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HIGH STANDARD PAINT
TRADE MARK REGISTERED

The paint of "Proven Performance" will insure for you

THE BEST LOOKING HOUSE IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD

It is a great pleasure to know that *your house* is the best looking in the neighborhood.

Besides this pleasure it is a satisfaction to know that your house is well protected from the destructive elements of weather—rain, sunshine, heat, cold, etc.

Talk over the **neighborhood improvement idea** with your neighbors. Plan to make yours the neatest and prettiest neighborhood in this city. Paint and flowers will make the change.

PAINT INFORMATION and color combinations for exteriors, interior walls, floors, woodwork and other surfaces needing Paints, Varnishes, Enamels and Stains—at our store, **FOR THE ASKING.**

HIGH STANDARD PAINT (of today) is the result of 40 years of experience in paint making. This experience plus improved machinery—plus highest grade materials—plus expert labor—insures a paint quality that **"Gives Best Results."**

It is called "The Paint of proven performance," and is more economical than ordinary paints—when covering, spreading, beauty of finish and number of years of wear are considered.

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The Store with a Watchword that Means Something
"Quality and Service"

Lumber! Lumber!

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU that we are still selling Lumber at greatly reduced prices and have large quantities of all kinds, rough, sized and finishing, at our mill at Sandy. Let us figure on your orders. Write or phone. We deliver.

Sandy Fir Lumber Co.
Phone 446 Martin Lennarts, Mgr. Sandy, Ore.

NOTICE!

We Pay 6c a pound for No. 1 Cows. Can use Hogs and Veal any time. Any quantity.

Highest Price According to Size and Quality

GRESHAM MARKET
PHONE 41

KEEP YOUR KITCHEN COOL

DURING THE HOT WEATHER BY USING

A Perfection Blue-Flame Oil Cook Stove

QUICK, CLEAN and ODORLESS

—AT—

Sterling & Kidder's
Gresham, Oregon.

A new law is being initiated to prohibit anyone working over six days out of the seven. It is in charge of a committee of churches and labor unions, and would seriously interfere with employes on street cars, railroads, hotels, restaurants, etc.

Powell Valley
Mrs. Frank Gustafson entertained at lunch yesterday her sister, Mrs. Richard Gustafson of Woodstock, and Mrs. C. Cedarquist and Mrs. E. Johnson, of Portland.
Eyes tested and glasses fitted.
Dr. Geo. Ingila.

Corbett
Miss Ethel Smith came up from Portland Saturday morning and spent the week-end at home.
Mrs. Eva Fox and little daughter, of Troutdale, visited her parents here the first of the week.
Mr. McDonnell, of Portland, spent the week-end at his ranch.
Several from here attended the dance at Washougal Saturday evening.
Mr. Fleury, of Portland, was out Sunday and expects to build a bungalow on his acre tract.
Our Sunday school is in a flourishing condition, there being 60 in attendance Sunday.

Sandy
SANDY, June 4—The dangerous Ritterbush hill just above Sandy is to be regraded and straightened this month, says Road Boss Anderson.
Adolph Gardeau spent Monday in Portland.
W. J. Wirtz is spending a few days in Gresham.
S. A. Cobb, of Willamette, is in town surveying the streets and setting grade stakes for sidewalks and curb.
Searchers have been unable to locate Gus Aschoff - who disappeared from home near Marmot Sunday afternoon after a quarrel with his brother. The river Sandy was dragged with no results. It is now thought the young man is wandering in the mountains near Zigzag mountain.
The Catholic church society presented a remonstrance petition to the Sandy council Monday night praying that the proposed livery barn on the property contiguous to the church lot should be declared a nuisance. It was the sense of the council that action could be taken now.
Recorder Purcell was instructed by the council Monday night to notify the owners of the building known as Shelley hall to put same in a more safe condition before another dance is held there.
N. H. Schminkey, of Dover, spent Monday in Sandy.
R. T. Dittert spent Sunday in Portland.

