

**GRESHAM OUTLOOK**  
TWICE A WEEK

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Phone 701  
"The Linotype Way is the Way that Wins."

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Official paper of the Town of Fairview.

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**THE LENGTH OF THE WAR.**

Sergeant Wells, who made a brief address at the farmer's picnic last Saturday, cautioned everyone to place no dependence on an early termination of the war. He seems to think it may last several years yet as, indeed, it may. There is no assurance that a small victory means a speedy triumph.

There is a certain perceptible tendency toward gratuitous optimism which implies so palatable an encouragement to those who may be building hopes on an early termination of the war as to warrant a word of caution. As a matter of fact, no man knows whether the war may continue five years more, or two, or twenty. The one thing we and our allies do know about it is that it will continue until every nut, bolt and rivet of the Prussian machine is put permanently out of commission and the menace of Prussian autocracy is thrown forever with the discard.

Nothing short of this is to be considered, no proposal of compromise is to be entertained, no suggestion of peace on the basis of half-achievement is to be tolerated. It is not a mere military decision that we are after, though that must precede the full realization of our aims. The victory we seek, and the victory we are determined to have, in this war is the eternal victory for right over wrong, of liberty over tyranny, of human civilization over worse than brutish barbarism.

If this victory can be won in less than five years, so much the better. If it requires ten or more years, it must still be won. In any event, it were far safer to prepare for war of five or ten years, even though the conflict were to end a year hence, than to prepare for only one year, with the possibility of a ten-year's job ahead of us.

"Safety First" is a wholesome American slogan. Our national safety lies in thorough and determined preparation for a long war. The humiliation of belated discovery that we had suffered ourselves to be led into a trap by under-estimating the enemy's strength, or by assuming prematurely that his strength was waning, would be about the least of our troubles if we were to be deceived into relaxing our energies by a possum-playing Germany. Our enemies are still far from being licked as Sergeant Wells and others have warned us, and there must be no thought of a let-up or of being fooled by the utterances of those who are seeing visions of peace in every small victory of our armies.

**A CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE.**

Reports from the western front have been cheering and reassuring for two weeks, and even the most cautious and pessimistic may now, with perfect safety, allow themselves to admit that the victory won by the allies is sweeping. The French and Americans are advancing steadily and thus the gap through which the Germans must pass, if they are to get away, is being rapidly narrowed.

It is hard to see how the crown prince's army can escape without more terrible losses both of men and material. The allied artillery has been raking it, and allied airmen are bombarding it. How many men have been killed or wounded it is impossible to say, but the number is known to be considerably in excess of 100,000. Many thousands of prisoners and more than 1000 machine guns have been captured.

Unlike other offensives, especially those of the Germans, the present one grows greater with each dispatch. There are some who feel sure that it is but part of a greater movement that will soon be undertaken. Whether this is so or not, there can be no question that the movement now under way is itself a great movement. One little item in the dispatches makes it clear that the allied commander is not likely to do anything rash, or to allow himself to be caught as the crown prince has been.

An officer is quoted as saying that there was no present intention to capture Soissons, though Secretary Baker at one time announced its probable capture. It is now reported that the capture of the place is not necessary,

since the town is wholly commanded by the allied artillery. And in the second place an occupation might have the effect of exposing the allied left flank to an attack from the north.

As things stand today, the Germans have been forced to use for defense much of their reserve that had been held for offensive purposes. Paris and Rheims are safe; both the German flanks are in the greatest jeopardy, and the great German offensive that was started two weeks ago yesterday has ended in total failure. On the other hand General Foch is for the first time able to use his reserves with a practically free hand, and that is what he is doing, as has been proved by his throwing the British into the fight. Out of their five great offensives the Germans have got nothing, though hundreds of thousands of lives have been thrown away. Perhaps the German people will one day demand a reckoning. For the truth cannot always be kept from them.

**OUIJA BOARD NOVELS.**

A Tacoma judge found a law to punish a slanderer of George Washington after he had been dead for more than a hundred years, and there probably should be a law in this country to protect the famous dead from the present-day business of attributing remarks, and, in some instances, whole literary productions, to them.

