

IMPORTANT CHANGES BEING MADE IN NEW PREMIUM LIST

Admission Fees Fixed for This Year--The Browning Amusement Company Will Come Again.

Consideration of the premium list of the coming county fair marked the deliberations of the board of directors at the regular March meeting, held yesterday. There will be several important changes this year over last, the most marked being a reduction in awards in the stock division which have been cut down to three awards instead of four for each animal listed. The first award of last year has been entirely cut out, leaving the second, third and fourth which this year will be first, second and third.

Premiums for the grange exhibits will be one dollar for each point scored with an extra award of ten dollars to the winner of first money and five dollars to the second. There will also be a special prize of ten dollars for the most attractive decorations.

Admissions were fixed for the fair as follows: Season tickets, \$1; day tickets for adults, 35 cents; race track separate, 25 cents; both gates, 50 cents, for which a coupon ticket will be used; children between 10 and 15 years, 20 cents. School children will be admitted free on the special day set apart for them if they are exhibitors in the school project work.

A contract was authorized with Browning Amusement company for their Ferris wheel, merry-go-round and other attractions which will be different this year than last. They will also bring a full line of concessions and will occupy the same space as last year.

The floral gardens will be better this year than ever before. President Lewis was authorized to expend \$250 upon them.

The sum of \$200 was authorized for premiums with which to award the city schools of Portland for special project work. This work will be in charge of County Superintendent W. C. Alderson and Professor Seymour. It was decided that if the city schools make entries in the projects the juvenile division in the premium list will be discontinued. Juveniles outside of the projects may enter in the adult classes.

The premium list committee will have another month in which to complete the arrangements for awards, and there will be several important changes in its make-up. Among them will be the disposition of the special premiums which will be placed at the head of each division in which they are offered. There will be an entry fee of ten per cent on the value of each such premium offered.

BATTERY E MAN IN FRISCO HOSPITAL

Samuel H. Douglass, a brother of Mrs. Claude Stockton, was one of the members of Battery E, who left Fort Stevens last Tuesday enroute to California on his way to "somewhere in France." He was just recovering from a severe attack of measles and suffered a relapse while on the train.

Arriving at Tracy, just north of San Francisco, he was taken off and later was sent to a San Francisco hospital. A telegram to Mrs. Stockton Sunday evening reported that he was improving and will probably be able to join his command in a few days.

It is hard for some perfectly loyal Americans to understand just how their individual saving in food goes to help fill the shortage of the allies abroad. It's simple enough. What you don't buy from the retail grocer, he does not buy from the wholesaler. And what the wholesaler has left on his hands he must sell to the government for shipment abroad. Understand?

Help yourself to the potatoes! Eat one more every day!

FEED PRICES

The following prices are quoted by us today, subject to change without notice:

Shorts, \$34.00.
Bran, \$32.00.
Middlings, \$41.00.
Holstein Dairy Feed, \$34.00.
Oats and Barley Shorts, \$45.00.
Oats and Barley wanted.
We buy and sell for cash.
SUN DIAL MILL, Fairview.

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN! FOR FAKER AGENTS

This week's Pacific Banker has the following article: "Warning Given Against Fake Business Schools."

"The First National Bank has been informed that agents are soliciting through the country trying to induce young people to take a course through the extension department of some business college. Where the student hasn't the money to pay for such a course the agent offers to take his note and allow him to acquire a business training and pay the note later. The bank recommends that all young people investigate all such claims carefully. The usual method is to take the notes and then discount them at a bank and about all the business training the would be student gets is a lesson in learning that he will have to pay for the note without getting value received. Lucrative employment is usually offered if the student takes the course.

"The above should place all students in this vicinity on their guard against being captured by any such methods. The First State Bank of Gresham is mailing out each month circulars pertaining to vocational training and has on file at its banking rooms reference books showing the different schools of training for the different vocations and is intended to assist the students to determine the vocation for which he or she is best adapted and invites all students to make use of these books as each vocation is taken up."

EVANGELIST CARLSON CONDUCT MEETINGS

The revival meetings conducted by Evangelist F. T. Carlson in the Gresham Baptist church during the past week, have been largely attended, many coming from Powell Valley, Haley and the surrounding country. The community at large feels a general uplift and much good was accomplished. Mr. Carlson was a student of the Moody Institute in Chicago and is a man well versed in the bible.

Mr. Carlson made many warm friends here who regret that he could not remain and who hope to be favored by a visit from him again soon.

The meeting last Sunday evening was held in the Methodist Episcopal church, which was crowded to capacity.

At the meetings recently held in Powell Valley, Haley and Deep Creek neighborhoods, about eighty young people professed faith in Christ.

