Insurance:		
	$300.00	
Total		$300.00
Miscellaneous:		
	$150.00	
Total		$150.00
Emergency:		
	$500 00	
Total		$500.00
Total estimated amount of money for all purposes during the year		$19935 50

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS

From county school fund during the coming school year	$1443.84	
From state school fund during the coming school year	$342.24	
From elementary school fund during the coming school year	1516.04	
Estimate of probable unexpended balance at end of current year	2166.46	
Estimated amount to be received from all other sources during the coming school year	1000.00	
Total estimated receipts, not including proposed tax		$6468.58

RECAPITULATION

Total estimated expenses for the year	$19935 50	
Total estimated receipts not including proposed tax	6468 58	
Balance, amount to be raised by district tax		$13466.92

Dated this 8th day of October, 1824.

M. R. MORGAN,
Chairman Board of Directors,

Attest:
Della M. Corson,
District Clerk.

ORIGINAL ESTIMATE AND ACCOUNTING SHEET
School District No. 35

This original estimate shows in parallel columns the unit costs of the several services, material ane supplies for the three fiscal years next preceding the current year, the detail expenditures for the last one of said three preceding fiscal years and the budget allowances and expenditures for six months of the current year.["Six months of the current year" means six months of the last school year.]

EXPENDITURES

ITEM	Estimated expenditure for the ensuing school year	Expenditures and budget allowance for six months of last school year. Expenditures in detail	Budget allowance in detail	Expenditures for thtee fiscal years next preceeding the last school year. Detailed expenditures for the last year of the 3-year period	Second year, give yearly totals	First year, give yearly totals
Pers'al Service						
1. Supt.	$2350.00	$1125.00	1125.00	$2250.00		
3. Teachers	1440.00	900 00	900.00	1800.00		
	1260.00	787.50	720.00	1575.00		
	1260.00	3065.50	787.50	6131.00		
	1800.00		697.50			
	1260.00		585.00			
	1170.00		585.00			
	1260.00		540.00			
4. Janitors	700.00	350.00	350.00	700.00		
5. clerk	75.00	37.50	37.50	75.00		
6. Stenographer	25.00					
Total—Personal Services	12,600	6,265.50	6,327.50	12,531.00	11,991.25	11,876.00
Material and Supplies						
1. Furniture, [desks, etc]	$500.00	$274.38	$200.00	$548.76		
2. Supplies [chalk, etc]	200.00	40.52	100.00	81.04		
3. Library books	100.00	20.16	50.00	40.32		
4. Flags			12.50	29.70		
5. Playground equipment	150 00	14 85	75.00	5.50		
6. Janitor's sup.	50.00	2.90	25.00	287.10		
7. Fuel	400.00	143.55	200.00	38.24		
8. Light	75 00	19.12	5.00	22.50		
9. Water	25.00	11.25	12.50			
10. Postage and stationery	100.00		50.00			
Total material & supp	$1300	$525.73	$730.00	$1051.46	$1074.45	$905.25
Maintenance and Repairs						
Buildings and grounds	$200.00	$500.00	$150.00	$1000.000		
Buildings and grounds		31.37		62.74		
Total maintenance & rep.	$200.00	531.37	150.00	1062.74	34.00	
Indebtedness:						
1. Bonded & interest thereon	$2400.00					
2. Waraant, & interest	300.00					
Total indebtedness	$2700.00			$4.55	$2147.33	
Transportation of Pupils						
	$1885.50	720.00	720.00	1440.00		
Total transportation	$1885.50	720.00	720.00	1440.00	2066.00	1873.70
Insurance:						
	$300.00	54.00	75.00	108.00		
Total Ins.	$300.00	54.00	75.00	108.00	81.00	32.40
Miscellaneous:						
	$150.00	291.15	75.00	582.30		
Total	$150.00	291.15	75.00	582.30	294.06	620.27
Emergency:						
	$500.00		500.00			
Total	$500.00		500.00			
Grand Total	$19935.50	$8387.76	$8577.50	$16775.52	$15545.31	$17454.97

I, Della M. Corson, do hereby certify that the above estimate o expenditures for the year 1924-1925 was prepared by me and that the expenditures and budget allowance for six months of the current year and the expenditures for the three fiscal years next preceeding the current year as shown above have been compiled from the records in my charge and are true and correct coppies thereof.

DELLA M. CORSON,
District Clerk.

"Shorty" Shaver, well-driller of Ione and Walter Pope are trying to kill time while waiting for repairs which are necessary before they can resume their work at "Hillside" ranch.