The spirit novel is becoming too common. Anyone who has a dollar or two to purchase one of the rather insignificant ouija boards can sit down, summon the spirit of Mark Twain, Jack London, Charles Dickens or anybody else and let the ouija board do the rest. Through the medium of the ouija board, Mark Twain is said to have sent back a novel from the grave. "Jap Herron" is the name of it and plans have been made to publish it with the dead humorist's name attached. However, litigation is to follow this attempt.

Mark Twain's publishers have brought suit to enjoin the publication of this book. These publishers have announced that "the result of the litigation will be such as to serve notice on all students of the occult who have a literary trend of mind that they will have to select some life preserver other than Mark Twain for the purpose of floating, or attempting to float, their productions."

All this is very interesting. Of course, the average person does not believe that one can communicate with the dead via the ouija board route. Recently a great deal of excitement was occasioned by the experiences of an established writer with one of the boards. For him and his associates it spelled out a thrilling tale of murder and sudden death, giving names, dates and street addresses. It was a good story until investigation was made. The investigation revealed that there were no such persons and never had been such persons at such addresses as were furnished and that most of the addresses were impossible to trace.

If spirit communication could be thus established a nice question of law would be involved. The courts would have to decide whether a man is bound by contract after death. Of course Mark Twain may have decided recently, that he wanted a new publisher, or it may be his latest joke. But he cannot be called to the witness stand and the average judge would overrule any attempt to take his deposition by means of the ouija board.

Ty Cobb says: "I don't believe the people care to see a lot of big, healthy young men out on the field playing ball while their brothers and sons are abroad risking their lives to conquer the Huns." Hooray, Ty! You are battling 1000 now! You ought to be a republican and live in Oregon.

Another evidence of the lofty and humane sentiments that animate our bosom is, when the day of vengeance comes we want the cables cut and the wireless stations out of gear, while justice scourges Germany and its allies for the crimes of a thousand years.

An ear specialist says deafness is increasing among the people. We haven't heard from the mouth specialists yet but you will notice that very few people are going dumb.

What's the use of playing a get-rich-quick game and have to pay the money over in war profits taxes? There never was a time when get-rich-quickery was so unpopular and futile.

If our enemies can't get shoes to wear we hope every dog-gone—we mean worse than that—one of them will get a stone bruise before tomorrow night.

There is no indication whatever of a serious shortage in transportation facilities on the roads about Gresham on a pleasant Sunday.

The next thing we can expect to hear in the way of propaganda is an appeal to be merciful to poor, suffering Germany.

The Huns evidently are having some trouble in locating that previously prepared position.

**LAND CONSCRIPTION.**

It cannot be stated too often that the proposed agrarian political party of Non-Partisan Leaguers and Labor Unions aims at taking possession of not only big business, but industries and finally the common ownership of land.

That is the policy of the British Labor party whose program is adopted officially by the elements that compose the new national party of reforms recently organized in Chicago, and the Non-Partisan League has begun to conscript acreage in North Dakota.

The plea is that large holders of lands are slackers and their land must be taken over in the name of government, and lists are being made up in each county of idle lands, and the state officials of North Dakota are directing the campaign of land conscription.

Socialists and Single Taxers welcome the new political movement as designed to carry into effect the hobbies which they have never been able to put over and which the farmers, left free to exercise their independent judgment, have always repudiated.

In Montana the movement is entirely in the hands of the socialist leaders, backed by the radical organization, and aided by every element of dissension, discord, underhanded anti-warriors, and pro-huns.

The fact remains that in no state where the Non-Partisan Leaguers put a ticket in the field is there a Socialist ticket nominated. This causes the Daily Butte Miner to say—"According to reliable reports reaching the Miner, now that the socialists in the Northwest have reorganized under the name of the Non-Partisan League, there will be no distinctive socialist ticket in the field in Montana and neighboring states this fall."