MULTNOMAH COUNTY TEACHERS' LEAGUE

The regular meeting of the Multnomah County Teachers' League will be held in Room 720 of the courthouse next Saturday, beginning at 11 o'clock. Mrs. Streich of the Gilbert school will discuss the teaching of reading and Mrs. Little of Park Rose school will take up language, grammar and composition. Some book reviews which were to have been read at the last meeting will be given on this occasion. The program is sure to be attractive to teachers. A large amount of business will come before the organization.

For the least bit of heedlessness on your part in food conservation, someone somewhere in the world must suffer privation. The Food Administration has mastered the problem of America's food in such a way that every ounce of food conserved and kept in the currents of trade goes to the empty stomach of someone in Europe who is going to keenly appreciate it.

"There is not waste of food among the allies. If you will read the English food reports you will find that a woman was fined \$100 and jailed for 30 days for throwing away half a rice pudding, and that a baker who threw two pies away was sent to prison for six months."—United States Food Administration.

For Hire Service

Automobiles anywhere, night or day. Phone 791, Gresham, M. M. Squire.

Are you using that ten per cent of mashed potatoes in every baking of bread or pastry?

Trim your meat and melt the fat. Don't let a scrap get into the garbage pail.

LIGHT THROWN UPON METHODS OF QUESTIONABLE THRIFT IDEAS

The following "thrifty" article was one of those handed in for competition in the recent prize essay contest conducted by the First State Bank. Although one of the best submitted it did not count in the awarding of the prizes as it was not on the specific theme required.

In any attempt to impress upon the public the idea of thrift, it is not so much the need for thrift, the cause of the need for thrift, or the origin of this cause, which needs to be discussed, as the real fundamental definition of thrift. This definition should name the requisite qualities of thrift, and should be supplemented by an exposition of certain actions which by some are considered thrifty, but which are really detrimental to our financial welfare. Therefore we are trying to explain the true nature of thrift, and to throw new light upon questionable thrift methods.

Thrift in its larger, broader sense, is an intelligent, wide-awake effort to avoid unnecessary expenditure, whether of material, labor, food, or real money.

As applied to the nation, thrift requires the carefully scientific manipulation of natural resources, the means of developing these resources, the means of distributing the goods produced, and the wise supervision of the consumption of these goods at their destination.

Natural resources should be controlled in such a manner as to use, wherever possible, the plentiful ones, and husband the ones which are scarce or growing scarce.

The means of developing these resources are the laborer and the capitalist. Some means should be effected for bringing about a more perfect understanding between these vitally important factors of production.

The means of distribution are rapidly being lined up in a form that will give the utmost transportation efficiency. Surely the railroads will be more capable in a united, cooperative system under the thoughtful direction of the people's representatives than they were in their former quibbling, money-grabbing individualism. The rapid advancement of good roads and the truck industry is a growing aid to shippers.

The new food administration and fuel regulations are even now beginning to have effect upon the waste

HEARD BOMBARDMENT BY GERMAN AIRPLANES

Mr. and Mrs. John Brown received a letter yesterday from their son Ross who is in Paris in the employ of the American Express company. The letter was under date of February 8, and gave the information that the young man had just been placed at the paying teller's window of the company's bank.

From a paragraph in the letter it is evident that it costs something to live in Paris. He writes that he has been paying 17 francs a day for board, which is equivalent to \$3.40 of our money. He is in good health and so far has been enjoying himself in his new surroundings.

Ross tells of a meeting with John Honey in Paris. The latter gets a furlough of eight days every four months, and it was during one of these periods that the young men met. On their sight-seeing trip they went through the cathedrals and passed through a triumphal arch erected by the Germans in 1870 when they entered Paris, and which is still standing.

Soon after his arrival there Ross was a witness of an airplane bombardment. He was only five blocks away at the time. He reports meeting with many Americans and is having a good time and likes his work.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our many friends of Boring and vicinity for the kindness extended to us during our recent great bereavement caused by the death of our husband and father. MRS. M. C. POTTER AND FAMILY.

In a time of world crisis, it is a poor thing to allow criticism to take the place of constructive help. Those who are finding fault with the food regulations should get busy and help with the big job of conservation the nation has on its hands.

Don't waste while your wife saves. Hooverize at your down-town lunch!

which has been the unquestioned failing of our American nation.

Now comes the application of thrift to every individual household which forms one of the component parts of our nation. Thrift here begins with the purchase of necessities, and continues on down through the preparation and use of these necessities to the control of such waste material as naturally accumulates.

Here arises some of the finer distinctions in a definition of thrift. Thrift positively and absolutely is not the hoarding of gold against the possible future calamity. Our gold should be in circulation so that it may assist in preserving us to some future day. It is absolutely certain that our natural resources will not deteriorate any faster while our coin is on the move than while it is stored in our vaults. And if there are any resources left after we are through with our stern task it is equally certain that a way will be found to convert these resources to the use of the needy, whether they possess gold or not. Let this not be construed as advocating the abandonment of all efforts to save, but rather as urging us to refrain from being miserly. Buy necessities.

