

COUNCIL WILL PASS CITY LAW WITH PENALTY

A recent communication from the pastor and council of Zion Evangelical church of Gresham to the city council, informing that body that German services would be resumed, was published in the Outlook several issues ago. That letter was transmitted to the office of the United States district attorney in Portland by Recorder Miller and came officially before the council again on Wednesday at an adjourned meeting.

A reply to the letter was received from Assistant United States District Attorney John J. Beckman, who stated there is no federal law bearing on the matter and suggested a city ordinance prohibiting the public use of German. A communication was also read from the secretary of the Loyal American League asking for such action.

A motion prevailed to have a committee of three appointed to draft an ordinance for the suppression of the German language in public gatherings. All the communications were placed on file.

Members of the council held a lengthy discussion of the prevailing epidemic after which an order was made that all schools, churches and public meetings should be closed again until Monday, January 20, by which time it was hoped there would be an abatement of the disease. It was also ordered that the quarantine ordinance be strictly enforced.

An order was issued requiring the P. R. L. & P. Co. to repair certain street lights and giving the company notice that the light at Powell street and South Roberts avenue will not be paid for. An extra light was ordered on First street.

Bonds of the treasurer, marshal and recorder were approved and these officers were sworn in for a two-year term each. Mayor Kenney and councilmen W. C. Metzger and E. H. Kelly were also given their oath of office for two years.

City Treasurer John H. Metzger gave his monthly report of the finances of the city. The report showed a deficit in the water fund of \$476.04 on December 1. Receipts for the month were \$319.07, out of which warrants were paid amounting to \$293.88, leaving a deficit on January 1 of \$459.85.

The general fund showed a balance on hand December 1 of \$3340.57, with no receipts during the month. Expenditures were \$72.50, the sum of \$3268.07 being on hand the first day of the new year.

The following bills were ordered paid:

Water rent, December.....	\$ 97.42
J. H. Metzger, salary, etc.....	13.10
J. G. Metzger, salary.....	70.00
L. L. Kidder, pipe, etc.....	207.00
K. A. Miller, salary.....	30.00
C. E. Osburn, pipe, etc.....	4.10
Outlook, printing.....	11.35
A. W. Metzger, Mdse.....	2.00
Jones Lumber Co., lumber.....	8.70
H. McGinnis, labor.....	21.00
J. E. Metzger, services.....	2.00
Street lights, December.....	170.00
P. W. Ledine, laying pipe.....	120.00

Rev. M. B. Paroungian of Salem, state Sunday school missionary of the Methodist Episcopal church and former pastor in Gresham, was a caller on friends here today. Mr. and Mrs. Paroungian and their daughters, Mary and Esther, have been ill with influenza but are fully recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Metzger are in receipt of a letter from their son Bert from a military hospital in New York saying that he is improving rapidly. According to the information obtained in the letter, he was to leave for Camp Lewis yesterday.

Save for the country's sake.

MRS. P. A. JOHNSON TO BE BURIED ON TUESDAY

Mrs. P. A. Johnson, whose death occurred at her home in Powell Valley last Sunday, January 5, will be greatly missed in the community, where she was loved for her good qualities and for her activities in all good works. She was a member of the Swedish Lutheran church and took an active part in all church work.

Mrs. Johnson's maiden name was Emma Nelson. She was born in Sweden, February 15, 1869. She came with her parents to this country in 1888 and lived in Michigan for eight years, where she was married to P. A. Johnson. Eight children were born to them. One, Anna, died about eight years ago aged 17 years. Those surviving are John A., a soldier at Camp Meade, Maryland; Mrs. August Johnson of Kelson; Nellie, Lilly, Carl, Emma and Hilma of the family home. They came to Oregon in 1896 and settled in Powell Valley where they have a fine home in which Mrs. Johnson was a loving mother and home maker.

