

GRESHAM OUTLOOK

Twice a Week

Published every Tuesday and Friday at Gresham, Oregon, by the Outlook Publishing Co. H. L. St. Clair, Editor and Manager.

Our Subscription Rates

One year, \$1.50; six months, 85c; three months, 50c.

Advertising Rates reasonable. Our representative will call.

Phone 701

The Linotype Way is the Way that Wins.

Official paper of the Town of Gresham Official paper of the Town of Fairview.

Entered as second-class matter March 2, 1911, at the Postoffice at Gresham, Oregon, under the Act of March 3, 1879.



LET'S HEAVE TOGETHER.

From the United States National bank in Portland has come an exceedingly interesting and timely little brochure—a digest of business conditions of the Pacific Northwest as reflected by the opinions of leading men in the industries and activities covered. Shipbuilding and shipping, live stock, wool, wheat and flour, lumber, dairy products, and poultry are discussed under separate captions, as well as a general discussion of after-war problems of the reconstruction period. Labor problems are dealt with by authorities on the subject, one well informed employer holding emphatically to the opinion that the labor problem will solve itself, as, in his opinion, the law of supply and demand ultimately levels all things.

The general thought contained in the little message is that without under-estimating any of the problems before us the Pacific Northwest need not be pessimistic over the future outlook. Prospects are fine for a good crop this year. There is in the Northwest an accumulated wealth that has shown a healthy increase in the bank deposits of Oregon, Washington and Idaho during the past four years. Government expenditures have contributed largely to this gain in the city banks, especially those of the coast cities. Gains shown in the country as well as the city banks are largely from the earnings of the people, who have done no speculating during this critical period.

If to the increased deposit is added the amount invested in liberty loans, war savings stamps and other similar investments, together with old debts liquidated, a view of the prosperous condition of this section generally is obtained that is most reassuring. The establishing of the Branch Federal Reserve Banks at Portland, Seattle and Spokane, making available funds for legitimate needs, has engendered a spirit of self reliance, which in itself is a most potent factor in the upbuilding of any business city or state.

It is to be hoped that the different sections of the great northwest will get the spirit of working together in the new epoch that is dawning; our interests are identical, taken as a whole. Together we produce almost all of the great raw materials the world needs; there is room for millions of new people, for scores of new industries, for many "leading" cities. Let's Heave Together

On the livestock situation we have, "The year 1918, has been one of unprecedented prosperity in the live stock business in the United States. Live stock receipts have increased at the great central markets about 20 per cent without apparently depleting the total supply of live stock still in the country, and this tremendous increase has been marketed at prices unequalled in the history of the business, averaging about 25 per cent higher than the already high prices of 1917. The average prices of the

twelve central markets of the United States show:

In 1917—Cattle, \$8.66 per cwt.; hogs, \$12.89 per cwt.; sheep and lambs, \$12.79 per cwt.

In 1918—Cattle \$10.81 per cwt.; hogs, \$17.12 per cwt.; sheep and lambs, \$15.55 per cwt.

"It is reasonable to suppose the demand for meat and meat products overseas will continue for considerable time at least, and it will likely tax the demand of the industry for months to come and will be limited only by the ability to transport the tremendous tonnage required. I must be borne in mind, however, that values at all times of live stock are on exceptionally high levels and although we have become accustomed to high prices during the years just closed we believe the conservative livestock dealers will prepare for a decline in values which must eventually take place. The decline will no doubt be compensated by over cost of feed and handling.

"We see no reason to believe that there is anything alarming in the future of the industry and that a large and growing demand for live stock products will not continue. It is to be hoped that eventually means for transporting in refrigerated ships from the Pacific Coast to the Atlantic seaboard and Europe will be provided. If this can be accomplished it will immediately open the markets of Europe to the packers of the Pacific Coast on a basis where they can successfully compete with packers of the middle west in export business and every reasonable means should be fostered to bring this very desirable condition about."

