

GRESHAM OUTLOOK TWICE A WEEK

Published every Tuesday and Friday at Gresham, Oregon, by the Outlook Publishing Co. H. L. St. Clair, Editor and Manager.

Our Subscription Rates One year, \$1.50; six months, 75; three months, 50c.

Advertising Rates reasonable Our representative will call.

Phone 701 "The Linotype Way is the Way that Wins."

Official paper of the Town of Gresham Official paper of the Town of Fairview.

Entered as second-class matter March 3, 1911, at the Postoffice at Gresham, Oregon, under the Act of March 3, 1879.



A MILK FAMINE.

About twenty eastern Multnomah milk cows pass through Gresham every week on their way to the Union Meat company's plant. Probably as many more find their way to the same place that never pass through the town. It is a sorrowful spectacle, and one that is the forerunner of higher priced milk and butter for a long time to come.

Something should be done by the state council of defense. There should be no waiting for the Portland milk dealers to settle the matter if milk is to be produced in sufficient quantities through the coming winter to supply the demand. Some go so far as to say that it is even now extremely doubtful whether action can be taken in time to prevent a serious shortage and prohibitive prices.

If the producer is to continue in business without suffering a loss, the distributors who buy the product direct from the dairymen must pay at least \$3.15 a hundred pounds for milk. Otherwise, the producers assert, there is nothing for them to do except to sell their herds to the butcher. Some dairymen hope to sell their herds without sending them to the abattoir and are advertising them for sale with the idea that farmers and others needing only a few cows for their own private needs will buy the animals and so save them from the butcher.

When pasturage ceases to be available the shortage will increase very rapidly. It will be a case of the coming of a famine over night. The state council of defense should act at once.

DOUSING THE FIREBRANDS.

A good job, long delayed but at length well begun, is the action of the federal government against the malodorous I. W. W. Those wild-eyed, fire-tongued gentry have habitually defied the laws of municipalities and of states. They have lived the lives of parasitic vermin on the body politic. The cleanliness of law and order, wherever found, has been to them as an auction flag to the eyes of a bull. They have had no apparent object or ambition in life but to make trouble.

Was there industrial content anywhere? Their business has been to sow the seeds of discontent, of violence, of sedition. Riots have been their chief delight, and murders galore have been laid, directly or indirectly to their charge. They have been responsible for almost every offense that flagrant contempt for law could commit, and up to now they have managed to get away with it; and when unlawfully, but not without abundant provocation, the indignant populace of a long-suffering western community rose in its might and, returning violence for violence, packed them into box cars and railroaded them out of town, they had the effrontery to call upon the federal government to protect them in their devilry and to threaten more trouble in case the protection was not forthcoming.

But this is not all, nor nearly all. Ever since the United States became actually involved in the war in Europe, these rascalion devils—unaccountables have exerted every influence in their infamous catalogue to paralyze American industry and otherwise to hamper our government in its prosecution of the war. That they have failed is a tribute to the good sense of American labor. They have harangued the public with demagogic oratory wherever they could arrest passing attention, and have not stopped short of denouncing our part in the war and everything pertaining to it.

That their actual employment for this purpose by the enemy, has not been proved does not allay a very general suspicion to that effect. A lively interest attaches to the documents seized by the government at the I. W. W. headquarters in every state and at the national headquarters of the socialist party. Those two precious organizations have differed but little from each other, except in name, since our entrance upon the

war. Former socialist leaders, of national repute, have quit the party in disgust at its un-American attitude in the present crisis. Now that the government has made a start, let it be content with nothing short of the thorough eradication of all open or overt sedition; and let the I. W. W. and the socialist party and the Emma Goldmans and all their ilk be convinced, once and for all time, that their firebrand career in this country is ended and the things which they have done they can no longer do with impunity.

THE STRIKE QUESTION.

The country is awaiting a prompt settlement of the ship strike, not only in Portland but in other places where ships are being built. But we hear of a spread of the strike to affiliated unions, and prospective strikes elsewhere. If this sort of thing is to go on it will be impossible for the American people or the government to put their full strength into the war. We have been assured that there will be no profiteering in this war, and that industries will not be allowed to use the needs of the government to boost profits. It is time that all our people should ask themselves whether any class shall be allowed to do this.

The strikes in shipyards or anywhere else directly lessen the war making power of this government, and strengthen the cause of Germany. There may be grievances—as to that little is generally known. Nor is it quite clear what policy the government intends to pursue. It is said that the employers have shown a disposition to unload the responsibility on the government, and have themselves made no real effort to adjust the difficulty. On the other hand, the ship workers have demanded an increase of 25 to 50 per cent in wages. If that is reasonable, arbitration should show the fact.

