

**Heppner Gazette Times**

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MORROW COUNTY'S OFFICIAL PAPER

Foreign Advertising Representative  
 THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

**Precedent.**

THE National Association of Manufacturers has protested against Uncle Sam's entrance into the field of manufacture or power development as unfair to private industry, which is compelled to pay taxes and insurance and the like.

For some time now the Government has been competing with the printers of the country through its practice of printing special request return addresses on stamped envelopes. And these printers must pay taxes, insurance, rent and all the other expenses to which any form of private industry is subjected.

This practice of printing envelopes is dinky business and bad business for Uncle Sam. The National Editorial association and other organizations are waging war upon it. Bills will be introduced in both branches of Congress to abolish the practice.

Congressmen who will be called to vote on the bills are urged to ponder President Coolidge's statement that the Government should get out of all kinds of business and stay out. This includes, of course, the printing business.

If the bills fail, a new four-year contract between the Government and the envelope manufacturers will probably be entered into, and the practice will be continued. Winning the fight means giving industrial America a precedent for attacks on similar evils in other industries.

Winning means an understanding, too, that paternalism will be postponed awhile.

**Easy Money.**

HARVARD UNIVERSITY'S commission on "Economic Research," predicting prosperity for 1928, sees nothing to worry business, finance or anything else well managed, no danger in "unwieldy inventories, overproduction or trouble in transportation."

James Speyer, an able banker, whose father, grandfather and great-grandfather were in finance before him, says: "Why ask 'how long will prosperity last?' This country's normal condition is prosperity. If we act like sensible men, prosperity should last indefinitely like health in a healthy man. Our national inheritance is incalculable, inexhaustible. Why should this nation be anything but prosperous as long as it retains energy and common sense?"

The Harvard University com-

**Dr. Frank Crane Says**



**Don't Be One Sided on Prohibition**

UNDERNEATH all this wordy warfare between the wets and the dries and between the noble and free-born souls that enjoy the privilege of getting drunk whenever they please, and the fanatics who want to interfere with other people's liberty, lies the question, what, after all, is the net condition of the common man?

For we are not so much interested in crime among the rich and fashionable, nor with the case of the down-and-outers as we are concerned with the condition of the ordinary, average man.

Perhaps it is true, as asserted by the wets, that more liquor is drunk under prohibition than ever before, more gilded youths are carrying gin in their hip pockets, and a more murderous brand of booze is being consumed.

But the fact remains that the average man who has to work for his living and gets a modest stipend therefor, does not drink liquor simply because he cannot afford it. Much more liquor may be drunk now, but the working man does not care to pay fifty cents or one dollar for a drink.

A recent survey made by Prof. Herman Feldman, of Dartmouth College, published in the *Christian Science Monitor*, establishes the fact that since the advent of prohibition there has been an amazing increase in the productivity of the wage earner, embracing almost every industry in the country. For instance, the output of the rubber tire worker was 139 percent greater in 1925 than in 1919, and this is a typical instance, not the exceptional one.

Labor bodies opposed the passage of the prohibition amendment, but the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics calls attention to the almost unbelievable increase in the productivity of the worker during the past few years.

As a matter of fact, the much-cursed prohibition amendment has placed the United States industrially in the fore front of the world. It may have been an unwarrantable interference with our personal liberty, but the effect of it has been to increase our personal efficiency, and the effort of most men is in the direction of increasing their efficiency by learning how to restrict their liberties.

Some people may think that being the most industrially effective nation in the world does not mean much, but most of us think that it does and are willing to pay the price.

mission favors a continuation of an "easy money" policy by the Federal Reserve Bank. A sane recommendation. In the world's richest country only usurious money lenders would desire anything but easy money, which to prosperity, industry and new enterprise, is like water and fertilizer to the soil.

**Companionate Marriage.**

M. R. HALDEMAN-JULIUS, a Kansas publisher of books, approves his young daughter's experiment in "companionate marriage." The girl, eighteen, will marry a twenty-year-old boy, the two "will continue living their lives after marriage as they lived previously, until they determine whether they are entirely suited to each other." Until then they won't live together, at least not in the same house.

Exactly what the plan seems uncertain. Until they live together, they cannot possibly know whether they are suited to each other or not. Companionate marriage is as old as the human race and as old as the monkey race. All the monkeys live in companionate marriage, free to quit at any time, and they like it.

It took human beings thousands of centuries to establish marriage—a device by which Providence and women, co-operating, are

**Man, oh Man**

At the Grand Canyon. "Tell me, what are some of the chief beauties of the neighborhood that we must not miss."

"Well, there's Old Man Johnson's daughter down by the mill, and Tom Jones' wife up that there mountain."