**BE STEADY.**

American troops have been heavily engaged in the great battle now in progress in France. They have inflicted great losses on the enemy. We know that they, too, themselves have suffered. Presently we shall begin to get the lists from this engagement. Let us steady ourselves and be prepared to realize that sacrifices are inevitable. Our satisfaction in success need not be diminished, but we should remember the stern business in hand and that the American army has only just begun.

August is the fly month, and the fly has had all the years since creation to become popular and his failed to make good.

The boches must be pretty good at sprinting if they are getting away from our husky young army of athletes.

Persons who stay at home in the city get the war news much more quickly than those at the summer resorts.

Working the easy marks is one form of labor that the government isn't insisting upon being done.

Another reason for that yankee dash is that the officers say "Come on" instead of "Go-on."

A hint to the war poets: German rout will rhyme with German Kraut.

He who takes the offensive last will take it best.

**ALL PLANT DISEASES CAUSE BIG LOSSES**

Importance of controlling preventable plant diseases, particularly as a wartime measure, is emphasized by the war emergency board of American plant pathologists at a conference held in Madison, Wis., according to H. P. Bars of O. A. C., commissioner for the west.

If bunt and loose smut of wheat had been completely controlled last year, the United States could have shipped an additional 33,000,000 bushels to the allies. A half million bushels more of rye might have been sent to Europe, had it not been for ergot. The total production of barley could have been increased more than 12,000,000 bushels and the amount of grain exported 35 percent by the use of formaldehyde and hot water treatments for the smuts.

Loss from oat smut in 1917 equaled the amount of grain exported to the allies and neutrals in the year—93,572,000 bushels. Smut destroyed twice as much corn as was exported last year. Late blight of potatoes reduced the crop nearly 20,000,000 bushels, or approximately ten times the amount exported last season. Loss through two diseases of beans, anthracnose and bacterial blight, amounted to almost twice the quantity of dry beans exported between July 1 and December 31, 1917.

**Dies of Wounds.**

W. H. Spinks, a Y. M. C. A. war work secretary, fell a victim to a German bombing raid three days after he reported for service at the front.

Say Thrift Stamp to the grocer.

**CANNING AND DRYING IS ONE NECESSITY**

The fruits and vegetables are now ripening and the housewife finds herself in the midst of the canning and drying season.

The canning of vegetables and meats in the home is considered by many too much trouble to be done satisfactorily. Canning by the cold-pack method does away with much of the trouble found in canning and keeping various products. This method consists of blanching (scalding), cold-dipping, packing into the jars, processing (or cooking), and sealing.

To obtain the best results a careful selection of materials should be made. They should be canned the same day picked if possible, and peas and corn should be canned within 5 hours from the time they are picked to get the best results.

The products to be canned may be blanched by being placed in a cheese cloth bag, lowered into boiling water and allowed to remain there from 1 to 15 minutes, depending on the kind of product. Remove the product from the boiling water and plunge it into cold, clean water; remove and drain for a few minutes. Then pack carefully into hot jars. In case of fruits, boiling hot syrup or hot water is added, or in case of vegetables, hot water is used with salt enough for seasoning. Place the scalded rubbers and tops on the jars, not too tightly but firmly, and place the filled jars in a kettle or boiler in which hot water covers the jars, and boil gently so that the liquid will not boil out of the jars. As soon as the product is thoroughly cooked remove the jars from the container and seal, being sure that there are no leaks, and place in a tray to cool. When cool label the jars, if desired, wrap in paper (to retain natural color of product) and store in a cool, dry place not exposed to freezing temperature.

If this method is carefully followed there will be little or no trouble in keeping the various garden products.

In canning fruits with syrup, 3 quarts of water to 2 quarts of sugar, boiled to a thin, medium-thin, medium-thick, or thick syrup may be used when sugar is high-priced and the character of the fruit is such that less sugar is required. If more sugar is required 2 quarts of water to 3 quarts of sugar may be used. Or the fruit may be canned without sugar and sweetened when the can is opened for use.

On account of the national crises in food products it is well, too, to dry as much fruit and vegetables as possible this year. The shortage of tin cans and glass containers makes it more necessary than ever that we evaporate food products instead of can them.

