

TWICE A WEEK

GRESHAM OUTLOOK

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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GRESHAM, MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1917

\$1.50 PER YEAR

OREGON MADE IS SUBJECT OF RESOLUTIONS

Whereas, the attention of the Gresham Grange is called to the fact that at the Land Products Show, being held in Portland, there is an exhibit and exploitation of a method by which homemade beer may be manufactured containing three and one-half per cent or more of alcohol, which, if made and used according to the directions, is clearly contrary to the purpose and letter of the Constitutional Dry Amendment and the provisions of the Anderson Dry Law, passed in 1914. The text of the directions referred to is as follows:

"Ten-Gal. Oregon Made. Boil 6 ounces of hops in two and a half gallons of water, two hours, strain well, use seven and a half gallons more of boiling water, add 5 pounds extract and 3 pounds cane sugar and hop water altogether, boil twenty minutes. When half cooled add one ounce ground gelatine. Let stand until luke warm add three cakes yeast, dissolved in warm water. Let stand until done fermenting in open vessel about 37 to 72 hours, when done fermenting. Strain well, bottle, cork tight.

"Requirements of the law. Such beverage for selling must not contain more than one-half of one per cent, which requires reducing seven times and adding hops according to flavor desired.

"Highest awards Oregon State Fair, Salem, 1917, for the best material and most complete line of supplies. We assure you the best results."

And, Whereas, the so-called homemade drink is composed of the same materials as hop or malt beer. Though ostensibly to be made for home use, it is directed that in order to sell same it must be reduced to one-seventh of its original strength, that is to not contain over one-half of one per cent.

And, Whereas, the claim that highest awards were received at the State Fair seems to give to the manufacture of this homemade beer a more or less official sanction in Oregon. The same results will follow the exhibition at the Land Products Show. Therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Gresham Grange No. 270, in regular session, that we condemn most strongly this open attempt to evade the prohibition laws of Oregon; that we condemn this insidious method of developing under the influence of the home the appetite for alcoholic liquor; that we call attention of the officers of the law to this covert method of encouraging people to evade the prohibition law; that we condemn this method of using the State Fair and Land Products Show, supported by taxation, to exploit a means of evading the prohibition laws of the state and encouraging what must surely lead to intemperance and moral and material loss to our citizens; that we criticize our State Fair board and other state authorities for giving this method of beer manufacture their sanction and encouragement by awarding prizes on the materials and means used for the manufacture of this homemade beer.

Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be sent to the other granges of the state and given to the press for publication.

Passed in open session Saturday, November 10, 1917.

Mrs. H. W. Snashall of Pleasant Valley who has been ill for some time, is improving. Mrs. Snashall is a member of Gresham Grange, and was reminded Sunday of the interest of the local grangers, when a delegation visited her, taking good cheer and a bouquet of flowers.

Appreciation.

Mr. H. L. St. Clair, Gresham, Outlook, Gresham, Oregon.

My dear Mr. St. Clair: You made such a wonderful impression in the Liberty Loan campaign that I really felt before closing our campaign headquarters I had to drop you a line of appreciation.

The energetic and forcible work that you did cannot be commended too highly by me. I feel that we are under such obligations to you that any thanks would be superfluous.

Yours very truly, C. C. CHAPMAN, Vice Chairman Publicity Committee.

INCOME TAX QUESTIONS ANSWERED

Three questions came up recently in connection with the new income tax law. They were submitted to the Outlook for information, and in turn were referred to Milton A. Miller, collector of internal revenue, Portland. The questions were as follows:

Must everyone report his income knowing that he is under the limit for income tax of \$1000 for single persons and \$2000 for those who are married?

Do corporations not taxed or operated for profit have to report or pay on income?

What is the status of proxies in voting shares of a corporation?

To the first question Mr. Miller gave no as an answer, saying that such reports would be useless as no tax could be collected and his office doesn't want to be bothered with such persons. However, it is well to be careful as each person must be sure of his or her net income.

The second question was also answered with a no. Such corporations as are exempt are churches, granges, mutual insurance companies, and fairs. They never have enough money on hand to base a tax upon and are exempt from all other taxes by state and county.

To the third question the answer was that such corporations are exempt from the tax, as noted above, will not have to pay the stamp tax or proxies. Thus the proxies to be voted at the annual election of the fair association are exempt from the tax. Corporations existing for profit must have the stamp on its proxies.

Such corporations as the telephone company must affix the stamp on its proxies, but not the county fair which never has a surplus over running expenses and has to depend on taxation for payment of its premiums.



EARL G. HANNA.

Above is the picture of a real live soldier who has been in some of the hottest battles fought on the western front. He has been wounded nearly a score of times and has seen his comrades fall by hundreds at his side.

