John's Mother Praises Doctor

There Isn't a mother living who won't agree that no half sick child should be the subject for an experiment with medicines of uncertain When your merit. child is billous, head-



achy, half-sick, feverish, restless, with coafed tongue, bad breath, no appetite or energy, you know that nine times out of ten it's a sign his little stomach and bowels need purging.

And when you know that for over fifty years leading physicians have endorsed one preparation for this condition, there doesn't seem to be any reason for "trying" things.

Rich, fruity California Fig Syrup clears the little stomach and bowels gently, harmlessly and in a hurry. It regulates the bowels, gives tone and strangth to them and to the stomach; and helps to give your child new strength, energy and vitality. Thousands of Western mothers praise it. Mrs. Joseph W. Hill, 4306 Bedford Ave., Omaha, Nebraska, says: "Til never forget the doctor who got me to give my baby boy, John, California Fig Syrup. Nothing else seemed to help his weak bowels. That was when he was just a baby. He suffered a good deal before I gave him Fig Syrup, but it stopped his trouble quick. I have used it with him for colds and little upset spells ever since, I consider him a Fig Syrup boy."

Indist on the genuine article. that the carton bears the word "Call-Over four million bottles

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For every stomach and intestinal III. This good old-fashtoned herb home remedy for constiontion, stomach ills and other derangements of the sys-

tem so prevalent these days is in even greater favor as a family medicine than in your grandmother's day.

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SCHOOL FOR MEN OREGON INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY T. M. C. A. Bidg. Portland, Oregon

Old Money Order Cashed.

After a delay of 70 years, a post-office money order has been paid to Maj. A. Frank Hutchins, of Deerfield. Mass. In 1858, Asa B. Munn, of Chicugo, sent his brother, Philo B. Munn. of Deerfield, a United States money order for \$20. It appears that the order was never castled by Philo Munn, but used by him as a bookmark for the family Bible. After the death of Mr. Munn, his property was inherit ed by Major Hutchins and the money order was found in the Bible.

Americans Badly Led.

The battle of Canalen, August 16. 1780, was an overwhelming British victory over the Americans. American army was practically do stroyed as an organization. This branded General Gates for all time as an incompetent military leader.

One can never estimate a man's salary by the work he claims to do.



SAME PRESCRIPTION HE WROTE IN 1892

When Dr. Caldwell started to practice medicine, back in 1875, the needs for a medicine, back in 1875, the needs for a laxative were not as great as today. People lived normal lives, ate plain, wholesome food, and got plenty of fresh air. But even that early there were drastic physics and purges for the relief of constipation which Dr. Caldwell did not believe were good for human beings.

The prescription for constipation that he used early in his practice, and which he put in drug stores in 1892 under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, is a liquid vegetable remedy, intended for women, children and chierly people, and they need just such a mild, safe bowel stimulant.

This prescription has proven its worth

bowel atimulant.

This prescription has proven its worth and is now the largest selling liquid laxative. It has won the confidence of people who needed it to get relief from leadaches, billiousness, flatulence, indigestion, loss of appetite and sleep, bad breath, dyspepsia, colds, fevers. At your druggist, or write "Syrup Pepsia," Dept. BB, Monticello, Illinois, for free trial bottle.

7

The Red Road

A Romance of Braddock's Defeat

By Hugh Pendexter Illustrations by

Irwin Myers Copyright by Hugh Pendexter.

CHAPTER IX—Continued

-27-"They are charging us!" cried the Onondaga, And sounding his war-whoop he fired at the figures now swiftly bounding forward.

I also fired and stopped a savage. But I did not believe the affair would amount to anything more than an ex-change of shots between the scouts until I recognized Captain Beaujeu at the head of a mixed force of French and Indians. On the breast of his fringed hunting-shirt was a silver gorget, a pleasing target had I not

emptied my rifle at the savage. A moment after I fired, Beaujeu halted and waved his hat above his head, and the Indians scattered to left and right. I would have believed the enemy was retreating had not the Canadians and regulars remained to hold the road against us.

While I was reloading, Mr. Gordon of the engineers came up and was the first of the regulars to behold the enemy. It seemed to be a most footbardy thing for two hundred Frenchman to dispute the Duquesne road against our proud army. I began to realize we were in for something more than a akirmish when a heavy fire opened on us from ahead and from both sides. Round Paw and I both hugged the ground and retired to the right.