Complete directions for canning the various fruits, juices, vegetables, meats, and soups, also directions for drying various fruits and vegetables may be had by writing or calling the County Agent's office. Plans for constructing a small evaporator for use on the top of the cook stove may also be obtained at the office.

**FIRST ENCAMPMENT OF G. A. R. IN NORTHWEST**

Great interest is being manifested throughout the Northwest in the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic which is to be held in Portland, August 19 to 24. It will be the first encampment ever held in the Pacific Northwest and undoubtedly the last time the old soldiers of 1861-65 will ever come to the Pacific coast. Portland expects thousands of people from Washington, Idaho and Oregon to be present to welcome the veterans and to do them homage. They are the sires and grandsires of the boys of today who are fighting in France for the same eternal principles.

Members of the Grand Army, the Woman's Relief Corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., Sons and Daughters of Veterans and their families, can purchase tickets at one cent per mile by securing a certificate from the commander of the nearest G. A. R. Post.

Portland will entertain the Grand Army in magnificent style. The great parade is to be held Tuesday, August 20.

Read by all—Outlook want ads.

H. W. Snashall, president of the Farmers Mutual Fire Relief Association, reports the association has broken all former records in 1917. The annual statement shows 383 new members gained, 17 fire losses paid, aggregating \$4911; \$1,036,677 of insurance written, one assessment levied, and \$790 invested in Liberty bonds during the year. The association is entering its 14th year, and has over 4000 members carrying \$4,250,000 insurance. It has made an annual saving of over 50 per cent to its members. At the annual meeting in January Andrew Brugger of Gresham was re-elected director for the ninth year. Farmers desiring to join may obtain information from H. W. Snashall, Gresham, R. A., or Herman Loeding, secretary, 409 Stock Exchange Bldg., Portland—Adv.

**Professional and Business Ads.**

**DENTISTS**

PHONES: Office 114 Res. 115  
**W. J. OTT**  
DENTIST  
Gresham office over Anchor store, entrance next door to Hardware store. In Sandy every Tuesday and Wednesday.

PHONES—Office 517 Residence 518

**J. E. CLANAHAN**  
DENTIST  
Office: First State Bank Building  
GRESHAM, OREGON

**DR. H. H. OTT**  
DENTIST

Howitt Building Gresham, Oregon  
PHONE 113

**PHYSICIANS**

PHONES: Residence 111; Office 112

**H. H. HUGHES, M. D.**  
Hours—10-12 a. m. 2-4 and 7-8 p. m.  
Office, Howitt Building  
GRESHAM, OREGON

Office Phone 46 Res. Phone 513

**GEO. INGLIS, M. D.**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Office, over First State Bank  
Hours 1 to 5 p. m.  
GRESHAM, ORE.

Phones, Office 621 Res. 55x1

**EMILY F. BOLCOOM, M. D.**  
Physician and Surgeon  
WOMEN and CHILDREN  
Office Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m. 1 p. to 3 p. m.  
Office over Bank of Gresham

PHONES—Residence, Taber 120

Office Main 482; Home A-512  
**J. M. SHORT, M. D.**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Res. 38 East 69th St.  
Office, 111-12 Selling Building  
PORTLAND, OREGON

**DR. MABEL JANE DORING**

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

OFFICE HOURS—9 a. m. to 5 p. m.  
532 Morgan Bldg., Portland, Ore.  
Phone Marshall 183

**DR. N. PLYLER**

Licensed Chiropractic Physician

CHIROPRACTIC AND ELECTRIC TREATMENT

Consultation and Examination Free.

