

## The Census Shows We've Grown in Population; Have We Grown in What Makes a Better City?

A City That Grows Only in Population and Business is Not Growing at All—It is Only Swelling Up.

### A Proclamation

Know all Men, Women and Children By These Presents.

THAT, Whereas the NATIONAL CLEAN-UP and PAINT-UP CAMPAIGN has resulted in many advantages to community life throughout the United States.

In safeguarding HEALTH;  
In promoting THRIFT;  
In furthering FIRE PREVENTION;  
In stimulating CIVIC PRIDE;  
and

In making the "HOME AND CITY BEAUTIFUL";

NOW, THEREFORE, Be it known that plans have been perfected for a thorough Clean-Up and Paint Up campaign in Gresham.

Next week marks the opening of a real campaign of persistent and constructive effort in cleaning up and keeping it up. In this worthy movement we urge each citizen to do his or her part to make our community

CLEAN, HEALTHY, THRIFTY, SAFE and BEAUTIFUL.

The census this year shows a great growth in population, especially in the towns and cities.

We know from the bank statistics and from many other sources, that the United States has grown tremendously in wealth. The people have more savings deposits, more bonds and stocks, more life insurance and more of everything that shows great material prosperity. Prices are all high, but most people seem to be able to pay them and have a surplus.

Now, also we are given figures to show we have more people. Our cities are growing at a rapid rate, so far as population and wealth are concerned.

Is that the only way a city should grow? Should it not grow in beau-

Flies and Mosquitos Add Nothing to Health and Happiness, Nor Do Dirty Streets and Refuse.

ty, in the things that make life more worth living, in conveniences for recreation, in social activities, in those things which uplift the spirit and especially should it not grow in the promotion of health and the reduction of the death rate?

The spirit of the times is not alone for bigger things and more things, but it is especially for better things. That really is "the great unrest." The people want better things, better living and growing conditions. They are not satisfied merely to see their city grow large in population and business. They want it to grow also in those things which make life more pleasant and more free from sickness and from the distress caused by loss of employment through disease and epidemic.

Everywhere there is this demand for these better living conditions. People are reaching out for them, blindly in most cases, because they do not know just what to do to get them. They do not realize that they can produce these conditions for themselves, if they will only work together to get them. Any city can be healthful and beautiful and a desirable place to live in, if its citizens will pull together to make it so. There is no need to make a commotion, to tear things to pieces, to set one portion of the community against another. What is needed is co-operation and unity of effort on the part of all in the following of some particular and practical plan. Then the thing is done.

We did wonderful things in the war, wonderful as a nation and specially wonderful in the spirit and deeds of our soldiers. Probably our nation has now more vigor and initiative and creative power among its people than ever before. Now let us turn this great force into making living conditions better throughout the nation, in making life pleasanter and freer from sickness and sorrow. If we put into this effort but half the zeal and determination, but half the patriotic spirit that we devoted to making the world a "fit place to live in," we shall soon have the most beautiful and healthful cities in the world.

We ought to have them. We have the money, the intelligence, the love for good things. All we need is the co-operative spirit, the ability to work together democratically and loyally for the common good.



LOWDEN TO THE FRONT.

There are tricks in the political game as in other greater and lesser affairs. One recently proposed in the Oregon primary presidential campaign has been exposed and thwarted. That was that voters combine on Lowden, Wood or Hoover and thereby defeat Johnson. The possibility of adopting this plan was promptly and strongly rejected by the managers of the various candidates involved, and so far as Lowden is concerned, the reasons why he is still and will remain in the race are clearly set forth in the following statement by Jos. E. Dunne, Lowden campaign manager for Oregon.

Mr. Dunne says: Most emphatically Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois will be a candidate at the Oregon primaries on May 21. He will not withdraw, nor will he throw his support to General Leonard Wood or any other candidate. I wish to deny all reports to the contrary. There is no reason why Governor Lowden should abandon his race. In fact, there is every reason why he should not.

