwalker. "We are having a special sale of collars today." "I don't want any collars," said the meek-looking man who was waiting for his wife. "I've been wearing a pretty stiff one for twenty years." "The same collar, sir?" "The same. A preacher put it on me." —Birmingham Age-Herald.

LUCKY STRIKE cigarette

It's toasted



Save Pennies—Waste Dollars

Some users of printing save pennies by getting inferior work and lose dollars through lack of advertising value in the work they get. Printers as a rule charge very reasonable prices for none of them get rich although nearly all of them work hard.

Moral: Give your printing to a good printer and save money.

Our Printing Is Unexcelled



Two of the most homelike hotels in Portland, located in the heart of the shopping and theatre district. All Oregon Electric trains stop at the Seward Hotel, the House of Cheer. Excellent dining room in connection. The Hotel Cornelius, the House of Welcome, is only two short blocks from the Seward. Our brown busses meet all trains. Rates \$1.50 and up.

W. C. CULBERTSON, Prop.

"THE bottom has dropped out of business."

We hear this on all sides; some people seem to make a specialty of canvassing it and soon become confirmed in the belief. As a matter of fact business is getting its "house in order." As a result of wrong economic conditions it was inevitable. A Daniel was not necessary to read the hand writing on the wall.

But Grasp This—Business depressions are just as normal as booms. Statistics show this. Our own experience proves it. Why, then wall over the existing condition of things?

Let us have faith in our country—Our fellow men—Our business—NOBODY ever played the United States short and won.

Hermiston Auto Co.

We have a few 50 Gal. Oil Drums for sale. While they last \$4.50

Aviation Students Hold Exhibition



The Illinois Model Aero club, made up of boys who are interested in the building of airplanes and in all branches of aviation, and which is fathered by the Aero Club of America, held a model contest recently in Chicago, at which models of almost every prominent plane were exhibited.

Your Telephone

What does your telephone service mean to you?

In the successful operation of your business is your telephone necessary?

Does the telephone in your residence prove more than a convenience and preform an important part in the management of your affairs?

In fact, don't you find good telephone service essential in both your office and home?

The Telephone Company believes you do and want to supply that service to you.

Telephone properties are now operated at a loss in the State of Oregon.

Increased rates are necessary to continue present service and attract capital for building new plant needed. Can investors be expected to furnish funds for extensions when the present plant does not pay?

Is not the Telephone Company entitled to rates which will enable them to continue to furnish good telephone service to people of Oregon, and without which they cannot carry out their plans for development?

These are questions of importance and should interest every telephone user.

The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Co.