

GRESHAM OUTLOOK
TWICE A WEEK

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Phone 701

"The Linotype Way is the Way that Wins."

Official paper of the Town of Gresham
Official paper of the Town of Fairview.

Entered as second-class matter March 3, 1911, at the Postoffice at Gresham, Oregon, under the Act of March 3, 1879.



JOINING CITY AND COUNTY.

The consensus of opinion regarding the proposed consolidation of the city of Portland with Multnomah county seems to be that the measure is permanently shelved, so far as the present legislature is concerned. The voters at this end of the county feel toward this bill as does the editor and publisher of the Oregon Voter. Here are his views:

That constitutional amendment providing for consolidating the City of Portland with Multnomah county is a poor one to support. The question of whether it is advisable to consolidate county and city government in so far as it applies to the city is aside from the main purpose of this proposed amendment. The amendment provides for a straight consolidation of the entire county with the city.

This means taking local self government away from Gresham, Troutdale and every little community in the county outside of Portland. It also means putting all the county school district. The rural and small town people will not want this if they wake up to what it means.

The trouble with this amendment is that it springs from the Portland city hall, within which there is little conception of what the state of Oregon is outside of the city limits of Portland. The aspirations, problems and conditions of the farming and small-town population outside of Portland's city and suburban limits are about as unknown to the officials of the city as is higher astronomy. For the city to fasten its government upon the rural sections of a great county—all the way from the swamps of Deer Island to the summits of the Cascade Range,—would be a civic crime.

If the outside people wake up to what is impending over them, they will defeat this amendment should it go to the people for a vote. They will appeal to rural sections all over Oregon to take a swat at the Portland Hog, and said hog will be spanked until its fat sides turn a rosy pink. The amendment should never be submitted to the people of the state in its present form.

So far as consolidating those portions of the county government that have to do with the city alone, that is a complex governmental problem by itself, and would require careful study over a prolonged period by a competent committee. It is doubtful whether there would be any real economy, but there might be. The city is administered more economically than the county, but whether the city could administer what now are county affairs with greater economy is a debatable question.

There is little duplication between city and county, much as is heard of it. Talk about duplication between the sheriff's office and the police department. The main work of the sheriff's office, so far as the city is concerned, is service of legal process. It is doubtful whether legal process could be served more economically by a uniformed police officer. Perhaps it could be, but it is doubtful. So far as police work done by the sheriff is concerned, it usually is of a kind that is not done by the police, either from neglect or for some other reason. The fact that the sheriff's office can make a booze raid once in a while and gain some newspaper notoriety out of it does not operate to make the police department any less efficient. This duplication may actually be in the public interest.

There is more to this city and

county consolidation question than merely cheering the consolidation idea and adopting thoughtless resolutions such as are so easy to put through some of Portland's lunch-con clubs.

WOMAN LEGISLATOR MAKES GOOD.

There is due our legislators at Salem, and especially our woman legislator, Mrs. Alexander Thompson, a vote of confidence from the people of this state. The signing of House Bill No. 149 by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house on Monday, Oregon took the lead among the states of the union in establishing a minimum wage for teachers.

Always to the fore where the welfare of our children is at stake, Mrs. Thompson introduced this bill as a safeguard against the collapse of the teaching profession. In ringing tones she extolled our teachers as "the mainstays of civilization and decency." She quoted figures to show that the living expenses of the teachers had advanced out of all proportion to any increase in their wages.

There was no lobbying for this bill. The teachers left the matter entirely to the fairness and good judgment of our lawmakers, and the overwhelming majorities in both houses demonstrated that their confidence had not been misplaced.

So now we have made a self-respecting start with a minimum wage of seventy-five dollars a month for the teachers of the rural, thinly populated districts.

We recognize, of course, that our teachers are the custodians of future civilization. So let us dignify their charge with proper appreciation and recompense. Brains and efficiency have a high market value in the business world, and in order to attract and keep a high standard of school instructors we must expect to meet competition, and pay the salaries.