Office, Congdon Hotel Building

Gresham

Phone 971. Office hours: 9:30 to 12, and 2 to 5

**INSURANCE**

**JOHN BROWN**

INSURANCE

Representing only RELIABLE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Phone 512 Gresham, Oregon

**JAMES ELKINGTON**

INSURANCE

Accident, Surety Bonds, Fire

Automobile, Life, Health

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Office on Main Street

PHONES—Office 518 Residence 62

Gresham 517 Broadway 1733

**WALTER T. MCGUIRK**

and

**C. G. SCHNEIDER**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

FIRST STATE BANK GRESHAM

**W. S. WOOD**

Auctioneer

Vancouver, Washington

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Phone Vancouver 614, or

Gresham Outlook 701

**DR. A. H. WRIGHT**

Graduate Veterinary Surgeon

Office at Residence on So. Roberts Av.

Special attention given to diseases of cattle.

Have your horse's teeth examined by an expert. No charge

**Contractor and Builder**

General Contractor

Septic Tanks

Jackscrews for Rent

FRANK C. JONES

Gresham, Ore.

**Phone 901**

If you have Cattle of any kind to sell or wish to buy

Livestock Hauling by Truck at a reasonable price

**E. BAUMANN**

GRESHAM, OREGON

One-ton truck for hire. Express and hauling. H. Christensen. Phone 13.

**MILK A SUBSTITUTE FOR A MEAT DIET**

Milk is a food and not a drink. It is a meat substitute, being one of the cheapest sources of muscle building material we have. Milk also contains much lime and other minerals which aid in building and repairing every tissue of the body, especially the bones and teeth. Growing children should have plenty of milk because it supplies all the elements needed for growth during the first year. Remember milk is a food.

**Weather Forecast.**

Forecast for the period July 29 to August 3, 1918, inclusive.

Pacific Coast States: Fair except showers early in the week over northern districts; no decided temperature change.

**WANTS**

**LIVESTOCK**

**HORSES**

FOR SALE OR WILL TRADE for cow, gentle driving horse, rubber tired top buggy and harness. Good traveler and perfectly safe for women and children. Has been used for general farm work. C. M. Zimmerman. Phones 801 or 318

**COWS**

SEVERAL FRESH FAMILY COWS for sale. E. Baumann, Gresham, phone 901.

**PIGS**

PIGS AND SHOATS for sale. S. T. Lind, phone 28x1.

SOW AND PIGS for sale or pigs without the sow. M. H. Wheeler, Boring, Oregon. Phone 424.

SIX HUNDRED PULETS for sale. Price 75 cents to \$1.25 each. H. W. Cooley & Son, R. A. Gresham, phone 434.

**REAL ESTATE, RENTALS**

**Home for Sale.**

Sixty foot front by 172 1/2 deep, paved street and cement walks. All paid for and title perfect. Hull Run water, good house, garage and all modern improvements, on Main street, opposite public library, Gresham. G. W. Wonacott, Gresham, Ore.

**WANTED LOANS—**

can place \$600 and \$3000 on first-class properties, first mortgage, at once. John Brown, phone 981.

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**Fruit Wanted.**

Home Packing Co., will pay market prices for pears, blackberries, apples and quince. The minimum price for pears, \$40 per ton. Blackberries, 5 to 8 cents per pound.

PEACH PLUMS wanted at the Gresham Cannery. Phone 871.

WANTED—25 to 50 tons of first class clover or timothy hay or clover and timothy mixed. Enquire at Outlook office.

DEERING CORN HARVESTER for sale at a bargain. Cut one crop. Good as new. F. P. Coulter, phone Damascus 111.

SOMEONE SAID that Palmquist keeps tires. No, he sells them. What kind? Ajax. See him for Ajax tires. Gresham Harness Shop. 45

**For Sale.**

One L-15 Blizard Ensilage cutter, one 13-horse Sticker engine, one refrigerator plant complete with 6-horse Fairbanks Morse engine, almost new.

**SUN-DIAL RANCH,**

Fairview, Ore. Phone Gresham 611

**For Sale.**

Real bargains in good used machinery.

Miller bean harvester, Owen's bean thrasher.

One Pacific portable dragsaw, nearly new.

One No. 10 DeLaval, one No. 17 DeLaval.

One No. 7 Simplex used cream separator in good condition.

One 8 h. p. gas engine Webster magnet, nearly new.

One 1 1/2 h. p. Fairbanks Morse pumping engine, nearly new.