The Heppner Weekly Gazette.

SEVENTH YEAR. HEPPNER, MORROW COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1890. NO. 365.

THE GAZETTE.

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY AFTERNOON, BY OTIS PATTERSON,

At $2.00 year, $1.25 for six months, $0.75 for three months; in advance. If paid for at the end of six months, $2.50 a year will be charged.

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District Attorney	W. R. Ellis.

MORROW COUNTY.

Joint Senator	J. P. Wager.
Representative	T. E. Fell.
County Judge	Wm. Mitchell.
" Commissioners	J. R. Ely, J. A. Thompson.
" Clerk	C. L. Andrews.
" Sheriff	T. R. Howard.
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HEPPNER TOWN OFFICERS.

Mayor	Henry Blackman.
Councilmen	Nelson Jones, J. W. Morrow, E. L. Matlock, George Noble, J. B. Natter and W. J. McAtee.
Recorder	G. W Rea.
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HEPPNER SOCIETIES.

Doric Lodge No. 29 K. of P. meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Sojourning brothers cordially invited to attend.
J. H. STANLEY, C. C.
E. R. SWINBURNE, K. of R. & S.

The W. C. T. U. of Heppner, meets every two weeks on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the Baptist church.
MRS. OTIS PATTERSON, Secretary. MRS. W. R. ELLIS, President.

PROFESSIONAL

FRANK KELLOGG.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Agent for Jarvis—Conkling Mortgage Trust Co.
Office in First National Bank,
Heppner, Oregon.

G. W. REA,
Attorney-at-Law,
Notary Public and Justice of the Peace.
HEPPNER, OGN.
OFFICE OPEN AT ALL HOURS.

J. N. BROWN, Attorney at Law. JAS. D. HAMILTON.
Brown & Hamilton
Practice in all courts of the state. Insurance, real estate collection and loan agents.
Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.
Opposite Gazette Office, Heppner.

W. R. ELLIS,
Attorney-at-Law
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HEPPNER, OREGON.
Prosecuting Attorney for Seventh Judicial District.
Will give prompt attention to any and all business entrusted to him.
OFFICE on Main Street, over Liberty Market

N. A. CORNISH. A. A. JAYNE.
Cornish & Jayne,
ARLINGTON, OREGON,
Criminal Defences A Specialty.

TONSORIAL.

CHAS. M. JONES'
Heppner Barber Shop!
In the *City Hotel, West Main St., Heppner.*
HOT AND COLD BATHS AT ALL HOURS.

IRA. G. NELSON.
The Tonsorial Artist,
Is located next door to
Matlock's SALOON,
Heppner. Oregon.

NATIONAL BANK OF HEPPNER
D. P. THOMPSON, President. ED. R BISHOP. Cashier.
TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
COLLECTIONS Made on Favorable Terms.
EXCHANGE BOUGHT & SOLD.
Opposite Minor's Hotel,
HEPPNER, OREGON.

First National Bank
—OF HEPPNER,—
C. A. RHEA, President. FRANK KELLOGG, Vice-President.
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Transacts a General Banking Business
EXCHANGE
—On all parts of the world—
Bought and Sold,
Collections made at all points on Reasonable Terms.
$150,000 to loan on improved farms at 8 per cent.

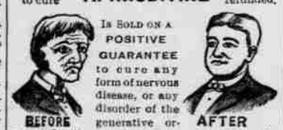
WHEN YOU WANT
First-Class
JOB PRINTING
DON'T FORGET
That the best place to get it is at the
GAZETTE SHOP.
Heppner, Oregon.

YOU CAN SUBSCRIBE FOR
ANY NEWSPAPER
Or Magazine You Want
AT THE
GAZETTE SHOP.

A. H. TYSON. L. D. BOYED.
Tyson & Boyed,
Contractors, Builders and Architects.
Special attention given to plans, designs and estimates for all kinds of buildings.
OFFICE, UPPER MAIN ST.,
HEPPNER, - OREGON,

Heppner City Brewery!
—HAS A—
SUPERIOR QUALITY OF BEER!
It is manufactured with the latest brewing apparatus and can't be beat.
Lunches of all Kinds,
And the best brands of Cigars.
Empty kegs must be returned or $6 apiece will be charged.
J. B. Natter, Prop.