Reports coming in every day from everywhere show that there is a large and steadily growing sentiment for Governor Lowden. These reports grow more encouraging every day. Now that the more spectacular campaigns of some of the other candidates are beginning to collapse, the voters all over the country are turning to the candidate who has been making a quiet, conservative, inexpensive campaign and who has been getting solid support in every section where there have been primaries.

The bitterness and hard feelings that must inevitably result from the kind

of campaigns that have been waged by some of the other candidates are now beginning to bear fruit, and those who are in a position to know and whose political judgment is sound, are of the opinion that, after the first few ballots at the national convention, the spectacular candidates will cease to be factors. When this happens, the convention will give consideration to the candidate who has kept free of all these controversies and whose splendid record, high character and outstanding personality have won for him a heavy vote in all parts of the country.

This candidate, of course, is Governor Frank O. Lowden, who, at the present moment holds the most enviable position in the presidential race, and who, we firmly believe, will be the choice of the convention as the strongest man in the field and the man to once more win victory for the republican party.

Mr. Lowden's campaign in Oregon has been conducted without extravagance. Mr. Lowden is paying his own campaign expenses and will not permit contributions from other sources, because he does not want to go to the White House under obligations to any person or faction. Because of the limited funds at our disposal, we have not given any spectacular exhibitions. This fact may have led some other campaign managers to the mistaken conclusion that we were not organizing or working at all. We have, however, been consistently and insistently at work, in an earnest and very effective effort to bring before the republican voters of Oregon the wonderful record of Governor Lowden. To know the man and his record of splendid, practical achievements is a sufficient guarantee of a Lowden vote.

To get the information about our candidate to the people has been our effort, and the fact that Governor Lowden, known only in the central states at the beginning of the campaign is today generally accepted as being in the best position of any of the candidates, is evidence that he is truly a national figure.

Governor Lowden is presidential timber in the best sense of the term, and is worthy of the support of the people of this state. Lowden sentiment is crystallizing every day and his many supporters in Oregon are working hard to roll up a big showing for him here. Governor Lowden has not attempted to carry a great many of the states, but his power as a vote-getter is being demonstrated every day in every part of the country and we believe Oregon will be no exception.

All those who want a broad-gauged business man of proved abilities, with an outstanding record of practical achievements as a statesman, are asked to vote for Governor Lowden, the man who can unite all factions in the party as can no other candidate now in the field. An impartial, unbiased survey of the field would at this time show Governor Lowden in the most enviable position. Emphatically, he will not withdraw nor consider turning his support elsewhere.

### IT IS DANGEROUS TO BE BORN IN OREGON

"It is three times more dangerous to be born in Oregon than it was to be a soldier in France facing German guns," said Dr. C. U. Moore, Wednesday as he addressed the mothers gathered at the Welfare Bureau. "The death rate for babies up to one year old is 70 out of every 1000 in this state," continued Dr. Moore, "and the death rate for the soldiers we had in France was about 25 for every 1000." I ask, "Is it fair?"

Dr. Moore said that New York a few years ago awoke to the fact that 288 babies out of every 1000 died before they were one year old. Welfare stations and public health service were established and in the past two or three years the death rate has been lowered from 288 to 88. "The rate is coming down in New York," said Dr. Moore, "but in Oregon it is increasing. It is 26 per cent higher now than it was three years ago. It isn't fair!"

He told how 850 babies under one year of age died last year in Oregon and how at least 50 per cent, or 425 of that number, could have been saved if proper means had been taken early enough. This is the work of the public health nurse, to see that people stay well, not to make them well after they are sick.

"Financially we can't afford to let these babies die," continued Dr. Moore. "Taken in the aggregate it costs the people of this state \$109,000 to bury those babies and that amount of money applied toward establishing welfare stations and fitting them out in such a way that they could render invaluable service would have saved many lives and many homes would be happy that are now sorrowful."

Too long we have rested in that old saying "God gives and God takes away," he continued. "He does take them away if we are too ignorant or careless to give them a square deal." "Put more money into preventative work and less into doctor's bills after the child is sick," advised Dr. Moore. "Gresham should have a special welfare nurse to care for the children of this town. The town is large enough and you should all work and plan to have a nurse who would spend her entire time in this town in public health work. It is a good investment." Five babies were examined by Dr.

