



Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—Daily the impression deepens in the national capital that the United States is headed for war. General Marshall, chief of staff, in a radio broadcast declared that military danger (war) may develop in six months. Because of this apprehension the high command is speeding up manufacture of munitions and expects in 1941 the production of planes, bombers, powder, tanks, etc., will be under way but peak capacity will not be attained until 1942.

Here are some of the steps taken for national defense: Islands at either end of the Panama Canal are being acquired as air and navy bases and the defenses of the canal are being increased. In exchange for 50 over-age destroyers the U. S. has been given a 99-year lease on air and navy bases from New Foundland to the Caribbean. Each of these sites will be developed and equipped with all possible dispatch.

An agreement has been completed with Canada for mutual defense in case either country is attacked. In accordance with this agreement, a special commission is now looking for defense sites to protect the Pacific northwest from Alaska south. These sites will be manned with Canadian and American soldiers equipped with artillery and combat planes. Similar protection is being prepared on the Atlantic.

On October 16 some 16,000,000 men between 21 and 35 years will register and from these about 900,000 will be conscripted for military service for one year. After one year of service these conscripts will be in reserve for ten years. Ultimate aim is an army of trained men, active and reserve, of 5,000,000, which is approximately 500,000 stronger than the German army.

The government is rushing establishment of munitions factories in the midwest and these will be in production next year. Aircraft factories have so many planes to build that present capacity is inadequate and all of the plants (principally on the Pacific coast) are being expanded. Thousands of youngsters are being trained to pilot these planes and other thousands as ground crews to service the bombers, pursuit ships and training planes. Factories are being ordered to expedite manufacture of rifles with which to arm the soldiers and other factories are turning out ammunition for the weapons. Two more immense plants are under construction to make smokeless powder.

Contractors are preparing to produce tanks for the motorized army; tanks of 20, 40 and 50 tons, and designs are being drawn for a 70-ton tank. Every navy yard is engaged in building fighting ships and private yards have been assigned some of this work. About 50 destroyers are to be constructed on the Pacific coast in addition to submarine tenders, seaplane tenders and a fleet of speedy motorboats which carry torpedoes. Five years are required to construct the super-battleships, but while these are on the ways the navy will be busy providing itself with smaller craft.

To house the new army, cantonments are under order (901 buildings at Fort Lewis alone), requiring the employment of a great number of skilled members of the building trades and trainloads of lumber and other material. Contracts for building shelter for the troops specify that the work must be completed in 90 days. A time limit has been placed for the delivery of uniforms, blankets, shoes and other requirements for the soldiers, not to mention the food supplies.

All is hustle and bustle in the na-

tional capital as the nation launches its preparedness program, as though to be in readiness in six months when, as General Marshall said, military danger may develop.

Before next spring it is possible, according to high officials, that the British fleet may be using United States ports on the Atlantic coast, in the event of an invasion of England, for operations against the enemy.

For these defense preparations congress has appropriated since last June more than \$16,000,000,000, in addition to the \$7,000,000,000 for the normal operation of government. Voting more than \$23,000,000,000 in less than six months gives the general public some idea of what they can expect in taxes. The billions voted for defense can be regarded as only the beginning.

Well over half a million barrels of flour have been purchased in the northwest by Japan during the past week. All of this huge cargo will move out of the Columbia river basin territory before January 1. Those in position to know expect cessation of hostilities in the Far East very soon. When this comes about Oregon and the northwest should once again be the largest sellers of food-stuffs, lumber, etc., to Japan.

Through the offices of Senator C. L. McNary last July contact was made between representatives of a Swiss aluminum company, next in size to the Aluminum Company of America, and members of the national defense commission in the national capital. The Swiss gentlemen frankly stated their mission was to find a site in the United States for an aluminum plant, and they intimated that they had their eyes on the TVA area. Senator McNary informed them of the advantages offered by the Pacific northwest and called attention to the fact that the rates of the Bonneville hydro-electric plant were lower than could be obtained anywhere else in America.

Senator McNary's efforts were aided by Edward R. Stettinius of the defense commission, who informed the visitors that no surplus electrical energy is immediately available in TVA while Bonneville could supply their needs on short notice. The Swiss company proposed a \$5,000,000 plant which would require 30,000 kilowatts for its operation. The fact that the Aluminum Company of America had already located a plant on the north bank of the Columbia river was not regarded as a handicap, and investigators were sent to Oregon to look into the situation.

The report of these investigators has now been made and, needless to say, it is favorable. There remains the matter of obtaining a site and this is now under consideration. Whether the company will locate in the Portland area depends upon availability of site and the price which must be paid for the desired acreage. It is understood that negotiations are now in progress.

