Home and Farm Magazine Section Editorial Page

Suggestions From Our Associate Editors, Allowing for an Interchange of Views, Written by Men of Experience on Topics With Which They Are Fully Acquainted—Hints Along Lines of Progressive Farm Thought.

BUY OR BUILD.

YOU MAY HAVE to beg or borrow-do anything but steal -the money, but remember the time of year is fast approaching when farmers must begin putting up silage. And you can't put up silage without a silo.

If you have a silo, just pass this

It's meant for the man who

Some farmers have siles, but don't know the value of silage. They are few.

Some realize the value of silage but haven't silos.

Still others neither understand the worth of silage nor have silos. It's time to consider this silage question seriously.

There is scarcely any system of farm feeding which will add to the profits of the farm like the use of silage.

If you carry on dairying, you simply can't afford to be without one. You lose money every day you haven't one.

Silos provide succulent feed. They also reduce the amount of concentrated feed required by the

stock. One most striking advantage silage has is that rain or bad weather need not interfere with the

harvesting of the crop. With all these good points, why not make up your mind to have a silo today?

In the words of the advertisement: Do it now!

Some farmers will prefer to buy their own silos.

Some will prefer to buy the lumber to construct them. Others will choose concrete for

the same purpose. The question of type is a trouble-

some one. The answer depends on local conditions-and finances. If you want assistance, why drop

a line to your agricultural college. It wants to be of help.

Look over the advertising columns. Write a line to the silo manufacturers. Discuss the matter with them. They will give you good

If you doubt this, remember that silos are not the only things you will want to buy. The manufacturer or agent knows he has to satisfy the farmer. One farmer pleased is in effect many potential customers.

The farmer never hesitates to give a word of advice to his friends. And advice often makes sales.

The manufacturers know this. That is why their advice will be honest; why it will help you in buying a silo.

A cheap silo, that is one not overly expensive, is better than none at all.

It may be the most expensive in the long run, however.

A silo constructed of durable materials is the one to be preferred.

The pit silo, while better than none, is the least to be preferred. The variety of crops which can be used for silage is composed of

just what a farmer raises. The variety is so large that no farmer is without such a crop.

Corn is the crop most commonly used. Peas and oats, vetch and oats, peas and barley or vetch and barley are popular combinations for silage. Clover and corn make a good combination; so do wheat and clover. In fact, many dairymen pin their faith on this last combination.

Rye can be used to advantage. In a last resort, use weeds, but not until other crops have been exhausted.

But you can't use silage till you

Think over that silage question. Then buy or build.

UNCLE SAM NAPPING.

WE FANCY every farmer-or even the common, ordinary variety of city man-who gets a copy of the Government's latest bulletin will snicker.

"How to Fight Dandelions" is

It's 10-year-old Teddy's job to keep the lawn in shape. When Teddy read that book he laughed

It suggests that first you thicken the grass and crowd out the dande-

We wender if those experts ever

saw that work. We didn't.

Then, apparently considering that plan will be a failure, the work says airily and flippantly, why just cut off the tops and sprinkle salt on the

Don't laugh too much. There's

Here is the real remedy. If the crowding out does not crowd out the dandelions, and if the pesky things seem to thrive on salt, why then, says the Government bulletin, the only sure way is to spade them

Said Teddy:

"Why, I knew that all the

But those government officials seem to have a few wee doubts as to whether even spading out will work, for they console us with the comment that "dandelions are a valuable truck crop' in some countries.

We wish we had that expert here. We'd let him try his plans in order some warm day on our stretch of grass.

And then we'd laugh.

OPTIMISTIC CROP REPORTS.

ROM all over the country crop reports indicate a bumper wheat crop this year.

This sounds fine. But will it have the effect most to be desired by the farmer?

We have some doubts. Those in a position to judge who have traveled over a number of states say the crop will be a good one; but that it is grossly exagger-

These exaggerated stories will hurt the farmer when it comes time to sell his crop.

It is even hinted by unkind persons that many of the stories have been put in circulation by grain manipulators.

There is this to be said about optimistic crop prophecies.

They can be so optimistic as to force down prices to the great injury of the grower.

It is never to the interest of a wheat-growing country to over-estimate its yield in advance.

THE COUNTRY BANKER.

THE AMERICAN country banker has been immortalized. He will live forever in the minds of all people in all countries.

Of course, all country bankers are not like David Harum-would

they were. There would not be many money troubles.

But it is interesting to know that the country banker forms the mainstay of the banks of this country. We learned on good authority the other day that the "big banker" can no longer order the small bank-

er around. In a recent editorial, the Financier, a paper concerning money and moneyed interests, commented on the compilation of percentages of membership of the American Bankers' Association by W. D. Vincent. of the Old National Bank of Spo-

kane. Fine name that-Old National Bank.

Mr. Vincent said that "over 90 per cent of the American Bankers' Association banks are to be known as country banks."

That means, he might have added, that 75 per cent of the membership is composed of banker-farmers -the David Harums of real life.