Miss Cleta Palmateer left for Lexington during the week, and has enrolled as a student at Lexington high school.

Miss Annie Hynd was calling on Mrs. W. H. Chandler on Monday.

TARIFF STAND OF LA FOLLETTE UNFAIR

Products of Wisconsin Only Ones He Showed Any Interest In.

Portland, Or.—(Special)—The La Follette record on the tariff, it has been pointed out here by the Republical State Central committee after an inquiry, has been thoroughly inconsistent and thoroughly selfish.

La Follette voted for the highest tariff rates on all products of his own state and for the lowest rates or no tariff at all on everything produced elsewhere.

He voted for the highest duty proposed on linseed oil and flax-seed oil, both made from raw material produced in his own state. He was so insistent on protecting the Wisconsin product that he voted amendment of the committee report submitting the Fordney-McCumber schedule, inserting a new paragraph providing a tariff on casein, and he voted to amend the report by increasing duties on honey, poultry, cream and a number of other products of vital interest to the state of Wisconsin. But he voted, on the other hand, to decrease the duty on almonds, walnuts, rice, nuts, lumber, shingles, etc.

Because of his bitter opposition to a tariff on woolen textiles, he was afraid to vote for a tariff on wool. On the other hand, because the sheep-raising industry is well established in his state, he was afraid to vote against the tariff on wool so he was absent on all roll calls on the wool schedule.

La Follette consistently voted against the tariff on all manufactured goods with two exceptions, metal pants buttons and metal hooks and eyes. In both these instances he voted to increase the schedule above the committee report. It was not understood why he was so careful of the welfare of manufacturers of these articles.

La Follette is now talking about the iniquitous sugar tariff, but he was not enough concerned about it when it came up in the senate to be present and vote.

POSTAL BILL VETO IS EASILY EXPLAINED

Portland, Or.—(Special). — There has been plenty of criticism of President Coolidge because of his failure to approve the bill to increase salaries of letter carriers and postal clerks, but, according to the Republican State Central committee headquarters here, this adverse comment comes from persons not familiar with the facts.

The committee points out that two measures for relief of the underpaid postal workers were considered, one that had the approval of the administration and was recommended by Postmaster General New. Mr. New moreover, is the only postmaster general who has ever proposed higher pay for all postal workers.

The administration measure carried an expenditure of $48,000,000 and would have been signed by the president had it passed. But the postal employes stood out for their own bill, appropriating $68,000,000 and, unlike the other, providing no means of meeting this added expenditure.

It was that bill the president vetoed, his reason being that the measure did not provide for the proposed expenditure and he was compelled to give it his disapproval. His action, viewed in connection with the administration bill for the relief of postal employes, did not show him out of sympathy with the needs of the postoffice workers.

CITIZEN AWAY FROM HOME MAY CAST VOTE

Oregonians may vote even if away from their own precincts on election day, it is pointed out by the Republican State Central committee. There is a provision in the election laws that will permit this practice, so that none need lose his vote November 4.

Because of the livestock show at Portland closing just before election day, it is thought a number of persons may not return home in time to vote and the way this can be accomplished is pointed out.

Anyone who expects to be at a distance from home on election day should provide himself with a certificate of registration that he may obtain from his county clerk. By presenting this certificate, he will be entitled to vote in any county of the state for state and national tickets.

In case the absent voter has not obtained a certificate, it will be required that he swear in his vote. This can be done in Multnomah county by six freeholders, but in other parts of the state, two freeholders may make affidavit.

Coolidge on Taxation.

It is impossible to escape the conclusion that high taxes make high prices. So long as the cost of government is high, the cost of living will be high. This is usually a source of misunderstanding and always a source of discontent. The duty that government now owes to the people is to reduce their burdens by paying off the obligations that came from the war rather than imposing additional burdens for the support of new projects. Having met our war obligations to pay, let us meet our peace obligation to save.—Coolidge.

FARM LOAN ISSUE HELD MERE "BUNK"

Democratic Paper Scoffs at Cock-and-Bull Story of State Officials.

Portland, Or. — (Special). — The bogus campaign issue raised by Governor Pierce and his appointee, Jeff Myers, that of bad loans to farmers, is flouted openly by the Capital Journal of Salem, as staunch a democratic paper as there is in the state. It decries it openly as campaign bunk, useful only for political purposes in the hope of electing Myers state treasurer.

The Capital-Journal calls attention to the cock-and-bull scandal in the state highway department at the time of the election two years ago, which was put forward merely for campaign purposes to aid only in Pierce's election. Of course it was all forgotten as soon as the votes were cast.