An automobile is not classed as a luxury when it assists in making a man or woman more efficient in any way; it does become a luxury when maintained solely for amusement or as an aid to social prestige.

In the opinion of many the theaters are an outrageous extravagance. Yet it can easily be conceived that an hour's amusement will do much to cheer and hearten a person who otherwise would become melancholy; who might even be led to doubt the wisdom of our government's policy in causing a need for self-aid.

In regulating our consumption of food let us try to see the problem from all angles. At first sight it would seem that waste from our tables could profitably be used in feeding domestic animals, as hogs, chickens and so forth. But this is a mistaken idea. This waste should have been prevented by the preparation of an amount of food suited to the needs of those consuming it. Feed stock food to stock and human food to humans.

Since each and every patriotic citizen knows the need for thrift, and is willing and anxious to practice it, the purpose of this article will have been accomplished if any new conception has been given of thrift, the intelligent avoidance of unnecessary expenditure.

JUDGE W. N. GATENS AT GRESHAM GRANGE

A program of unusual interest will be given during the lecture hour at the regular meeting of Gresham grange next Saturday, when Judge W. N. Gatens will be present and give an address. The degree team of the grange will put on work in the third and fourth degrees. Mrs. E. A. Leonard and Mrs. J. E. Clananah being the candidates. The usual grange dinner will be served at noon.

The program has been arranged by Mrs. Jennie Kronenberg, lecturer, assisted by Mrs. W. R. Kern. It is as follows: Our pledge to the flag, by the children; song, America; piano solo, Miss Gladys Neal; song, Wayside Blossoms, from Grange Melodies; roll call, current events; vocal solo, Dr. J. E. Clananah; address, Judge Gatens; reading, Mrs. J. Montclair Brown; closing song, Star Spangled Banner.

Your plans for the daily meals, Mrs. Housewife, are just as important in their way as General Haig's plans for a night attack. Haig aims to get the maximum of results with the minimum of material, and that's exactly your job. He uses plenty, but does not waste any. Do the same and help Haig and Pershing and the others win the war.

The sky-scraper goes up stone by stone, brick by brick, foot by foot, day by day, slowly. There is not any other way to build it. Europe's war food shortage must be made up by individual Americans through saving bit by bit, ounce by ounce, day by day persistently. There is no other way to do it.

"The people who are fussing so because they have to go short on sugar are the grandchildren of the sturdy old timers who used to be awfully pleased to get bread and molasses."—The Astorian.

Everybody Hooverize! Every little bit helps!

DAIRYING INDUSTRY IN GREAT DANGER OF BEING DESTROYED

WARNS THE PUBLIC AGAINST QUACKERY

The Oregon state dairy and food commissioner, J. D. Mickle, in his recent report has some things to say regarding certain so-called remedies and warns the public against medical quackery.

Under the verbal camouflage of the words "remedies," "restoratives," and "tonics," a number of medical fakes continue to prey upon the more gullible portion of the public in Oregon, as elsewhere. The National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, states that not less than twenty million dollars is invested in the manufacturing and exploiting of fake "consumption cures." Their receipts are reported at fifteen million dollars, which is a seventy-five per cent profit. Do you thus contribute to the enrichment of these medical quacks and imposters?

In addition to Nuxated Iron reported in our October Bulletin, our chemist has analyzed "Mother's Friend," "Antiko Dandruff Remedy," "Swamp Root," "Myers' Stomach Remedy," "Akoz," "LaPlante's Sclerous Mineral," "Walnutta Hair Stain," "Bon-Opto," "Peruna," "S.S.S." and others similar. In no single instance have these "dopes" and "lotions" been found to possess a value in any way commensurate with the extravagant claims made. Invariably we find that the public is asked to pay fifty cents or a dollar a bottle or box for stuff when as a matter of fact the potent ingredients present may be purchased in the open market at from two cents to twenty cents. And often they are found in addition to contain something actually harmful.

INTERSTATE BRIDGE IS PAYING ITS WAY

The first year of operation of the interstate bridge across the Columbia river shows a revenue of \$130,781.38. Of this sum Multnomah county gets \$78,468.83, Clark county receiving as its share \$52,312.55. The remainder of \$30,773.85 was used in initial expenditures and cost of operation during the year.

Some of the operating and opening expenses were for permanent equipment, and unless there is something out of the ordinary the cost of operating and maintenance should be less during the second year. The daily average receipts was \$438.68, the highest being \$559.76 in July. August of last year showed the highest monthly revenue, which was \$17,650.91. The P. R. L. & P. Co. paid \$63,438.01 during the year as its share of the tolls for operating street cars over the bridge. The payroll was \$19,510.91.