Regarding dairy products, it continues, "From one of the best informed men in the West, we have the following: With natural conditions so extremely favorable to successful dairying, the northwestern states are bound to increase their output of butter, cheese and condensed milk. Past experiences has amply proven the solid prosperity of every community where dairying predominates and there is every reason to feel that the next five years will bring the producer greater prosperity than the last five years have done.

"In the near future there should be a very heavy export demand especially of condensed milk. A ton of raw milk produces roughly 10 pounds of butter, or 200 pounds of cheese, or 1,000 pounds of standard condensed milk. Considering the transportation problem, no other food product would give such instantaneous and safe relief from hunger. A can or two of condensed milk per day per person added to present rations would keep these starving people going until regular provisions could be undertaken.

"The war will have accustomed European people to the use of canned milk and though our export of this commodity before the war amounted to very little, it seems reasonable that Europe will need a lot of this and other dairy products for several years to come.

"Oregon and Washington manufacture over \$5,000,000.00 worth of dairy products monthly. It is to be regretted that government statistics just issued show a reduction of 5,000 head of cows in Oregon and 24,000 in Washington."

From the same source as quoted on dairy products, we have the following on eggs and poultry: "There should be a good demand from abroad for at least two years. Russia was the greatest poultry and egg producing country of Europe before the war. It seems likely that there is less than half the normal quantity of poultry in Europe now. It is my opinion that lower prices will prevail in dairy and poultry products but that price levels will reach those of 1914 and 1915 is hardly likely, and even if there were no export business in sight this year, our own population would consume all of our production with values ranging around 25 per cent below 1918 prices."

E. E. Chipman, second-hand furniture bought and sold, Powell street, Gresham, near fountain.

HAVE A HEART, MR. McADOO!

When, oh when, is our good government going to change back to the time honored way of serving to the travelling public meals to one's own liking. Breakfast is the only meal the proletariat can afford to purchase while travelling. For lunch and dinner there is no choice—one gets just what the dining car conductor wishes to serve at a dollar per. The firm friend of the working people, Mr. McAdoo, inflicted on us the one straight, high-priced, poorly served lunch and dinner.

Who wants to eat a full course meal at noon while riding on a train, especially if you are traveling from one to three days—with no choice to what you may order?

One should not criticize without first suggesting a remedy, so here goes: If Mr. McAdoo wants to cut the man power down and conserve food, why not have a lunch counter on wheels, doing away with the expensive overhead such as head waiter, bus boys, and dining car steward—also tablecloths, needless silverware, as well as lots of eatables one does not wish for, which have positively often been thrown out of the dining car windows and wasted? A clean, well regulated lunch car attached to our passenger trains, where short order meals could be served at a reasonable price, less the pomp and style, would be much appreciated by us common folks. Let the limited trains have the glittering dining cars.

Just fancy yourself in the position of a mother with several children, of necessity making a long journey by train. Would you enjoy being requested to pay a dollar for a full dinner for each tired, sleepy child, when all you want is a bowl of soup or a dish of rice for each small tourist?

Income Tax Due Soon. Work on the collection of \$6,000,000,000 has been begun by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. This is the estimated yield of the new revenue bill. The income tax provisions of the act reach the pocket book of every single person in the United States whose net income for 1918 was \$1,000, or more, and of every married person whose net income was \$2,000 or more. Persons whose net income equalled or exceeded these amounts, according to their marital status, must file a return of income with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which they live on or before March 15.

Here is what will happen to them if they don't; for failure to file a return on time, a fine of not more than \$1,000 and an additional assessment of 25 per cent of the amount of tax due.

For "willfully refusing" to make a return on time, a fine not exceeding \$10,000, or not exceeding one year's imprisonment, or both.

For making a false or fraudulent return, a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, together with an additional assessment of 50 per cent of the amount of tax evaded.

For failure to pay the tax on time, a fine of not more than \$1,000 and an additional assessment of 5 per cent of the amount of tax unpaid, plus 1 per cent interest for each full month during which it remains unpaid.