The Celebrated French Cure,
Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.



Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration Nocturnal Emission, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to prematture old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00 Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH.
BOX 27 PORTLAND, OR
Sold by A. D. Johnson & Co., Druggists, Heppner, Oregon.

—THE—
INTERNATIONAL TYPEWRITER!

A strictly first class machine in every respect, and warranted. Made from very best material, by skilled workmen, and with the best tools that have ever been devised for the purpose. Warranted to do all that can be reasonably expected of the very best typewriter extant. Capable of writing 150 words per minute—or more—according to the ability of the operator.
Price - $100.00.
If there is no agent in your town, address the manufacturers,
THE PARISH MFG. CO.,
Agents Wanted. PARISH, N. Y.

FREE. STENOGRAPHY and TYPEWRITING FREE. First class facilities and best of teachers. Address, with stamp for return postage, THE PARISH MFG. CO., PARISH, N. Y.

A WISE WOMAN
Bought the Splendid
HIGH ARM
JUNE SINGER
SEWING MACHINE
BECAUSE IT WAS THE BEST;

NOW THEY ALL WANT IT
For it does such beautiful work.
Sample Machine at Factory Price.
EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED FOR 5 YEARS.
Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory.
JUNE MANUFACTURING CO.
BELVIDERE, ILL.

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A JOURNAL FOR ADVERTISERS.
Is issued on the first and fifteenth days of each month, and is the representative journal—the trade journal of American advertisers. It indicates to the inexperienced advertiser how, when, and where he should advertise; how to write an advertisement; how to display one; what newspapers to use; how much money to expend—in fact, discusses on every point that admits of profitable discussion. Advertising is an art practised by many but understood by few. The conductors of PRINTERS' INK understand it, and their advice is based on an experience of more than twenty-five years in placing advertising contracts for many of the largest and most successful advertisers. A year's subscription costs but One Dollar: sample copies Free. Address:—
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
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Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders SOLD ONLY IN CANS.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.,
106 Wall Street, N. Y.

GEO. P. MORGAN,
Land Office Specialist,
The Dalles, Oregon.
Regularly admitted to practice berore the U. S. Land office and departments at Washington, D. C. Attenbs to contests and recovery of lost rights. Call on, or write him.

A $20 A Day Man!

A VOICE from Ohio. Here is a portrait of Mr. Garrison, of Salem, Ohio. He writes: "Was at work on a farm for $20 a month; I now have an agency for E. C. Allen & Co's albums and publications and often make $20 a day." (Signed) W. H. GARRISON.

William Kline, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "I have never known anything to sell like your album. Yesterday I took orders enough to pay me over $25." W. J. Elmore, Bangor, Me., writes: "I take an order for your album at almost every house I visit. My profit is often as much as $20 for a single day's work." Others are doing quite as well; we have not space to give extracts from their letters. Every one who takes hold of this grand business gives us great credit. Shall we start YOU in this business, reader? Write to us and learn all about it for yourself. We are starting many; we will start you if you don't delay until another year; ahead of you in your part of the country. If you take hold you will be able to pick up gold dust. Address, Read on account of a forced manufacturer's sale 125,000 ten dollar Photograph Albums are to be sold to the people for $2 each. Bound in Royal Crimson Silk Velvet Plush. Charmingly decorated inside. Handsomest albums in the world. Largest size. Greatest bargains ever known. Agents wanted. Liberal terms. Big money for agents. Any one can become a successful agent. Sells itself on sight—little or no talking necessary. Wherever shown, every one wants to purchase. Agents take thousands of orders with rapidity never before known. Great profits await every worker. Agents are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men. You, reader, can do as well as any one. Full information and terms Free, to those who write for same, with particulars and terms for our Family Bibles, Books and Periodicals. After you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm is done.
Address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE

Great English Remedy.
MURRAY'S SPECIFIC.

Trade Mark. Before Taking.