AUCTION SALE BRINGS FUNDS TO RED CROSS

As a sample of the way to do things for the Red Cross the following clipping has been handed the Outlook by Charles Johnson who has a son at the place mentioned, and who sent his father the newspaper containing the story:

"In Stratford, N. D., last week there was an open air sale for the benefit of the Red Cross with receipts of over a thousand dollars. It is a small town of three or four hundred people and they all attended the sale. A loaf cake sold for \$67.50 and one dozen eggs for \$50. A small Indian blanket brought \$65. Everything was donated and everybody put aside their own affairs to help make it a success.

Status of the Fault-Finder.

"When a man or a woman finds fault with the meatless or wheatless regulations, a presumption arises against the fault-finder's loyalty, and the burden of proof is on the defendant."—Logansport Reporter.

Eat Less Bread—is England's slogan. Let's take the tip.

Apples are 15 to 18 per cent food value, mostly sugar. Eat more of this fine Oregon fruit. Use apples for dessert, and save the wheat and sugar that would be used in pie or pudding. At the same time you'll be patronizing home industry and helping your health.

Hoover Says

Save the waste, control the taste; Eat corn bread and rye; Meatless days, wheatless days, Eat less cream and pie— For victory's sake cut out the cake Save food and win—or die Keep the fighters fit—this is your bit That is the reason why.

Everyone has something to buy

Milk Producers Say They Will be Bankrupts--If Low Rates Prevail They Threat- en Milk Famine.

From remarks made by several Columbia slough dairymen, heard yesterday in Gresham, it is evident that the great dairying industry that supplies Portland with milk and cream is in danger of a collapse and that some of the milk producers, probably all of them, are in great danger of going broke.

One dairyman stated that if the price were to be reduced below \$3.00 per 100 pounds he would be bankrupt as he could not afford to keep his cows for anything less than that price.

Certain creamery men of Portland seem determined to bring about a reduction in price, fixing their payments at \$2.50 per 100 pounds. To offset this threat the dairymen's league has threatened to withhold their milk and thus create a milk famine in the city, with the determination of bringing the dealers to time. It is a fight between the two factions, as there is plenty of milk being produced to satisfy the market. The only trouble seems to be in getting the two sides together on an equitable basis.

"It is absolutely essential that the present price of milk be maintained," said J. W. Pomeroy, manager of the league, "if the dairy industry is to continue. We are having great difficulty in keeping our members in the business, as they feel that they have stood enough already. Since it is possible for them to sell their herds and plant their lands to crops that will yield them much larger returns, many of them are inclined to do so in the near future unless the market for milk is bettered.

"We have fed our herds at a loss through the winter and have paid the highest price for labor ever known and it is costing us at present more than this price to produce milk. The city commission recommended this price after investigating the matter and we have urged our members to take their loss and abide by it and we are trying in every way to work with the public in this matter. If you cannot pay this price, which was recommended by the city commission, kindly let us know by letter immediately."

In reply to letters from the Oregon Creamery Company, the City Dairy and Brandes Creamery, stating that they had decided to pay less for milk, the league yesterday said:

"We received your letter this morning stating that you are cutting the price of milk to the producer commencing March 1. We beg to say that the price of milk for league members will be \$3 per hundred pounds f. o. b. Portland.

JAMES JENNINGS IS ACTING CHIEF

Leslie G. Merrill, chief of the Gresham Volunteer Fire Department has resigned his position on the Bull Run pipe lines and last week moved with his family to Portland, where he has taken a place in the Merrill garage.

He has turned in his badge as fire chief which will hereafter be worn by James Jennings, who was first assistant. The custom of the department is to advance its officers in cases of a vacancy and await until the next regular election to elect the permanent incumbent.

Clean and boil potatoes until soft. Pour off water, peel and mash while hot, leaving no lumps. Take 3 pounds—5 solidly packed half pints—of the potatoes and when luke warm add the yeast which has been soaked in the 4 teaspoons lukewarm water. Next add the salt, sugar and a scant half pint of sifted flour. Mix and let rise till light. Add the remainder of the flour, kneading thoroughly into a smooth elastic dough. Add no more water unless absolutely necessary, as the water in the potato softens the dough while fermenting. Let rise until treble the volume. Divide into four loaves, mold and place in greased pans. Let rise to double the volume. Bake 45 to 50 minutes.

Notice to Cannery Patrons.

For any information wanted in regard to fruit, berries or vegetables for canning, call on H. E. Davis or telephone him, Gresham 21, between 12 and 1 or 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. W. W. COTTON, Cannery, H. E. DAVIS, Manager.

Garden Help Offered. Persons desiring gardens spaded can leave word at Metzger's store or