It is only by a very substantial increase in the salaries of teachers that we may hope to keep the cream of the profession. There is nothing too good for our children; we must have the cream. Small increases of from 5 to 20 per cent will prove no inducement to the many high grade teachers who are defending remunerative employment in other lines of industry. While the cost of living has advanced 80%—food 85%; clothing 106%; drugs 103%; fuel 53%; and house furnishings 75%—the salaries of teachers have increased only about 12%. The purchasing power of the salary of a teacher is about 62% what it was four years ago. No teacher, no matter how strong her love of her profession, can be expected to tolerate the indignity and injustice of this flagrant undervaluation.

PORTLAND AUTO SHOW.

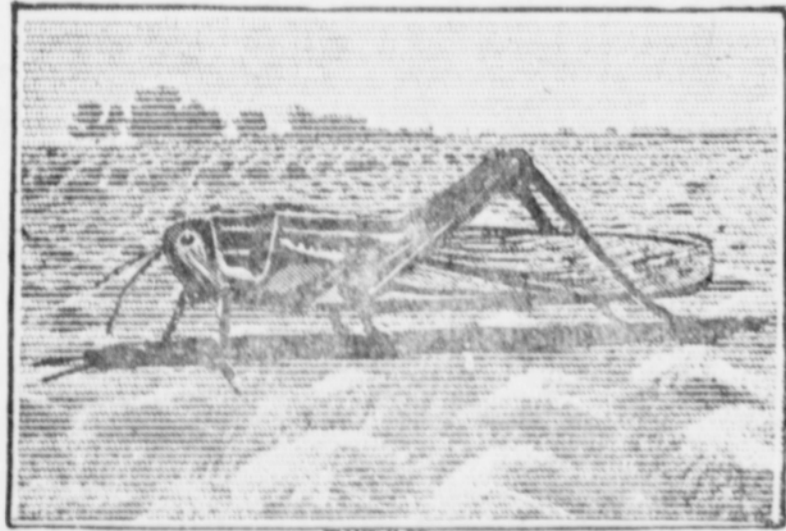
Practically the entire population of the world is keenly interested in motor driven vehicles. This is one reason why the annual automobile show opens with a record-breaking attendance.

Portland automobile dealers have prepared a wonderful event which will be held in the Hippodrome all of next week. Never before have such a variety of models of automobiles, trucks, and tractors been on exhibit on the Pacific coast under one roof. This is a golden opportunity to school oneself on the latest designs and mechanisms.

Fifty-five thousand square feet of floor space—225 motor driven vehicles! When you remember that two years ago it was a difficult matter to get the voters of our state to sanction a two million dollar bond issue for road building, while today it is an easy task to persuade our lawmakers to put through a ten million road bond, one can grasp the feeling of the general public toward good roads, motor cars and trucks.

A feature of the auto show will be the exhibition of the famous Liberty motor, as well as a British Whippet tank.

SEVENTEENTH CROP MAY YET BE LOCUSTS



The 17-year locust in all his pesty crop destruction habits is scheduled for an American appearance again this year. The Department of Agriculture warns that the invasion this year may be one of the worst on record. Arsenic and bran—fed to the locusts—will kill them off in droves. Theory has it that the locust eggs lie in the ground for 17 years before hatching—thus accounting for the long periods between appearances. South America comes forward with an idea which in time to come may mean the American farmers' seventeenth crop will be—Locusts—and at a handsome profit. It is found that dead locusts' bodies consist largely of nitrogen and phosphoric acid. Therefore, soap, fertilizer and lubricating oils may yet be a by-product of a "locust year."

Letters for Thoughtful Readers

SUPPORTS ARGUMENT AGAINST THE DANCE

Portland, Oregon, Feb. 20, 1919.—Editor Outlook:—A letter published in your paper under date of February 18th signed by Millie R. Trumbull belittling the stand a Mr. Earl B. Cotton had nerve enough to take, makes it impossible for me to keep quiet and I also ask for space in which to make a few comments.

