

## HURLBURT NOW CANDIDATE FOR ANOTHER TERM



T. M. HURLBURT.

Expressing a desire to continue his present administration of fairness, economy and humanity, Thomas M. Hurlburt, Sheriff of Multnomah County, yesterday made formal announcement of his candidacy for re-nomination at the forthcoming Republican primaries, May 17. In deciding to submit his name to the voters for the office of Sheriff, Mr. Hurlburt said that he would stand squarely and solely upon his record as a public official and desires to let the thinking men and women of this county decide for themselves whether or not he has served them faithfully and wisely.

The platform upon which Sheriff Hurlburt stands is identical to that which won him the office of Sheriff two years ago. Two years ago he made the people of this county six pre-election pledges. Each of them he says, has been fulfilled, and if he is retained for another term of two years these pledges will be kept as inviolate as they have in the past. These platform pledges follow:

"If nominated and elected, I will, during the term of office, construe my oath of office to mean a complete and efficient enforcement of the law.

"I will have no interest to serve but the public interest.

"I will give the protection of my office to all persons and all classes alike.

"I will conduct my office with strict regard to economy.

"I will at all times serve all official papers with promptness.

"I will give all prisoners in my custody humane treatment and wholesome food."

In addition to what he terms his constantly faithful service, however, Sheriff Hurlburt calls attention to a number of reforms, state-wide in scope, which have been inaugurated during the past two years through his influence and efforts.

"Chief of these reforms is the absolute elimination of all fees in the office of Sheriff with special reference to the boarding of prisoners confined in the County Jails," said Sheriff Hurlburt. "At the last session of the legislature I drafted a bill giving the counties sole supervision over the feeding of prisoners. I presented this bill to the Multnomah delegation at Salem and worked for its passage during the session. I consider this one of the biggest reforms enacted in the office of sheriff for several years, for all prisoners are now boarded at cost."

Sheriff Hurlburt likewise called attention to the bill which he introduced at the last session giving county jail prisoners good time off for good behavior, and giving them small wages when they were engaged in public work. He also worked for the passage of the finger-print identification system which is now being installed in every county in Oregon.

"I believe in giving the prisoners an incentive to be good citizens while they are serving their jail sentence, for if they get in the habit of behaving themselves while in jail they will be more likely to be better citizens when they are released," said Sheriff Hurlburt.

The determined campaign which he has waged against the illegal traffic in liquor is another point which Sheriff Hurlburt believes should count in his favor with the conscientious voters of Multnomah county. The fact that more than 250 bootleggers have been convicted in the courts of this county during the past year, he believes, will speak strongly for the efficiency of his office. It was only last week that four roadhouse managers in Multnomah

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## POMONA PATRIOTIC AND PLEASANT

### REPORT SHOWS SLIGHT LOSS FOR QUARTER

Columbia Grange	46
Evening Star Grange	173
Fairview Grange	50
Gresham Grange	50
Lents Grange	94
Multnomah Grange	103
Pleasant Valley Grange	65
Rockwood Grange	60
Russellville Grange	96
Woodlawn Grange	45
Total	799

The ten subordinate granges of Multnomah county lost eight members during the past three months according to the official reports made at the session of Pomona grange, held on Wednesday last at Lents. The decline has been very slight and is entirely due to removals from the county, the members in most cases having taken out demit cards with the intention of joining another grange elsewhere.

Pomona grange held its best meeting for a year last Wednesday the attendance filling the spacious Odd Fellows' hall at Lents from the opening hour until after ten o'clock at night. Several notable persons were present, among them being the chaplain of the California state grange who is visiting in Oregon, and Bishop W. T. Sumner, of the Episcopal diocese of Oregon.

Local men and women of prominence were also present, including Judges Gatens, Stapleton and Morrow, and H. G. Starkweather, democratic aspirant for governor. Sheriff Hurlburt, County Commissioner Holman and State Senator Orton were also there and were selected to exemplify the fifth degree work as candidates during the initiation of thirty-one new members at the evening session.

Bishop Sumner made an eloquent address, selecting "Official Citizenship" for his subject. He spoke for half an hour and told of his work in the field of education. He said that while the attendance of high school graduates at colleges and universities the county over was averaged at 31 per cent, the attendance in this state at such places of higher education is 78 per cent. He claimed that this state had an established citizenry second to none and far superior to that of many other states.