The funeral will be held at the Powell Valley Lutheran church on Tuesday, January 14 at 2 p. m. The interment will be at Douglass cemetery. Her son, John A. Johnson, has been summoned by telegraph and is now on the way home. The other members of the family, five of whom were sick with influenza when Mrs. Johnson died, are all getting better.

BROTHER-IN-LAW DIES IN CARSON CITY, NEV.

Geo. Leslie has received word from Carson City, Nev., that his brother-in-law, John Edward Bray had died suddenly of heart disease on New Year's eve.

Mr. Bray was superintendent of public instruction, an office he had held for ten years. His term had just expired. He had devoted his whole life to the upbuilding of the schools of Nevada. He had been the principal of the high schools at Reno, Gold Hill, Dayton and Virginia City. His work led to his election and his long tenure of office.

Mr. Bray is survived by his wife, Mrs. Minnie Leslie Bray, who is a sister of Mr. Leslie, and two daughters, Mildred and Florence.

ONLY ONE CHANGE IN BANK DIRECTORY

Election of officers of the Bank of Gresham yesterday resulted in only one change in the board of directors. C. E. Osburn was chosen as one of the board and the list now stands as follows: A. F. Miller, H. A. Lewis, W. Markell, Emanuel Anderson, F. A. Halliday, K. A. Miller and C. E. Osburn.

Following the board election the following were named as officers for the coming year: President, A. F. Miller; vice president, W. E. Markell; cashier, K. A. Miller; assistant cashier, Miss Mabel Shipley.

BULL RUN GIRL NOW IN FRANCE

Miss Vera Allen, of Bull Run, a graduate nurse of the Good Samaritan hospital, left New York, December 1st, and arrived safely overseas on December 10th, according to word received by her mother, Mrs. Allen, of the Bull Run store. Miss Allen will go directly to Paris, where she expects to sign up for a year's work. She has specialized in the use of anesthetics.

A woman who is jealous of her husband always makes other men laugh if they know the husband.

As long as you are hard up you will not lie on a bed of soft down.

A half told truth is better than none.

METHODS OF DISCHARGING SOLDIERS IS REGRETTED BY CONGRESSMAN MCARTHUR



C. N. McARTHUR.
Washington, D. C., January 6.—

Special to Outlook:—In answer to numerous requests that he use his influence to secure the discharge of individual soldiers, sailors and marines from active service, Representative McArthur today stated that neither the War or Navy Departments would discharge a man from the service upon the recommendation of a senator or congressman, but that such action would be taken only upon the recommendation of the immediate commanding officer.

The following is a statement given out today by Mr. McArthur on this subject:

"Since the signing of the armistice I have received many letters and telegrams asking that I secure the release of men from the army and navy, and I will say that a very large majority of these cases have been altogether meritorious and that in my judgment the men affected are entitled to an early discharge. Both the War and Navy Departments, however, have politely but firmly advised me that men will not be discharged from the service upon request of a senator or congressman, but that their cases will be considered only upon recommendation of their immediate commanding officers. This rule may seem harsh and unjust, but if it were otherwise the service in both the army and navy would soon become badly demoralized. I am therefore

COWS NOT GIVEN FULL CREDIT FOR THEIR PRODUCTS USED AT HOME

The prime object for which cows are kept is, of course, the direct income which they bring to their owners. Still, they are of great value on any farm in many other ways, but we often do not give them credit for this. Too many of us make the mistake of measuring the value of our cows, when we sell them, by the apparent profit they bring us, and some of us miss good buys when we measure the value of cows offered us in the same manner because other value them more highly.

It is seldom that a dairyman gives the cows credit for the milk and butterfat that he uses, but this is usually a large item. In a family of five there will likely be used about four pounds of butter a week, or 210 pounds a year, the value of which will be \$75 for the year. Milk to the value of half this will be used by the same family in the same period of time making a total of \$112.50.