**Please Stay Put**

Stude—"I hope you will pardon my dancing on your feet. I'm a little out of practice."

Co-ed—"I don't mind your dancing on them. It's the continual jumping off and on that aggravates me."

**Take 'Em or Leave 'Em**

He (bitterly): "Men are fools to marry."

She—"Yes, I agree with you. But what else can we marry?"

**Omi Gosh**

"I hear that you and Dolly have quarreled."

"Yes, I found something about her that I didn't like."

"What was that?"

"Another fellow's arm."

**Truth in Advertising**

Prospective Roomer—"But you advertised a bed-sitting room."

Landlady—"Certainly; this is it."

"Well, I see the bed but where is the sitting room?"

**Jumps—Like a Flea**

Found on Pharmacy State Board exam paper: Q. What is the alkaloid nicotine? Ans. A powerful drug, one drop of which on the end of a dog's tail will kill a man.

**The Optimist**

Doctor to Dying Man: "But, my dear man, why must I tape up your fingers?"

Patient: "So they won't hurt when I play the harp."

**TYPHOID FEVER.**

From State Board of Health.

An epidemic of thirty-seven cases of typhoid in a city in the southern part of this state points out the fact that eternal vigilance is necessary to prevent the outbreak of epidemics. Before the days of modern water purification, typhoid fever was held to be chiefly a water-borne disease. During the past few years, however, we find that typhoid is more often milk-borne in origin. Few diseases present the striking contrast of the past with the present as does typhoid fever. Not many years ago this disease was a plague which was present in the population all the time and each fall it was expected in epidemic proportions. It is now within the power of any community to bring down and keep down the typhoid fever rate to, or nearly to the vanishing point.

Since water supplies have been largely improved, milk has become probably the most common vehicle in the transmission of this disease. It has numerous opportunities for contamination. The hands of the milkster may not be clean and the utensils may have been washed in unclean water. If the typhoid germs get into the milk while it is warm, it finds an excellent culture medium and as a result increases, so that a slight contamination becomes massive.

The utmost care must be taken in handling milk. Milk epidemics present characteristic peculiarities. The cases follow certain milk routes. They are found mostly among women and children, or at least among those who use milk in its raw state.

It is practically impossible to isolate the typhoid bacillus from a suspected sample of milk and it is even more difficult to find signs of dangerous contamination by laboratory methods. Many milk-borne epidemics are traced to "carriers," convalescents, or "walking" cases who have had some part in handling milk.

The first thing to be done in controlling an epidemic is to determine the infection source. Dairies should be inspected, food handlers examined and the milk ordered pasteurized if there is any suspicion of the milk. Each and every case of typhoid fever comes somewhere from some previous case. Typhoid fever never rises spontaneously.

No person should handle foods who has recently had typhoid or who is a typhoid carrier. Washing the hands before handling food and before eating is not a fad. It is the best of common sense and prudence. Nobody should eat without washing the hands. Boil your drinking water and your milk unless you are sure that the supply is pure.

mentioned are as follows: Montana, 8; Arizona, 2; Utah, 2; Pennsylvania, 3; Colorado, 5; New Jersey, 2; South Dakota, 2; District of Columbia, 1; Connecticut, 2; Texas, 2. One each is registered from Kansas, Minnesota, Ohio, Illinois, Louisiana, Indiana, Maine, Maryland, New York and Wyoming.

**"ON TOP OF THE WORLD."**

This slogan represents the "highest priced lamb in the world" which sold on August 29, 1927 at the Salt Lake City, Utah, ram sale. The purchaser was John K. Madsen of Mt. Pleasant Utah, and the price paid for the lamb was \$2000. This lamb was bred and raised by A. R. Cox of Woodland, Calif., formerly of this city. Mr. Cox was for a number of years foreman on the Bullard Bros. ranch at Woodland before taking up business for himself, and this ram comes from the blood lines of their famous flocks. The ram was on exhibition recently at the Pacific International Livestock exposition at Portland, which was attended by Mr. Cox.

**LEGAL NOTICES**

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned has been appointed administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Benjamin F. Berry, deceased, in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Morrow County. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby required to present such claims duly verified, and with proper vouchers attached to the undersigned at the office of Riley, Raley & Warner, in the American National Bank Building, in Pendleton, Oregon, within six months from date of this notice, the same being dated and published the first time this 8th day of December, 1927.

H. J. WARNER, Administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Benjamin F. Berry, deceased.  
 Riley, Raley & Warner, A. S. Cooley and John F. Kilkenny, Pendleton, Oregon, Attorneys for Administrator c. t. a.

**NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.**

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON.  
 The California Joint Stock Land Bank of San Francisco, California, a corporation, Plaintiff,  
 vs.  
 Francis Wilbur Rood and Frances Wilbur Rood, as administratrix of the estate of Andrew Rood, Jr., Deceased, and Oregon Live Stock Loan Company, a corporation, A. C. Ruby and Harry Rood, Defendants.

By virtue of a writ on decree, judgment order, decree and order of sale issued out of the above entitled court in the above entitled cause to me directed, and dated the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1927, upon a judgment, decree and order of sale rendered and entered in said court and cause on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1927, in favor of The California Joint Stock Land Bank of San Francisco, California, a corporation, plaintiff and against Frances Wilbur Rood as administratrix of the estate of Andrew Rood, Jr., deceased, and Frances Wilbur Rood, defendants, for the sum of Twenty-five Thousand Eight Hundred Forty-nine and 47/100 Dollars (\$25,849.47), with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the 30th day of June, A. D. 1927, and the further sum of \$2500.00 attorneys' fees, with interest thereon from the 21st day of November, 1927, and the further sum of \$86.50 costs and disbursements, and the costs of and upon this writ, commanding me to make sale of the following described real property situated in the County of Morrow and State of Oregon, to-wit:

The South half of the Southeast quarter (SE 1/4) of SE 1/4 of the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter (NE 1/4) of SE 1/4 of Section 24, Township Three (3) South, Range Twenty-five (25) East of the Willamette Meridian; the West half of Section Nineteen (19); The West half of Section Eighteen (18); all of Section Seven (7) and the West half (W 1/2) of Section Eight (8); and 43 acres in the Southwest quarter (SW 1/4), South of County Road in Section Five (5), Township Three (3) South, Range Twenty-six (26), East of the Willamette Meridian. Together with all and singular the privileges, appurtenances, tenements, hereditaments, easements and rights of way thereto belonging or usually enjoyed with said premises or any part thereof, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof;

And also all the estate, right, title and interest, homestead or other claim or demand, as well in law as in equity, which any of the defendants had on January 12th, 1923, and/or since acquired, of, in or to the said premises or any part thereof.

And also together with all other rights of every kind and nature, however evidenced, to the use of water, ditches and canals for the irrigation of said premises to which the mortgages or said premises are now or may be made entitled, and also together with all shares or rights, whether represented by certificates of stock or otherwise, in any canal company or water user's association attached to said land for the benefit thereof, now owned or hereafter acquired by said mortgages.

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of said writ on decree, and said judgment order, decree and order of sale, and in compliance with the commands of said writ, will, on Saturday, the 30th day of December, A. D. 1927, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. at the front door of the Morrow County Court House, at Heppner, in Morrow County, Oregon, sell at public auction, subject to redemption, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all of the right, title and interest which the defendants in this suit have, or either or any of them had on the 12th

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**Big Business** By Albert T. Reid



**PRESIDENT COOLIDGE'S SPEECH — THAT THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD GET OUT OF ALL KINDS OF BUSINESS AND STAY OUT!**

**ORDERS FOR ENVELOPES**

**THE PUBLISHER — SAM, DID YOU READ THAT? HE PROBABLY MEANT THE DINKY BUSINESS OF PRINTING ENVELOPES, TOO. DON'T YOU THINK?**

**Morrow County Has 10 Enrolled at University**

University of Oregon, Eugene, Nov. 28.—Morrow county sends a total of 10 students to the University of Oregon, it is announced by Earl M. Pallett, registrar. Multnomah county, with a total of 904 students, leads all counties in Oregon in enrollment, and Lane county in which is the city of Eugene, ranks second on the list with a total of 753. Marion county, with Salem as the metropolis, comes third with 102.

Practically all of the more than 2800 students on the Eugene campus are from Oregon, the survey shows. Out-of-state registration is only 213. Of this number 94 are from California, 58 from Washington, and 29 from Idaho. A total of 23 other states are represented on the rolls.

Possessions and territories of the United States contribute 21 students. The Philippines send 19, Hawaii 1, and Alaska 1. One student comes from Korea, one from India, and one from France.

Clackamas county, with a registration of 74, ranks fourth on the list of counties. Coos sends 58, and Clatsop 54. Other counties are as follows: Baker, 26; Benton, 15; Columbia, 24; Crook, 10; Curry, 1; Deschutes, 29; Douglas, 6; Hood River, 20; Grant, 6; Harney, 6; Josephine, 17; Klamath, 46; Lincoln, 11; Linn, 36; Malheur, 21; Polk, 17; Sherman, 10; Tillamook, 14; Umatilla, 36; Wallowa, 13; Wasco, 26; Washington, 33; Wheeler 4; Yamhill, 36.

Students from states not previously