He showed that the menace to citizenship of the right sort was to be avoided if the nation were careful of who is its immigrants. He said we must have a certain restriction beyond what we have today, as after the war the foreign immigration to America would be largely deposited at San Francisco and Seattle, because of the facilities furnished by the Panama canal. Heretofore the hordes of immigrants have been largely dumped off at New York, but hereafter the steamship companies would bring them to this coast at practically the same cost of transportation.

"It will be a matter of seeing that only people of intelligence, knowledge and education must be allowed to enter," he said.

Bishop Sumner has but recently returned from a trip to the east and he brings the word that the people there are more scared as to the result of the war than we in the west. However, he said that right must prevail but it would be a long time yet. In that he conveyed the idea that the end of the war is a long way off.

Regarding Prussianism he said we must use every endeavor to refute the idea set forth in statements that the kaiser is the agent of God and that the Germans are the people chosen to bring culture and righteousness to the world. The idea, he intimated, is growing in the east among certain classes which partially accounts for the fear they are unable to conceal.

"Are we a chosen people?" he asked, and then he added: "This is a war of ideals. Democracy can be mightily imposed upon before it can be turned over to the world as ideal. Don't let us deceive ourselves."

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For men and women—cleaning, pressing and repairing done well. Peter Lenard, Powell street.

Save a loaf of bread a week. Help win the war.

### POMONA WANTS LAWS PASSED FOR FARMERS

Multnomah County Pomona grange set its seal of disapproval upon the attempt to commit the granges of Oregon to the Non-Partisan League and at the same time gave State Master Spence a well-deserved scoring for the active part he is taking in the work through his position.

For awhile it was a scene of forensic pyrotechnics, the sentiment of fully two hundred members being unanimous in condemning the league and State Master Spence along with it.

Opposition to the league and to Mr. Spence's participation in the effort to introduce it into Oregon was led by R. W. Gill, who made a ringing speech in which he laid bare the motives and actions of the Non-Partisan League and scored State Master Spence for having hoodwinked the delegates of the last state grange into endorsing it. Others made similar remarks and even went further back and deplored the fact that an affiliation had been made with the labor unions of Oregon several years ago. It was the unanimous opinion, as expressed in a vote upon two resolutions later on, that the grange should remain untrammelled and independent of any or all other agencies of a political nature.

Following Mr. Gill's speech a resolution was adopted without a dissenting vote, condemning the Non-Partisan League. It was pointed out that Mr. Spence's activities had gone so far as to delay the publication of the journal of proceedings of the last session of the state grange for several months, so that the grange members of the state might remain in ignorance of the fact that the state grange had been committed to the league's support. That action was covered by another resolution.

The resolution first referred to was introduced by Wilson Benefield, H. A. Lewis and Mary E. Palmer. It reads as follows:

Whereas, the grange is a non-sectarian and non-partisan order, and the state grange at its last session at Astoria endorsed the non-partisan league, which is a political organization, and

Whereas, the whole people of Oregon under our laws are privileged largely through grange effort to enact any law or set of laws whereby their will is made manifest by the use of the ballot, and therefore the state grange of Oregon is fully able to act in representation of the farmers of the state, and we believe it should do so without any affiliation with any political league, which, while its efforts at present might be well actuated, but which nevertheless might fall into the hands of selfish persons seeking their own political ends. Therefore be it

Resolved, that the Multnomah District Pomona Grange in session at Lents on March 20th, 1918, goes on record as not favoring any combination with any political party or league whatever, and that we instruct our representative to bring this resolution to the attention of the state grange at its next session.

Copies of his resolution will be sent to the master of every Pomona and subordinate grange in the state. The other resolution concerning the publication of the journal of proceedings is as follows:

Whereas, the proceedings of the Oregon State grange are published so long after the session of the grange, that the members lose all interest in the work of the body. Therefore be it

Resolved, that we have our delegates present this matter to the attention of the state grange, and ask that the minutes be published within 30 days after the close of the session.

### WATCH THE HEN ROOSTS, CHICKEN THIEVES HERE

Chicken thieves are making their presence known again, and all owners of these birds are cautioned to be on the lookout. Several flocks have been wiped out recently, the latest being that of August Peterson, living east of Gresham, who lost 60 out of a flock of 72 one night this week.

West of Gresham a flock of prize winners was entirely cleaned out a few nights ago. Others are reporting losses and suspicious characters have been seen around several barnyards lately.

**For Hire Service**  
Automobiles anywhere, night or day. Phone 791, Gresham, M. M. Squire.

Bargains in the Want Ads.

