

**BOARDMAN NEWS**

By MARGARET THORPE

**Lloyd Stoltnow to Work in Alaska**

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Stoltnow returned Tuesday from Seattle where they spent a few days finding out about defense work in Alaska. Mr. Stoltnow will leave immediately for the north but Mrs. Stoltnow will have to wait for boat reservations. Mrs. C. T. Odenburg of St. Helens, Mrs. Stoltnow's sister, and her mother, Mrs. R. Sampson of Salem, returned with them.

Supt. Richard McCullough of the Flight Strip work is staying in Pendleton taking medical treatments.

Otto Barta is the operator at Messner, taking Dale Russell's place. Mr. Barta is staying at the William McDonald home.

The junior class is decorating the gymnasium getting ready for the senior frolic which will be April 10.

The high school are now practicing for a play called 'Sis Perkins' which it is planned to present on April 16.

The ladies interested in home nursing met with Mrs. Anne Thomas at the high school Tuesday to make plans for the class to be held here. The first meeting was held Tuesday. About 10 ladies plan to take the course.

A birthday party honoring Emma Nell on her sixth birthday was given at the Walpole home on Wednesday. About 20 children were present.

Irrigon grade school played Boardman grade school in a softball game here Tuesday. Boardman won with a score of 20 to 11.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Barlow spent a few days the first of the week in Heppner.

Bob Harwood left Monday for Baker to take a defense job. Cecil Hamilton has taken over the janitor and bus job.

The high school went to Irrigon Thursday where they played a game of softball, winning with a score of 29 to 17. They went on to Hermiston where they took in a show.

The flight strip is to be enlarged to double its size. It is expected to double the number of men and trucks working.

Mildred Miller and Maxine Ely gave a farewell party for the Graves children Thursday night at the Ely home. About 60 children attended the party. The Graves family expect to leave for Sparta in the near future to make their home.

The fifth and sixth grade room at school gave a program Thursday afternoon which several mothers attended. They also gave it again Friday for the high school. The program consisted of a play, "The King's Toothache." Characters were King, Leo Skoubo; Soothsayer, Walter VanMeter; Jester, Elvin Jones; Maid, Shirley Peck; Foreign Wizard, Kenneth Harwood; Cat, Mary Ann Rands. The fifth and sixth grade girls' glee club sang two numbers.

The fifth and sixth grade girls gave a farewell party for Barbara and Margie Graves at school Friday afternoon. A gift was presented to each of the girls.

The high school gave a party Friday night in the school auditorium. The evening was spent playing games and dancing.

Russell Miller went to Portland Wednesday to bring home his new truck. He drove his coupe down which he traded in on the truck. He returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Effie Miller arrived Friday evening to spend several days at the home of her son, Russell Miller. Elizabeth and Buddy Kristensen motored to Portland Wednesday where Buddy will have a medical examination.

A grange executive meeting was held Friday night at Minnie McFarland's to discuss renting the hall to Hall & Compton, contractors.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Harter and children went to Hermiston Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Templeton moved

to Pendleton Sunday where they will work.

Paul Smith and Nathan Thorpe went up on Butter creek Saturday for a truckload of hay.

Mrs. Robert Buchanan received word that her sister-in-law, Mrs. Phillip Reno had arrived at Fort Knox, Ky., where Phillip is stationed. She will make her home there while Phillip is in training.

Mrs. Charles Chapman left Monday on a business trip to Couer d'Alene, Ida.

**PINE CITY NEWS**

**Butter Creekers Go In for Poultry**

By BERNICE WATTENBURGER  
Pine City folks won't be caught without meat next fall if shipments of baby chicks received here Saturday are an indication of the general trend. Mrs. Claud Gipson received 200 and Enry Vogler 500.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Finch Sunday were Bill Finch and Mrs. Adams.

Frances Finch, who is attending school in epner spent the weekend with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Finch.

Mrs. Charlie Morehead and family spent Sunday with the Dan Lindsey family.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bartholomew made a business trip to Mongan Tuesday.

Enry Vogler was attending to business matters in Heppner Saturday.

Pine City club will meet April 15. Everybody is invited for an all-day meeting—and bring your scissors.

Mrs. Anna Q. Thomson, teacher in the Pine City school, spent the week-end in epner.

A group from Butter Creek went to the dance at Lexington Saturday evening.

**IN TOWN MONDAY**

George Miller, north Cecil farmer, was transacting business in Heppner Monday.

Government purchase orders, specifying that canners pack fruits, vegetables and juices in large no. 10 size cans instead of smaller ones may save as much as 57,000 tons of tin, 43 tons of rubber and 5,500,000 man-hours of cannery labor in 1943.

Florida farm families grew about twice as many gardens in 1942 as they did in 1941.