### JUDGE JONES CHANGES SENTENCE OF THIEVES

The following news story taken from a Portland paper will be of interest to the many Gresham people who were so disgusted over the way in which Judge Jones let the potato thieves go when they were in his court recently.

"Indefinite continuance of the cases of George Abble and Charles Tedesco, two of five youthful potato thieves, became definite yesterday when District Judge Jones called them into court and sentenced each to five months in the county jail on their former pleas of guilty."

"This action was taken because of their breach of faith with the court which resulted in their arrest five days after appearing in the district court for violation of the motor vehicle law and sentence in the municipal court to 20 days in jail and fines of \$56 each."

"The young men stole two sacks of potatoes from the Richey brothers farm near Gresham."

"The young men in question were apprehended before they had a chance to get away with the potatoes and we can't help but wonder how the judge knew where to set the limit for the number of sacks, as they were prepared to steal several hundred dollars' worth of potatoes."

Something has apparently awakened Judge Jones to the seriousness of the crime and after so long a time he has decided to call them up and give them a sentence somewhat in proportion to their crime. Many people will be glad to know that these men are getting their just deserts for a premeditated crime but considering the circumstances many folks will be wondering what made the judge change his mind.

Moore during the limited time which he had to spare.

Owing to a slight cold Dr. Moore wore a mask during the examination and advised that every mother should do likewise when she had any indication of cold and he said that if she followed this practice the baby would not take the cold.

He said that the baby that was over fat during the first year of its life was billed for trouble before it was seven or if no serious trouble developed in that time it would be apt to be more or less sickly and delicate in later years.

Almost every day one or more persons say to the Outlook, "I am getting splendid returns on my ad."

Get your cleaning and pressing done at the Gresham Steam Laundry. Satisfaction guaranteed.—Adv.

### WEDNESDAY, MAY 12 TO BE CLEAN-UP DAY

The town council at their regular meeting Tuesday ordered that Wednesday, May 12, be known and observed as general clean-up day for the town of Gresham.

Rubbish of all kinds to be collected and deposited in front of the houses where it will be picked up by trucks furnished by the town.

This is a splendid opportunity to dispose of that collection of old cans and junk which collects about every home during the winter months. This spring weather tends to make one wish to get into a spring cleaning frenzy and how can one work out a better plan.

Old rubbish is a fine place to breed flies, disease germs and various other dangerous and troublesome things. Don't forget clean-up day!

The council to do their part in the general cleaning, ordered that the streets be cleaned and graded where necessary. With all this work being done, Gresham ought to be in spink and span condition for Chautauqua week which follows in a couple of weeks after the general clean-up.

A recent communication from the state fire marshal was read at the council meeting and action taken upon some of the recommendations of the state office. These recommendations were in regard to the enforcement of the present fire ordinances and suggestions were given for several new ones which the state fire marshal recommends as necessary for the protection of the town.

One suggestion was for an ordinance dealing with the storage of gasoline and all volatile oils. The suggested ordinance provides that any storage tank for gasoline or other volatile oil, of five or more gallons capacity should be at least two feet under ground.

The state office also recommends that an ordinance be made to have all electrical wiring conform to the national code.

The matter of the new ordinances was referred to the Fire and Water committee to work out in conjunction with town fire marshal, A. W. Metzger. This committee will report to the special meeting of the council which will be held Wednesday, May 12th.

The Fire and Water committee were ordered to make an investigation with reference to supplying water to the Davidson tract. This tract was taken into the city in 1915 by a vote of the people but the plats were never filed and all record of the transaction was lost track of. Only a few weeks ago Mr. Davidson came to the Outlook office and from the files of the Outlook proved that that section was a part of the city and entitled to fire protection and city water rights. The water committee are to see to furnishing water to that section. They are to report to the special meeting, May 12.

J. G. Metzger, handed in his resignation as town marshal but the resignation was tabled until the special meeting when it will be considered. The council also ordered Recorder Schneider to order ballots for the special election May 21 at which time the voters will vote on the question of adding two tracts of land to the town of Gresham. One tract is on the northwest side of town near the Beaver State Motor factory and the other tract on the east side of town near Judge Stapletons property.