Hereafter and during the "emergency" state highway commissions will have little to say about what new roads are to be built and what improved with the aid of federal funds. In the regular federal-aid authorization bill there is a clause which alters the picture, allegedly in the interest of national defense. It stipulates that priority be given routes designated by any defense agency, which means that in some states a large portion of their funds must go to highways of military value. The bill also provides for federal studies, when requested by states, for "flight trips" along highways where planes may be landed without interfering with ordinary traffic.

It is not expected that other steps will be taken immediately for the carrying out of a program for military highways. What is to be done about the inadequacy of present highways to bear the burden of heavy motorized movement may come later as a part of the national defense program, but no provision will be made at this session.

Powerful farm groups are putting pressure on congress to pass the

Jones-Gillette bill amending the 1937 agricultural marketing agreements to be administered by AAA. The plea is offered that this is necessary because of loss of export markets. Canners are opposing enactment of the measure as they don't want marketing agreements on products they buy.

At present, only milk and a limited group of fruit and vegetables can be controlled through marketing agreements. In the Jones-Gillette bill apples not produced in the Pacific northwest are the only products not blanketed by its provisions.

Preliminary steps toward bringing about the setting up of a Columbia Valley Authority similar to TVA have been taken in the name of national defense and progress to that end is being watched with interest by private utility companies of the Pacific northwest. The first move was an order by President Roosevelt placing in the hands of Administrator Raver of the Bonneville project the power of marketing both Bonneville and Grand Coulee, with an eventual pool of 2,400,000 kilowatts.

The step is a proposal which has been made by Administrator Raver that the Bonneville administration be vested with authority to buy plants and facilities of private utility companies and re-sell them to public utility districts and municipalities. RFC has already offered to furnish money to PUD's to pay for properties purchased for operation by the public.

The pooling of the electrical output of both Bonneville and Grand Coulee is held to be justified in order to encourage the establishing of industries producing materials necessary to national defense, and to the extent that this is true communities in the northwest will benefit. But it is well understood that the underlying purpose is to bring about a situation which ultimately will result in creation of the long contemplated central authority for administration of the affairs of both these great projects and federal control of the entire electric industry in the Pacific northwest.

**SUMMONS**  
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MORROW.

The Federal Land Bank of Spokane, a corporation, Plaintiff,

vs.

Arthur L. Larsen and Delia E. Larsen, husband and wife; C. S. Calkins and Anna B. Calkins, husband and wife; Helen J. Strain, formerly Helen J. Slinger, and Alvin Strain, wife and husband; Anna Elizabeth Slinger, a minor; Frederick J. Slinger, a single man; The Unknown Heirs of Anna C. Slinger, deceased; Harriet N. Dickerhoff and W. G. Bickerhoff, wife and husband; Frank Walker and Jane Doe Walker, husband and wife; West Extension National Farm Loan Association, a corporation; and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

TO: Harriet N. Dickerhoff and W. G. Dickerhoff, wife and husband; Helen J. Strain, formerly Helen J. Slinger, and Alvin Strain, wife and husband; The Unknown Heirs of Anna C. Slinger, deceased; Arthur L. Larsen and Delia E. Larsen, husband and wife; Also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, DEFENDANTS.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled Court and Cause within four weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail to appear and answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in its complaint as follows, to-wit: For a decree ordering that the sum of \$100.00, being the par value of 20 shares of stock in The Federal Land Bank of Spokane, pledged by the West Extension National Farm Loan Association as additional security for the loan made by the plaintiff herein, be applied

to the payment of the amount secured by plaintiff's mortgage; and that the plaintiff have judgment against the defendants, Arthur L. Larsen and Delia E. Larsen, husband and wife; C. S. Calkins and Anna B. Calkins, husband and wife; and West Extension National Farm Loan Association, a corporation, and against each of them, for the balance then remaining unpaid on said indebtedness, to-wit: The sum of \$3,090.86, with interest from the 29th day of June, 1940, until the entry of decree herein at the rate of 5 1/2% per annum on \$1,507.20 thereof, and 6% per annum on \$1,289.18 thereof; and for the further sum of \$150.00, or such other sum as the Court may adjudge reasonable as attorney's fees herein, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements; that the mortgage described in plaintiff's complaint be foreclosed and that the mortgaged premises, together with all water and water rights used upon or appurtenant to said lands and however evidenced, be sold in one parcel in the manner prescribed by the laws of the State of Oregon and the practice of this Court; that the proceeds thereof be applied towards the payment of plaintiff's decree, costs and accruing costs; that at said sale plaintiff be permitted to become a purchaser; that the defendants above named, and each and all of them be foreclosed and barred of all right, title, claim or interest in the premises described in plaintiff's mortgage except the right of redemption allowed by law, and that plaintiff have such other and further relief as is meet and equitable.