At this time the government needs all the ships it can get, and also needs the full use of all those now in existence. It may be that that the key to the situation is found in the ability to transport food, munitions and men. If, while the Germans are torpedoing ships, American citizens make it difficult or impossible for the government to obtain new ones to take their place, we shall have a very serious condition.

It is well to be patient and tolerant, but there is just now not much time to lose. There ought to be patriotism enough to lead men to subordinate claims which at other times would demand consideration. If there has been unreasonableness on both sides, it ought to be possible for the federal mediators to bring the parties together on the basis of a common patriotism. Any strikes that lessen the efficiency of the nation in making war are, and must be, viewed with grave suspicion.

We thought the possibilities of selling food at high prices would diminish burglary and highway robbery to a considerable extent, but the reports from Portland last week would make one think that quite a number seem to prefer the more hazardous method of predatory activity.

A Chicago man named Gesundheit has petitioned to have his name changed. It may have been patriotism and it may have only been a desire to be relieved of having to answer every time somebody sneezed.

We observe the gain in fall hats and the diminishing number of straws, which reminds us to remark that it will soon be time to shake the old overcoat out, because we know you can't afford a new one this year. Hard cider and doughnut time has arrived in some states; but since we are obliged to omit the hard cider, why cannot the others help to conserve flour and sugar by omitting doughnuts in such a time?

The average married man finds that war has knocked most of the world series enthusiasm out of him, but he can manage to evince more interest in the sport columns than in the fall millinery openings.

If Uncle Sam is gullible enough to lend Russia any more money under present conditions, we can't see why he is unwilling to patronize home industry and buy a few gold bricks from the home people.

Pumpkin pie time has arrived, and one thing about the grand old open-face creation of edible glory is that it doesn't require as much flour for pastry as the hunting case varieties demand.

Just because congress has been working most of the year is no sign that it has earned its money. Sometimes it takes a balky mule a whole day to get a load of wood half a mile.

It is going to take a long time to teach Americans to feed according to calories instead of the way things taste.

"Will you eat one biscuit or two," asks a contemporary paragrapher. If that's an invitation, we'll take two.

The A. B. ELLIOTT CO. of Powell Valley

P. O. Gresham R. No. 2. was Established in 1883 Thirty-four Years Ago, by A. B. Elliott. Building and lot, including fixtures and stock of General Merchandise for sale. We have reduced prices in many lines and will continue to have prices that will save money.

Greatly Reduced Prices

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Fruit Sugar, Pure Rolled Oats, Corn, and various soaps.

Reduced Prices on Dishes, Graniteware, Hardware, Doors and Windows, STOVES and RANGES, OLIVER PLOWS, DUPONT STUMPING POWDER \$9.00 Box. CROWN, WHITE RIVER and DEMENT'S BEST FLOUR. FRUIT and BERRY SUGAR, \$8.00 per sack. Prices subject to change without notice.

Bring your 5-gallon coal oil cans, we fill them for 55c

NOT CANNING ENOUGH.

Many housewives are not through with their canning labors, for they are now putting away green corn, peaches, tomatoes and some other things for future use, yet, others are less active than they should be in the matter of canning. Statistics compiled by the government show that the demand for containers is less than had been anticipated. This is accounted for somewhat by the fact that many unused fruit jars have been dug out and used this year, but there are other indications, so the department of agriculture experts say, pointing to a general inclination to do less canning than the circumstances demand. This is especially true in cities and larger towns.

Many housewives, says the department, are proceeding on the theory that, with so much advice, so many pleas, so continuous a campaign for preserving the perishables, there will be more vegetables and fruits canned than the country will consume. They conclude, therefore, that canning on their own part is not necessary. They are of the opinion that with most homes throughout the country well stocked with canned goods, commercial cannery products will be plentiful and cheap.

The preservation of perishable fruits and vegetables, whether by canning or drying, is an investment. There is no speculation about it. It is a safe-guard for the future. It is a patriotic duty. Garden crops this season have been large. Housewives, however, have noted little reduction in prices. There has been a recent decrease, to be sure, but not so much of a decrease as was expected. This means, first of all, that the demand has increased, that the United States is feeding not only its own population but the population of its allies as well, and the United States, for some time to come, will continue to do this.

The products of the commercial canneries, looked upon by the careless, indifferent or lazy housewife as virtually a surplus, will prove far from sufficient. They are practically all of them working upon war orders and can do little more than fill war orders. Every can, every jar of jelly, fruit, jam, vegetables preserved by the commercial canneries can be disposed of abroad without placing a single container on sale in this country. Every home, consequently, must do its share to take care of the domestic demands. There never was a time in the history of the world when a little waste today makes as much want tomorrow.

As soon as congress has disposed of the bills appropriating \$21,000,000,000, it will have finished the work of the session. It will be pretty near the finish of the rest of us, too.

A German organ says Tammany must be crushed in order to give New York city a civilized government. What could a civilized government do with a town like New York?