The Capital-Journal, too, points out that any time for the past 14 years books of the state land board have been open to inspection and any delinquencies could have been unearthed long ago if there were any merit in the hue and cry that has been raised.

Many loans are classed as bad by the Pierce adherents that show interest delinquent from six months to two years. By applying the same rule of delinquency, delayed payment on six months' interest, the records show that during 1923, when Governor Pierce was chairman of the school land board, 70 loans he approved are now bad loans. This seems to show that the governor has not made any notable improvement in the handling of state funds, although he and Jeff Myers have very little to say about the current loans. They point merely to the trumped-up delinquencies of their predecessors in office and do not, in any case, blame themselves.

The pitiful part of the newest Pierce "scandal" is that he is seeking to make political capital at the expense of the good name of Oregon farmers. Of 602 loans he has classed as bad, by figuring interest delinquent after six months, interest was paid on all last year and on all but a small percentage of them in the fall of 1923. Therefore, when the audit was made as of June 30, out of the whole 602 notes, there were more than 520 on which a year's interest was not yet due, but on which, without doubt, the interest will be paid this fall after the crops are sold.

The audit shows that 181 notes and mortgages have been sent out for foreclosure and of this number, interest was paid in full in 1922 on 58, in 1923 on 45 more and in 1924 on six. There was, therefore from six months' to one and one-half year's interest due on more than 100 of these 181 notes now under foreclosure.

The last legislature, recognizing the plight of the farmer, amended the school law to the effect that the time for payment of such interest on loans as was then due might be extended to two years.

Despite this, and the well known fact that the governor is a warm friend of the farmer, the land board, which he heads, is foreclosing mortgages on many lands they are not required or expected by law to foreclose and the only explanation must be that the action taken is for political purposes alone.

Estimate of losses as made by Pierce and Myers has been grossly exaggerated, as is shown by the record and this too, is purely for political effect. Farmers of the state who have been out-lucked by poor prices will no doubt be willing to call it dirty politics.

For instance on 80 notes that have been foreclosed, assessed values of the properties represented are from 40 to 50 per cent in excess of the amount the state has loaned on them. In Malheur county, for instance, where it is said the worst risks are, property represented by 11 notes, on which the state has invested $21,172, is assessed at $31,070 and appraised at $77,000.

The state has already sold 15 farms on which it had foreclosed and received an average of 40 per cent cash payment, and yet none of these farms has been sold at a loss.

FOR COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

To the Voters of Morrow County, Oregon:

Having decided to become an Independent Candidate for the office of County School Superintendent of Morrow county, Oregon, at the General Election to be held November 4th, 1924, I shall greatly appreciate your support.

I have given my best efforts during the past years, and if elected will continue to do so.

Lena Snell Shurte,
Present Incumbent.

Summons For Publication

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR MORROW COUNTY.

Bert Mason,
Plaintiff,
vs
J. W. Puyear, and Mabel Puyear, his Wife, and P. P. Puyear,
Defendants.
SUMMONS.

To J. W. Puyear and Mabel Puyear his wife and P. P. Puyear, Defendants:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON: You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action, on or before Saturday, November 1st, 1924, said date being more than six weeks after the first publication of this Summons, and if you fail to so appear and answer said complaint, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to said Court for a Judgement against you and each of you, for the sum of $400.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent, per annum from the 1st day of October, 1920, the further sum of $50.00 attorney's fees, and for Plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

And for further Judgement of the above entitled Court, that the real property attached in the above entitled action, now in the hands of the Sheriff of the County of Morrow, State of Oregon, belonging to the defendant, Mabel Puyear, and located and situated in said County of Morrow, and State of Oregon, and described as follows, to wit:- Lots 14, 15 and 16, in Block 3, in the Original Town of Ione, Morrow County, Oregon, be sold by the Sheriff of said County, in the manner provided by law for the sale of real property under execution, and in accordance with the practice of said Court, and that the proceeds from such sale be applied as follows, to wit:- 1st in payment of the costs and accruing costs of sale; 2nd in payment of the costs and disbursements of this action; 3rd in payment of the amount found due plaintiff including said attorney's fees, 4th, the overplus if any, be paid to the clerk of said court for the benefit of said defendant.

This Summons is served upon you by publication thereof, in the Ione-Independent, pursuant to an order of Hon. W. T. Campbell, Judge of the County of Morrow, State of Oregon, which order was duly made and entered herein, and dated the 25th day of October, 1921.

F. H. Robinson,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Post Office address Ione, Oregon.

The date of the first publication of this Summons being September 19th, 1924, and the date of the last publication of this summons being October 31st, 1924.