In addition to the \$1,000 and \$2,000 personal exemptions, taxpayers are allowed on exemption of \$200 for each person dependent upon them for chief support if such person is under eighteen years of age and incapable of self-support. Under the 1917 act, this exemption was allowed only for each dependent "child." The head of a family—one who supports one or more persons closely connected with him by blood relationship, relationship by marriage, or by adoption—is entitled to all exemptions allowed a married person.

The normal rate of tax under the new act is 6 per cent of the first \$4,000 of net income above exemptions, and 12 per cent of the net income in

REPRESENTATIVE LEWIS EXPLAINS HIS VOTE

February 20, 1919. Mrs. George F. Honey, Pres. Local Union W. C. T. U. Gresham, Oregon.

Dear Madam:—I have read with interest your resolution as published in Gresham Outlook, concerning the adoption of the so-called, Nation Wide, Prohibition Constitutional Amendment; and your reference to myself and vote on the question. Charity covers a multitude of sins. Did you know that prior to the vote taken on the question, I rose in my seat and stated in the House, "in order that a unanimous vote might be granted to me the privilege of sitting silent and not voting, coupled with the further privilege of inserting in the record an explanation of my silence and failure to vote when present, showing that it was partially due to a request from the Governor, and partially due to a request from those of the House desiring that no negative votes be cast, that in such an event I would not vote?"

That the Honorable Ben Sheldon then and there made a motion that my request be granted, stating at the time that my request was fair, and should, in his opinion, be granted. And do you know, and did you know at the time you passed your resolution that the request was refused, entirely due to the efforts and objections of one or two men who voted for the resolution to amend the constitution who stated: "We or I will not consent to the unanimous request of members for we want him (Mr. Lewis) on record on this question," and this objection to my remaining silent came from those who voted on your side.

Some of the ministers present frankly and fairly stated to me that my proposition was fair and my position honorable, and so far as I am concerned the unanimous vote of this state for the measure failed due to a lack of charity of some one more anxious to have me on record than for a unanimous, or no negative vote.

I have always stood for the enforcement of law, but that question is not involved here. The question involved on which I voted was not one of prohibition but of the surrender of state sovereignty.

This is the first time in the history of our nation that any attempt has been made to centralize national authority in the general government. Our armies went to Europe and battled for the right of self determination.

I cheerfully grant to any one, and that without complaint, the right to criticize or censure any official act of mine.

This is all I care to say at present, except I trust you will give this letter the same publicity as you gave to the resolution of censure by publishing same in the Outlook.

With the highest regard for your pure motives, I remain,

D. C. Lewis

Referring to the Honorable D. C. Lewis' letter:—Publicity evidently has sent the representative into a "tailspin." "Charity" ceases to be a virtue with the women voters when a representative comes to the legislature for the second time and attempts to further wet propaganda, especially in Oregon.

We knew at the time the condemning resolution, which was published in the Outlook February 14th was passed, that his "request" was refused, that he was accused of cowardice by his colleagues, and further, that the only opposition offered, was when he made an ineffectual attempt to sidetrack "Ratification" by submitting the matter to a vote of the people.

We don't want men representing us, who duck and run for cover, every time temperance legislation is mentioned

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE GRESHAM W. C. T. U.

excess of \$4,000. Incomes in excess of \$5,000 are subject also to a surtax ranging from 1 per cent of the amount of the net income between \$5,000 and \$6,000 to 65 per cent of the net income above \$1,000,000.

Payment of the tax may be made in full at the time of filing return or in four installments, on or before March 15, on or before June 15, on or before September 15, and on or before December 15.

Revenue officers will visit every county in the United States to add taxpayers in making out their returns. The date of their arrival and the location of their offices may be ascertained by inquiring at offices of collectors of internal revenue, post-offices and banks. Failure to see these officers, however, does not relieve the taxpayer of his obligation to file his return and pay his tax within the time specified by law. In this case taxpayers must seek the government, not the government the taxpayer.

Twenty per cent off on heating stoves. L. L. Kidder Hardware Co. Ford and Chevrolet repairing. C. E. Osburn, Gresham.