A guaranteed cure for all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, loss of Brain power Hysteria, Headache, Pain in the Back, Nervous Prostration, Wakefulness, Leucorrhœa, Universal Lassitude Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and general loss of power of the General Organs—in either sex, caused by indiscretion or over exertion, and which ultimately leads to Premature Old Age, Insanity and consumption. $1.00 a box or six boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Full instructions for use with every order to cure any case. For every $5 order received we send six boxes and a written guarantee to refund the money if our Specific does not effect a cure. Address all communications to the sole manufacturers, the

Trade Mark. After Taking.

MURRAY MEDICINE CO.,
Kansas City, Mo.
Sold in Heppner by A. D JOHNSON & CO. sole agents.

If You Have
CONSUMPTION BRONCHITIS SCROFULA | COUGH OR COLD Throat Affection Wasting of Flesh
Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by
SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
With Hypophosphites.
PALATABLE AS MILK.
Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.
Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

MARVELOUS DISCOVERY MEMORY
Mind wandering cured. Books learned in one reading. Testimonials from all parts of the globe. Prospectus post FREE, sent on application to Prof. A. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave. New York.

ALL FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD.

It is an undisputed fact that the handsomest vestibule trains that are now run on the American continent are those on the "BURLINGTON ROUTE," leaving the Union Depot in Denver, also St. Paul, immediately on arrival of all through trains from the west. The first and second class coaches are magnificent, the Reclining chair cars superb, the Pullman sleepers extremely luxuriant, and as for the meals that are served in those Palace Burlington dining cars —yum-yum. The next time you go east to Kansas City, Chicago or St. Louis, if you mention to the ticket agent that you want your ticket to read from Denver or St. Paul over the Burlington Route, you will get it, and you will always be glad of it.

If you go via the Northern or Canadian Pacific, the elegant vestibule trains of "The Burlington Route," between St. Paul, Chicago and St. Louis will carry you along the eastern shore of the Mississippi river for a distance of 350 miles, amidst scenery that cannot be surpassed; or, if you go via the Oregon Short Line or Southern Pacific, and your ticket reads via "The Burlington Route," from Cheyenne or Denver, you will pass through all the thriving cities and towns located in what is popularly known as the "Heart of the Continent." For further information apply to A. C. Sheldon General Agent, 85 First Street, Portland

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.
CATARRH
It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

HE WAS A PIRATE KING.

Noted Puget Sound Outlaw Shot While Resisting Arrest.

BATTLE ON AN OPIUM SLOOP.

Andrew Holt, Expert Navigator and Smuggler Dying in Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 14.—Andrew A. Holt, alias A. A. Anderson, a famous smuggler and pirate on Puget Sound for years, was fatally shot at Salmon bay just north of this city, late to-night, while resisting arrest at the hands of United States officers.

Holt has been known to be smuggling for many years. Two years ago he bought the sloop Alaska, laid in a cargo mainly composed of whiskey, and went to Alaska to trade with the Indians. He was not heard from for about nine mouths when he was arrested and taken to Sitka for selling liquor to Indians. His Sloop was confiscated and Holt was released on his own recognizance.

One stormy night Holt stole a sloop from the government storehouse and disappeared. He made the voyage to Puget Sound alone in the worst storm ever known on the coast, arriving here about fourteen months ago. Since then he has kept in hiding near Port Blakeley, where his wife lives on a ranch, and in in Salmon bay, just north of the city, which he made his base of smuggling operations from Victoria.

Wednesday night United States officers arrested Michael Boyle, an opium smuggler, and secured a clue to Holt's whereabouts. Tonight Special Inspector Coblentz and Local Inspector Thompson learned that Holt was with his sloop in Salmon bay, and chartering the tug Mascot, started out at 7 o'clock this evening to capture him. When they reached the mouth of Salmon bay they found it impossible to enter with the tug, on account of low water. The officers accordingly went in in a small boat. Coblentz then went aboard the sloop, but found no one there, while Thompson patrolled the shore. Coblentz then went ashore. After making a reconnoisance he returned to the sloop and not finding Holt there was about to leave again when the smuggler stepped aboard. The officer covered him with a revolver, and announcing his official capacity, commanded him to surrender.

