

Heppner Gazette Times

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Official Paper for Morrow County.



PLAN TO AID THE STATES WITH FEDERAL SALES TAX.

Editor's Note—The following editorial explains the plan of G. C. Willings, a keen student of American business, who now resides at Pensacola, Fla., as a means of the solution of the nation's present financial crisis.

President Hoover in submitting his budget to Congress advocates a 2 1/2 per cent manufacturers' excise sales tax on all products except food.

A federal sales tax seems to be an equitable form of taxation and one that spreads the cost of government over the entire nation.

Mississippi adopted a 2 per cent sales tax and with the proposed federal tax of 2 1/2 per cent will make a total sales tax of 4 1/2 per cent on the same products.

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Sunday School Lesson

By Rev. Charles E. Dunn, D. D.

Jesus Begins His Work. Lesson for January 8.

Mark 1:12-20. Golden Text: Mark 1:15.

Our lesson deals with the temptation of Jesus. His first preaching, and recruiting. Note that Mark not only writes concisely and swiftly, but also completely ignores the early life of Jesus, not even mentioning His birth or boyhood.

For a full account of the temptation of Jesus. His first preaching, and recruiting. Note that Mark not only writes concisely and swiftly, but also completely ignores the early life of Jesus, not even mentioning His birth or boyhood.

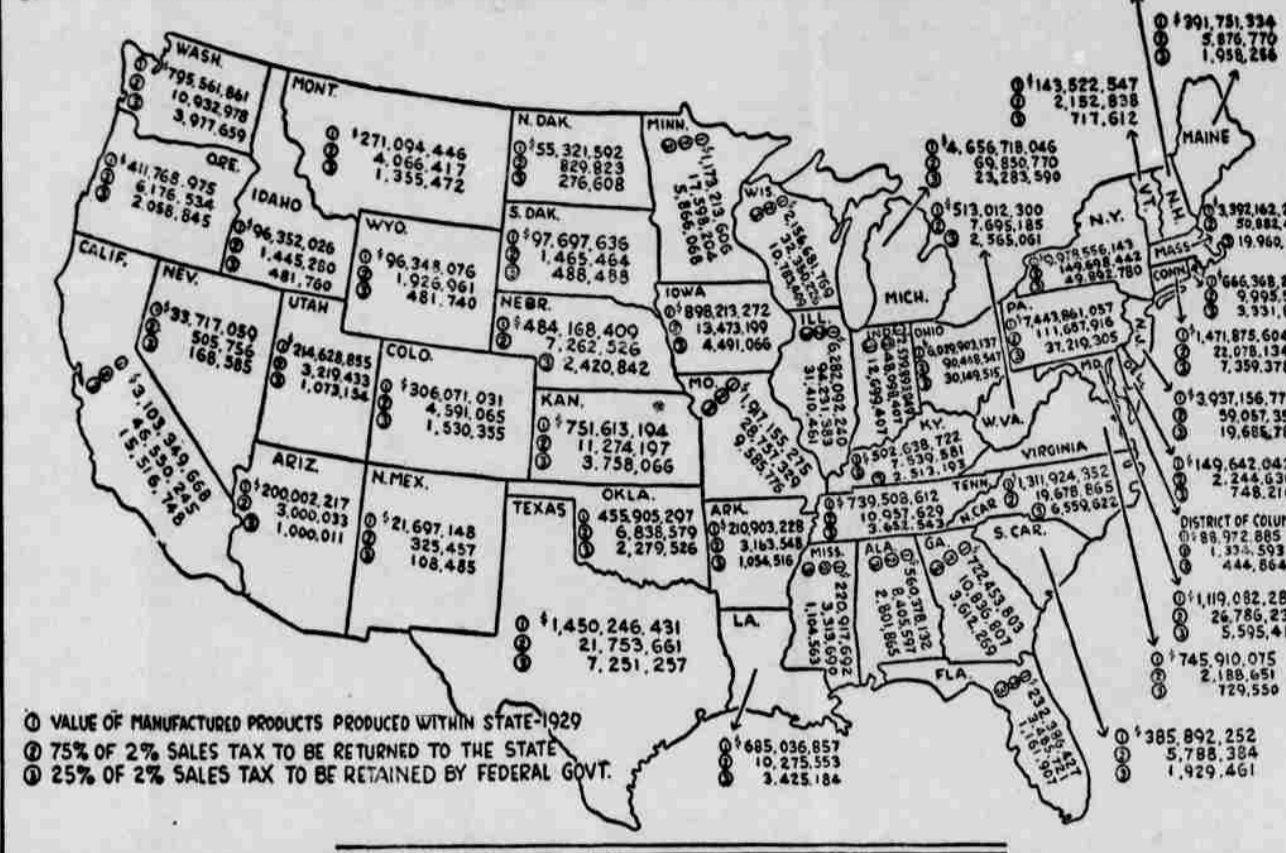
Jesus' initial preaching Mark briefly sums up with this sentence, "The time has fully come, and the Kingdom of God is close at hand; repent, and believe this Good News."