A herd of ten cows when properly managed will produce seven or eight calves a year; at any rate, we may say that seven will be raised to maturity. If the calves are only ordinary ones, they will be worth about \$25 each when six months old, and we should give the cows credit for all this over the expense of keeping the calves for this length of time which will not be very much if we feed on skim milk and allow the calves to run on cheap pasture, where they will require little care. We should give the cows more than half the value of the calves at six months old. If the calves are of good breeding, preferably from registered stock they will be of much greater value.

If the milk is separated upon the farm or the milk taken to the creamery and the skim milk returned, there will likely be as many as 12 pigs raised upon the skim milk, if

fore advising those who wish to secure the release of relatives and friends from the service to have their applications made through the commanding officers.

"The War Department advises me that enlisted men may be discharged upon their own application where there is sickness or other distress in the soldier's family, or where he is needed to resume employment in an industry or occupation in which there is urgent need of his services; provided such discharge will not disrupt or cripple the military organization to which he is attached. This regulation applies to all soldiers who enlisted or who were inducted into the service since April 1st, 1917. Men who enlisted in the regular army prior to that time must serve out their full enlistments.

"The Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department has authorized all commanders and commanding officers to release from active service and discharge from their enlistments 20 per cent of the naval reservists and enlisted men of the regular navy who enlisted for the duration of the war, and also 10 per cent of the men who enlisted in the regular navy for four years between the declaration of war (April 6, 1917) and January 11, 1918. Commanding officers have full authority to make these discharges without referring them to the bureau for approval.

"Inasmuch as considerable confusion exists in the public mind as to the proper method of securing discharge from the naval or military service, I have taken the liberty of issuing this public statement. I would be glad to lend assistance in the matter of securing the discharge of soldiers, sailors and marines where there is need of their services at home, but under the rules laid down by both the War and Navy Departments it is quite apparent that congressional interferences in these matters is not desired, and in fact I have observed that where efforts are made to exert such influence the results are sometimes disastrous to the men who desire to secure their release from the service.

"I feel that there should be some tribunal whereby an appeal might be taken by a soldier or sailor in case of an adverse decision by his commanding officer, but unfortunately I am not empowered with any authority to lay down the policies of the War and Navy Departments in this respect."

hogs are kept upon the farm as they should be with other livestock if we are to get the greatest returns from our holdings of livestock. Skim-milk having furnished the greater part of the ration of the pigs, its value to us will be about half the value of the finished hog. The hogs should weigh 250 pounds each when a year old, at the least, and their value will be, for the 12, at least \$450. Thus our skim-milk will have been worth \$225.

The total amount of manure that a cow makes each year is worth about \$30, in most cases the liquid manure, is wasted, and the solid manure undergoes a loss of nitrogen, thus losing in value so that from each cow we can save only about \$15 worth of manure a year. Thus, the manure from a herd of 10 cows will be worth \$150 when used in the right way.

A fairly good cow will produce 300 pounds of butter a year, but if ours only produce 250 pounds of butter in this period of time we make a profit, though we should by no means be satisfied with this production. At any rate, we will get 2,500 pounds of butter from 10 cows, which will sell for approximately \$900. When we are satisfied with his production. At above, we have the sum of \$1,487.50, our gross indirect and direct income from the herd.

To be sure, things will never work out just like the case imagined, but these cold figures show why it pays to keep cows on the farm. Another good reason for keeping cows is that they consume feedstuffs that might otherwise go to waste. Really, this fact is of great importance, and when it is linked to the further fact that the raising of the proper feedstuffs for our cows enables us to work out a better rotation for our farms, it assumes much greater importance.

SCHOOL OF METHODS AT COUNTY CONVENTION

Announcement is made by the Multnomah County Sunday School association of a "School of Methods" to be conducted in Portland, Tuesday to Friday (January 14 to 17, inclusive) in conjunction with the annual county convention. All phases of Sunday school work are to be studied in classes conducted by experts in work of children's, young peoples' and adults' divisions. There will also be classes for superintendents and pastors.