A terrific howling and yelling was started by the savages, a sinister chorus that encomparesed the road for some distance. Gage's troops seemed to be confused by the flendish clamor and the invisibility of the foe. The men staggered under the cruel fire, then railled and began emptying their muskets in volleys. But there was nothing to shoot at except the slim French force ahead. Before they could fall back from the jaws of the trap. St. Clair's working force came up on the run to pile confusion on confusion, Gage felt the reinforcements behind him and ordered his men to charge straight ahead and eliminate the Frenchmen. The head of his column was speedily wiped out, and the rest were sadly staggered by the flerce

A gun was rushed up to support the ploneers, and at the third discharge of the piece, Beaujeu fell dead, dying gallaptly as became a Chevaller of St. Louis. Captain Dumas took his place, and for a while the lighting was stubbornly maintained by both sides, with neither, apparently, securing any distinct advantage, but with the English sustaining heavy punishment. General Braddock persisted in sending beavy masses of men up the road. ereas be should have fallen back until be could have cleared the woods on both eldes of the road.

During this portion of the fight, the Onendaga and I shifted about and took turns firing, and taking care that one of our rifles should be loaded at all times. On three different occasions we were charged by small bands of savages, but the second unexpected shot from behind the same tree always spolled the attack and sent the red man back to where the killing war

Then Braddock's mechanical discipline began to give ground before the marksmanship of the enemy. We sealed our fate by remaining astraddle the ravine. Braddock, furious aimost to the point of incoherency, pushed Burton forward with the vanguard, thus making the congestion worse; for the road was but twelve feet wide,

Burton formed his troops under a most gatting fire and had just finished the difficult maneuver when Gage's forces fell back rapidly to form behind him.

Then occurred the definite shift in our faring. We had been sustaining terrible punishment, the pensity of being caught in column, but we had the superiority of numbers to permit heavy losses. But now the two regiments became badly mixed and stumbled about in the smoke-filled road like sheep. There was smoke every where. The woods were choked with it, the road was blotted out at times by it. Sheets of fire rippled along the very edges of the narrow way. The two regimental colors were advanced in opposite directions. The officers were being picked off at an alarming rate, and the regulars had not been taught self-dependence.

Some of the enemy's guns were thrust from the foliage into the very faces of the victims. There were many soldiers in that battle who did not see an Indian. Down the line they were delivering their fire at two bundred yards, thereby throwing it away. With the ancient forest closely bemming in the road, with no foe visthle, the army was as belptess as a

blind man. It has been repeatedly charged again Braddock that he had no flankers out on the Wednerday afternoon of July ninth. Such statements are untrue. We had flankers out a hundred yards or more on both sides of the army, but we did not scout far enough uneud of the army. There was no ambuscade, however. Once the fighting commenced, the flankers were shot down by the haphazard vol-leys of our own artillery. How many Englishmen and provincials England killed that day will never be known but the French and their ailles ac-

The second secon

counted for only a portion of our dead and wounded.

As Round Paw and I fell back through the woods on the right of the road and risked death at every step from the fire of our own men, I caught a gilmpse of General Braddock. His borse was down and he was striking a man with the flat of his sword to drive him from the shelter of a tree where the fellow had very sensibly taken refuge.

An aide supplied the commander with a fresh mount, just as young Washington, bare-headed, his eyes blazing, reined in his frantic borse and loudly urged, "Get them out of this slaughter-pen! Into the woods!"

"By G-d, I'm commander here, sir! They'll fight here! We must advance !" roured the general, his beavy face suffused with anger. "You d-d sheep, close up! Close up there!" The last to a squad of met who were trying to tree themselves. And he was riding them down to get back into the road to be slaughtered like sheep. Sir Peter Hniket, who with four hundred men was guarding the baggage train, came through the thick smoke and yelled a request that the men be ordered to find shelter.