### Maude Cleveland Thanks the Citizens

The following letter addressed to the mayor and citizens of Gresham has just been received from Miss Maude Cleveland.

Miss Cleveland has been in government work for the past three years. She was head of the department of physical education for women in the University of California in 1917 and obtained leave of absence to take up Red Cross work. She has been doing government work ever since that time and has been promoted several times. At present she holds the responsible position of embarkation officer for women passengers at the Port of Antwerp, Belgium.

This trip which Miss Cleveland is making is the first time she has been in the United States since her departure for France. She spent several days in New York and is now on her way back to Antwerp. She has charge of all the women who cross on the army transports. It is one of Miss Cleveland's duties to look after the war brides.

The flag to which Miss Cleveland refers in her letter was purchased and sent to her as a splendid gift from the town of Gresham and was to be used as she thought best. The letter is as follows:

To the Mayor and Citizens of the City of Gresham, Oregon:— The leisure of a sea voyage on duty

### REV. H. R. GEBHARDT WEDS MISS FLORENCE E. KURTZ

The wedding of Rev. Herman R. Gebhardt and Miss Florence E. Kurtz of Peotone, Illinois, was solemnized Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the Zion Evangelical church of which Rev. Gebhardt is pastor.

The beautiful double ring ceremony was used, Rev. F. Ha-Freund, superintendent of the Northwest conference, officiating.

The bride was attractively attired in a dark blue tailored suit and beautiful picture hat and wore a corsage bouquet of tiny rose buds. Little Else Schwedler was the flower girl and preceded the bridal party to the altar scattering flowers in their path.

A large arch of Oregon grape and white flowers was arranged over the altar and from the top was suspended a large wedding bell of fragrant apple blossoms. Garlands of cedar and white flowers were draped from the arch to the windows and streamers of twisted white crepe paper radiated from the arch to the back of the altar, forming a canopy. The whole auditorium was artistically decorated with white carnations and greenery.

Miss Freida Bratzel played the Mendelssohn Wedding march while the bridal party were entering. After the ceremony Miss Kathrine Bratzel and Mrs. Theodore Brugger sang a beautiful duet, "The Lord is My Shepherd."

The wedding party left the church to the strains of a beautiful march played by Miss Bratzel and the whole party went to the grange hall where a reception was held under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid.

The main hall was artistically decorated with pink and white carnation and greens and was most attractive.

Plates were laid for more than 100 guests. Rev. and Mrs. Gebhardt, the visiting ministers and the church council took their places at the center table and the other guests were grouped around them. Ice cream, cake and punch were served.

Mrs. Volbrecht baked the two wedding cakes, one for the bride and another for the groom. Little souvenirs were in the cake and much amusement was created of the searching for and finding of these different omens of good luck.

Rev. A. Welarli, of Sellwood, acted as toastmaster and his clever toasts were the source of much amusement to those present with the possible exception of the bride and groom.

Miss Kathrine Bratzel sang, "I Love You Truly," at the reception and it was much enjoyed by all.

Rev. Gebhardt and his bride attempted to get away without a shower of rice but the young men of the congregation were prepared for this move and in trying to avoid the shower, they found themselves in a perfect storm of rice and good wishes.

Rev. and Mrs. Gebhardt are away on a short honeymoon trip but no one knows just where they have gone. They are expected home the first of next week and will make their home in the apartments in the First State Bank building until a house can be obtained.

Many beautiful gifts of linen china, cut glass and silver were received from the many friends. Rev. Gebhardt has made during his pastorate here.

between Antwerp and New York gives me the opportunity to send a much delayed letter of thanks to you for an American Flag which you sent overseas in the summer of 1918. This flag so generously sent for use at burials of Americans dying in French hospitals on the Montdidier sector, arrived in France after I had been assigned to duty at the Port of Brest and was forwarded to me there. Soon after its arrival, I was at St. Brieux a small town inland from Brest in connection with the death of an American soldier in the hospital at that place. In conversation with officers of the 61st Engineers a detachment of which was stationed there I became convinced that the flag was not only much needed by these isolated Americans but also would be much appreciated by them.