Holt uttered an oath, drew back and reached for his hip pocket. Coblentz then fired one shot into the air, and Holt drew his revolver. Coblentz immediately fired, the ball entering Holt's stomach, just below the nipple. He fell to the deck and his revolver dropped into the water. He rallied again and was about to rise when the officer fired a fourth shot, which also struck him, it is thought in the stomach. He then fell over unconscious. The sloop was then towed to the Sound and brought to this city by the Mascot, arriving here shortly before midnight. Holt was given the best medical attention and removed to a hospital, but he will undoubtedly die before morning. He made a statement at midnight that he attempted to kill the officer.

Holt, after being taken to the hospital, denied the theft of the confiscated sloop from the government in Alaska, which was, in reality, the charge upon which he was wanted. He admitted, however, that he had been in Alaska about a year ago, engaged in trading with Indians. At 2 o'clock this morning he is very low, and his physicians say he cannot live many hours. He expressed no repentance, and, although suffering terrible agony, shows remarkable nerve and makes no complaints. He says he has had a hard fight all his life and knows how to die like a man.

Harrowing Wheat in Spring.

I should like readers' experience and results of harrowing wheat and rye in the spring. Should it be harrowed once or twice over, and with a sharp or dull toothed harrow? What should the increase in yield be per acre? Should it be harrowed early in the spring before it commences to grow? A. B. H., Lambertville, N. J. [We have made repeated trials with harrowing wheat in the spring with a smoothing harrow. The work being done first as soon as the ground was sufficiently hard and dry, and again when about a foot high. Breaking the hard, baked crust and making a fine mellow surface among the plants, had obviously an excellent effect; the heads of wheat were longer than usual, and the increase was estimated at five bushels more per acre than unharrowed wheat. The last harrowing was accompanied with the sowing of clover seed, which succeeded well and produced a good growth. At the last harrowing the harrow was passed over the wheat twice, the first before sowing the clover seed, and the last after the operation. A slant-tooth harrow, with numerous fine teeth, will answer. The teeth need not be sharp, provided they are sufficiently so to mellow the crust; generally, however, the sharper the better.]—Cultivator and Gentleman.

W. S. Ladd has taken the million of the bonds required to build Hunt'sroad to Portland

CHINESE MERCHANTS TOO.

Those Coming With First Papers Not Admitted

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Acting upon the advice of the Attorney-general, Secretary Windom has decided that Chinese merchants coming to this country for the first time provided with a certificate, as providided by section 6, of the act of July 6, 1884, cannot be permitted to land in the United States, notwithstanding the fact that they are not laborers.

Manufacturers Organizing Against McKinley.

BOSTON, March 14.—The Commercial Bulletin will announce to-morrow the organization of a new association of wool manufacturers, which will depose the old national association, of which Wm. Whitman is president. The new association will resist the extreme demands of the wool-growers. Some fifty manufacturers responded to the first call, representing every class of woolen manufacturers. The Bulletin will say: The original meeting included representatives even from Philadelphia, and if the extreme measures proposed by McKinley are actually incorporated in the bill, it is likely they will be joined by the carpet manufacturers in a body.

An Aged Missourian's Bloody Knife.

PLEASANT HILL, Mo., March 14.—This evening Mrs. Elizabeth Stahlnecker called at the office of Constable Prater and told him her husband, laboring under an attack of acute mania, had driven her and her children from the house with a butcher knife. The constable went to the house and on entering was fatally stabbed. He managed to make his way to the house of ex-Sheriff Hanley and a posse of men proceeded to the house as quickly as possible. They broke open the door, and just inside found the body of Stahlnecker who had stabbed himself to the heart. Stahlnecker was 72 years old.

Northwest Territory Cattle Perishing.

FORT MCLEOD, N. W. T., March 12.—The situation in the cattle region north of New Oxley, on Red Deer river is very alarming, and a repetition of the disasters of the winter of 1882-83, when thousands of cattle succumbed, are feared. There is two feet of snow from New Oxley north, with two separate and heavy crusts. Cattle cannot get to the grass and are dying fast. The loss in the country from Mosquito creek to Red Deer river is thought to be 75 per cent.

THE IROQUOIS RETURNS.

Furious East Gales and Heavy Seas.

ROUGH WEATHER AND DISASTER.

