

GRESHAM OUTLOOK

TWICE A WEEK

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H. L. ST. CLAIR, Editor and Publ'r.



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"The Linotype Way is the Way that Wins."

Official paper of the Town of Gresham, Oregon.
 Official paper of the Town of Fairview, Oregon.

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MAKE THEM PRODUCTIVE.

In every town and city there are many vacant lots growing up to weeds that might just as well be producing garden and flowers, thus adding beauty and utility to the city instead of being an eye sore. Many of these lots are owned by non-residents and others who would be glad to donate the use of them to the children. Almost every town or community has its Parent-Teachers' circle, civic board and perhaps other organizations, and they and the school board should get together and from their membership appoint a committee, whose duty it shall be to secure the use of them for the children and arrange to have them plowed and fenced, when necessary. In appointing these committees do not overlook the ladies, for they are adepts at such work. It would also be their duty to plan and manage the local contests, provide prizes for same and to select exhibits to be forwarded to the state fair, and to show the children how to pack, mark, enter and ship them. The teacher is not always qualified to do this work, and has about all she can do beside. Then when school closes and perhaps the teacher leaves the town the children need help and encouragement which this committee can give.

In every town and city are many children who have little or nothing to do outside of some provision of a proper avenue through which to vent them, they are apt to be wasted. It is not so much the fault of these children if they get into mischief and form habits of idleness, and possibly viciousness, as it is the fault of parents, guardians and others for not providing interesting and profitable employment for them. To aid in providing this employment and making it attractive and profitable is the object of the industrial contest movement inaugurated last year. To make this a perfect success it must have the co-operation of parents, teachers, school boards and all public spirited citizens, and we know of no better way in which they can help than as above suggested. Try it. Let the teacher or president of the Parent-Teachers' circle call a meeting at once, effect an organization and report to the office of superintendent of Public Instruction, Salem, Oregon, in order that he can put you on his mailing list for bulletins, etc., and assist you in every way possible.

The bill making appropriations for the improvement of rivers and harbors for the coming year passed the House of Representatives on January 28, and has gone to the Senate. Out of the 394 congressional districts in the United States, the largest appropriation carried in the bill is for the Portland, Oregon, district, amounting to \$1,960,000.

The Outlook's story in last issue concerning the cut in milk prices brought out a statement from several of the wholesale dealers in Portland. The reduction in price was admitted by Robert Bruce Ireland, manager of the Portland Pure Milk & Cream company who said: "The price was reduced from \$2 to \$1.60 per 100 pounds on February 1, because there has been a big surplus of milk on the market. We pay \$1.60 for milk on the farm and stand the cost of delivery ourselves. We got the bulk of our supply from the Cleone district."

Manager Vetsch of the Damascus creamery, said that he has been paying \$2.10 for milk delivered at his place of business. Carl Schallinger, manager of the Hazelwood company, says he is paying \$2 for milk delivered. All of them denied having had an understanding as to the reduction in the price of milk, but it is noticeable that there has been no reduction to the consumer.

BOULEVARD PLAN CONSIDERED FEASIBLE

When H. W. Snashall mentioned the opening of a boulevard street through the town of Gresham, to connect the county road at the Cleveland gravel pit with Powell street in a direct line, he set several people to thinking. Mr. Snashall's idea is to provide another route through Gresham besides Main street for the use of teams and automobiles and connect two important county roads so as to form a circuit with less danger at the gravel pit and open up another road for travel which would complete a big circular track for touring cars connecting Gresham with Portland.

The plan is entirely feasible except that it would undoubtedly injure certain properties, among which would be the fair grounds. There would be small difficulty in opening the road from the gravel pit to the Section Line road, but from there southward the work would not be so easy. New streets would have to be opened, and they will be some day, but to make a straight road the streets would not conform to those already surveyed in Clananah's addition nor to those south of the fair grounds. So it seems that the work could never be accomplished without great expense if the proposed road is to run straight across the city.

There is an opportunity, however, to open the road from the gravel pit to the Section line at small cost, as the owners of the Doctor Powell property seem to be willing to donate the ground for a road. The others could probably be prevailed upon to do something to help it along.

Aside from having another road there would be the immense advantage of putting a very dangerous place out of business to a great extent. The turn at the gravel pit is sure to be the scene of a great accident again some day. One person has been killed there and many other mishaps of a serious nature have been narrowly averted. The incline along the east side of the pit should be made double its present width and divided into two roads with a heavy fence between. In opening a new road straight across the fields that work could be done.

Now is the time to think about it. Who will take up the work and push it through?