**Augusta**

Augusta Travers—you know, the one who runs the little hat shop down on Main Street—she's always been dead set against gambling in any form. Never will forget when I was a kid and she found little Hammy, her youngest nephew, playing marbles for keeps out back of the shop. Took it on herself to give him a whaling and point out the evils of gambling. She's a strict woman, Augusta, real strict. Good as gold, of course. But mighty set against the lighter things of life.

Well, so you could have knocked us all over with a feather when Augusta started her gambling campaign for War Bonds and Stamps, right out in the window of her shop. First she got hold of the photographs of every boy here in town who's joined up, and pasted them on a big board in the window, with little American flags at the corners. Half the town was down there watching her do it. She left the middle empty. Then she brought out a placard she'd had printed up and put it in the middle, and this is what it said: "These are the Local Boys who have enlisted in America's War—They are betting that you are buying War Bonds and Stamps—Hitler and the Japs are betting you aren't—Place your bets inside."

My wife couldn't wait to get herself down there and inside Augusta's shop to see what in the wide world had happened to her, turning right around about gambling like that. You know my wife. She kind of likes to talk. She went right up to Augusta and said, "Augusta Travers, seems like something's come over you. Why, I never thought I'd see you running a gambling campaign in your own shop."

Mean to tell me it's a gamble whether this country buys enough bonds to win this war?" Augusta asked.

I forgot to say. Wasn't just a hat my wife brought home. Was a hat and a \$25 bond.

(Story from an actual report in the files of the Treasury Department.)

**Remember: It takes both—taxes and War Bonds (and more War Bonds)—to run the War and combat inflation!**  
U. S. Treasury Department

A G-T want ad will do wonders if you have anything to sell, trade or exchange. Results every time.

**What Foods are Rationed in the Meats and Fats Rationing Program**

Beginning March 29, shoppers will use the red stamps in War Ration Book Two to buy meats, edible fats, and oils (including butter), cheese, and canned fish. Here is the official OPA list of foods

showing what will and what will not be included in this rationing program. Keep it handy to look at before you shop. Use it in planning nutritious meals for your family and yourself.

**These Foods Are Rationed**

**MEATS.**—Including all fresh, frozen, smoked, and cured beef, veal, lamb, and pork; all meats and meat products in containers of tin or glass; all dried meats; variety meats, including: Tongues, brains, hearts, liver, tripe, sweetbreads, kidneys; bouillon cubes, beef extracts, and similar concentrates; all dry, semidry, and fresh, smoked, and cooked sausage, including: Salami, pork sausage, baked loaves, wieners, scrapple, souse, head cheese, and others; suet, cod, and other fats.

**FISH.**—All fish, shellfish, and fish products in hermetically sealed containers.

**FATS and OILS.**—Butter, margarine, lard, shortening, cooking and salad oils.

**CHEESE.**—Cheese of most kinds: Cheddar (American), Swiss, brick, Munster, limburger, dehydrated grated, club, Gouda, Edam, smoked Italian and Greek (all hard varieties), processed cheese, cheese foods; all cheese products containing 30 percent or more by weight of rationed cheeses.

**These Foods Are Not Rationed**

**POULTRY and GAME.**—All poultry and game, whether fresh, frozen, or in cans or glass.

**FISH.**—Fresh fish, frozen fish, smoked, salt, pickled fish, fish in containers that are not hermetically sealed.

**FATS and OILS.**—Olive oil when not blended with other ingredients; salad dressings and mayonnaise.

**CHEESE.**—Soft or perishable cheese such as: Cream cheese, Neufchatel, cottage, pot, baker's, camembert, liederkranz, Brie, blue; cheese spreads made with a base of cheese which is not rationed; cheese spreads and cheese products containing less than 30 percent by weight of rationed cheese.

**Use Your Red Stamps**

Your red stamps use in the same ration book as the blue stamps you are already using for processed foods.

The number on each stamp shows you how many points it is worth. There are 8-, 5-, 2-, and 1-point stamps.

The letter shows you when to use the stamp.

During the first 5 weeks a new stamp becomes good every week. "A" stamps first, then "B," "C," "D," and "E." As stamps become good they need not be used within a single week, but may be used until the end of the month.

Here is the way your Red Stamps become good during the month of April:

Week Beginning	Red Stamps Bearing Letter	Stamps Expire
March 29	A (16 points)	April 30
April 4	B (16 points)	April 30
April 11	C (16 points)	April 30
April 18	D (16 points)	April 30
April 25	E (16 points)	(To be announced)

**Mrs. America Meets the War**

Ten to two' doesn't refer to the hours your doctor keeps but to the time period recommended by the Office of Defense Transportation for Mrs. America's shopping hours. In this way the ODT said housewives will leave room for essential workers who must travel during peak periods. Public transit facilities of course, are jammed with millions of additional workers. So when Mrs. America marches out for Easter shopping, she is asked to key her shopping hours to the four hour period from 10 in the morning to 2 in the afternoon.