[illegible] quois, which sailed from Honolulu on the 30th of November last for Samoa to relieve the Adams in the South Pacific squadron, arrived at Port Townsend the 10th inst. in distress, After leaving Honolulu she called at Marshall and Gilbert islands. She sailed from the port of Butaritari, on the Gilbert islands December 23. Two days later at longitude 175 east latitude 10 minutes north, the piston rod of her forward engine broke. The bottom blow valve of her boiler also leaked, and was fastened by bolts inside. It was attempted to put back for Honolulu, but the head winds were so strong it was decided to attempt to make San Francisco.

The officers state that the weather was the roughest conceivable, with furious east gales and heavy seas until 8 o'clock this morning, when she arrived at Cape Flattery. They had not provisions nor coal to reach San Francisco, and it was therefore necessary to put into this harbor for supplies.

The officers and men have lived on half rations since tho 14th of February. Great hardships have been endured, but all have survived in good health. There was much suffering particularly from cold. The men were not clothed for cold, expecting to remain in Samoa. The Weather ranged from a temperature of above 100 down to ice and snow.

The coal became so nearly exhausted that none could be used for heating the ship, all being reserved for heating purposes. About nine days' rations were left of the ship's stores when she arrived here. The officers and men had not had any meat for over ninety days.

After taking coal and provisions the ship will proceed to Mare island navy yard for repairs.

TAULBEE DIES OF HIS WOUNDS.

Kincaid Returned to Prision Pending an Inquest.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Ex-Congressman Preston Taulbee, of Kentucky, who was shot in the head by Charles E. Kincaid, correspondent of the Louisville Times, in the house wing of the capitol, on the afternoon of February 28, died at 4:45 o'clock this morning at Providence hospital. Taulbee had been unconscious for some time before his death and the end was painless. Kincaid who had been out on bail, was arrested a very short time after Taulbee's death and locked up to await the action of the coroner. He announced his intention to surrender to the authorities in case the shot resulted fatally.

A reporter visited the station house soon after Kincaid's arrest, and found him looking pale and sickly. He seemed entirely oblivious to his surroundings and is a wreck of his former self. Kincaid's condition is serious, and it is the opinion of many of his friends that he will not live to stand his trial.

Further Discount in Sugar.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Jobbers of sugar and first hand buyers throughout the country will be gratified to learn that competition between trust and independent refineries in placing refined sugar, has brought about a further concession in their favor, in that beginning with to-day the discount will be made 1 per cent, on purchases, instead of ¾ per cent. as formirly.

FIGHTING THE FLOOD.

Armies of Men Along the parapets of the Mississippi.

WHOLE STATES IN GRAVE ALARM

The Great River Is Fifteen Miles Wide in Places—Strange Scenes in the Submerged Districts—The Worst Seems Past.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 14.—To-night the river is up 36.4 feet, the highest point ever recorded, and is still rising. The opinion here is that the levees on the Mississippi side will be able to withstand the pressure of the great flood, but the situation on the Arkansas side below Arkansas City is far from reassuring, although the damage, should the levee give away, would be slight, compared with the destruction which would ensue should the east bank break.

Passengers on the Louisville, New Orleans & Texas railroad, arriving here today report novel scenes along the railroad. The lowlands and lagoons in the Mississippi delta are flooded until the only dry land visible is the ridge on which the tracks run, and a few promontories protruding above the water. These places afford shelter for hundreds of squirrels and other small game. The huts and cabins in the lower lands are submerged several feet in water. Tied to the doors are skiffs and dugouts which afford the occupants the only means of transit from one place to another. Everything presents an air of desolation. Between Vicksburg and Lula, Miss., the water is highest, and farmers who have not already moved are making every preparation to do so. Along the line of the Memphis & Little Rock railroad the same state of affairs exists. Unless the waters in the Mississippi and Arkansas recede more rapidly than before, the unfortunate people will suffer great privations. A correspondent of the Appeal telegraphs from Arkansas City to-night that the condition of the levees between Memphis and that place was not alarming. The Circle river, back of Laconia, he says, will break before Tuesday next. There are 2000 people living inside the circle, nine-tenths of them negroes. The destruction to the stock and property will be enormous. The levees on the Arkansas river are washing away.