Phone 901

If you have Cattle of any kind to sell or wish to buy

Livestock Hauling by Truck

at a reasonable price

E. BAUMANN

GRESHAM, OREGON

Professional and Business Ads.

DENTISTS Office 114 PHONES Res. 115 W. J. OTT Dentist Will be in Gresham every day

DR. H. H. OTT Dentist Howitt Building Gresham, Ore. PHONE 113

PHYSICIANS Office Phone 46 Res. Phone 515 GEO. INGLIS, M. D. Physician and Surgeon Office, over First State Bank Hours—1 to 5 p. m. GRESHAM, - OREGON

Office 621 PHONES Res. 55x1 Emily F. Bolcom, M. D. Physician and Surgeon Office Hours—10 a. m. to 12 m. 1 p. m. to 3 p. m. Office over Bank of Gresham

PHONES—Residence, Tabor 120 Office Main 4812 Home A-5152 J. M. SHORT, M. D. Physician and Surgeon Res., 3 East 69th St. Office, 1111-12 Selling Building PORTLAND - OREGON

Dr. Mabel Jane Doring Osteopathic Physician OFFICE HOURS—9 a. m. to 5 p. m. 532 Morgan Bldg., Portland, Ore. Phone Marshall 1809

DR. N. PLYLER Licensed Chiropractic Physician CHIROPRACTIC AND ELECTRIC TREATMENT Consultation and Examination Free Office, Gindon Hotel Bldg., Gresham Office Hours—9:30 to 12, and 2 to 5. Phone 971

DR. A. W. BOTKIN Physician and Surgeon Office over First State Bank Hours 2 to 5 p. m. Phone 5x1 Gresham, Oregon

H. V. ADIX, M. D. Physician and Surgeon With Dr. W. J. Ott Temporary Hours 1 to 5 p. m. PHONES: Office 621, Residence 115 Phone 324

DR. A. H. WRIGHT Veterinary Surgeon Office and Residence South Roberts Avenue, Gresham, Oregon. All calls promptly attended.

INSURANCE JOHN BROWN INSURANCE Representing only RELIABLE INSURANCE COMPANIES Phone 513 Gresham, Oregon

JAMES ELKINGTON INSURANCE Accident, Surety Bonds, Fire, Automobile, Life, Health, Plate Glass. Office on Main Street Office 816 PHONES Residence 65

Chas. Cleveland, Agt. Oregon Fire Relief Ass'n. Notary Public Real Estate PHONES: Office 981, Residence 471

Gresham 517 Broadway 1733 WALTER T. MCGUIRK and C. G. SCHNEIDER Attorneys at Law FIRST STATE BANK, GRESHAM

W. S. WOOD Auctioneer VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty. Phone Vancouver 614, or Gresham Outlook 701

Contractor and Builder General Contractor Septic Tanks Jackscrews for Rent FRANK C. JONES Gresham, Ore. Phone 96x

Farm Bureaus Unite Forces. Representatives of the federal department of agriculture, specialists from the state agricultural college, and farmers of the county, find a common meeting place in the county farm bureau. The farmers adopt a program of cooperative work made up of the major farming interests of the county, and carry on each line through a local leader acting with the county agent. In this way the very best agricultural information and practices are brought into the district where most needed and applied in the most effective manner at least cost and greatest benefits to all.

WANTS

LIVESTOCK

COWS FOR SALE—Five good milk cows. Eugene Berney, Cottrell. 2

FOR SALE—Jersey bull, Mame Emperor William, sired by Jacob's Irene Prince, dam Empress of Ingleside. Have some fine daughters sired by him; are doing fine. E. R. Wright. Phone 294.

FOR SALE—Several good fresh cows. E. Baumann, Gresham, phone 901.

FOR SALE—Good fresh cow. C. Sodrequist, one mile southeast of Gresham.

WANTED—New-born calves in any number; 75 cents to \$2 each. Frank Gustafson, Gresham, phone 289.