When I say it took nerve for Mr. Cotton to take the stand he did, I mean exactly what I say. It means social suicide for him, not only by people who find no objections to it and very seldom take a definite stand on any moral question, but sad as it may sound, this pernicious thing called the "dance" is slowly and slyly creeping into the churches and is being tolerated by some churches who a few years ago denounced it as one of the surest roads to a downfall that had ever been invented by the very devil himself.

The writing of these lines may mean social suicide to me also, but thank God I am willing to die, ten times over, yes, a thousand times over, if I can have just one chance to hit this damnable thing and hit it hard.

The social evil, and I know what I am talking about, as I have come in contact with it in its every stage. Has the Ministerial association of the city of Portland backed up into a corner where they are afraid to move, let alone speak out loud about it? If they have spoken it has been so feeble that I have never even heard a whisper and I have had my ears open listening for a sound of protest. Every Friday night dances are held in the public schools of the city of Portland under the supervision and under the direction of the Parent-Teacher association. I say it is a shame and a crime that our young people, of grammar school age, are deliberately turned over to the old devil, without a word of protest from the ministers. If they do not raise their voices, pray tell me, who should.

I find children who dance take little or no interest in the Sunday school. I find grown people who dance take little or no interest at all in the church. If they do take any interest at all it is in the social program only and lend absolutely no assistance to the spiritual growth of the church. That is the most important part of the church work, saving souls. If this is of God and the dancing crowd take no interest in it then the dance must come from the devil because he never was in all his history interested in saving a soul for heaven but has been busy busy destroying souls and sending them to hell. If that is not the chief business of the devil, then English is not English and we might just as well throw away the Bible and Christianity, the fundamental plank upon which these United States are founded.

I thoroughly agree with Mrs. Trumbull when she says we should open our schoolhouses as neighborhood centers, where all the parents (not a few) and children, little and big could gather for evening entertainments and games. But why does she have to stick in that word dance? Can an evening be passed in games and entertainment without the dance? If this is the case, then you can see what a hold this terrible thing has on the American people today. If it has a hold on the people to this extent then there must be a reason for it and this reason is the lust of the flesh. If any one denies this, let him or her produce to the world the dance where those of like sex dance with each other, and then let him produce this spectacle week after week and year after year and age after age, and when this done, then and only then, will I take back the statement that the dance's popularity lies in the physical passions which it arouses.

Do you have periodic attacks of headache accompanied by sickness of the stomach or vomiting, a sallow skin and lull eyes? If so, you can get quick relief by taking Chamberlain's Tablets as directed for biliousness, and you may be able to avoid these attacks if you observe the directions with each package.—Adv.

When in doubt try a Want Ad.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Multnomah County. In the Matter of the Estate of Mary Guinn, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the County Court of the state of Oregon, for the County of Multnomah, executrix of the estate of Mary Guinn, deceased, and has qualified as such.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and required to present the same, properly verified as required by law, to the undersigned at Room 314 Spalding Bldg., Portland, Oregon, on or before six months from the date of the first publication of this notice.

Dated and first published February 14, 1919.
IDA M. McMONIES,
Executrix of the Estate of Mary Guinn, Deceased.
J. J. JOHNSON,
314 Spalding Bldg., Portland, Ore.
Attorney for Executrix.

Y. M. C. A. SECRETARY ANSWERS CRITICISMS

San Francisco, February 13, 1919.—Editor Outlook:—You have received letters from me before; you have been using my "copy" and you have been eminently fair. Today the organization which I have had the honor to serve is being criticized. Perhaps a portion of that criticism is just.

I know from thirty years newspaper experience that the editor desires to be fair, to give the truth to his readers. I know that you have no desire to strike at an institution that for years has stood for all that is best in American life.

The newspapers of the west have been splendid, ever ready to give of their space for war work activities, ever patriotic and always sincere. I do not hesitate to go to you now and ask you to be fair in your treatment of the Y. M. C. A.