NEW ORLEANS, March 14.—The conditions, which sailed from Honolulu on the 30th of November last for Samoa to relieve the Adams in the South Pacific squadron, arrived at Port Townsend the 10th inst. in distress, After leaving Honolulu she called at Marshall and Gilbert islands. She sailed from the port of Butaritari, on the Gilbert islands December 23. Two days later at longitude 175 east latitude 10 minutes north, the piston rod of her forward engine broke. The bottom blow valve of her boiler also leaked, and was fastened by bolts inside. It was attempted to put back for Honolulu, but the head winds were so strong it was decided to attempt to make San Francisco.

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CUBAN PEOPLE RESTLESS.

They Want Independence or Annexation.

HAVANA, March 12.—The agitation in favor of annexation of Cuba by the United States has at last reached a crisis. Journals which have been openly advocating annexation have received a warning which has checked their utterances. La Pordo, which has been conspicious for its vigorous denunciation of the government and advocacy of independence or annexation, capped the climax last week by saying: "The Spanish government, by its disgraceful administration of affairs in this island, has done more than anything else to throw Cuba into the arms of the United States. The editor of the paper was arrested two days ago and is still in prison. Other journals are now more cautious, but the agitation is stronger than ever.

BIG BANKRUPT SALE!
FOOTWEAR BELOW COST!
Mens,' Ladies,' Misses' and Children's Shoes.
—:OXO:—
I have purphased the stock of A. Clychoski, who recently failed in Portland, and am prepared to give
BARGAINS IN ALL LINES.
I have 500 pair of French Kid shoes, which I will sell at a great sacrafice. The Latest Style and Best Quality.
—NEAT FIT, AND GUARANTEED.—
STORE, MAY STREET. Stand formerly occupied by C. S. Van Duyn.
N. L. ROBISON PROPRIETOR, - - - HEPPNER, OREGON.

THE McKINLEY TARIFF.

No Free Wool—The Wool Growers Satisfied.

REDUCTION OF TOBACCO TAX.

Increased Tariff on Tin Plate—Steel Rails Reduced—Agricultural Products Not Produced at Home, Free Except Sugar.

The special correspondent of the Portland *Oregonian* by telegram to that paper, gives the present status of the new tariff bill, from which is taken the following:

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The house ways and means committee is still working hard trying to get together on the tariff on sugar, and it is now asserted that an agreement will be reached so that the bill may be reported to the house certainly not later than the first day of April. The other schedules of the bill have been practically arranged and agreed upon. There will be a reduction of $42,000,000 in the tobacco tax. The license tax will be abolished, and restrictions in the way of special tax on the sale of leaf tobacco by producers removed.

The duty on steel rails will be reduced from $17 to $13 per ton.

An attempt will be made to give an impetus to the production of tin plate by increasing the duty on that article from 1 to 2 cents per pound, in the hope that it will afford protection enough to put the new industry solidly on its feet.

It has been practically decided not to open the tea, coffee, chocolate and in the

The wool men have been told that they will get all the protection they ask for A leading member of the committee says that the bill was being prepared with a view to meeting as far as possible the desires of the agricultural interest, keeping in mind at all times the necessity for reducing taxation as much as possible. To this end the free list will be enlarged by placing upon it all products not produced in this country, and in other ways the free list is to be extended so as to bring about the desired reductions in revenue made possible by the committee not to abolish altogether the tax on tobacco and sugar.

It is now stated emphatically by the men who are engaged in making up this bill, that there will be no provision in it for suspension of the operations of the sinking fund act.

David Harpster, president of the Ohio Wool Growers' Association, and Judge Lawrence a member of the same association, have prepared for publication the following statement, explanatory of the wool schedule in the tariff bill now under consideration by the house committee on ways and means:

We have examined for the first time to-day the schedule providing duties on wool and manufactures of wool. It proposes a duty of 11 cents per pound on clothing wool, double on washed and treble on scoured; on combing wool, 12 cents per pound, and treble on scoured wool; on unwashed carpet wools valued at 12 cents or less, including charges at the last port for export, the duty to be 3½ cents, and if washed, 7 cents, if scoured, 8 ¾ cents; for carpet wools valued at over 12 cents, the duty on unwashed is 8 cents, double if washed and treble if scoured. It provided that standard samples be deposited in custom houses and contains provisions as to round lot frauds, sorting frauds, admixture frauds, and defines washed and scoured as to so-called carpet wools.