Food rationing is inspiring more housewives to thoughts of canning fruits and vegetables than in many years, and to those who are planning to put up victory garden products, here's a word of cheer from the War Production board. The WPB has been expecting a record breaking home canning season and so has taken action to see that there are plenty of glass jars, rubber rings and covers for sealing the jars. Zinc lids are banned, however, a recent WPB order released enough metal to permit manufacture of almost all types of closures. And twice as many pressure cookers will be made this year. The WPB pointed out that, however, the increase will not be enough to take care of the increased demand. But production is limited because of the direct war need for the critical steel going into manufacture.

Women war workers are particular in their protection of the skin you love to touch' for reports are that lotions are in great demand for hand care. Of course, glycerine which formerly went into lotions now is being replaced by less critical skin softeners. Women working in munitions plants are taking extra caution in the care of their skin by using special 'insulation' creams. These products, which are similar to powder bases, prevent the imbedding of grime in the skin. Another cosmetic item which women doing hard physical work count as important are deodorants. These products, by the way are not suffering from any shortage of ingredients.

Housewives who buy butter or cheese from the milkman may pay

necessary ration points in advance. So if you decide on Monday that you wish a pound of butter delivered the following Thursday just turn over eight points to the milkman for future delivery.

Can openers which Mrs. America will find on the market may be limited in the amount of metal allowed, but at least they shouldn't be scarce. The WPB has allowed the production quota for civilian uses to be upped from 35 to 50 percent of the amount manufactured in the year ending June 30, 1941. But no more than 12 ounces of metal may be used in each can opener.

Red A stamps in war ration book two will be valid for purchases under the meats and fats program until April 30. During the month of April a new red point stamp becomes valid each week to expire on the same date, April 30. The red B stamp matured April 4, the C's on April 11, and the D red stamps on April 18, and together with the red A's, they all will be good until April 30. That provides each holder of war ration book two with 16 basic points per week for the purchase of meats, cheese, canned fish and edible fats and oils.

The sweater girl of 1943 may find plainer sweaters if a recommendation of the knit goods industry advisory committee of the War Production board goes through. The committee has recommended that all frills and unessential trimming details on sweaters be eliminated to save materials and labor. Further, it was suggested that both materials and colors of knit goods be standardized to 20 basic styles and six colors.

Mrs. America is being urged not to pay over the maximum ceiling price for ham or bacon which she puts on the family table with eggs. New uniform prices have been set for all pork cuts sold at retail, and that means the housewife will find the price the same in every store, depending upon its classification. Every retailer must have posted prominently a chart showing the official OPA prices on pork, and housewives are urged to report to local war price and rationing boards or the OPA any instances of overcharging. The new regulation setting uniform dollars and cents ceiling prices for pork cuts, went into effect April 1.

**How to Shop for Meats and Fats with Red Stamps**

Shopping with your red point stamps will be easy if you remember a few simple rules.

You already have War Ration Book Two; you need not register again or declare how much of these foods you have on hand. But when rationing begins remember that:

1. Red Stamps may be used for any of the foods rationed in the Meats and Fats Program. The same stamps are valid for meat, cheese, butter, canned fish, margarine, etc.
2. The point value of each item is set on a pound basis. But the amount of any food your points can buy will depend on whether the item you choose has a high or low point value.

**How to Shop**

1. First study the "point values" of the foods you buy most often. To help you, you'll find a "Point Value Table" hung up in your food store. Or, better yet, you can clip a meats and fats "Point Table" from your newspaper and keep it handy.

Official Table of Consumer Point Values for just such cases. This table breaks the point values per pound down into ounces. If one of your purchases has an ounce value of less than half a point you do not have to pay an additional point. But if it is one-half point or more, your retailer can collect a full point.

2. Take War Ration Book Two with you when you shop for meats, cheese, or any of the other items, just as you do now when you buy canned, frozen or dried fruits, and vegetables. Tear the Red Stamps out in the presence of your storekeeper or his delivery man.

3. Budget your points.—Spend Red Stamps carefully. Make them last for the entire ration period. When you receive "1-point" Red Stamps as change, use them the next time you shop, if possible, and be sure that they don't expire unused.

3. If you find you do not have the exact amount of valid Red Stamps to give for a purchase, your storekeeper can give you your change in "1-point" stamps. For example, if you must give him a 5-point stamp to pay for a 4-point purchase, he can give you a 1-point stamp as change. But he cannot use the 2-, 5-, or 8-point stamps as change. Make sure, however, that the "1-point" stamp has a letter on it which is valid at the time you receive it.

4. Remember, you still use the Blue Stamps for processed foods and stamps from War Ration Book One for sugar and coffee. No change can be made in Blue Stamps.

4. Your storekeeper cannot always cut meat or cheese to the exact pound weight you wish. That means you must know how many points you should pay for ounces, too. A special table has been provided on the