That the lands covered by the said mortgage which will be sold under foreclosure are as follows, to-wit:

The Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Eleven, Township Four North, Range Twenty-five, East of the Willamette Meridian; and

All water and water rights used upon or appurtenant to said lands and however evidenced;

Together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining;

Situated in Morrow County, State of Oregon.

This summons is served upon you by publication thereof for four consecutive weeks in the Heppner Gazette Times by order of the Honorable Bert Johnson, County Judge, which said order was entered the 26th day of September, 1940, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 26th day of September, 1940.

P. W. MAHONEY,  
Postoffice Address: Heppner, Oregon.  
One of Attorneys for Plaintiff.

**NOTICE**

No trespassing or hunting will be allowed on the F. D. Cox and Mrs. D. O. Justus lands in Morrow county. Anyone found trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

F. D. COX,  
28-30p. MRS. D. O. JUSTUS.

**IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR MORROW COUNTY.**

In the Matter of the Estate and Guardianship of CHARLOTTE CANNON and PETE CANNON, Minors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to an order and license made and entered by the above entitled court on the 15th day of August, 1940, the undersigned guardian of the above named minors will from and after the 27th day of September, 1940, offer for sale and sell at private sale for cash, subject to confirmation by the above entitled court, at the law office of Jos. J. Nys, Heppner, Oregon, all the right, title and interest of the above named minors in and to the following described real property, situate in Morrow County, Oregon, to-wit:

The E 1/2 of NE 1/4, NW 1/4 of NE 1/4, E 1/2 of SE 1/4, SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 and SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Section 23, and SW 1/4 of NE 1/4, S 1/2 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, SW 1/4 and NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Section 24 in Township five (5) South, Range 26 East of Willamette Meridian.

Dated and first published this 29th day of August, 1940.

ADA L. CANNON, Guardian.

**Want Ads**

PIANO. If you are interested in a real buy in a small piano, write us at once. Pendleton Music House, Pendleton, Oregon. 29-31.

12x14 wall tent, A-1 condition, \$10. Alec Wilson, Heppner. 30-32.

Lost—Bulova wrist watch, about Aug. 10. Gen. reward. See Clifford Carlson, Ione. 28-31.

For Sale—640 acres grazing and timber land in Secs. 29, 30, 32, 33, Twp. 6 S.R. 30. W. C. Rinehart, 7004 N. Burr Ave., Portland, Ore. 28-33.

350 acres stubble, 500 acres fine grass pasture for fall use. Plenty of water. See J. O. Turner.

FOR RENT—Four 40-A. pastures for two months. See Jim Vrana or John Pruitter, Boardman. 30-31p.

MEN WANTED for Rawleigh Routes of 800 families. Reliable hustler should make good earnings at start and increase rapidly. Write today. Rawleigh's, Dept. ORI-84-S, Oakland, Calif.

Wood for sale \$6.00 per cord. Fir and tamarack post 8c delivered to Heppner. Green cut wood at Arbuckle corrals \$3.50 a cord. W. H. Tucker. 8-mp-ft.

For Sale—Jersey milk cow, 1 work mare, 60 tons good alfalfa hay. V. C. Brown, on highway S. Lexington. 30-31.

**NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned executors of the estate of Ralph W. Harris, deceased, have filed their final account with the County Court of the State of Oregon for Morrow County of their administration of the estate of said deceased, and that said Court has fixed Monday, the 21st day of October, 1940, at the hour of 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day in the County Court room at the Court House, at Heppner, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing objections to said final account, and the settlement of said estate, and all persons having objections thereto, are hereby required to file same with said court on or before the time fixed for said hearing.

Dated and first published this 19th day of September, 1940.

LAXTON McMURRAY,  
FRED McMURRAY,  
Executors.

**NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Pearl Parker, deceased, has filed his final account with the County Court of Morrow County, and the Court has set Monday, November 4, 1940, at 11:00 A. M. in the Morrow County Court Room of the Court House in Heppner, Morrow County, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing of said final account. All persons having objections to said final account must file the same on or before said date.

Dated and first published this 26th day of September, 1940.

ARTHUR P. PARKER,  
Administrator.

**NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned executrix of the estate of Lillian Cochran, deceased, has filed her final account with the County Court of the State of Oregon for Morrow County of her administration of the estate of said deceased, and that said Court has fixed Monday, the 21st day of October, 1940, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day in the County Court room at the Court House, at Heppner, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing objections to said final account, and the settlement of said estate, and all persons having objections thereto, are hereby required to file same with said court on or before the time fixed for said hearing.

Dated and first published this 19th day of September, 1940.

SARAH E. McNAMER,  
Executrix.