Eighty per cent of the criticism leveled against the Y. M. C. A. war work is apparently malicious and untruthful. Take one example, the charge that the Y. M. C. A. sold gift tobacco, that soldiers who purchased tobacco at a Y. M. C. A. canteen found inside the package a card with the name of the donor inscribed.

This statement is made repeatedly. What is the answer to it? Simply this, that the Y. M. C. A. purchased the tobacco from the Quartermaster's department of the United States Army and when it was discovered that it was gift tobacco the money was refunded to the soldiers where it was possible.

When the government was called upon to investigate the matter and after its investigation assumed full responsibility for the error, stating that the shipment was not labeled and that it had sold this tobacco to the Y. M. C. A. and that the Y. M. C. A. had paid for it and did not know it was gift tobacco.

Yet the story of how the Y. M. C. A. sold gift tobacco is told and retold. No amount of explanation can overcome the harm that oft repeated story has wrought.

When it is considered that the Y. M. C. A. operated 3500 huts at home and overseas, seven times as many as all the other welfare agencies combined, that it had 10,000 men and women war workers, virtually ten times as many as all the other agencies, that nine Y. M. C. A. workers were killed in France, thirty-one died from exposure or overwork, twenty-three were seriously wounded or gassed, hundreds received minor injuries, ten were decorated for bravery and others cited in army orders for similar service under duress, it would appear that the organization had at least been actively engaged in looking after the welfare of the fighting men.

The Y. M. C. A. lost thousands of dollars on the canteen the government requested it to take over; it sent its men wherever the American soldier was sent; it was forced to meet conditions which appeared unsurmountable, it rendered a red-blooded service overseas and because a few men may have been below standard, its whole personnel should not be assailed.

It is not true that it profiteered; it is not true that it sold gift tobacco intentionally; it is not true that it failed to serve the men in the front line trenches; it is not true that it was a failure in France.

It is true that it furnished hundreds of warm, comfortable huts, entertainments, motion picture shows, lectures, religious services, that it provided paper and envelopes, books and magazines. \$12,000,000 has also been sent home through the Y. M. C. A. by the boys in France without any charge whatever.

Is all this great helpful, personal, humane service to be overlooked, to be forgotten, to be thrown into the discard and an institution that Premier Clemenceau said so maintained the morale of the fighting men that without it the war would have been lost, to be assailed, mercilessly, because but one side of the story is known?

F. F. RUNYON,
Assistant Secretary.

Rich Lands Await Recovery.

Oregon has lost one of its well-known conservation leaders who helped keep it at the top in all war work measures. Miss Anna M. Turley, state leader of home demonstration agents, has resigned to enter Columbia university, New York. She will be succeeded by Mrs. Jessie D. McComb, assistant state leader during the big war drives. The new state leader is not only familiar with all phases of the work in Oregon but has had wide experience in home demonstration work. Prior to coming to Oregon she had charge of special government work in Porto Rico. She is a graduate of O. A. C. and Nebraska and Columbia universities.

That Terrible Headache.

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Attorney for Executrix.

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If you have Cattle of any kind to sell or wish to buy

Livestock Hauling by Truck
at a reasonable price
E. BAUMANN
GRESHAM, OREGON

WANTS

LIVESTOCK
COWS
FOR SALE—Young fresh cow. S. S. Thompson, phone 54x4.
FOR SALE—Several good fresh cows. E. Baumann, Gresham, phone 901.
WANTED—New-born calves in any number; 75 cents to \$2 each. Frank Gustafson, Gresham, phone 289.