GRESHAM REBEKAH LODGE NO. 61.—Meets every second and fourth Wednesday at 8 p. m. in the I. O. O. F. hall. Noble Grand, Norma Hundley; secretary, Mrs. C. M. Kenney.
CLOVER CIRCLE NO. 202, W. O. W. Meets every fourth Thursday at 2:30 in the I. O. O. F. hall. Guardian Neighbor, Mrs. D. D. Jack, Gresham R. 2; Guardian clerk, Eliza Metzger, Gresham.
Mrs. and Mr. Arthur Chase and family, visited at G. H. Blackburn's on Sunday.

Pleasant Home
Mrs. Andrew Jensen, of Portland, visited one day last week with Mrs. L. F. Shinaman.
Aug. Saettler has returned from Calgary, Canada, to spend the summer with his family. Mr. Saettler has been working for the Great Western Saddlery company.
Mrs. C. D. Steinman spent last week visiting in Portland with friends.
Mrs. Jas. Manary and Mrs. Wm. Kettle and children, of Portland, were the guests on Sunday of Mrs. Aug. Saettler.
An excursion from Portland is expected here next Sunday as the guests of the Umbdenstock-Larson company.
Mrs. Rose Hawkes, of Portland, spent Thursday with Mrs. Aug. Saettler.
The Pleasant Home band engaged in an interesting practice march last Sunday. The band started from Pleasant Home at 10 o'clock, going north as far as the Lusted road, marching and playing as they went to Cottrell station. At E. F. Andre's several pieces were played and the band was treated to a strawberry feast. The line of march covered four miles.
Mrs. George Blackburn will give a tea next Wednesday, June 10, for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid society. All are cordially invited.
Rev. A. J. Lucas was in Gresham on his way to Portland. He expects in a few days to begin work in connection with an important mission of the Pacific Coast Rescue society.

Pleasant Valley
A. G. Sager, of Lents, came out Saturday evening and stayed over Sunday visiting with relatives.
Mrs. Will Richey spent a few days last week visiting with her parents Mr. and Mrs. George Robinson, of Portland.
F. H. Lehman attended fruitgrowers' association meeting held in Gresham last Monday evening.
D. S. Johnson, of Gresham, was a valley visitor one day this week.
W. L. Kesterson, of Montavilla, was out to see his brother C. F. Kesterson, last Tuesday.
Rev. Harry Scriber, an evangelist from Canada, preached at the church last Sunday.
School closed last Tuesday with appropriate exercises. Principal G. W. Metzger and Miss Beatrice Stevenson have been re-elected to teach the school for another year.
Call 01 when you want Cogswell's grocery. 28

Kelso
Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Jonsrud and children Lillie and Grant, started on an automobile trip Monday morning to Corvallis, where their son Albert is attending the agricultural college. The latter will accompany his parents home to spend his vacation.
Mrs. Joel Jarl and daughters Mildred and Helen have returned from a visit with relatives in eastern Oregon.
Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Purcell were dinner guests Sunday at the home of Robert Jonsrud.
R. Netzel has almost completed his new barn.
The Wednesday afternoon club meets with Mrs. Joe Hall this week.
Robert Jonsrud is employing Mr. Gilbertson to slash and improve his pasture.

Cherryville
Miss Dorothy Cooper returned from Portland Monday, where she has been visiting with her friend Miss Elizabeth Boyd.
Memorial services were held at the cemetery Saturday, there was singing by the Sunday school and also a duet by Mrs. Geo. Couper and James Botkins. Mr. Averill and Mr. Runyon each gave good remarks appropriate to the occasion.
The Industrial club meets today at Clover Acres and after the business meeting is over the members are intending to have a good time.
There was a dance given at the home of Mr. Oaks, Saturday night.
A party of young people went to see the beautiful falls on the Sandy river Sunday.
Rev. Ernest Smith, of Sandy, will preach at the M. E. church at three p. m. Sunday, June 7.