The county association is fortunate in securing the services of two specialists from Washington, Mrs. E. C. Knapp of Spokane, a well known leader in work for younger children, and Mr. Walter C. Moore of Seattle, an expert in work of superintendents' and young peoples' divisions. Leading pastors and other prominent workers will also have a place on the program. Classes in the various subjects will be conducted simultaneously throughout the session.

YOUNG MOTHER PASSES, VICTIM OF INFLUENZA

Mrs. Esther McConnell of Rockwood died Thursday, January 9, 1919 following an attack of influenza. She was born August 2, 1893. She is survived by her husband, William McConnell and three children, Glenn, Marjorie and Evelyn, the two first being step-children.

The deceased was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Stensland, who survive her. She also leaves three brothers, Iver, Henry and Theodore and three sisters, Mrs. Christina Merig of Dee, Oregon, Mrs. Clara McGraw of Portland and Mrs. Evelyn Olney of Rockwood. The father and two brothers, Henry and Theodore, are in Alaska.

The body is at Carlson's undertaking parlors in Gresham and will be laid to rest at Hall cemetery on Saturday at 2:30 p. m. The burial services will be in charge of Rev. F. J. Schnell, pastor of the Rockwood church and will be at the grave, on account of restrictions on public gatherings.

SANDY DRUGGIST IN HOSPITAL SERVICE

Under date of December 1st and 4th, R. E. Esson writes from France. Speaking of Camp Hospital No. 14, with which he has been connected ever since he went over, and which he helped establish, it consisting of tents and a bonfire over which to cook, he said: "The division surgeon has twice said that this is the best hospital in his section. That is one thing that may delay my coming home—the chief surgeon having said he was going to keep this outfit till the last, to help him close up the job. I think I told you I am adjutant of this outfit and property officer. I am now engaged in writing a history of this hospital since its opening. This is for file in the war department and its compilation is some job."

AUTOS MUST CARRY 1919 LICENSE BY TOMORROW

According to Motorcycle Cop Meads, all autos must have the 1919 license on by Saturday, January 11, or the owners will be brought into court. Plenty of time has been allowed for auto owners to get their new license from Salem, and on and after the above date autos appearing in the road with the old 1918 license will be apprehended, and the owners subject to a fine of not more than \$50, according to the law. It will behoove all automobile owners to take heed and see that their cars or car, carries the new 1919 license by tomorrow.

MRS. CHAS. CARLSTEDT CALLED BY DEATH

Mrs. Emma Carlstedt of Powell Valley passed away at her home on Wednesday of pneumonia following an attack of influenza. She was born in Sweden, September 7, 1863. She leaves a husband, Chas. Carlstedt, and one son, William, 17 years of age, who is at home.

The funeral will be conducted on the lawn of the Swedish Mission church next Sunday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

Greg Cox, who has been working at Bull Run, has come home to care for his family, as Mrs. Cox and the four children are all down with the prevailing malady. All are improving.

MAY BE HELD LONGER THAN THEY EXPECT

A letter from Representative C. N. McArthur in another column gives considerable insight as to the methods of discharging soldiers. The following taken from the National Republican has more to say on the same subject and explains more fully where the fault lies:

Nathan A. Smyth, assistant director general of the employment service of the Department of Labor, makes this announcement:

"The army has indicated to the employment service that if the present rate of demobilization causes dangerous unemployment, it will seriously consider slowing down the speed."

In other words if too many of the boys get out of the service and get jobs, causing inconvenience to any non-combatant, then they will be held in service at \$30 a month as an indication of the appreciation felt by the War Department for their work in winning the war, until their release will cause no civilian any concern.

It is certainly agreeable news to the boys in Europe and in American army camps, that they may be held in service not on the basis of military necessity, but until their return can cause no possible loss of employment by those who have been able to stay at home and enjoy the opportunities of a war period.