The discovery of the "perfect woman" in the person of Elsie Rebecca Scheel in New Jersey will set all the women in the United States who can approach the measurements of the Venus de Milo to applying the tape line to themselves. The Venus is 5 feet, 4 inches high; 33 inches around under the arms, 26 inches around the waist and 38 inches around the hips. The face is an oval and equally proportioned as to forehead, nose, and from the nose to the tip of the chin. It is highly probable that there are many women who are nearly perfect but they don't know it. There will probably be a run on the dry goods stores for tape lines. If any fair reader of the Outlook comes up to the required measurements we would be glad to hear from them.

In our last issue, when speaking of the creamery merger, we stated that it was reported the Mountain View farm of Gresham had been included. This seems to have been an erroneous statement as there is a Mountain View dairy somewhere down the Columbia river which was meant instead of the one here. The feeling that some of the milkmen entertain that they were "sold out" is probably more imaginary than real.

Those human exotics who are never satisfied with the existing order of things succeeded in changing "Webfoot" to "Beaver." There has lately been an attempt by many of the old-timers to change back but their efforts are being opposed by the new comers to Oregon who seem to be getting so numerous that they can dominate almost everything. Now they are seeking to temporize by calling Oregon the "Valentine" state because it is the only one admitted to the union on Feb. 14.

There is some reason for such a change, and if we are to lose our individualities as "webfeet" we might be pacified with being called a valentine. But there is no sense in changing distinctive appellations or nick names, so here is hoping our newly arrived friends won't try to change the name of the state itself. They have tried their intellects on pretty nearly everything else, including Mount Rainier, Bull Run and half the streets of Portland.

Forest rangers of the southern Oregon and northern California reserves will meet in Medford, February 18-21, where they will discuss problems of their work and listen to addresses by experts.

MORE ABOUT WHAT THE LEGISLATURE IS DOING

Representative Spencer, of Portland, has introduced a bill in the House providing that by ordinance any city may order the exhuming of all bodies in cemeteries when it is deemed necessary for the general good of the public. Lot owners are protected by a provision which requires that they be notified before any body is exhumed.

This bill has not become a law yet, but if it does it will open the way for the removal of many cemeteries which are now located within the limits of many cities. Gresham's cemetery is an example and one that is some day going to become a problem. Located as it is, in the heart of the city, it requires no stretch of the imagination to foresee that the property is going to become valuable, and it will really be needed for business purposes.

The greater portion of the Gresham cemetery was donated for the purpose years ago by the first owner of the land. It was given for burial uses and placed in charge of the board of directors of the school district with the proviso that no one outside of the district should be buried there and that it is to revert back to the first owner or his heirs if used for any other purpose. The first owner is dead long ago and his heirs are not known, if he ever had any, so there is going to be a hard problem to solve some day when the land is needed for business blocks. That time seems to be coming.

Several bills fell under the ax in the senate not to reappear again this session. Among the more important of the measures to be killed was that of Howard to teach sex hygiene in the public schools. Moser's bill regulating vehicles; McDonald's relating to physicians and druggists and the dispensing of alcoholic liquors, and Bonebrake's to regulate the sale and use of poison, were all indefinitely postponed and sent into the discard by the upper body.

Provision is made for a special referendum election to be held by the voters of the state August 4, 1913, in a bill introduced in the senate by Day. The bill carries an appropriation of \$12,000 to defray the expenses of the special election, and an effort will be made by Day to have an emergency clause attached.

It provides for a special pamphlet to be issued not later than 30 days before the special election. Senator Day states that his idea in planning for the special election is to obviate certain death to the effectiveness of some measures if the referendum were to be applied in the usual manner. He refers particularly to the referring of an appropriation for an Oregon exhibit at the Panama-Pacific exposition, which, if it should be referred and take the usual course over until November, 1914, it would be practically useless, as far as exposition purposes are concerned.

All supplies that are purchased from funds coming from the office of the Secretary of State must be purchased by the Board of Control, or under its direct supervision, according to a bill by Representative Lewelling, in the House. At present, he declares, there is no system of purchasing supplies that adequately protects the public, so far as economy is concerned.

Several joint or concurrent resolutions were given a quietus in the Senate. Among these was one providing for an investigation of fishing conditions at Oregon City, another to refer to the people a constitutional amendment, providing that only taxpayers should vote on bond issues and another relating to revision of taxation. All were indefinitely postponed.

When found guilty of murder in the first degree, a man or woman may be hanged only in case the trial jury so orders, according to a bill introduced in the House by Representative Upton, of Multnomah county.

In case the jury finds for murder in the first degree and decides that it should not be punishable by death it may find its verdict and report to the court, who must then sentence the convicted person to life imprisonment.

Honorably discharged sailors and soldiers of the civil war are to have preference over others for positions in the public service, either state or county, if the bill introduced in the House by Representative Hughes becomes a law. Mr. Hughes believes that this is but right, in view of the service which they rendered the country in its time of need.

