

# Heppner Gazette Times

THE HEPPNER GAZETTE  
Established March 30, 1883;  
THE HEPPNER TIMES  
Established November 18, 1897;  
CONSOLIDATED FEBRUARY 18, 1932

Published every Thursday morning by  
VAWTER and SPENCER CRAWFORD  
and entered at the Post Office at Heppner, Oregon, as second-class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES GIVEN ON APPLICATION.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
One Year \$2.00  
Six Months 1.00  
Three Months .75  
Single Copies .05

Official Paper for Morrow County.



WE'RE COMING BACK STRONG.  
Autocaster Service.

The economic depression from which the United States is just emerging is the seventh major attack of "hard times" that this country has been through in less than a hundred years. The people who are scared almost to death for fear that America can't come back are not a bit more scared than were the same type of timid-minded folk in each of these previous panics.

But as we all know, America came back after every one of them, and came back stronger than ever.

The first great financial crisis was in 1837, when practically every bank in the United States suspended payment, half of the property of the nation was sold in bankruptcy proceedings and there was no work for anybody and nobody had any money. But we came back so strongly that in less than twenty years our national wealth had been multiplied by three.

We came back from the crisis of 1857, went through a terrific and devastating Civil War and again much more than doubled our national wealth in the course of sixteen years. Then we had the panic of 1873, and that was followed by another great revival that again doubled our national wealth, until the panic of 1893. We came back from that one richer than before, and we did the same thing after the crises of 1907 and 1920. Everybody knows how rapidly our wealth increased between 1921 and 1929, how prosperous everybody was in those fat years.

There is only one way to foretell the future, and that is by studying the past. It is as certain as anything can be that we are coming out of the present crisis toward a greater and more widespread prosperity than we have ever known. And if we have any sense we will take greater precautions against another depression than we did against this one.

## TOWN AND COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

Autocaster Service.

PROFESSOR THOMAS A. REED, director of the Department of Political Science at the University of Michigan, has been making a study of rural local governments in the United States and has come to the conclusion that there are too many of them, that they are too expensive and that they are out of

date and unnecessary. In the early days, when it was a day's journey to go ten miles to the court house and back, and a hardship on children to send them more than a mile to school, the nation needed seats of government and of education close to or in every community. Professor Reed points out that it is no more trouble today to go sixty miles to the court house than it used to be to go ten miles, and believes that the answer is going to be found in the consolidation of counties and the elimination of superfluous township governments, all of which will tend to reduce local taxation.

The movement toward consolidating country schools and hauling children from a radius of ten or fifteen miles to a good, centrally located, graded school, is growing all over the country. The little one-room schoolhouse is a survival from primitive times; it was picturesque but on the whole inefficient, Prof. Reed thinks.

We don't expect to see such radical changes in our time as Prof. Reed thinks will come eventually, but we are inclined to agree with him that, taking the country as a whole, the cost to the taxpayers of local government is out of all proportion to the needs, and that one way of reducing this would be to reduce the number of local governmental units and make each one cover a larger territory.

## National Body Gives \$900 For O.S.C. Research Work

Recognition of research carried on by the veterinary medicine department at Oregon State college has come in the form of a grant of \$900 by the National Research Council of Washington D. C. to be used in continuing the studies that have been made in the control of salmon poisoning of dogs.

Investigations of this malady carried on at the college as a side issue by members of the staff have resulted in a positive method of immunizing dogs against this disease which is caused by a parasite contained in fresh-water salmon and trout in western Oregon and Washington. The study failed to reveal, however, the exact nature of the infection carried by these parasites, and as certain angles of the case indicate a possible new development in medical science, the National Research Council has supplied funds to carry on the research under direction of Dr. B. T. Simms, head of the department.

Run a G-T. Want Ad.

## Great Author Dies



Lytton Strachey, who died in London, at 51, was the first biographer to make history read like fiction. His "Queen Victoria" and "Elizabeth and Essex" were best sellers for years.

## The Pioneer Trudges On



Here is an unusual picture of the Pioneer on the University of Oregon campus, for it isn't often that there is such a fall of snow as the recent one at Eugene. The snow on the hat, the shoulders and the whip of the Pioneer, sculptured by A. Phinister Proctor, makes him a very realistic one, a replica of those people who dared the storms to make Oregon possible.