GOOD, FRESH COWS wanted. E. Bauman, phone 901. Gresham. tf

E. J. Gradin buys cattle and hogs. Phone 359.—Adv. tf

PIGS PIGS FOR SALE, also loose clover hay. L. A. Warrell, Gresham, phone 257.

THOROUGHBRED DUROC JERSEY pigs for sale. Mrs. Takaki, near Orient schoolhouse, phone Gresham 779.

Poultry FOR SALE—Laying hens. Pen R. I. Reds, Elliott strain. One W. Wyandotte cockerel. Lucy Adams, Gresham. tf

FULL BRED WHITE LEGHORN cockerel, excellent laying strain. Price \$2.50. Mrs. C. M. Zimmerman, phone 818.

POULTRY, VEAL AND EGGS wanted. Will pay cash. Will call for them. Benson Hotel Farm, phone Gresham 781. tf

THOROUGHBRED BARRED ROCK and Black Minorca eggs for sale, \$1 a setting. Mrs. John Jonas, Fairview, phone Gresham 221.

CANARY BIRDS for sale, both male and female. Emma Grabach, 634 Front street, Portland, phone Main 468. tf

REAL ESTATE RENTALS

FOR RENT—5-room house, good garden, chicken house and barn, two lots. C. A. Pratt, phone 336.

Houses for Sale. Fine home on South Roberts avenue, 6 rooms, full set of plumbing, gas, electric lights, concrete basement, garage, fruit trees, lot 55x150. Genuine bargain, \$1700.

One-acre home. Fine location, good bungalow, hot and cold water; toilet, electric lights, garage, chicken house; fine assortment of fruit; \$1650.

Here is a dandy home on Wallula Heights, 5 rooms with all modern conveniences, fine lawn and fruit, half acre ground on paved street, nothing better in this locality; \$2700 KRIDER & ELKINGTON, Phone 17x.

WANTED TO RENT—Modern house, about 6-room, or will trade for income Portland property. Dr. Adix, Estacada. tf

FARMS WANTED—We can sell yours if price is right; have many calls for improved places from 5 to 40 acres. Krider & Elkington. 2

Bargains in Real Estate. Thirty acres, about a mile northeast of Boring. Three acres cleared, no buildings, running water. All fenced. Price \$3000.

Twenty acres about 1 1/2 miles southeast of Boring. Good five-room house; four acres clear. Price \$2500. Terms if desired. J. C. Shultz, Gresham, phone 51x1. tf

FOR SALE—Good Stock farm, 122 acres. Small meadow. Nice spring. Some good timber. One corner reaches river. No buildings. One mile from school and village; \$37.50 per acre. Any terms that will secure sale. No trades. Will take liberty bonds. Geo. F. Honey, Gresham, Oregon.

FOR SALE—The Anderson home on Wallula Heights. Five-room modern house, barn, 1 1/2 acres of land fruit and berries. F. A. Anderson, 658 Multnomah street, Portland, Phone East 7845. tf

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—\$25 per ton, clover or oat and vetch hay, near Cottrell schoolhouse. Inquire of R. Spiers. Phone 719. R. L. Lansdowne.

LOST—Sack of feed on the Palmquist road between Gresham and Gillis station. Finder notify J. A. Palmquist, phone 429. tf

WANTED—Incubator, 2000 to 3000-size. Cyphers preferred. Must be good. N. W. Jackson, Gresham, R. A., Phone 35x4. I

FOR SALE—Sorted potatoes at \$1.50 per hundred, delivered in one or more bag lots, delivered in Gresham and vicinity. Marion Johnson, phone 251.

CULL POTATOES wanted for feed. E. W. Aylsworth, phone 43. tf

Mountain Meadow Butter

Manufactured by SANDY CREAMERY CO. The name "Mount Hood Butter" has heretofore been used by permission of the Mount Hood Ice Cream Co., which has all its dairy products registered under that title. That permission has ceased, hence the change of name, which became effective on January 1. "Mountain Meadow Butter" will be found at all the leading stores in the county. Ask for it

