L. MONTERESTELLI

Marble and Granite Works

PENDLETON, OREGON

Fine Monument and Cemetery Work

All parties interested in getting work in my line should get my prices and estimates before placing their orders

All Work Guaranteed

The Byers Chop Mill

STEAM ROLLED BARLEY AND WHEAT

After the 20th of September will handle Gasoline, Coal Oil and Lubricating Oil

You Will Find Prompt and Satisfactory Service Here

Pioneer Employment Co.

With Two Big Offices PENDLETON AND PORTLAND

Is prepared to handle the business of Eastern Oregon better than ever before

Our Specialties

Farms, Mills, Camps, Hotels, Garages, Etc.

WIRE RUSH ORDERS AT OUR EXPENSE

The Only Employment Office in Eastern Oregon with Connections in Portland

A. M. EDWARDS

WELL DRILLER

Lexington, Ore. Box 14

Uses up-to-date traction drilling outfit, equipped for all sizes of hole and depths. WRITE FOR CONTRACT AND TERMS



OU have been walking in the sunny fields of prosperity. Life seems secure. Youth and strength are careless and forgetful. You have spent money as you have earned it.

> Suddenly a flood of hard luck of comes rolling toward you. Will you be overwhelmed by it

A BANK ACCOUNT IS A SAFETY ISLE. START ONE TODAY!

Dollars deposited in this bank draw interest at 4 per cent. They are safe dollars-busy dollars. A small bank account serves as an incentive to save, save, Save If you have only a small sum put aside, deposit it with us today. All large ortunes had small beginnings.

The biographies of all rich men start with their first bank account.

YOUR BANK CAN HELP YOU

FARMERS & STOCKGROWERS NATIONAL BANK

Heppner

Oregon

ROCKEFELLER TODAY

Richest man in the world poses for this special picture at 83



John D. Rockefeller attended church a rule of long standing of not posing for at Tarrytown, N. Y., on Sunday following his 38rd birthday, July 8. He made it the occasion to do his hit for human-him. It is health, not wealth, that now ity, even though it caused him to break interests the retired oil king.

Community Service

PACKER-STOCKYARD

Secretary of Agriculture Says Act to Be of Enormous Significance

Tells of Its Workings and Cites Abuses That Have Been Righted.

By HENRY WALLACE.

Editor's Note .- The nation needs no Editor's Note.—The nation needs no introduction to Secretary Wallace of the president's cabinet. That he is a man who knows his job rather than knowing politics has been admitted even by those who disagree with the administration. Practical experience and intensive study of his problems have given him a great advantage in his work of securing leg-islation that will be of value to both the farmer in particular and the nation in

significance of this legislation. The re-cent decision of the supreme court in holding that commission merchants, traders and other people who operate in the stockyards come under the act, places the act in a crystallized form before packers, market operators, produc-ers and others concerned alike, and seems to clear away all obstacles to the full and intelligent enforcement of the legislation. We have had satisfactory co-operation from the packers and own-ers of stockyards during the organization of the Packers and Stockyards ad-ministration, and I hope we may have the same sort of co-operation from these marketing agencies in the future.

The decision handed down by Chief Justice Taft is gratifying, both in that it affirms the constitutionality of the act and in that it makes plain the purpose of the act. As stated by the Chief Jus-tice, 'the object to be secured by the act is the free and unburdened flow of live stock from the ranges and farms— through the great stockyards and slaughtering centers—and thence in the form of meat products in the consuming cities." That was what congress had in mind, as developed in harings before the committee before the act was passed. The purpose was not alone to remove certain unfair practices and flagrant abuses but to permit a constructive eneral.

Study of the meat industry from the ranges and farms to the table of the congress passed the Packers consumer.



Mile. Suzanne Lenglen, temperamental, the English finals she won over Mrs. Mile. Suzanne Lenglen, temperamental the English finals she won over Mrs. French tennis champion who quit in her Mallory, 6-2, 6-0. An effort is now being match against Molla Bjursted Mallory, made to have Suzanne come to the Uni-American champion, last year, was avenged last week at London when in match.