GOOD, FRESH COWS wanted. E. Bauman, phone 901. Gresham. tf
E. J. Gradin buys cattle and hogs. Phone 359.—Adv. tf

HORSES
FOR SALE—1100-lb. horse, sound and true. Albert Palmblad, phone 38x1, Gresham. tf

Poultry
BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK EGGS for setting, for sale. Mrs. C. Powell, phone 25x.
CANARY BIRDS for sale, both male and female. Emma Grabach, 634 Front street, Portland, phone Main 468. tf

REAL ESTATE RENTALS
Farms Wanted.
We have several calls for 5-10 and 20-acre farms, well improved. If yours is for sale see us at once. Krider & Elkington. Phone 17x.
FOR RENT—Twenty acres, 4 acres cleared; balance pasture. House, barn and orchard. Write W. R. Crozier, 94 East 35th street, Portland, Oregon, or phone Gresham 42x3. 1

FOR SALE—17 1/2 level acres, four miles from Gresham, near Base Line. Thirteen cleared, two timber, balance stump pasture. All kinds of fruit. Fair buildings, \$250 per acre. Mark Nickerson, owner, Portland, R. A. Phone Gresham 155.

FOR RENT—6-room modern bungalow; gas, electricity, bath, etc. Good garage, corner 4th and Hood. Enquire Bank of Gresham. tf

FOR SALE—Good Stock farm, 122 acres. Small meadow. Nice spring. Some good timber. One corner reaches river. No buildings. One mile from school and village; \$37.50 per acre. Any terms that will secure sale. No trades. Will take liberty bonds. Geo. F. Honey, Gresham, Oregon.

FOR SALE—The Anderson home on Wallula Heights. Five-room modern house, barn, 1 1/2 acres of land fruit and berries. F. A. Anderson, 658 Multnomah street, Portland, Phone East 7845. tf

MISCELLANEOUS
AMERICAN WONDER seed potatoes for sale. Phone 136. G. W. Alder, R. A. Gresham.
CAR OF WOOD from large grown timber will be here February 20. Delivered at \$7.50 a cord. Telephone 79x. J. H. Hoss.
LOOSE HAY for sale. Robert Strablin, Gresham, phone 788. tf

FIRST-CLASS FRUIT TREES for sale cheap! Apply to J. N. Clannahan, Main street, Gresham, phone 51x.
FOR SALE—Sorted potatoes at \$1.50 per hundred, delivered in one or more bag lots, delivered in Gresham and vicinity. Marion Johnson, phone 251.

CULL POTATOES wanted for feed. E. W. Aylsworth, phone 43. tf
GIRL OR WOMAN wanted for general housework. Mrs. F. Fox, Troutdale, phone Gresham 845.
WANTED—Cedar fence posts, small potatoes, tugs and hames. Also Leghorn pullets. Phone 78x4.
Chevrolet parts and repairing. C. E. Osburn & Co.
Auto top repairing. First-class work, reasonable prices. S. E. Palmquist, Gresham.

Changes are constantly taking place in Chipman's second-hand stock. Better see him quick.
A Cold Weather Warning.
"Hard cranking and sluggishness of the motor in cold weather indicates a serious condition in the motor due to the use of a poor cold test oil, one that congeals or thickens and does not lubricate correctly in cold weather," said C. A. McCarty, Special Agent of the Standard Oil Company yesterday.

"A poor cold test oil will not flow and properly lubricate until it has been warmed by the motor running for some fifteen to thirty minutes, during which time excessive friction is present and serious wear takes place in the cylinders and bearings.
"Motorists can avoid this danger and annoyance by using Zerolite which is refined from California crude of the naphthene series. This oil has a natural zero cold test because it contains no paraffine to congeal at low temperatures. It keeps the motor flexible and easy to turn over during cold weather and insures corete lubrication of the automobile right from the start."

Dreadful Cough Cured.
A severe cold is often followed by a rough cough for which Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven especially valuable. Mrs. F. W. Olsen, Marysville, Mo., writes: "About two years ago my little boy Jean caught a severe cold and coughed dreadfully for days. I tried a number of cough medicines but nothing did him any good until I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieved his cough right away and when he had finished taking one bottle he was cured. I think it is just fine for children."—Adv.