Wouldn't it be awful if some of the I. W. W. agitators had to accept the support of the government until the end of the war—a government which they so cordially despise?

If there is anything else we haven't found out about Germany we'll find it out as soon as the Oregon army of occupation gets settled in Berlin.

A few good story-circulators in this country are worth more to Germany just now than a fresh regiment in the field.

Where is the man now who used to talk about British gold?

HONOR ROLL.

- Young men who have enlisted from eastern Multnomah and vicinity. ERNEST J. ANDERSON, ISAAC ANDERSON, FOREST ARNOLD, ALVIN AUSTIN, TOM BAKER, ELMER BANKUS, HERBERT BASLEE, ERNEST BATES, HENRY BOTTLESON, BOYD BRASWELL, EDGAR BROOKS, EMERSON BROWN, LEON CADDY, A. CAMP, RALPH CRANDALL, FRED CRANE, GEORGE CRANE, FRANK CRAWFORD, EDWARD CONVILL, FRED DAVIS, W. DEAVER, EDWARD DICKENSON, RAYMOND DUNBAR, ED. DUNN, W. EASTMAN, VENCIL EVANS, ED. EVERETT, ELIS FORSGREN, DEWEY GIBBS, WILHELM HALLEY, OLIVER HAMBLEN, CLIFTON H. HARRIS, THEODORE HARRIS, C. HENDRICKS, CARLY HESLIN, CLAUDE HESLIN, CHARLES HICKS, JAS. O. HILLYARD, WILLIAM HILLYARD, VICTOR HOLM, JOHN HONEY, HERBERT H. HOSS, GUYERSON HUMASON, RAYMOND HUMASON, GUY JONES, ALBERT JOHNSON, GUSTAV JOHNSON, ALBERT JONSRUD, FRANK KENNEY, RAY KESTERSON, RICHARD KNARR, GEORGE KNIEREM, ALTON LOVELACE, ELDRIDGE McCULLOCH, CHARLES MAYER, LEE MERRILL, JOHN MILAN, EDWARD NOREEN, OSCAR E. NOREEN, ROY OLSEN, RAY PALMQUIST, TOM PARKER, VERL PARKER, FAY F. POTTER, CECIL PULFORD, EARL RADFORD, G. REYNOLDS, VICTOR RICKERT, W. RICKERT, JOE ROSS, NELSON ROSS, E. RUSSELL, LESLIE ST. CLAIR, C. G. SCHNEIDER, RAY SHRINER, EARL STANLEY, WILBUR STANLEY, C. STILLIONS, OSCAR STONE, LESTER TALLMADGE, LLOYD TREGART, ERNEST P. THOM, EDRIC THOMAS, ALLEN TILLER, GEORGE TOWNSEND, LESLIE TOWNSEND, JOE VERETTI, EDNER WEDIN, WALLACE WILKINSON, ROY E. WOODWARD, LEWIS YERGER, Engineers Corps, FRANK BELL, CARL BONDON, ALBERT HENSLEY, FOREST JENNE, ARLAN JOY, FAXON JOY, HAROLD KERN, LAYTON MONTEITH, ROSS E. READ, GUY R. READ, KENNETH C. ROBERTS, DALE RUSSELL, Oregon Branch U. S. Boys' Working Reserves, WALTER METZGER, ARVID PETERSON, RALPH STANLEY, ORVILLE ZIMMERMAN

We Have Them Now. Those Milk Record blanks. Printed on durable cardboard, suitable for 16 to 18 cows. Just the thing for your dairy. Will save many times their cost. 10c each, or \$1.00 a dozen. The Outlook, phone 701.

"I hope that our treacherous agitators will be put down as they should be put down, and I have no fear but that this country once again will show the world that American rights and American honor cannot be trampled upon, but that they will be protected by the overwhelming might of a great and free people." Representative Kahn.

WANTS

LIVESTOCK

TEAM FOR SALE. Weight about 2800. John Rohrbach, phone 32x2.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Work horse, weight about 1300. can use cow or young stock. R. F. Walters, Gresham, *64

FOR SALE—Horse about 1450. L. Welch, Gresham, phone 393.

FOR SALE, Saddle pony and work horse. W. A. Proctor, Boring, phone 718.

YOUNG PIGS for sale—Wm. J. Hilliard, R. 2, Gresham, phone 776.

PIGS FOR SALE—W. H. Cleveland, phone 471.

FOUR YOUNG COWS for sale. Coming fresh in December and January. Cheap if taken at once. P. P. Coulter, Clackamas, Ore. Phone Damascus 111.

FOR SALE—Registered Jersey bull from Island bred stock, a splendid individual, 2 years old. For particulars call E. H. Tait, Tabor 1185, or address 289 E. 73d St., Portland.