## Will the Groundhog Stay Out?

By Albert T. Reid



### The FAMILY DOCTOR

JOHN JOSEPH GAINES, M.D.

## A REVIEW.

Within the last week I have had quite a patronage in "blood pressure cases." In this particular interval, all the subjects were ladies. I could not help noticing similarity that was almost uniform. All were women past middle age—60 and beyond. All were of stout build—170 pounds or over, in weight. All except one—a Jewess—were farm dwellers. All except the Jewish lady were of fair complexion. Most all were of German extraction, liberal feeders. All except the city woman had reared large families of children. All of them, without exception, carried their high tension without kidney disease.

It is very common these days to encounter cases of high blood-pressure, the kind that produces hemorrhage in the brain, and paralysis, if not sudden life ending. Hence the subject is of rather keen importance, both to patient and physician. First of all in the treatment the cause must be sought for. My habit is, first, to test for kidney disease, that being in many cases co-existent with high arterial tension. If not "kidney trouble," what then? Well—are the arteries hardened? Or, is there evidence of a chronic liver derangement? How about the spleen, the largest of the ductless glands? Is there any focus of infection by harmful germs? What of the elimination by bowel and kidney? Is the colon functioning? The heart? The voluntary and sympathetic nervous systems? Lastly, the blood-condition as to viscosity, and its power to properly feed the muscular system, which includes the heart itself. Diet? Regulate it according to need, not routine.

We are progressing—slowly, it may be—and thoughtful patients certainly aid the physician. That's the "why" of this letter.

Local ads in the Gazette Times bring results

## CONTAGIOUS SORES.

From State Board of Health.

What is commonly called contagious eruption, barber's impetigo, football impetigo, bath-house impetigo is scientifically known as impetigo contagiosa. In early days the formation of pus in the skin was regarded as a special disease to which the term impetigo was applied. Impetigo contagiosa is one of the most frequent and most contagious skin diseases found in young school children. It is very common in the rural schools of this state and the city schools are not entirely free from this troublesome

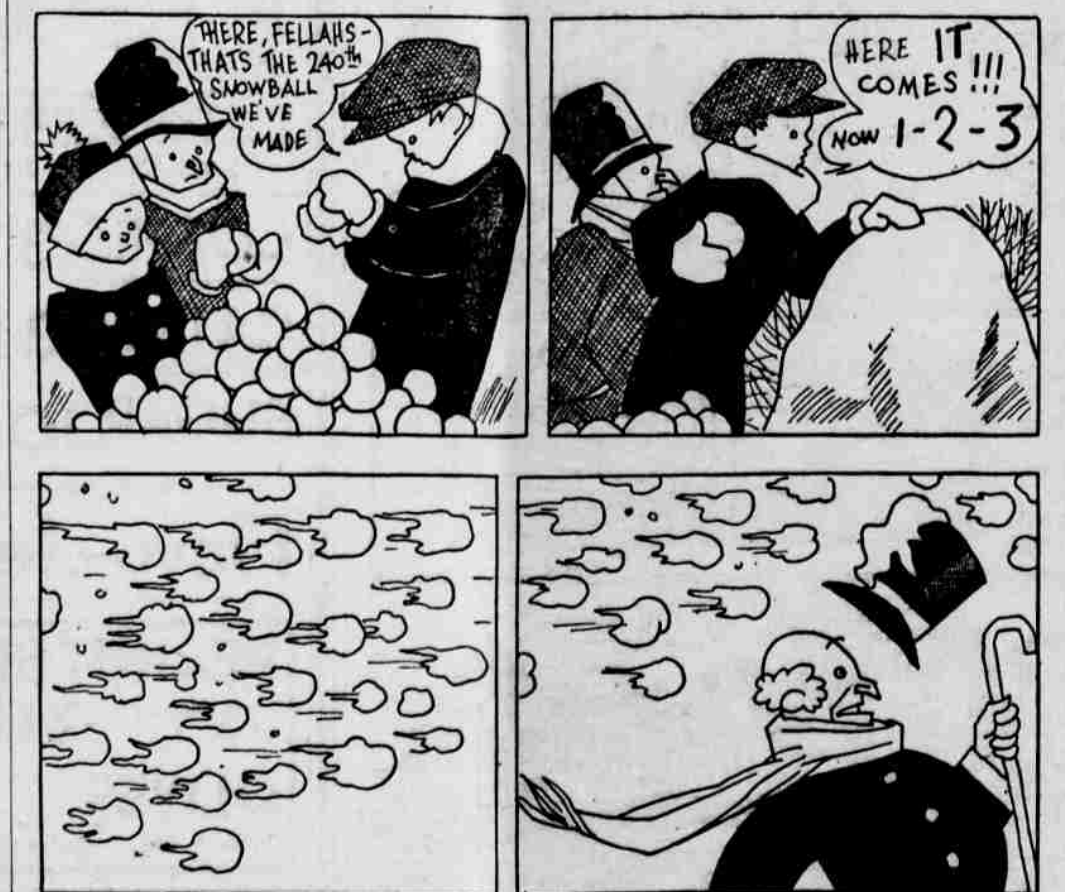
infection. The eruption is most frequently seen on the face and generally comes under observation as a collective yellowish crust, which appears as if "stuck on." Careful observation will disclose the earliest state of the eruption. The eruption begins as a tiny blister which enlarges to the size of a split pea or larger. This blister fills with pus, then breaks, and as it dries forms a yellowish crust. The outer edge of the crust tends to cup up. Larger blisters of impetigo result from the confluence of several smaller blisters. The discomfort, slight itching and stinging induce rubbing and scratching