Now the reign of God is fundamental with Jesus. "Thy kingdom come" is the central petition of the Lord's Prayer.

With regard to the Master's technique of recruiting, note that He did not seek learning, or highly gifted spirits, but selected humble fishermen at work with their nets.

HOW STATES WOULD BENEFIT BY PROPOSED SALES TAX

TOTAL VALUE OF MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS WITHIN U.S. IN 1929 - \$70,434,863,443 = TOTAL OF 75% OF 2% SALES TAX OF ALL STATES \$1,056,522,951 = TOTAL OF 25% OF 2% SALES TAX OF ALL STATES \$352,174,317 = TOTAL OF



VALUE OF MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS PRODUCED WITHIN STATE-1929. 75% OF 2% SALES TAX TO BE RETURNED TO THE STATE. 25% OF 2% SALES TAX TO BE RETAINED BY FEDERAL GOVT.

FLORIDA, on distribution on basis of manufactured products, would receive \$3,485,721; on basis of population, it would receive \$12,678,275; on basis of combination of both, \$8,081,998.

NEW YORK, on the three bases, would receive \$149,698,422, or \$105,652,295, or \$127,675,358.

In other words, smaller states, on a population basis, or on the combination basis, would receive more than the larger states, which produce manufactured products consumed by the smaller states.

W. C. T. U. NOTES

MARY A. NOTSON, Reporter.

Much is said nowadays about "regulation" of the liquor traffic when it comes back. Arthur Farwell, for many years president of the Chicago Law and Order League, had an article in the Chicago Daily Post of July 27, 1925, in which he said:

"In 1909 Chicago granted 8,134 dram shop licenses, and from June 22, 1906 to May 6, 1918, there were granted by the City of Chicago 56,812 special bar permits (daily saloon licenses), allowing the sale of intoxicating liquor from three in the afternoon until three in the morning in such places as dance halls.

"In 1911, within 250 feet of the Dante public school, there were fourteen saloons and nine more just outside that radius, and 2,184 children were registered at that school. As I remember it, the estimate that was made of blind pigs at that time showed in the neighborhood of 2,000, many of them connected with houses of ill repute. The building next to the Midnight Mission building, 2136 Armour avenue, was a house of ill repute.

"About 1910, a survey was made by representatives of the Municipal Court, Juvenile Protective Association, Citizens' League and the Chicago Law and Order League, as to the number of children who went to the Chicago saloons daily with tin pails to get intoxicating liquor, which was known as 'rushing the can.' As I remember the survey there were 20,000 children who were going daily to the saloons of Chicago for liquor.

"No doubt the men and women of Chicago who knew what was going on at about that time will remember that a great many of the 8,134 saloons that were supposed to close at 12 o'clock midnight and later at 1 o'clock in the morning did not obey that ordinance. I remember when the city council changed the closing hour from 12 to 1 o'clock and the speech made by Alderman Larson of the old twenty-eighth ward. He said: 'The saloon keepers come to us and say: "Be a good fellow and give us another hour." Why not be a good fellow to the members of the survey and children waiting for their sons, husbands and fathers to come home from the saloons? Why not be a good fellow to them living in the basements and attics?'"

"Population in Chicago: Today (1926) there are about 1,000,000 more people than in 1909, and if the 18th amendment had not been adopted and the Volstead Act passed, there probably would have been 10,845 dram shops in the city of Chicago.

"I sold goods for wholesale houses and manufacturers for about 37 years, and I know from my own experience that in this city we are in a great deal better shape than we were in the days of the open saloon, when the children were sold liquor in violation of the law."

There is something of a picture of the old saloon days. The majority of the saloonkeepers did not obey the law. The regulation did not regulate. Senator Borah says that the legalizing of beer means the return of the saloon in many places. When any proposition is made in congress now to prevent the return of the saloon, it meets with very determined resistance. As long as there is money to be made in the liquor business, just so long will regulation prove a delusion and a snare.