Mr. Hanna enlisted and went from Victoria in December, 1914, when 18 years of age. He was first wounded by shrapnel on June 27, 1916, in the third battle of Ypres. He was slightly wounded in the second battle of Ypres when only 69 of his battalion came back out of 1100 men. He has been "over the top" 18 times. He received twelve shots in his right foot and leg and three in his left.

Mr. Hanna is touring the state speaking on the Y. M. C. A. War Fund Campaign. He says the Y. M. C. A. was with his bunch all the time from Canada to the first line trenches.

It is hoped Mr. Hanna will be at Gresham on Wednesday night. If he is here he will probably also speak at Fairview.

Will Hessel, whose accident with his automobile was mentioned in the last Outlook, is still in the hospital and is reported to be in a satisfactory condition. He was cut about the knee and down the leg to the bone and the ligaments were badly torn. No sign of infection has as yet appeared and it is believed that he will make a good recovery. Jas. Elkington is looking after the business of the Hessel Machinery company during Mr. Hessel's absence.

BIG Y. M. C. A. WAR FUND RALLIES WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Multnomah County Campaign Calls for Many Enthusiastic Local Workers

The campaign to raise \$35,000,000 for the Y. M. C. A. work among men of the American and Allied armies and navy in training and on the battlefields is now well under way and gaining momentum every day.

The campaign is to be short and intensive, lasting only about a week, ending next Monday, November 19. Several days have already gone, during which publicity work has been done. Literature has been circulated, addresses have been given in some of the churches and arrangements made for public meetings and short addresses in the schools.

In many parts of the country the interest is at white heat and localities have raised and many exceeded the amount asked. The whole country has been districted and is being covered in a whirlwind campaign.

The cause is recognized by all as most worthy and there are indications that the response will be so generous and speedy that it will cause a thrill of joy to the workers and bring Thanksgiving and Christmas cheer to every soldier of freedom whatever his rank or wherever his station. He will know as never before that "somebody cares" for more than his material welfare.

Locally the territory has been divided into four main districts, with their chairmen, as follows:

- 1. E. H. Thompson, Bridal Veil—East of the Sandy river.
2. Mrs. C. E. Larsson, Troutdale—North of Base Line road, west of Sandy river and east of Fairview road.
3. Hon. Geo. W. Stapleton, Gresham—South of Base Line road, west of Sandy river and east of the Portland city limits.
4. F. H. Crane, Route A, Box 271, Portland—North of Base Line road and west of the Fairview road.
In addition a committee has been appointed for each school district who is asked to co-operate with his district chairman, to see that this cause is represented in his school. The committeemen appointed for the local district are as follows:
Gresham District No. 4, Theo. Brugger.
Wilkes District No. 7, Wm. Tegart.
Terry District No. 8, John Bliss.

- Cedar District No. 10, J. C. Duke.
Lusted District No. 15, I. G. Denny.
Fairview District No. 16.
Troutdale District No. 20, G. P. Lumsden.
Springdale District No. 25, Thos. Lucas.
Powell Valley District No. 26, T. L. Anderson.
Rockwood District No. 27, W. Quesinberry.
Lynch District No. 28, H. B. Lynch.
Buckley District No. 29, P. S. Durland.
Hurlburt District No. 35, James Pounder.
Latourell District No. 36, John A. Stuart.
Corbett District No. 39, Geo. H. Chamberlain.
Russellville District No. 40, H. A. Lewis.
Springfield District No. 41, W. F. Burkholder.
Bridal Veil District No. 42, E. H. Thompson.
Mountain District No. 43, D. W. Ross.
Gilbert District No. 45, J. Leitheser.
Warrendale District No. 46, Fritz Koehler.
Pleasant View District No. 48, C. E. Bramhall.
Victory District No. 49, H. Fritz.
Pleasant Valley Joint 15, H. C. Restorf.
Orient Joint No. 9, Victor Johnson

It is requested that each of these named communicate with other members of their school board and either personally represent the Y. M. C. A. campaign in their respective districts or assist in arranging for others to do so. Unfortunately in assigning these school district committeemen the 1916-1917 roster of school boards was used. Many boards have changed. But it will matter little if the one named will do whatever he can to see that the cause is represented by himself or someone else.

For the larger county district outside of Portland, County Commissioner Rufus C. Holman is campaign chairman, District Attorney Walter H. Evans has charge of assigning speakers and H. L. St. Clair is publicity chairman.

Elsewhere is announcement of meetings at various centers.

PROMINENT SPEAKERS AT Y. M. C. A. RALLIES IN GRESHAM AND FAIRVIEW

In furtherance of the Y. M. C. A. campaign to raise funds to maintain the work among the men of the army and navy in this country and on foreign soil, including prisoners of war, it is planned to hold several large public gatherings in eastern Multnomah during this week.