## Aids Town by Running One-Man Bank



Edward Groth, former messenger and teller for the Hammond, (Ind.) National Bank, when the last of the seven local banks closed up, decided to open a bank of his own. He accepts deposits from workers and merchants in the form of checks for collection and acts as a clearing house in the settlement of local debts. No laws are said to exist for the governance of the Groth institution.

## BUD'n' BUB BUD'S A HIGH HATTER By ED KRESSY



and consequently rupture of the thin roof of the blister; whereupon serum freely exudes, and though the face is the foremost site of the eruption the infection is carried by infected finger nails to distant parts of the body, and new crops of pustules may appear on the hands, arms, legs or body. The only part of the body that escapes is the space between the shoulder blades since it cannot be reached with the finger nails. On the face and around the mouth and nose the crust forms wreath-like figures.

The course of the disease is indefinite. A single patch will disappear in seven to ten days if no new inoculation occurs, but the disease will continue as long as inoculation takes place. It frequently continues for weeks and even months and becomes extensive where its character is not recognized and proper treatment is not instituted. It occurs most frequently in the poor and uncleanly but is not confined to any class of society. All that is required for its production is the broken or abraded skin and the presence of pus organisms. It is frequently caused in men by the abrasions produced by shaving. The disease is spread from one person to another through direct contact by wash cloths, towels or anything that comes in contact with the sore. Epidemics of impetigo are frequently excited through the exchange of clothing and the common use of towels, swimming suits and sweat shirts. It is very contagious. A child who has the sores should be excluded from school and special care must be exercised to prevent the spread of the disease in the home.

The disease is very easy to cure and to prevent. The only cases which are troublesome after they are recognized are those which are produced by scratching or resulting from some irremovable and undiscernible cause. The treatment is simple and effective. The crusts can be removed by soaking in sterilized olive or cotton seed oil until they are easily detached. After the removal of the crusts application should be made twice daily of mild ammoniated mercury ointment. This will complete the healing in a few days leaving only the after-redness which in time gradually disappears. Absolute cleanliness is the great preventive and cure. The avoidance of the common use of hair brushes, combs, caps, towels, and the application of common sense sanitary precautions will practically prevent the extensive introduction of the infection into a community.

Corvallis—In an effort to find a variety that will resist the wilt which has shown up to a serious extent in alfalfa fields of eastern, central and southern Oregon in recent years, 47 varieties of alfalfa obtained from all the alfalfa growing sections of the world are being tried out in alfalfa nurseries in these three sections of the state. This work was started last spring by the U. S. department of agriculture in cooperation with the Oregon experiment station, and is being carried on by the county agricultural agents under the direction of H. A. Schott, associate agronomist of the U. S. department, stationed at Corvallis.