"Damnation!" thundered the gen-eral. "Did I lead his majesty's regulars out here to hide from a parcel of naked red beggars? Advance! We



With the Ancient Forest Closely Hemming In the Road, With No Foe Visible, the Army Was as Helpless as a Blind Man.

down on those delinquents, whose years of training were being swept aside by the instinct of self-preserva-"Curse you! Get back there!" And the flat of his sword bent them soundly over head and shoulders.

Washington wheeled, his horse bumping into Sir Peter's mount, and either to that gentleman, or in apostrophe to the whole terrible situation he cried:

"By G-d! My Virginians shan't be sinughtered!" With that he was plunging through the rmoke to the and I, and some riflemen, were treeing ourselves. He shouted, "Captain Waggoner, tree yourself! Clear this side of the road!"

Captain Waggoner raised his hand and penetrated deeper into the growth. Eighty men, all excellent rifle shots, streamed after him. The Onondaga and I kept abreast of the captain. He did not attempt to make his voice heard above the infernal din, but pointed to the rising ground, on the brow of which extended a fatten tree that must have measured at the least five feet in diameter. Once he hind that stout barricade I knew Waggoner's men would soon clear that side of the road, and then could circle around the head of the army and drive the savages from the terrible ravine. Now we were in the trap; General Braddock's solution was the only one. The army must advance. We lost three men by the enemy by gaining the hill; and then the crazy mob in the road poured a volley into our rear that killed fifty men!

A few remnined on the hill for safety's sake. The rest took their luck below in the woods, striving to keep on the outskirts of the enemy's line. The Onondaga and I fell back. fighting from tree to tree and striving to reach the wagon train. The aftergood was wer ing away and from the

triumphant howls of the French Indians we knew the army was prac-tically surrounded. The Onendaga, glistening with sweat and feroclous for closer fighting, yelled in my ear: "They say we shall die like brave

men !"

I did not desire to be slaughtered, as the uselessly herole never appealed to me. But the Dinwold giri was cooped up inside the devilish circle and there are certain things a man must always do. She was of my race and I was especially bound to find her. With the Onondaga the case was different. He had a fair chance of winning clear of the terrible mistake, and I urged him to do so. He asked me if I would keep with him, and when

I answered that I must find the witch-

woman he whooped hoarsely and took

the lead in a line that ran parallel

to the blood-soaked road. We heard the drums sound the re treat and knew that Braddock was dead or had lost his haughty pride We heard the firing down the line as the enemy attacked Halket's men at the baggage-train, and from the lessening volume of the return fire we knew our losses must be tremendous.

or else the ammunition was failing. At the time Braddock ordered the retreat to be sounded only a third of the army was left. We learned that much afterward. The smoke made it impossible to see clearly, and the individual combats between rangers and savages served to confuse further our sense of direction. I remember the Onondaga giving a mighty grunt as he crashed his ax through the head of a Huron who bumped into us. I recall mechanically staving in another red skull with the butt of my loaded rifle. And then to my surprise both the Indian and I were in the road, surrounded by the dead and dying, and those who fired blindly, and more often killed a friend than they wound-

"These men are fools!" cried the Onondaga, dodging a blow from a musket swung by a madman. "The woods! The woods!"

But now we were in the road it was most difficult to leave it without being shot in the back; yet to remain in the frenzied crowd meant death without a chance to strike back. We were only a short distance above the baggage-train, and toward it we began making our way. Guns were spurting flame from the bushes at our feet. The guards were pointing their muskets high and firing thin volleys into the foliage. Once the retreat was sounded a panic had selzed upon the survivors, and to a stumbling, insane rush those who could walk made . last attempt to reach the river.

The howling of the Indians increased in volume as they realized the extent of their unexpected triumph. A few hours back the fort Indians had flatly refused to follow Beaujeu, and now they were justing like demons to kill, kill, until not an Englishman was left alive. The savages, observing the mad fear now possessing the army, grew bolder and began to appear from behind the great trees, from under the grape and pea-vines, and through the tall grass. Gory hands darted out to seize some dead or dying man and drag him into the cover. The best equipped and proudest army England had ever sent to North America was a rabble of crazy men.

Captain Orme of the regulars, and Captain Stewart of the Virginia riflemen, alded by another American officer I did not know, came through the mass bearing a beavy figure. It was General Braddock and he was puffing for breath and was wounded

through the chest. "Braddock's killed! Braddock's killed!" was the despairing cry raised as the commander was carried to the rear.