There will be a meeting in Gresham on Wednesday night, probably in Regner's hall. District Attorney Walter H. Evans, in charge of speakers for the county, has signified that he expects to be present and also County Commissioner Holman. Both of these are actively interested and working hard to make the campaign the largest possible success.

In addition there will be several other speakers, among them Chaplain Elkins of Fort Columbia and A. E. Erwin, a soldier back from the trenches.

On the same night a rally will be held in the city hall at Fairview at which B. Lee Paget will be one of the principal speakers and others will be assigned. These meetings should begin early and all should attend, lending their moral as well as financial aid to the cause. As the time is short in which to announce these meetings and all might not get word through the paper it is requested that the word be spread abroad as widely as possible by phone or otherwise.

It is planned to hold a rally at Rockwood in the Grange hall on Thursday night at which good speakers will be present.

On Wednesday Judge Stapleton plans to make a tour of his district visiting the schools and giving talks to the scholars and assisting in the campaign.

UNION HIGH ORGANIZES FOR "Y" WAR FUND

It is a fine tribute to the teaching force and student body organization of Union High School No. 2 that its response to the plan for covering the high school in the Y. M. C. A. War Fund Campaign has been so quick and systematic. Typewritten circulars have been distributed to the students setting forth a schedule of campaign. These have at the top the sentiment, "Keep the Home Fires Burning." The following officers and assistants have been chosen from the student body: Captain, Merrill R. Good. Lieutenants to canvass high school—Walter Brown, senior class; Bayard Miller, junior class; Converse Burlingame and Clifton Hillyard, sophomore class; Melvin Brugger and Lyle Winters, freshman class. Lieutenants for outside schools—First team, Merrill R. Good, speaker;

Hadden Johnson and Orville Zimmerman, assistants. Second team, Glenn Rusher, speaker; Emmett Welling and David Peterson, assistants.

The young people of the high school are thoroughly interested and enthusiastic in this campaign and their appeals and solicitations will be irresistible. It is safe to predict their efforts will be well rewarded.

Mrs. O. W. Boring, of Boring, was the guest on Sunday of her mother, Mrs. George Tacheron and family.

Mrs. Jennie M. Kemp of the Federal Food Administration, visited both schools in Gresham on Thursday and gave rousing addresses. Mrs. Kemp was especially pleased to find the pupils, including those of the primary grades, already well instructed in the aims and methods of the Food Administration.

ALL PACKAGES ARE INSPECTED BY OFFICIALS

Postmaster Roberts has received notice that all Christmas or war packages of more than 7 pounds in weight must be so packed that they can be examined by the postmaster and the war department also. To that end all packages must be in wooden boxes with either a hinged lid or one fastened on with screws.

All packages of 7 pounds or under must be packed in the same manner but are only to be examined by the postmaster and will have his certificate attached, which will be sufficient to guarantee their shipment.

Mr. Roberts has received the following instructions concerning the war stamp tax on parcel post mail:

Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Washington, Oct. 27, 1917.

Postmasters are instructed to bring to the attention of their patrons the provisions of the War Revenue Act embodied in paragraphs 7 and 8, Section 456, P. L. and R. as amended by the above Order No. 831 of this date, imposing a tax of one cent for each postage charge for 25 cents or fractional part of 25 cents on packages of fourth-class or parcel-post matter on which the postage amounts to not less than 25 cents each. The War Revenue Act makes no change in the postage rates applicable to such matter.

The internal revenue stamps affixed to parcels in payment of the tax must be canceled by the sender placing, or causing to be placed, thereon his written or stamped initials together with the date upon which the stamps are attached or used. In no case, however, should the sender cancel postage stamps affixed to parcels; such stamps must be canceled only by postal employees.

Care shall be exercised to see that the full amount of postage at the appropriate fourth-class rate is prepaid either by postage stamps or in money, under the provisions of Section 459, P. L. and R. and that the tax is, in all cases, paid by means of internal revenue stamps. Postage stamps shall not be counted in payment of the tax, nor shall the internal revenue stamps, in payment of the tax, be counted in payment of postage.

Internal revenue stamps for use in paying such tax will be supplied to postmasters in due course for sale to the public.

A. M. DOCKERY, Third Ass't P. M. Gen.

NEW INCORPORATION TO OPERATE MILL

Articles of incorporation were filed at Vancouver, Wash., on the first day of the present month with the title of the "Gresham Lumber Company." The incorporators were John Brown and M. A. Brown. The capital stock is \$25,000 divided into shares of \$1 each.

The object is to do a "general lumber and mining business in Washington and elsewhere," the principal idea being to operate a sawmill and lumber camp at Brown's mill which is located about twelve miles east of Oregon City. By incorporating in Washington the company may operate there also, as there are some prospects in sight in that state. More than one-half of the stock has been subscribed, leaving 12,000 shares of treasury stock to be sold at once to enable operations to commence.