Yesterday, the last day for introduction of bills in this session of the legislative assembly brought forth an avalanche in both the senate and the house that nearly swamped the clerks. With adjournment 325 bills had been introduced in the senate so far this session and an even 600 in the House, or a total of 925 bills for the session.

This is just 200 more bills than were introduced during the entire 40 days two years ago. During the last session the House received 418 bills and the Senate 307.

The record of the present legislature is way ahead of anything in the line of proposed legislation in the history of the state.

Further bills may be introduced, but under the Senate concurrent resolution of early in the session no bills may be introduced after today without the consent of three-fourths of the members of the body in which it is so introduced.

While there have been a few freak bills, according to the number of bills introduced as compared to previous sessions, such class of proposed legislation is really small. Appropriation bills have not been slighted, however.

The big appropriation bills have so far not been introduced and will have to come in under the three-fourths rule. The rule is not taken very seriously by some members, who say that there will still be numerous bills introduced.

Remarriage until six months after divorce is prohibited in future by the terms of a bill by Upton of Multnomah, passed by the House today. It validates present marriages, however. Murnane, of Multnomah, voted against it, saying, "I do not believe in divorce."

Moser has introduced a bill in the Senate making provision for an additional county commissioner for Multnomah county. This is in the nature of a companion bill for one he recently introduced abolishing the office of county judge and making the present county judge a circuit judge. The commissioner provided for in this bill would increase the board of county commissioners to three members.

McArthur's resolution to place before the people in 1914 a constitutional amendment providing for the creation of the office of lieutenant-governor was adopted by the Senate after a fight by the Senate again will go on the ballot. The usual objection was made that it had been once voted on by the people of the state and defeated. Calkins contended against this objection by showing how woman's suffrage had time and time again appeared before the people only to meet defeat, but eventually to triumph.

A large delegation of hotel men were at the capitol yesterday to lend their aid pushing through Senate bill 96, which is for the protection of innkeepers as to valuables of guests. The bill has passed the Senate and is in the House.

Provision is made in a bill introduced by Senator Farrell for extending the power of the railroad commission to cover the hay and grain trade and giving that commission power to name a chief inspector and deputies to prevent frauds in connection with that grade. A maximum appropriation of \$25,000 is provided for in the bill.

Twelve thousand dollars a year in the shape of a continuing appropriation, not to be limited to any particular year, for the support and maintenance of the Oregon naval militia is asked for in a bill which was introduced by Senator Joseph.

Representative Upton has introduced a bill in the House providing for an appropriation of \$100,000 to be available whenever the city of Portland shall provide an equal sum for a site, the state fund to be used in the construction of a permanent home for the Oregon Historical society, to be located at Portland.

For the benefit of the Bull Moose party, Carson, at the request of the state committee, has introduced a bill providing that a political party for primary election purposes shall be one that cast 20 per cent of the vote at the preceding election. The present law provides for 25 per cent.

Do you know that more real danger lurks in a common cold than in any other of the minor ailments? The safe way is to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, a thoroughly reliable preparation, and rid yourself of the cold as quickly as possible. This remedy is for sale by Gresham Drug Co., and Dealers everywhere.

Drain Tile
 All Sizes, 3-, 4-, 6- and 8-inch always on hand

Also Square Hollow Blocks
 For Cellars, Foundations and All Building Purposes

Common Brick, Clinkers for Facing

COLUMBIA BRICK WORKS
 Yard at Hogan Station, P. O. Gresham

Attention!

The Farmers' Mutual Fire Relief Association OF PORTLAND, OREGON

Invites all farmers who have no insurance on their farm buildings to insure with us. This association is the cheapest a safest in the state. It insures only country property and has over \$3,000,000 insurance in force.

Write or phone, H. W. SNASHALL, Pres. The Farmers Mutual Fire Relief Association. Gresham Route No. 3 Phone 74 Notary Public Real Estate

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Grain, Flour, Feed, Etc.

WHEAT — Track prices: Club, 86c; Bluestem, 95-96c; 40-fold, 87c; red Russian, 84c; valley, 87c.

MILLSTUFFS — Bran, \$22 per ton; middlings, \$30; shorts, \$24.

FLOUR — Patents, \$4.70 per barrel; straights, \$4.10; exports, \$3.85-3.95; whole wheat, \$4.80; valley, \$4.70; graham, \$4.60.

BARLEY — Feed, \$23-23.50 per ton; brewing, nominal; rolled, \$26.50.

CORN — Whole, \$27; cracked, \$28 per ton.

OATS—No. 1, white, \$26.50-27.50

HAY—Timothy, choice, \$16-17; mixed Eastern Oregon timothy, \$12-15; oat and vetch, \$12; alfalfa, \$11.50; clover, \$10; straw, \$6-7.

Dairy and Country Produce.