Cottrell
Mrs. Iphi Henshaw, of Seaside, was the guest of Mrs. S. T. Jack Monday.
The young ladies' embroidery club will be entertained at the home of Mrs. William Caldo in Gresham next week Thursday.
Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Timberlake and children, Mona and Merrit, Misses Edna Yergen, Belle Hall and Eva Schneider were the guests of Mrs. Ella Schneider, Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Newell and fam-

FOR CONGRESS



A. W. LAFFERTY
(INCUMBENT)
Independent Candidate

I hereby declare myself a candidate before all the people, regardless of party affiliations, for re-election to the office in which I am now, and for 3 1/2 years last past have been, serving all the people, and in which I expect to serve all the people for some years to come.

My name will be printed on the ballot in the regular way. Each voter, on November 3, will be given an opportunity to cast a ballot either approving or disapproving my record in Congress.

Between now and election day I shall make such a campaign as I have never made before. It is my candid belief that my defeat would postpone for at least ten years a realization of National laws giving to the general public the prosperity and share of wealth produced which it deserves. If defeat should be my reward for drafting and fighting for such laws, no Congressman in the future could be expected to take up the same fight.

These are some of the things I am fighting for:

1. The enforcement of the Oregon & California Railroad Land Grant, that the majesty of a solemn Act of Congress may be upheld, and that thousands of poor people in Oregon may have homes. I started this litigation September 16, 1907, pushed it to a favorable decision before Judge Wolverson in Portland, July 1, 1913, and, while I am writing this announcement, I am in San Francisco fighting the case in the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals. Ex-Senators Spooner and Georin and Hon. W. D. Feinton and Mr. Peter F. Dunne are here representing the railroad. Mr. B. D. Townsend, who has represented the Attorney-General since 1907, withdrew six weeks ago, and the Attorney-General is represented here by Mr. C. J. Smyth, of Omaha, and young Mr. Rabb, of Indiana, lately a special agent of the Land Office at Portland. I am the only man originally in the case against the railroad who is sticking to it, and I shall stick to the end.
2. For Government ownership of railroads, and Government or municipal ownership of all other monopolies, to the end that the per capita charge for public utility service may be reduced in this country to cost, which would mean a saving annually to each citizen of at least \$50.
3. For agricultural asset currency, of exactly the same tenor and effect as the commercial asset currency provided for in the recent currency law, except that first mortgages on farms, not exceeding 50 per cent of the unimproved value thereof, shall be taken as security by the Government in place of personal notes, to the end that the \$500,000,000 annual interest which our people are now paying to the Money Power, through the farmers, shall go to the Government—to the people—and not to the Rothschilds, Morgans and Rockefellers. This bill alone would save the American people \$5 a year each. Nobody would be hurt except the Money Power, which is now loaning "credit" to the farmers. The farmers have borrowed eight billions of dollars, while there are only \$3,500,000,000 in existence in the U. S., or but little more than a third of the amount the farmers alone have borrowed. The Government is better equipped to act as fiscal agent, hold the securities, and extend the credit than is any private bank. No wonder the Associated Press and the United Press, and their newspapers, are fighting me. The money power controls the news channels of this country. It would be idiotic not to do so, since it has the price.
4. For a law making all press associations common carriers, to the end that any person or corporation may start a daily newspaper and compel the press associations to furnish their out-of-town service, and at a reasonable price, just as any citizen may now compel a railroad to carry him as a passenger if he tenders the fare. When I introduced this law, Mr. Bond P. Geddis, agent at Washington for Mr. E. C. Scripps, asked me to let up on my fight for the bill, and to apologize for my statement in the Congressional Record that the press associations were controlled by the money power. Mr. Geddis told me that Mr. Scripps owned the Portland News; that Scripps also owned the Unit 4 Press, or the majority of it, that serves both the News and the Journal in Portland, and that if I did not apologize and drop my fight, Scripps would have his paper, the Portland News, fight me for re-election. I refused to surrender.
5. For an Interstate Trade Commission with powers to control private trusts, like the Steel Trust, the Tobacco Trust, the Oil Trust, the Harvester Trust, and all others trusts, even to the extent of fixing maximum prices to be charged for any commodity when found to be controlled by an absolute monopoly, pending the elimination of the monopolistic conditions and the restoration of free competition.