Wanted—Cooking in sheep camp or farm by middle aged, experienced woman. Call this office. 45-8p

## NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of the County Court, I am authorized and directed to sell at public auction as provided by law the following described real property, at not less than the minimum price herein set forth, to-wit: The East half of the Southwest quarter of Section 30, the Northeast quarter of the Northwest quarter of Section 31, all in Township 4 South, Range 28 East of the Willamette Meridian for the minimum price of \$60. Therefore I will, on Saturday the 27th day of February, 1932, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., at the front door of the Court House in Heppner, Oregon, sell said property to the highest bidder for cash in hand. C. J. D. BAUMAN, Sheriff of Morrow County, Oregon.

## NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Michael Curran, deceased, has filed her final account of said estate with the County Court of the State of Oregon for Morrow County, and said Court has set Monday, the 7th day of March, 1932, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the County Court room at the Court House at Heppner, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing objections to said final account, and

all persons having objections thereto, or the settlement of said estate, are hereby required to file the same with said court on or before the time set for said hearing. Dated and first published this 4th day of February, 1932. AGNES CURRAN, Administratrix.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the State Game Commission of Oregon will hold a hearing for the purpose of determining during what part of any particular year, or years, the supply of any particular species of game fish, game birds, non-game birds or game and fur-bearing animals will be injuriously affected by permitting the same to be taken in any particular portion or portions of the State of Oregon, or in the state as a whole, said meeting will be held in the offices of the Oregon State Game Commission at 616 Oregon Building, corner of Fifth and Oak Streets in the city of Portland, county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, at nine o'clock A. M., Monday the fifteenth day of February, A. D. 1932 and notice is further hereby given that if said Commission shall find that in any portion or portions of the State of Oregon, during any period of time the supply of any species of game fish, game birds, nongame birds, or game and fur-bearing animals will be injuriously affected by the taking thereof, said Commission will make an order closing said area or areas to hunting, pursuing, killing, taking, angling for or having in possession any such species named in said order. OREGON STATE GAME COMMISSION. By MARSHALL N. DANA, Chairman. Attest: HARVEY MORELAND, Secretary.

## Professional Cards

Mrs. George Thomson  
INSURANCE SPECIALIST  
New York Life  
Phone 824 Heppner, Ore.

J. O. TURNER  
Attorney at Law  
Phone 173  
Humphreys Building  
HEPPNER, ORE.

A. B. GRAY, M. D.  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON  
Phone 283  
Heppner Hotel Building  
Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted.

WM. BROOKHOUSER  
PAINTING - PAPERHANGING  
INTERIOR DECORATING  
Leave orders at Peoples Hardware Company

DR. C. W. BARR  
DENTIST  
Telephone 1012  
Office in Gilman Building  
11 W. Willow Street

DR. J. H. McCRADY  
DENTIST  
X-Ray Diagnosis  
I. O. O. F. BUILDING  
Heppner, Oregon

Frank A. McMenamin  
LAWYER  
905 Guardian Building  
Residence, Garfield 1949  
Business Phone Atwater 1948  
PORTLAND, OREGON

A. D. McMURDO, M. D.  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Trained Nurse Assistant  
Office in Masonic Building  
Heppner, Oregon

P. W. MAHONEY  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
First National Bank Building  
Heppner, Oregon

S. E. NOTSON  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Office in I. O. O. F. Building  
Heppner, Oregon

AUCTIONEER  
Farm and Personal Property Sales  
A Specialty.  
G. L. BERNETT  
"The Man Who Talks to Beat the Band"  
8229 72nd Ave., S. E., Portland, Ore.  
Phone Sunset 3451

J. O. PETERSON  
Latest Jewelry and Gift Goods  
Watches - Clocks - Diamonds  
Expert Watch and Jewelry  
Repairing  
Heppner, Oregon

F. W. TURNER & CO.  
FIRE, AUTO AND LIFE  
INSURANCE  
Old Line Companies. Real Estate.  
Heppner, Oregon

JOS. J. NYS  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
Roberts Building, Willow Street  
Heppner, Oregon

## Fastest Girl Swimmer



Eleanor Holm, American champion, added another world's record by negotiating 150-yards, backstroke style, in 1:53.36, lowering the former mark by two and one-fifth second. The new record was made in the tank at the West Side Athletic club in New York City.