FOR SALE—I will sell my herd of 15 milk cows, first-class milkers, mostly Durham, some lately fresh, the rest are coming fresh soon. One-eighth mile southeast of Cottrell station. Take Bull Run car. Carl Baggenstos, R. 2, Gresham.

GOOD COW for sale. Call phone Gresham 85.

LOST—A calf, about 4 months old. Red and white in color. Had on a small bell. Please notify Mrs. A. J. Ault, Boring, Ore. Phone 371.

Notice of Sale of Livestock. Notice is hereby given that I will on the 8th day of October, 1917, at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m., at my farm located in Proctor, an addition to Pleasant Home, Multnomah county, Oregon, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following livestock, to-wit:

One cream colored Jersey heifer, age about 2 1/2 years, with horns, also One cream colored Jersey heifer, age about 3 years, without horns.

Said stock was taken up by me on September 23, 1917, while running at large and upon my premises at Pleasant Home, Oregon, and this sale is made in accordance and under and by virtue of sections 5607 and 5609, Lord's Oregon Laws, providing for the sale of stock taken up while running at large.

Dated at Pleasant Home, Oregon, this first day of October, 1917. E. O. STADTER.

REAL ESTATE RENTALS WANTED—Housekeeping rooms, or small furnished house by couple with no children. Must be modern and well furnished. Address Box R, care Gresham Outlook.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Four acres in Tin Juanna, close to Schiller Station. Alfred J. Stout, Chula Vista, California.

HOUSE for rent; hot and cold water, bath, electric lights. Rent \$6 a month. Chas. Cleveland, phone 471, Gresham.

MISCELLANEOUS FOUND—Umbrella, in art room on fair grounds. Call Outlook office.

FOR SALE—One 1916 Ford touring car; good condition. Inquire Clackamas County Bank, Sandy, Oregon. *63

FOUND, in front of my place, a sack of mill feed. Owner can have same by identifying it and paying for this ad. Wm. Peterson, R. A. Gresham.

FOR SALE—One Conn cornet, gold plated; three shot guns. Dr. H. H. OHL.

WANTED—To hear from parties who have \$1700 to loan on farm property. Address, A. J., care Outlook, Gresham, Oregon.

WANTED—100 tons of good baled oat straw delivered at Fairview and Troutdale. Sun-Dial Ranch. Phone 611.

FOR SALE One L 15 Blizzard ensilage cutter, refrigerator cutter, refrigerator plant with 6 h. p. Fairbanks-Morse engine, 2 1/2 h. p. direct current motor, 2-compartment wash sink, 13 h. p. Stickney gas engine, double disc plow, 1-in. centrifugal pump, one B.L.K. milking machine, four units milking eight cows, with 6 h. p. gas engine; line shafting and pulleys, 24-bottle Babcock steam turbine milk and cream tester. Phone to the Sun-Dial Ranch, at Fairview, Gresham 611 or Gresham 195, between 12 and 1 p. m.

Professional and Business Ads.

DENTISTS PHONES: Office 114 Res. 115 W. J. OTT DENTIST

Gresham office over Anchor store, entrance next door to Hardware store. In Sandy every Tuesday and Wednesday.

PHONES—Office 517 Residence 51x J. E. CLANAHAN DENTIST

Office: First State Bank Building GRESHAM, OREGON

DR. H. H. OTT DENTIST Howitt Building Gresham, Oregon PHONE 113

PHYSICIANS PHONES: Residence 111; Office 11x H. H. HUGHES, M. D.

Hours—10-12 a. m., 2-4 and 7-8 p. m. Office, Howitt Building GRESHAM, OREGON

PHONES: Office 46; Res. 61 GEO. INGLIS, M. D. PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

All professional calls promptly attended. Special attention to diseases of the Eyes and fitting of Glasses. Hours, 10-12 a. m.; 1-4, 7-8 p. m. Over First State Bank, Gresham

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Gresham phone 517. C. G. SCHNEIDER ATTORNEY AT LAW

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Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty Phone Vancouver 614, or Gresham Outlook 701

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Men's High Cut \$5.00 to \$8.50 Men's Work Shoes \$3.50 to \$5.00 Men's Dress Shoes \$3.50 to \$6.00 Men's Elk Skin Shoes \$2.50 to \$3 Men's Tennis Shoes 90 Boys' Tennis Shoes 85 Boys' Shoes \$3.00 to \$3.25 Shoe Repairing a Specialty GRESHAM SHOE SHOP CARL DAHL

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Invites all farmers who have no insurance on their farm buildings to insure with us. This association is the cheapest and safest in the state. It insures only country property and has over \$1,000,000 insurance in force.

Write or phone H. W. SNASHALL, Pres. The Farmers' Mutual Fire Relief Association. Gresham Route No. 3 Phone 85 Notary Public Real Estate