### STATE MASTER GETS SCORING IN RESOLUTION

As customary, when Pomona meets, there were resolutions offered for the benefit of the tiller of the soil. Present war conditions brought out several of them at the meeting last Wednesday at Lents, one of them being rather out of the ordinary. It was directed from Russellville grange and was speeded on its way to congress by the Pomona route through our delegation in congress.

This resolution recites that it is necessary for every available acre of land to be cultivated and be made to produce all kinds of grain and other things to eat. It asks that congress be prodded up in the passage of laws to bring about results that will avoid the labor shortage and tells congress how to do it:

First—Close all saloons in the United States during the war so that all saloon managers and employes may engage in useful industry—especially in war gardening and farming.

Second—Pass compulsory labor laws requiring every able-bodied man to engage continuously and actively in useful and necessary work.

Third—Shorten the school course so that teachers and pupils may work on the farms between terms.

Fourth—Fix a reasonable standard and scale of wages so far as can be done.

Fifth—Substitute women for men where work is light in any branch of service.

Sixth—Make a broad and liberal interpretation of the conscription laws consistent with justice, to the end that as many efficient farm laborers may be left to do farm work as possible.

Another resolution was read and referred to the next session for action. It seemed to meet with much favor but would be difficult to get action upon. It referred to standardization of farmers' produce and reads as follows:

Whereas, we believe that the farmer should properly standardize the principal articles of produce raised upon the farm before offering the same for sale, thus being able to demand and receive the highest market price for his produce; and

Whereas, it is practically impossible for each and every farmer to grade or standardize his produce in such a way that there would be any conformity whatever as to proper grades; and

Whereas, we believe it is to the best interest of the farmers to cooperate in the standardization and marketing of their produce, as far as the same is practical; and

Whereas, the only practical way to properly standardize such produce would seem to be to have the same assembled in a warehouse, the grading or standardizing to be done by an expert employed for such purposes. Now, therefore be it

Resolved, by Multnomah Pomona grange at regular session assembled, this 20th day of March, 1918, that we favor the establishment of community warehouses among the farmers wherever sufficient produce will warrant for the purpose of assembling the farmers produce therein, and to have the same properly standardized and stamped, thus giving to each farmer the benefit of the expert knowledge of the best help possible along those lines, and at the same time saving unto the farmers the culls.

Following the above came a "trailer" urging farmers to do the grading of their produce on the farms before taking same to market so as to save the expense which would be entailed if the standardizing were left to public officials. This resolution was also referred to the next session, and the two will be considered together as they bear an intimate relation to each other.

Fairview grange submitted a resolution protesting against the zone system of postage. This matter was but little understood but it was shown that the rates of postage on second class matter, such as newspapers and magazines, is to pay an increasing rate of postage on a zone basis from the office of publication. The resolution was adopted.

The prospect for the 1918 wheat crop in Japan is said to be very good by a report to the Department of Commerce. The 1917 crop is estimated at nearly 35,000,000 bushels.

War-Savings Stamps are worth self-sacrifice.

### A COMMITTEE FROM GRANGE WILL REPORT

An incident of Pomona grange was a presentation of the Columbia slough drainage project by Engineer Brown, who illustrated his address by a large map of the slough from the Union avenue approach to the Interstate bridge to Troutdale. He showed that the project would redeem about 7,500 acres of the best farm land in Oregon at a cost of about \$35 an acre.

It developed that there is some opposition to constructing a levy at the west end, without which the work could not proceed. Mr. Brown characterized the plan to dig a boat channel as a piece of work which is aimed to prevent the drainage of the district and said that there would be no demand for such a channel for fifty years to come. He has no fears but that the drainage project can be accomplished but fears that long delays will result.

The canal project has been turned down by the United States engineers and the cost will be far greater than the estimates published in connection with the plans as announced. One stretch of about a mile across the Reynolds farm is to be dug through a ledge of rocks. The cost of that mile will be nearly a million dollars alone; besides, there are to be drawbridges every two miles. All other costs will be excessive.

Mr. Brown made the above statements and then stated that there would be a meeting soon of the drainage engineers and asked that a committee be appointed from the grange to make a full investigation, appear before the engineers and make a detailed report at the June meeting of the grange. On motion the master of the grange named F. H. Crane, A. W. Orton and T. J. Kreuder as such committee.

Pomona Master J. J. Johnson announced that he had received word from the state master in which it was stated that there was a desire on the part of many to change the date of the holding of the state grange this year on account of the state and county primaries coming during the regular state grange week. Recommendations were asked for as to a suitable date so that the state master could make any necessary change. As the regular date for opening of the state grange this year falls on Tuesday, May 14, it was decided that all interests would be best observed by advancing the date one week, making the opening day fall on the 7th. The state master will be so notified and will base his decision on this and other like reports from over the state.