Not long ago it was announced that Secretary of War Baker would regulate demobilization in accordance with the wishes of the Department of Labor in connection with the so-called "labor market."

The War Department, of course, has no right to determine the rate of demobilization on any basis but military necessity. The adopting of any other system represents a gross perversion of authority and a serious imposition upon the men who have made the real sacrifices of this war. Something more is at stake in this matter beside the commercial side or the political side. These men want to be with their wives and children, their fathers and mothers. They want to resume civil life and begin to make up for lost time in the matter of their profession, business or employment. Shall they be shoved aside for the benefit of men who have been exempted from military service for industrial reasons, or who have not been liable to military service or were fortunate enough not to be called to the camp or field of battle?

The cold blooded heartlessness of this plan of subordinating the welfare of the men who really won the war by placing their bodies as an offering on the altar of freedom, to the interests of non-combatants is incomprehensible. It may be supposed to be good politics, but it is not good in any other sense.

If 'dangerous unemployment' comes in this country it will be because we are buying abroad vast quantities of articles of foreign production that could better be produced here, under a tariff law intended to encourage and increase the displacement of American production through foreign importations. Is it the idea to make the American soldier the 'goat' of a system whereby American production is penalized and paralyzed?

There is absolutely no excuse for holding a soldier under arms longer than is made necessary by military requirements. Any other plan is only another one of that train of usurpations and perversions of power for which the present national administration has made itself notorious, if not famous.

FIRST STATE BANK RE-ELECTS OFFICERS

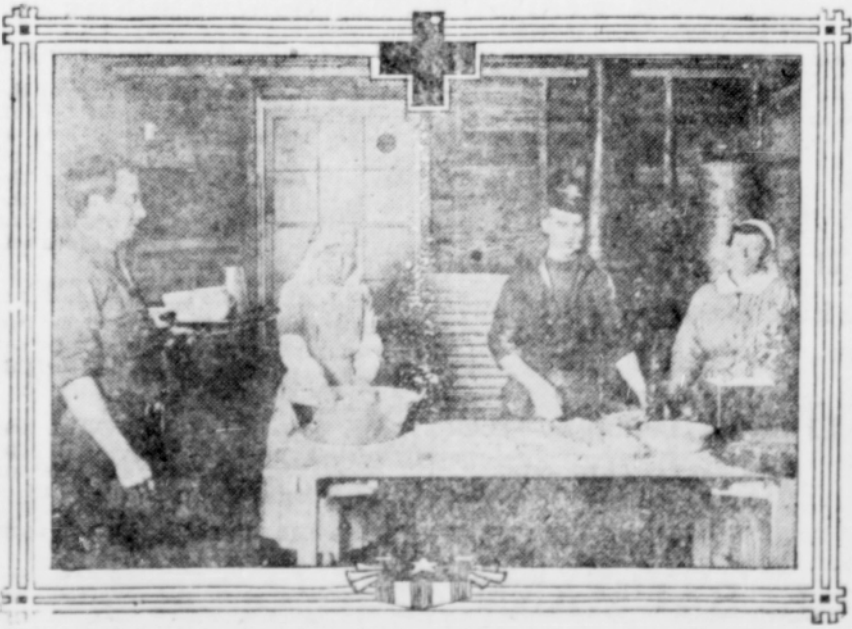
At the annual election of directors and officers of the First State Bank, held yesterday there were no changes. The list of directors and officers for the coming year are: President, A. Meyers; vice president, Theodore Brugger; C. J. Lundquist, cashier.

These three compose the board, with Miss Laura M. Shipley as assistant cashier and Miss Ruth W. Nystrom as second assistant cashier.

Buy Hats in Gresham.

No need to go outside of Gresham for stylish hats and right prices. Miss Millinery has them.—Adv.

If you haven't got it yet try a want ad.



DIET KITCHEN OF AMERICAN RED CROSS IN FRANCE.