The sawmill is fully equipped and there is standing timber available to the extent of about five million feet, or enough to operate the mill for three years. Its capacity is 25,000 feet a day. The entire product can be contracted for with the government at present ruling prices and arrangements have already been made for operation and delivery.

While the principal business office will be at Vancouver, to comply with the law of that state, there will be offices here and at the mill.

GRANGE DAY AT THE PORTLAND LAND SHOW

Next Tuesday, November 20, will be Grange day at the land show. Admission will be 10 cents for all members of the grange and arrangements are being made for all to have an enjoyable afternoon and evening.

The invitation is extended to all members of the order from anywhere. J. J. Johnson, master of Multnomah county Pomona grange, has been selected as leader of the day. Half past one in the afternoon has been fixed as the hour of gathering and as many as possible are requested to be there at that hour.

For Hire Service. Automobiles anywhere, night or day. Phone 791, Gresham, M. M. Squire.

Evening Telegram. One year, November bargain offer, \$3.75; combination with Outlook, \$4.50.

BONDHOLDERS' LIBERTY LOAN INFORMATION

Concerning the conversion of liberty loan bonds the Treasury Department at Washington, D. C., has sent out the following information:

Holders of 15-30 year 3 1/2 bonds of the first liberty loan will be entitled to convert all or any of their bonds into an equal face amount of 4 per cent Convertible Bond of 1932-1947 the terms of which will be identical with those bonds of the second liberty loan, except that the four per cent convertible Gold Bonds of 1932-1947 will have the same dates for payment of interest, the same date of maturity of principal and the same terms of redemption as the bonds of the first liberty loan but will not be entitled to convert these three and one half per cent bonds of the first liberty loan into four per cent bonds of the second liberty loan which are known as 10-25 year four per cent Convertible Gold Bonds which are dated and bear interest from Nov. 15, 1917 and mature Nov. 15, 1942.

This conversion is not understood by the public generally, many believing that when they have converted the 3 1/2 per cent bonds into 4 per cent bonds that they hold a bond identical with that of the second liberty loan which is not the case. The same tax conditions, however, govern in the first liberty loan of 1917-4 per cent Conversion Bonds as those existing in the second liberty loan.

The Secretary of the Treasury has prescribed a period of six months from November 15, 1917, within which time conversion privilege must be exercised or subscribers will lose once for all the conversion privilege arising as a consequence of the issue of the bonds of the second liberty loan.

To those holders of bonds, however, who do not avail themselves of the conversion privilege with respect to the second liberty loan the privilege will arise again and for a like period if another and different series of bonds be issued at a higher rate of interest than 3 1/2 per cent per annum before the termination of the war, but the new conversion bonds will always bear the same dates for payment of interest and same maturity date as the first liberty loan bonds.

The second liberty loan 4 per cent bonds may be paid in full Nov. 15, Dec. 15 or Jan. 15. Those who are paying on the installment plan, however, must see that 18 per cent of their subscription is paid on or before Nov. 15 and 40 per cent on or before Dec. 15 and the remaining 40 per cent on or before Jan. 15 under penalty of forfeiting what they have paid and the bond for which they subscribed. These payments should be made through the bank which took the subscription. The 18 per cent installment is due in the Federal Reserve Bank, San Francisco, Thursday this week, and those who are to make the payment should see that their local banks receive the same at once.

Oregonian Bargain Week.

The Oregonian has named the week from November 24 to November 30 as bargain week, when the following prices will prevail: Daily Oregonian, 1 year, \$4; Daily and Sunday Oregonian, 1 year, \$6; Weekly Oregonian, 1 year, 75c. The Outlook has made arrangements by which the following attractive combination prices will be offered between the dates mentioned, inclusive: Outlook and Daily Oregonian, 1 year, \$5; Outlook and Daily and Sunday Oregonian, 1 year, \$7; Outlook and Weekly Oregonian, 1 year, \$1.75.

The Outlook will receive and forward any of these subscriptions. No bargain rates after Nov. 30. Subscribe or renew at once.

B. F. Dahlhammer has completed his modern bungalow on the Rockwood road, and has moved his family in. It has eight rooms and a bath and has all the modern conveniences.

Ernest W. Stratton received notice yesterday to report at once to Washington City, where he will be assigned to duty as clerk in the chief signal office. He took the examination several months ago and has been expecting the call. He expects to leave for Washington tomorrow night.

About fifteen young folks of Gresham gathered at the home of Miss Hazel Cox on Saturday night and gave her a surprise. The party was held in order that Miss Cox might get acquainted with some of the Gresham young people. Games were played and a light lunch was served at a late hour. The evening was enjoyed by all.