Laxton McMurray, prominent Iowa resident, was looking after business affairs in this city yesterday afternoon.

The FAMILY DOCTOR

JOHN JOSEPH GAINES, M.D.

JUST BETWEEN US

Now and then my patrons consult me on matters of public affairs, that concern the moral health, as well as the physical; for the family doctor cannot escape being a sort of a neighborhood mentor, being well-read and perfectly honest in his opinions.

I have kept studiously away from the realm of professional politics; I wouldn't want to drag a skunk through the family circles where I have been always welcome. . . . But the doctor is, or ought to be, a competent advisor on this thing called "prohibition." It challenges intelligent judgment everywhere, from every lover of the American family and the sanctity of the home.

I worked hard to put this prohibition thing in operation; I have watched its workings from inside and outside. Let me tell you, friends: It has been turned into a colossal political graft for political gain. It has not "reformed" or "converted" a single saloon-keeper—it never will. It has cost the almost bankrupt tax-payers down to the very bread they eat—they are losing their homes—for taxes! It has not "reformed" anybody! But there are lots of jobs for political pot-hunters.

Whenever fathers and mothers stop teaching temperance and morals to their children, and leave it to prohibition-agents—then, they are no more fit to be parents. Listen: Many a young girl has told me in tears, "doctor, I was DRUNK when it happened!" Calls of that kind are increasing. . . . I heard a politician-senator last night over the radio harping on what prohibition has done for the country. He has heaped a million dollars out of the game—of course, he's for it! He doesn't know the truth, but his game pays HIM.

Even our Saviour did not say "Thou Shalt Not." He taught morals, not jails. Parents, teach your children. It will pay.

E. R. Lundell, lone garage man, spent a few hours here on Wednesday while attending to business affairs.

Local ads in the Gazette Times bring results.

CALL FOR WARRANTS.

All warrants of School District No. 25, Morrow County, Oregon, from warrant numbered 835, January 22, 1932, to number 995, October 7, 1932, both numbers inclusive, will be paid on presentation. Interest stops on January 3, 1933. MRS. M. L. MORGAN, Clerk. Boardman, Oregon.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of Farmers & Stockgrowers National Bank of Heppner, Oregon, on the second Tuesday in January, 1933, (January 10, 1933) between the hours of 9:00 o'clock A. M. and 4:00 o'clock P. M. of said day, for the purpose of electing directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting. L. A. ALLINGER, Cashier. Dated this 21st day of December, 1932.

NOTICE OF SALE OF ANIMALS.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the laws of the State of Oregon, I have taken up and hold at my place, in Blackhorse, six miles north of Heppner, Oregon, the following described animals, and that I will on Saturday, the 31st day of December, 1932, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at my said premises, offer for sale and sell the said animals to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, unless the same shall have been redeemed by the owner or owners thereof. Said animals are described as follows: One bay horse, about 18 or 20 years old, weight about 1100 and branded BB on right stifle. One brown horse, about 5 years old, weighing 1,000; blotch brand on left shoulder, wire cut on front foot, spot in forehead. W. R. SCOTT, Lexington, Oregon.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTY OF MORROW. MARGARET DENNIS, Plaintiff. HENRY DENNIS, Defendant. To Henry Dennis, defendant above named: IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON, you are hereby required to appear and answer plaintiff's complaint.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE ON EXECUTION.

Notice is hereby given that under authority of an execution in foreclosure duly issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Morrow County on the 29th day of November, 1932, by the Clerk of said court pursuant to judgment and decree rendered in said court on the 28th day of November, 1932, in favor of J. H. Frad, plaintiff and against Geo. R. W. Mead and Elizabeth Mead, his wife, defendants for the sum of \$1500.00, with interest thereon from the 3rd day of February, 1931, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, the sum of \$1500.00, attorney's fees, and the sum of \$17.75, the cost and disbursements, and directing me to sell the following described real property of the defendants, to-wit: The SE 1/4 of NE 1/4, the NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, the S 1/2 of SE 1/4 and the S 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Section 31 in Township one (1) South of Range 26 East of Willamette Meridian, in Morrow County, Oregon.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTY OF MORROW.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1932. C. J. D. BAUMAN, Sheriff of Morrow County, Oregon.