To Control Packers

Under the provisions of the act the packers are forbidden to engage in unfair, discriminatory or deceptive prac-tices, to control prices or establish a monopoly in business. We are given authority to do everything which seems to be necessary to make sure that the packers live up to the law. We have the right to examine their books, to call in witnesses, and to make investigations of all kinds.

Commission merchants, traders, stock-

yards companies and all other market agencies are forbidden from charging unreasonable rates and from engaging unreasonable rates and from engaging in unjust, unreasonable, discriminatory or deceptive practices. Over them also we have a large authority. All of these market agencies must register with the Secretary of Agriculture and their rates, charges and practices must be approved. Severe penalties are imposed for noncompliance with the orders of the ad-ministrative agency, but all parties concerned have the right to appeal to the

and Stockyards act it is doubtful if the public in general fully appreciated the significance of this legislation. The recent decision of the aupreme court in holding that commission merchants, traders and other people who operate in the stockyards act it is doubtful if the act and the scope of its jurisdiction we have been proceeding carefully in building up our organization for its enforcement. Mr. Chester Morrill, head of the administration, has been active, rince last Scotember, in creating an organization of the administration, as been active. since last September, in creating an or-ganization which would function speed-ily and efficiently. He has gathered together a corps of competent advisers and executives selected for their knowledge and practical experience in the marketing and handling of stock. The same test was applied in selecting live stock market supervisors to represent the department in the field and to form the actual contract with the industry. Some Large Figures.

The industry subject to supervision is one of the basic parts of American ag-riculture. It is one of the largest single industries in this country. Its magni-tude is indicated by the fact that at 69 stockyards under our supervision more than 80,000,000 cattle, sheep and swine were received during the year 1921.

The establishment of supervision at the centralive stock markets has been accomplisted. Today there are super-visors in 17 markets, namely: Atlanta, Ga.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Denver, Colo.; Detroit, Mich.; El Paso, Texas; Fort Worth, Tex-as; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; National Stock Yards, Ill.; New York City, N. Y.; Omaha, Neb.; Pittsburgh, Penn.; San Francisco, Cal.; Sioux, City, lowa; and South St. Paul, Minn. It is not the purpose of the depart-

ment to cover the country with an army of field supervisors, but rather to station men at the markets which from an administrative and geographic stand-point would seem to need the presence of supervisors. The smaller markets which constitute by far the larger number under supervision will be handled by the supervisors at the principal mar-The country is being divided into four divisions, and when the organiza-tion is complete there will be one general supervisor, for each division, and under him the local supervisors at the various larger packing and marketing centers.

Supervisors' Duties.

The duties of these aupervisors in general will be to supervise the practices in the yards over which they have jurisdiction. The first set of the supervisor is to become entirely familiar with his market. The department at Washing-ton has been supplied with a great amount of facts and information dealing with the important markets. Supervisors' reports reveal the fact that the manner and methods vary considerably. While there is a general uniformity of while there is a general uniformity of month and here is what happened the practice among the larger terminal markets, the ways of doing business are not always the same. One of the functions of this act will be to harmonize prac-tices as far as possible. This does not mean that old standards or former practices will be eliminated because they are not uniform, but an effort will be made to improve ways of doing business so that approximately uniform methods may result.

We are urging farmers and stockmen

to feel perfectly free to go to the super-visors whenever they believe they have received unfair treatment, and also to report any unfair practices which have come under their observation.

Stops Abuses.

Decided improvements in a number of market practices already have been brot about, though organization work is not as yet completed. At St. Louis complaint was made that certain members of the





HOT DAYS-HERE AND THERE.

We sizzle in the livin' room, an' smo-ther on the porch. Old Sol is mighty reckless with his pesky little torch! But soon we'll roll from under, an' there'll be the twilight breeze, till we set around fried! An' I had ruther linger where We sizzle in the livin' room, an' smo-

A feller ort to think about the everlastin' flame, in the pit that's so infer-nal, that I hate to write its name. But they tell us it is real, an' we got to run the chance of payin' fer our meanness, where they wear asbestos pants! It's foolishness to grumble when the sun's a little hot, with nothin' wuss to

Live Stock Exchange were carrying on a boycott against certain other firms. After a two-day conference with representatives of the department the boycott was discontinued. In another case a contemplated increase in feed prices was held up pending an investigation as to

held up pending an investigation as to the reasonableness of such advance. Certain abuses with regard to gratuities o some shippers were eliminated at till another point. Although the first few months have been given to stockyard and marketing problems, the supervision of packers, as outlined in the act, has not been neglec-ted. One of the more pressing com-plaints was the sale of 15 ounces of butter in pound cartons. The practice was discontinued after a conference between our people and packer representatives and the principle of standard centainers was adopted. Attention has been given

the future fairer prices will be paid for these cattle which are fit for food.