The Financier says the average country banker, like the average newspaper, politician, demagogue, has not realized how scarce, relatively speaking, are the "big bank-

It is the average farmer, the average merchant, banker and citizen of the country town who have made this country great.

They are the folk who, mainly, make up this country.

As a rule they are unassertive. We hear little of them.

We do not stop to realize how minorities-sometimes mighty small ones-frequently control, direct and make the reputation, good or bad, for the inactive, inoffensive ma-

And all this is a roundabout way of advising you to get to know your country banker.

You'll find he is a pretty decent fellow after all. Then tell him so.

WHEAT RECORDS.

E read that the largest winter wheat crop in the history of the United States is predicted for this year by the crop-reporting board of the department of agriculture.

"A combination of the largest acreage ever recorded, with a promise of the largest yield per acre ever recorded, make the present condition of wheat noteworthy," says a late report.

There is not a single state with unfavorable reports.

The forecast is for 630,000,000 bushels.

We hope the farmers of this country harvest every bushel of it. Then we hope they get a good

Lastly, we hope they share that good fortune with their wives.

OFF FOR THE HOLIDAY.

THE city man is talking of hard times.

He doesn't mean it. He likes to talk. Have you heard the farmer talk

hard times with his bumper crops? Or the wool man with wool higher than it has been for ever so long? Hardly.

The city man says he can't afford to take a holiday this year. He'll go just the same.

And so will the farmer.

And his family. He'll get the tang of the fresh

salt air in his nostrils, take a few day's rest, get a new lease on life. Maybe it will be the mountains that will lure him with their brac-

ing air. Perhaps the springs will tonic

But whatever the place, it will mean a holiday, vacation, change. We need change and rest. We want to remember we are not mice

in treadmills. New ideas for better farming invariably follow a holiday. You come back a new man.

You won't be alone, either.

Statistics show that 75 per cent of the holiday makers at our beaches and other resorts are composed of farmers and their fami-

Join them this year. You'll like it.

And you'll wonder why you never did it before.

WHITE CLOTHES.

R. J. C. CRUMBINE, secretary of the Kansas State Board of Health, has a fine and novel idea.

The best part of his idea is that it is based on common sense.

He has addressed a circular to the men of Kansas asking them to discard their blue and black summer clothing for white.

He wears white during the hot season and says it pays.

Also, he would discard ice water as a menace to health.

"Women have learned the value of white dresses in the summer time," said Dr. Crumbine. "I can't understand why the men haven't learned the lesson long ago. Anything that resists heat in the sum-

mer makes for health. Black, blue or any dark cloth is a heat absorbent and injurious.

"Our summer temperatures are as high, and sometimes higher, than in the tropies. The fact that the air is dryer is all that saves us. White clothes in the tropics are not a whim of fashion-they are a tribute to necessity and health.

"The man in dark, heavy clothing always is rushing to the ice water," continued Dr. Crumbine. "And ten to one he will have a grouch on, while the cool man in white clothing is serene and eventempered. The ice water, dark clothing and the grouch are detrimental to public and private health."

Of course, it is not as hot out

here as it is in Kansas. Just the same it is hot enough to make white clothes pleasant.

Maybe they would look odd on the farm for a day or two. But what does that compare with

We serve notice right here we are going to try out your advice, Dr. Crumbine.

CABBAGE SEED.

ALL kinds of records have been made in the Northwest.

Here's a new one. We read it in Colonel Blethen's paper, the Times.

Which is as much as to say it's "More than 25 per cent of all

the cabbage seed annually planted in the United States is raised in La Conner district of Washington,' says Colonel Blethen's newspaper. "This is a conservative estimate.

"Some say the La Conner district raises half the nation's cabbage seed."

Although it takes two years for a crop, yet the returns are large enough to be worth while.

It is estimated that 1,500 pounds of seed an acre, worth nearly \$450, is the output.

Cultivation and care run away with money, yet the profits are estimated at \$200 an acre each year. By planting a tract of seed in cabbage on alternate years, a year-

ly harvest may be realized. And the seed is said to be the best to be found in the whole coun-

That's the way of the northwest -raising the best there is.

And we have got to thank the agricultural colleges. WITH good steak retailing at all

the way from 20 to 30 cents a pound there ought to be little question that there will be good money in the cattle business for any farmer who will follow it consistently.

THE largest strawberry beds in the world are in Hampshire, England. From this one district 1,300 tons of berries were shipped last year.

UT in Dakota if a thief steals one chicken it is called petit larceny, but if he gets away with more it is called grand larceny. This is certainly a difference with a vengeance.

T IS a truth that all of us ought to realize more fully than we do that both good and evil thoughts and impulses grow weaker if not put into action.

PIGS may be "ornery" on occasion, but a hen that gets it into her noddle that she doesn's want to set where the owner wants her to set, takes the medal from the

THE FIRST man to make and use an incubator was ridiculed and considered a sort of lunatic. Now the fellow who tries to run a plant without one is called an old fordl and thought to be lacking practical gray matter.