I sent the flag to them the following day by the Paris courier. He brought back their thanks to me and reported that they would write thanking the city of Gresham for its contribution to their part of a difficult and weary war. The flag was always visible from Troop trains going to the front as it flew over the Detachment Barracks. It was used at four American funerals at St. Brieux.

My mother wrote me some time ago that no formal acknowledgment of your kindness has ever been received. I am therefore writing to thank you most sincerely not only for the flag itself but also for the spirit of patriotic generosity which prompted you to make this additional contribution through me to the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

Keep in style. Try one of those "classy-fied" ads.

### Moonshine Still Is Raided by Constable

Deputy Sheriff Squire assisted by Ed. Hamilton and Ray Elliott, captured a moonshine still in the woods near Lusted last Wednesday.

Deputy Squire received a tip that for several nights an automobile had stood in the open at a lonely spot near the Sandy river and his suspicions were aroused. Accompanied by Hamilton and Elliott, Squire started out to investigate.

The still was so well concealed, however, that Hamilton had come almost against it when he was startled to find himself looking into the barrel of a rifle held by a man who emerged from the shelter and quickly disappeared when he heard Deputy Squire and the others approaching.

On investigating, Squire and the other men found one of the most complete and finest equipped stills that has been raided yet. A large copper still and six barrels of raisin mash besides other smaller articles.

The still was housed in a tent which was so cleverly concealed by brush and vines that the raiding party could easily have overlooked it but the fact that the man was present and took the chance of getting away, rather than run the risk of being caught by the party and so disclosed the location. Thursday Mr.

Squire and a party dismantled the still.

The car carried an Oregon license No. 52932 which is registered on the state list as the property of C. Edelman, 4301 Seventy-third street southeast, Portland.

Deputy Squire reports that after the article was published in the Oregonian Thursday giving Mr. Edelman's name as the owner of the car, that Edelman called up the sheriff's office and reported that his car was stolen Saturday morning. The car is known to have been out here more or less for at least two weeks and on Edelman's arrival at Gresham to claim the car he was held for a hearing.

He claims that he had loaned the car to a couple of men whom he didn't know and that he himself has nothing to do with the operators of the still.

Several others are implicated in the transaction, two in Portland and one at Lusted, F. Tomlin, on whose place the still was found. There are no definite charges placed against any of the men but their actions and statements are being investigated.

The still was brought to Gresham Thursday afternoon and is at Brown & Cleveland's office where it may be seen by all who are interested.

### NEW DEPARTMENT TO BE ADDED TO CO. FAIR

At the meeting of the board of fair directors Monday it was decided to have a department of home economics in connection with Mrs. A. Hevel's department. There will be booths where women can enter an individual exhibit of all kinds of work that might be included in home economics. Plain and fancy sewing, knitting, darning, baking, canning, etc., may be entered just as the individual farm exhibits are made.

Mrs. W. R. Kern, superintendent of the floral department, will be in charge of the flower beds this year and will see that they are planted and cared for during the summer.

The prospect is good that every one of the nine granges in the county will enter the contest at the fair this fall. The granges were well satisfied with the positions arranged for them but the drawing hasn't been made yet. The booths will be numbered and the granges will draw lots for positions.

It pays to advertise.

### FRUIT AND BERRIES ARE IN RANK OF ARISTOCRAT

"Marion county is looking forward to a strawberry crop that will be more than twice the normal size. Growers in the Willamette Valley have been offered 15 cents a pound for the berries, but in many cases are holding out for 20 cents," says a recent item from Salem. Local growers will make some money on their berry farms this year with prices like these. Raspberries are said to be contracting now at 25c and prospects are good for 27c.

Cherries also have joined the ranks of the aristocrats this season and growers at The Dalles have contracted their crop for 15 cents a pound, says a report. Libby, McNeill & Libby, who are the purchasers, by setting this figure, went beyond the highest price ever paid for cherries in the state. Frost and cold damaged orchards elsewhere and this accounts for the high figure Oregon fruit will bring.

Bargains in the want ads.