"Rally the fools at the ford." gasped the commander.

"Braddock's killed!" howled a drill sergeant, although he must have heard his general speak.

And he danced up and down until red bands shot out from the bushes and caught him by the ankles and jerked him from our sight.

Colonel Washington now had all the riflemen fighting in the Indian fashlon, and only his maneuver saved the army from being annihilated. As it was, four hundred and fifty officers and men were dead, slain outright, and nearly as many more wounded. Out of eighty-nine commissioned officers sixty-three were killed or wounded; and not a field-officer had escaped unburt. Lean Virginians from behind trees were shouting encouragement to one another and caliing for the regulars to fall back out of the way and cross the river. It was the first time our riflemen and England's carefully drilled regulars had gone into battle together, and asready the colonials were discovering they were better men for forest fight ing.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Dainty Feeding Not Possible With Gull

er guit of black-tipped wings. In the Northwest it swoops down and snatches figh from the very hands of anglers and, fighting off thousands of its fellows, proves that gluttony is a virtue enabling the one that can most speedily swallow to survive. Whole flocks of these bold and rathless birds hover around the salmon fishers and watch their twitching lines sunk deep in the Columbia, says a writer in the Portland Oregonian, and 20 will some times strike for the flopping prize The victor must swallow quickly as he darts upward beating of the buffetings of his greedy rivals. Sometimes

Gluttony a vice? Not so to the riv | be must swallow a fish so large that in its new position it destroys his serial balance and down he goes to the waves. The Indians of the Northwest have a legend that a glant once became so annoyed with the winged robbers that he caught a whole flock of them into his campfire. Hence, they say, the black-tipped wings.

Poor Ladder to Climb On

"Popular nothing!" exclaimed a young actress who was discussing a rival player with a friend. "Why, the longest run she ever had was in her

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School in Railroad Car.

Canadian Pacific rallway passenger car has been converted into a complete schoolroom and teacher's home and is now serving a district 120 miles in length. It brings education to the children of rallway section men and others not in organized school districts. The car is stationed at a place for two or three days, where it receives - pupils from several miles around, before leaving for the next point, and the teacher gives the children lessons to be worked out at home before his return. The car contains schoolroom, teachers' bedroom, dining room and kitchen, bookenses, blackboards and maps.

Butter Brings Higher Prices

Biggest Creameries Say Few Cents Worth of "Dandelion Butter Color" Is Best Investment.



Dairymen everywhere are making bigger profits from their butter, nowadays. They're keeping their product that Golden June Color, which brings top prices the year 'round, by using "Dandellon Butter Color." It takes just half a teaspoonful to the gallon of cream, It's

the most permeating butter color and therefore the most economical. It colors uniformly and never streaks. It's purely vegetable, wholesome and tasteless, and doesn't color buttermilk. It meets all State and National Food Laws. Large bottles are 35e at all drug and grocery stores. Write for FREE SAMPLE to Wells and Richardson Co., Inc., Burlington, Vermont,

Guarding Motherhood.

By a new law in Ecuador weman workers are to be given four weeks' ave before childburth and six weeks after the arrival of the baby, during which period employers shall pay half of their salary. Employers are not permitted to dismiss expectant mothers without legal reason.

A Change for the Worst. Bob-See any change in me? Johnny-No; why?

Bob-I just swallowed 15 cents.

ENDS COUGH



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copy of the book, Diseases of Infants and
Children.

W. N. U., PORTLAND, NO. 49-1928.

World Languages.

Two rival world languages have established institutions in Paris, and both are preparing to present their claims to the League of Nations, seeking recognition as the international tongue. The Esperanto Institute has been in operation for many years, and now comes the Novial Institute to favor the speaking of the Novial language, created by Dr. Otto Jespersen of Heldelberg. The volapuk, ido, idlome neutral, occidental and latinosineflexible languages have no insti-

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me what doctors failed to do. When the Change of Life began I was very poorly. Now at tend two dances a week and it is hard to make people believe I am over 40. I never see a woman in ill health but I advocate your medicine because I know its value. Every woman should take it, not just for a month or two but until they have passed the critical period."—Mrs. F. C. Helming.

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