The matter of having another grange field day this year was discussed and the sentiment was in favor of observing the event on the last Saturday in July, which this year falls on the 27th. It was so decided and each subordinate grange will appoint the necessary committees to take up the work.

A brief service was held in memory of Mrs. E. A. Kent of Gresham grange, a member of Pomona who died several weeks ago. Tributes to her memory were made by Mrs. Ida Burgess, F. H. Crane and Mrs. E. E. Welling.

A motion was carried that Governor Withycombe be requested to reappoint Mrs. Edith Tozier Weathered on the State Fair board, her term having expired. The secretary was instructed to convey Pomona's wishes to the governor.

Notice was given that the next meeting of masters and lecturers will be held with Gresham grange on the second Saturday in June.

Two splendid meals were furnished by the women of Lents grange. They were real conservation meals, several articles having been contributed by business houses of Portland and by others. Among the luxuries was a big pan of baked beans from the chef of the county jail. Coffee, war bread, jellies and butter were all donated.

The evening entertainment was superb. It was given in public after a class of 31 candidates had been initiated in the fifth degree. Judge Stapleton, Judge Morrow, A. W. Orton and County Commissioner Holman each gave a brief address. The other numbers were musical, both vocal and instrumental.

The next meeting of Pomona grange will be held at Fairview on the third Wednesday in June.

## WITHYCOMBE ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY

Governor Withycombe has made known his desire for a renomination at the coming primaries and has announced his candidacy. His public statement is given in part as follows:

"If the people of Oregon are of the opinion that I have served them faithfully, I should be pleased to receive a vote of confidence at their hands.

"The governor of the state has the ear of the people. It is therefore in his power to assist in creating and maintaining a healthy public sentiment on the many subjects which make for community welfare. I have been mindful of this fact, have mingled with the people and have done all in my power to promote the development of the state, to bring about the construction of good roads, to emphasize the importance of education and especially to maintain at white heat the devotion of the people to the great cause of liberty and democracy for which the country is fighting. If re-elected I shall do everything I can to accomplish these ends.

"Oregon has given twenty thousand of her sons to the great world war. These men are the flower of our young manhood and we have no clearer duty than that of loyally supporting them, providing for their health and comfort and safeguarding their morals. I shall continue to render them every service in my power.

"Under our form of government the conduct of a foreign war devolves on the President of the United States, who is the commander-in-chief of the army and navy. I shall do everything in my power to assist the president in making the power of this country effective in the great world conflict. I shall particularly exercise every power and authority which I possess to promote a maximum efficiency in our local industries which are related to the war activities. No other duty is so pressing or at this time so important as that of winning the war. No sacrifice is too great if it looks to the triumph of the forces battling for international righteousness.

"Every legitimate phase of state development should be supported, but at this time when our country is engaged in the most terrible war in the world's history the most rigid economy in the state expenditure should be observed.

Domestic tranquillity and business confidence are intimately related to the public welfare. I shall do all in my power to promote them. I note with pleasure the growing disposition of employers and employes to consider each other's rights and to adjust differences by discussion in a spirit of fairness and equity.

"I shall be mindful of the fact that I am the representative of the whole people and shall welcome suggestions from any citizen to the end that the collective wisdom may be brought to bear on all problems.

"If honored by a re-election I shall continue to give the best that is in me to every branch of the public service."

### AUTO THIEVES TAKEN, HELD TO GRAND JURY

Two young men giving their names as Mark Higgins and J. P. Stoms were arrested at Linnemann Junction on Tuesday night by Constable Squire, and were bound over by Justice Rollins to answer to the grand jury. They were found to have been living at Lents.

They were first noticed by B. L. Walrad and Will Hessel trying to crank up a Ford just west of the Congdon hotel, but abandoned the machine. Their actions were so suspicious that Constable Squire was called. He trailed them to Linnemann and took them in charge.

One of them had a revolver and both had Ford keys. One had a pair of auto gloves in his pocket which proved to have been taken from the car and it developed that the car had been stolen from J. T. Grusky at 1990 East Stark street.

From indications the two men had so crippled the car that it wouldn't start. They were supposed to be here for the purpose of robbery, as the time was about midnight and they could give no good reason for their visit to Gresham at that hour.

All cheese now in storage must be marketed before June 15, unless special permission to hold is given by Food Administration.

A war saver is a life saver! Buy War-Savings Stamps!