These are not empty promises. I have put all these propositions into the form of specific laws. All that would be required to realize them would be to elect 219 Congressmen—a majority—willing to serve the public. I have taken my office seriously; have worked like a slave the last 3 1/2 years, and, of course, the interests will try to defeat me and put in a standpat or a nonentity.

I had not been in office six months until I was approached and offered a bribe to serve the "interests." I was offered a salary to serve as "Attorney" for the "Coos Bay & Eastern Electric Company." I refused to be bought, and have kept the faith. I shall keep it hereafter, let come what will.

Had any fair presentation of the tremendous issues involved in this fight been made to the voters by the newspapers in the late primary, I should regard the result as binding. But such was not done. Early in my Congressional career the newspapers ridiculed me, and later (when I had been recognized by the colleagues at Washington, and placed on the committee in interstate and foreign commerce, one of the most important committees of the House, and the most important on which any Oregon member serves, the newspapers then absolutely ignored me. The newspapers are impressed with a public interest, as has been held by the Supreme Court, and they have no right to close their columns to the news concerning a public officer. But that is what the Portland papers did. And at the same time the public is being helped to support the newspapers by carrying their papers through the mails for \$20 per ton postage—almost free. The same papers complained bitterly because I sent a few speeches, not over two tons in three years, through the mails.

The newspapers did worse than to ignore the work I am doing in Congress and in the courts for the public. They actually tried to poison the minds of the public against me as an individual, well knowing that they could not attack my public record. The Oregonian closed an editorial supporting McArthur, Sunday before the primary, with the statement that "There are excellent reasons why Lafferty should be left at home." The Portland News, favoring McArthur's nomination, habitually followed the lead of the Oregonian, and would close its editorials supporting McArthur, and opposing me, with the statement that "There are other reasons not necessary to mention why Lafferty should be defeated."

"I refuse to be killed off politically by any such blank cartridges. I challenge those newspapers to produce leaden bullets, and show wherein I am unfit. If any person can show where I have ever been immoral, or committed any offense against any law of any country, I will resign from office.

As a cap sheaf to the campaign of newspaper infamy, on the afternoon before the primary large and glaring paid advertisements were inserted in all the afternoon papers, when it was too late for me to expose the fraud in the same papers, headed: "Congressman Lafferty for Prohibition." That piece of trickery alone cost me at least 3000 votes. Every reader of the advertisements supposed I put them in the papers and, of course, those who are against prohibition were incensed that I was using the influence of my political office in that way. The advertisements were inserted by my political enemies, who well knew the head thereon was false, and who well knew that the printing of such advertisements, supposedly coming from me, would put me in a false light and cost me thousands of votes. I have taken no personal public stand for or against prohibition, and shall not try to influence the people either way on that subject. I shall vote for the resolution submitting the question to the states, if it comes to a vote before the November election, and if it comes to a vote after that I shall vote as Multnomah County votes on the subject in November. No Congressman has any right to vote otherwise than as directed by a majority of his constituents, when that desire has been clearly expressed with notice in advance that the referendum vote of the people will be followed. That was the very principle of Statement 1.

I want every voter to call to see me at my office, 733 Pittcock block, opposite Hazelwood Cream Store. I shall be home in a few days and shall be in my office and engaged in the campaign every day until November 3, except such time as I may find it necessary to be in Washington. Very sincerely,
PAID ADV **A. W. LAFFERTY.**