Bruce Barton writes of "The Master Executive"

Supplying a week-to-week inspiration for the heavy-burdened who will find every human trial paralleled in the experiences of "The Man Nobody Knows"

Work, the Evidence

The whole problem of Jesus "miracles" is beyond our arguments, at this distance. We either accept them or reject them according to the make-up of our minds. But if they are to be accepted at all, surely the first one of changing water into wine ought not to be omitted. It often is omitted from the comments on his life, or at least passed over hastily. But to us who think first of his friendliness, it seems gloriously characteristic, setting the pattern for all the three years that were to follow. "I came that ye might have life," he exclaimed, "and have it more abundantly." So, at the very outset, he made use of his mighty power, not to point a solemn moral, not to relieve a sufferer's pain, but to keep a happy party from breaking up too soon, to save a hostess from embarrassment. . . . See, the ruler of the feast rises to propose a toast. . . . look, a tall, broad-shouldered man towers above the crowd. . . . listen, hear his laugh!—That is Jesus.

John the Baptist was the last of this majestic succession of thunderers. He forsook the cities as being wicked beyond any hope, and pitched his camp in a wilderness beside the banks of the Jordan. For clothes he wore the skins of antelope; his food was locusts and wild honey. He indulged in long fasts and vigils, from which he emerged with flaming eyeballs to deliver his uncompromising challenge. "Repent," he cried, "repent while you still have time."

Fresh from the carpenter shop came Jesus to stand and listen with the rest. To what degree was he influenced? Did he, too, believe that the world was almost at an end? There is some evidence to make us think so. He went away from John's camp and hid himself in the woods, and there for forty days and nights he fought the thing through. For a time his preaching bore a decided resemblance to John's. He, too, talked of the imminence of the Kingdom of Heaven and warned his hearers that time was short. But little by little the note of warning diminished; the appeal to righteousness as a happier, more satisfying way of living increased. God ceased to be the stern, unforgiving judge, and became the loving, friendly Father. He, himself, was less and less the prophet, more and more the companion. So much so, that John—imprisoned and depressed—began to be tortured by doubt.

John sent two of his disciples to watch and to ask. And Jesus, knowing how wide was the difference between their attitude and his, refused to argue or defend. "Go," and tell your master what you have seen and heard," he said. "The sick are healed, the blind receive their sight and the poor have the gospel preached to them. . . . It is true that I do not fast, nor forgo the every-day pleasures of life, John did his work and it was fine; but I cannot work in his way. I must be myself. . . . and these results which you have seen. . . . these are my evidence."

Next Week: On Liking People.

EXAMINER COMING.

W. C. Bush, examiner of operators and chauffeurs, from the office of the secretary of state, will be at the court house in Heppner Wednesday, January 11th, between the hours of 1 p. m. and 5 p. m. All those wishing permits or licenses to drive cars are asked to get in touch with Mr. Bush during these hours.

Professional Cards

J. O. TURNER. Attorney at Law. Phone 173. Humphreys Building. HEPPNER, ORE.

A. B. GRAY, M. D. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Phone 323. Heppner Hotel Building. Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted.

WM. BROOKHOUSER. PAINTING - PAPERHANGING INTERIOR DECORATING. Leave orders at Peoples Hardware Company.

DR. J. H. McCRAID. DENTIST. X-Ray Diagnosis. Gilman Building. Heppner, Oregon.

Frank A. McMenamin. LAWYER. 905 Guardian Building. Residence, GARFIELD 1949. Business Phone ATwater 1348. PORTLAND, OREGON.

A. D. McMURDO, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Trained Nurse Assistant. Office in Masonic Building. Heppner, Oregon.

P. W. MAHONEY. ATTORNEY AT LAW. First National Bank Building. Heppner, Oregon.

S. E. NOTSON. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in I. O. O. F. Building. Heppner, Oregon.

AUCTIONEER. Farm and Personal Property Sales a Specialty. G. L. BENNETT. "The Man Who Talks to Beat the Band". 6229 72nd Ave., E. Portland, Ore. Phone Sunset 3451.

J. O. PETERSON. Latest Jewelry and Gift Goods. Watches - Clocks - Diamonds. Expert Watch and Jewelry Repairing. Heppner, Oregon.

F. W. TURNER & CO. FIRE, AUTO AND LIFE INSURANCE. Old Line Companies. Real Estate. Heppner, Oregon.

JOS. J. NYS. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Roberts Building, Willow Street. Heppner, Oregon.

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