The provisions are much better than ever incorporated in any tariff law as to these wools that just now are injuring the wool industry of the United States, more than any other. We learn upon reliable authority that under the law as it now stands 75 per cent. of the carpet wools being imported will make excellent clothing, such as was used by our soldiers during the war, and if shaggy goods continue to increase in fashion as they have during the past two years 75 per cent. of the carpet wools imported will be used for clothing, and further, if clothing wool can be imported as carpet wool at 2½ cents, the duty of 11 cents on clothing wool will not be operative. If the cost of merino is too far above the cost of carpet wools, manufacturers will abandon the use of merino wool to some extent for cheap carpet wool, thus bringing down the price of merino wool.

The farmers of the United States and the people generally whose prosperity is dependent on the success of our agricultural industries are to be congratulated on the fact that Major McKinley and those co-operating with him on the committee on ways and means have proposed a measure of such immense value. The proposed duty is an increase of 1 per cent. per pound on clothing and combing wools over the present law. The senate bill which passed January 22, 1889 proposed 4 cents on carpet wool whether washed or unwashed, but the rates of the proposed bill of 3½ cents on unwashed, with higher rates on washed and scoured, make it much better for wool-growers than the senate bill, besides which the restrictions of Major McKinley's bill, in connection with his administrative bill, add much to the protective features as to all wools, and in these respects are much better than those found in any other tariff law. We now respectfully urge the friends of protection of American industry all over the country to appeal to their representatives in congress to give their support to this measure and not to surrender any one of the features of its protective provisions.

THE CHEROKEE FLOOD.

A Human Sea Pours over the Border of the Indian pasture.

BAYONETS COULD NOT STOP IT.

Frightened Herds of Cattle Flee Before the Rushing Boomers.

An *Oregonian* dispatch from Arkansas City, Kan., dated March 14, says;

Yesterday afternoon all was quiet among the boomers. Six hours later a scene of excitement was witnessed equaling that which accompanied the invasion of Oklahoma a year ago. News had been received from Washington that the Oklahoma bill had passed the house. over the border.

The sun was just rising when the first team started. The invasion came with a rush. No one expected it, even the settlers themselves. The tenants of the strip, the Cherokee Live Stock Association agents were taken entirely unawares.

The Cherokee Indian police force was too insignificant to oppose the invaders. The government, so far as known, had taken no precautions to arrest a possible movement of settlers, and it was not until early this morning that the military appeared upon the scene. Captain Burbank, in command of a small force of troops at Oklahoma City, marched on to the strip late last night to stay the progress of the boomers, but so far as known this force had no effect in retarding the movement.

On entering the strip the cattle grazing there looked upon the unusual scene with alarm, a stampede ensuing, which the cowboys in charge were unable to check or control. The cattle fled five or six miles before the invaders from the North, where they were met by boomers coming up from Oklahoma. Between these two fires they were driven east and west. Arriving on the strip the settlers staked their claims.

Advices from Iowa state that 500 boomers started there. Just as the wagons were ready to move a big prairie fire was discovered raging in the outlet. It is thought it may have been set by the cattle people to drive back the settlers. So anxious, however, were the boomers that not even fire could stop them, and they proceeded, avoiding it by making a detour.

Five hundred more went in from Caldwell, while Guthrie, which a year ago was the objective point of the noted rush into Oklahoma, was to-day the starting place for 800 boomers bound for the strip.

Hunnewell, Kan., reports that 800 to 1000 moved from there.

The American Turf Congress.

CINCINNATI, March 14.—The American turf congress elected Judge Perkins, of Latonia Club, president; vice President McGibben, deceased; Col. L. Clark, vice president; and B. G. Bruce, secretary. Nothing definite in the way of legislation was accomplished. The question of barring Western Union wires from tracks was discussed vigorously, but not acted upon. The discussion proved a sentiment in favor of preventing pool rooms from securing information by which they could throw races, or afford opportunities for disreputables to resort to trickery.

One hundred and three horses, valued at $200,000, were shipped from Senator Stanford's stables at Palo Alto, Cal., last week by special train to New York. Thirty-two are colts from the famous stallion Electioneer.