POULTRY—Hens, 13 1/2-14c; broilers, 13 1/2-14c; turkeys, live, 20c; dressed, choice, 25c; ducks, 15-16c; geese, 10c.

BUTTER—Oregon creamery butter, cubes, 36c per pound; prints, 37-37 1/2c per pound.

EGGS — Fresh locals, candled, 27-28c per dozen.

CHEESE—Triplets, 18c per pound

PORK—Fancy, 10-10 1/2c per lb.

VEAL—Fancy, 14-15c.

Vegetables and Fruits.

POTATOES — Burbanks, 50-60c; per hundred; sweet potatoes, 3 1/2c per pound.

Onions—Oregon, \$1.00 per sack.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, 1c per pound; cauliflower, \$2.50 per crate; celery, \$5.50 per crate.

FRESH FRUITS — Apples, 50c-1.75 per box; pears, \$1.50-2.00 per box.

SACK VEGETABLES — Carrots, 75c per sack; turnips, 75c per sack; beets, 75c per sack; parsnips, 75c per sack.

Daily Oregonian, 1 yr. reg. \$6.00

Twice-a-Week Outlook, 1 yr. 1.50

Combination, 1 yr. 6.00

List of Letters.

The following list of letters remain uncalled for in the Gresham postoffice for the week ending Feb. 2, 1913:

Letters — Johnie Severn, Mrs. Laura Pugh.

Foreign — R Wasoman.

Cards — Mr. Battams, Mrs. Boursch.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office on Feb. 16, 1913, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say advertised, giving date of list.

Three is not better medicine made for colds than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions, aids expectoration; and restores the system to a healthy condition. For sale by Gresham Drug Co., and Dealers everywhere.

O. W. R. & N. TIME TABLE

EASTBOUND

Leave Portland 7:50 a. m.—Arrive Fairview 8:25 a. m.; Troutdale, 8:30 a. m.

Lv. Portland 4:00 p. m.—Ar. Fairview 4:29 p. m.; roudale, 4:34.

Lv. Portland 8:00 p. m.—Ar. Troutdale 8:31 p. m.

WESTBOUND

Lv. Troutdale 9:15 a. m.; leave Fairview 9:19 a. m.—Ar. Portland 10:00 a. m.

Lv. Troutdale 4:48 p. m.; leave Fairview 4:52 p. m.—Ar. Portland 5:30 p. m.

The Best Light

AT THE LOWEST COST

ELECTRIC LIGHT is the most suitable for homes, offices, shops and other places needing light.

ELECTRICITY can be used in any quantity, large or small, thereby furnishing any required amount of light. Furthermore,

ELECTRIC LAMPS can be located in any place, thus affording any desired distribution of light.

NO OTHER LAMPS possess these qualifications; therefore, it is not surprising that

ELECTRIC LAMPS are rapidly replacing all others in modern establishments.

Portland R'y, Light & Power Co.

SEVENTH and ALDER STS.
 Phones Main 6688 and A 6130.

PORTLAND RAILWAY LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

O. W. P. DIVISION

Lv. Portland for Gresham and Cazadero	Lv. Gresham for Portland and Cazadero
a 6:20	cb12:25 c12:25
6:50	b 5:40 d 5:51
7:45	6:30 a 6:07
8:45	7:37 7:50
9:45	a 7:50 9:50
10:45	8:45 11:50
11:45	9:39 1:50
12:45	10:45 a 3:18
1:45	11:39 3:50
a 2:27	12:45 5:50
2:45	1:39 7:45
3:45	2:45
4:45	3:39
b 5:35	4:45
d 5:45	a 5:03
6:45	5:39
8:00	6:45
b10:00	7:00
c 11:33	9:45
	10:50

Light figures denote a. m. Bold figures denote p. m.

a U. S. Mail and Express. No passengers.

b Gresham Local to Cazadero on Sundays.

c Saturday through to Cazadero. Running time Portland to Gresham, 1 hour.

MT. HOOD DIVISION

Lv. Montavilla for Gresham and Bull Run	Lv. Gresham for Mt. Villa and Bull Run
a 9:00	8:10 d 7:00
3:00	a 1:20 3:25
b 5:55	5:25

SUNDAY ONLY.

9:00	8:00 d 7:00
1:30	11:50 9:25
4:45	4:15 1:55
c 7:00	6:50 s 5:10

a Mixed train.
 b To Cottrell only.
 c To Gresham only.
 d To Mabery only.
 s To Sandy River only.

Above schedules subject to change without notice.

Light figures, a. m.
 Bold figures, p. m.

Here is a message of hope and good cheer from Mrs. C. J. Martin, Boone Mill, Va., who is the mother of eighteen children. Mrs. Martin was cured of stomach trouble and constipation by Chamberlain's Tablets after five years of suffering, and now recommends these tablets to the public. Sold by Gresham Drug Co., and Dealers everywhere.