A careful reading and interpretation of the act fails to show anything but what is reasonable and not injurious to legitimate business. The agencies affected will find that the law guarantees fair competition on equal terms in an open market. Producers will find in it safeguards for the economic and unob-structed flow of live stock through the markets into the channels of trade.

It pays to buy good lubricating oils. Valvoline and Havoline oils at Peoples

while we face a possibility that's likely



Neither Sing Nor Play

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, July 26 .-A composer who writes overtures, and melodies, and sonatas, and things of symphonic sound, and does not sing nor play an instrument—says he can't do either. Such an apparent anomaly is on the

University of Oregon campus this sum-mer in the person of Fred Johnson of Colorado Springs, who is known to the world of music as Frederick Ayres. Mr. Johnson is here spending the summer with friends from Colorado Springs. "I have always written music," said

was adopted. Attention has been given to the prices paid by packers for cattle reacting to the tuberculosis test, and in the future fairer prices will be paid for

"Music," he continued when the inter-viewer had succeeded in getting him to proceed, "should be studied by everyone. To me it is the most important of all subjects introduced into the high school curriculum. To be a genius it is neces-sary to be born with some talent, but by studying one gets familiar with good things and learns to appreciate them." Educated in Cornell and other univer-

sities, Mr. Johnson has studied under masters of composition and has taught theory and composition for years, ba-sides lecturing and writing articles on musical subjects. Among his composi-Valvoline and Havoline oils at Peoples Hardware Company.

ft.

For Sale—Tent, 16x24 and fty. Inquire C. Darbee, O.-W. depot, Heppner.

For Goose Meiodies," and several sonatas.

WARREN'S COMING HOME



ation trip home to Marion, Ohio, this

President Harding took a summer va- | chicken house, performing that wellknown execution (as shown here), which



The Child's Enemies

All investigations should begin with and be for the benefit of the child. The population of the United States today would be fifteen or twenty millions more had it not been for the neglect of the parents and for municipal government. More than fifteen or twenty millions of children have been born in the United States in the past fifteen or twenty years, who have died because of criminal, domestic, and municipal neglect.

We belong to the brass-band pro-cession in works of superficiality. We are excessive talkers, but are rather meagre in labors of worth-while investigations. We hate the drudgery of patient,

to the draugery of patient, to ling investigation for the protection of our children. We have criminally neglected the child prior to birth and immediately following his entrance into the world.

We are perfectly willing for Con-gress to vote millions of dollars to fight diseases now destroying our hogs, sheep, cattle, and horses, but preventing Congress from voting an appropriation to stamp out the diseases destroying our children.

We are perfectly willing for Congress to pass an appropriation from which we can get financial benefit, but we cry economy if Congress tries to pass an apropriation to stamp out the murderers of our children.
We are blowing trumpets and con-

gratulating ourselves about the mag-nificent work we are doing along ilnes of sanitation, but we are doing practically nothing to eradicate the great venereal diseases that are affecting and staining ninety-two per cent, of the population of the United States. There is a continuous stream from

the cesspools of society flowing through the yards and municipal gov-ernments of this country poisoning the lives of our children and staining the characters of our boys and girls. Before we used antitoxins in diph-

before we used antitoxins in diph-theria five out of every ten cases died. Now, with the use of antitox-ins only one out of ten die.

People who fight vaccinations and other methods by which children are made immune to disease are the ene mies of our children. They are the curses of society, and they ought to

be incarcerated. The time has come to spend any we have spent one hundred years amount of money that might be nec-preventing Congress from voting an essary to give to this land boys and appropriation to stamp out the dis-girls whose bodies and minds are absolutely perfect.