

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Harry Dinges of Lexington was a Wednesday visitor here.

H. J. Carner, local stockman, is here on business this week.

Anson Wright, extensive south end sheepman, was a business caller in Heppner on Wednesday.

Mr. McPeeters of The Dalles is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Crego in Heppner this week.

Three furnished housekeeping rooms, \$17.00 and one furnished housekeeping room, \$19. Inquire G. T. office.

Miss Ava Creighton of The Dalles, a sister of Mrs. R. E. Crego, is a guest at the Crego home in this city for the week.

An 8 1/2 pound son arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bowling in Boise, Idaho, on September 13th. Mrs. Bowling was formerly Miss Edith Thorley, of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley Wright of Hardman left this morning for Portland where they will spend a few days before going on to Pasadena, California, for the winter.

FOR SALE—Two houses on the place and the rolling mill, all for \$6000. \$4000 down and the balance 1 to 2 years at 6 per cent interest. Phone 735 or call on Geo. Schemp.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Livingstone visited here on Wednesday, where they took part in the program of the County Sunday School convention in session there. They report the attendance as being light, due largely to the fact that the same had not been as well advertised as it should have been.

When men and women and children are dying of exposure in a frigid climate the most despised, out-of-date, ungraceful garment is priceless to them—it becomes the deciding factor in a chance to live. Any clothes—old clothes, new clothes—that America can produce are wanted—wanted now by Near East Relief. Have your stuff ready by the 1st of October.

Spray Wool Taken at 55 Cents.

Earl S. Richards and Bales Brothers contracted their wool to Miles Lee of Baker, for 55 cents per pound last Spring, wool to be delivered at Condon, Oregon. For some time they could not hear from their contractors so they began to think the five thousand dollars paid down on the wool at the time was forfeited. Mr. Richards informed as that Mr. Lee took the wool according to contract at the contract price, though he was rather late in doing so. The entire clip of wool sold by Mr. Richards and Bales Brothers was in the neighborhood of 50,000 pounds.—Spray Courier.

DAIRY HINTS

CAMPAIGN FOR BETTER SIRES

Owners of Purebred Animals Take Generous Pride in Progress of the Movement.

Every mail received by the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, shows the readiness with which farmers and animal breeders in general are co-operating in carrying out the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign.

The letters show that the owners of purebred sires take a generous and proper pride in the progress of the campaign in their community. One letter recently received contained the following advertisement clipped from a county newspaper published in Pennsylvania:

"Don't breed to scrubs—fetch your big cows to Victory farms—service free."

"For milk: Breed to De Kol Pietje Charles Dickens, Sire: Woodcrest Iron Pietje, Dam: Daisy Le Polke De Kol III (Holstein-Friesian)."

"For beef: Breed to Cardington Bob Bill Sykes, Sire: Cardington



Rapid Improvement in Herds is Seen Where Purebred Sire is at its Head.

Blackjack, Dam: Jennie of Olen-jangy (Aberdeen-Angus).

"Will pay \$25 for five-day-old heifer calves bred by either one of these sires when delivered at Victory farms."

Owner.

The owner of this farm explains by letter that he also maintains purebred sires and that the service of these animals is free to neighboring farms.

This is but one instance in which the owner of better sires has offered their advantages to his neighbors free of charge. The fact that the owner of the sires is willing to buy the heifer calves bred from his purebred bulls is an indication of the increased profits that may be realized by the owner of a scrub or grade herd when he has put a purebred sire at its head. It shows that the value of the progeny of a

purebred sire and a grade dam is so well established in the minds of the best informed among breeders that they are willing to pay a much higher rate for this progeny than for a calf with grade parents in both the sire and the dam. It further illustrates the rapidity of improvement in a herd which has a purebred sire at its head.

FLAVOR OF BIG IMPORTANCE

If in Making Butter Desirable Quality is Spoiled Price on Market Must Be Reduced.

Butter is valued over land and tallow mainly for the reason that it has a more desirable flavor. If, in the making and handling of butter, this desirable quality is spoiled, the price of the product on the general market must be reduced accordingly. The consumer eats butter mainly as a relish, and if it has a bad flavor it ceases to be a desirable relish.

VALUABLE HELP TO BREEDER

Dairy Improvement Association Endeavors to Improve Herds by Hiring General Overseer.

The dairy improvement association is a valuable aid to the breeder and endeavors to improve the herds by hiring a man to spend his entire time visiting the farms of an organized group of farmers in order to weigh their milk, test it for butterfat and calculate the records of production and cost.

DAIRY NOTES

Regularity in feeding dairy stock is important.

Keep the cans of cream in a cooling tank until time of delivery.

Skim the milk as soon after making as possible and cool the cream at once.

A cow must have a certain amount of food nutrients to keep up the flow of milk.

Protect the cans of cream from the sun by covering with canvas or with a wet sack while en route.

Overfeeding is not the part of wisdom. What is too much for one cow may not be enough for another.

Aircraft Conditions.

Several American commissions have recently made an investigation into the aircraft conditions in different parts of the world, and they agree that this country has the opportunity to lead the world in civilian aeronautical activities and as a market for aircraft in 1920. It was the joint opinion of these commissions that the United States is ahead of all other countries in number of planes actually ordered and bought for civilian purposes, number of aerial transportation lines being organized, actual daily performance of the aerial mail service, and volume of mail carried, and possibilities for the use of aircraft for commercial purposes, and that the fact that the post office has proved that military planes can be converted into mail carriers makes possible the utilization of service planes to meet the immediate demand which manufacturers are unable to meet.

Destroyed the Illusion.

Into the restaurant she came with the air of a princess, a truly regal figure, clad in brown from top to toe and looking as if she had just visited a Parisian modiste and a beauty parlor—a perfectly groomed, handsome woman. There was an air of refinement about her. She looked expensively turned out in the simple, deceptive way.

She seated herself at a table and there were little exclamations of admiration from other diners near. A waitress approached; every one hushed to listen to the beautiful creature speak.

In a high-pitched, East side voice she ordered: "Bring me a onion omelette." It was brought, and she played it glibly speaking, with her knife.—New York Evening Post.

Youthful Cattle Raiser.

Little Edwin, age seven, lives on a farm in Grant county. It has been for some time his father's custom to sell calves to a neighboring farmer when they were about three days old. The other day Little Edwin was instructed to go to the home of the neighbor, and tell him that a calf would be ready for him the following day, and that it was a "bull calf."

With an air of great importance the young farmer delivered the following message: "My father told me to tell you that our bull has a new calf, and you can have it tomorrow!"—Indianapolis News.

JOKE ON BOTH "CHAPPIES"

Some Particulars About Their English Raiment With Which They Were Not Acquainted.

It isn't exactly their swell brand of golf that entitles them to be so decidedly English in their apparel, but they've a "fawncy" for the English raiment just the same.

"How do you like my English cap, old chap?" one of them asked.

"It's a turtle, old dear, but it isn't quite so English as mine," the other said.

"Oh, mine is, quite."

"No, not nearly."

And so they compared caps. But when they looked at the names of the makers it was discovered by the "decidedly English" follower that his cap had been made in New York. The other bore a London label—and, of course, you understand, old chap, it was quite a "lawf."

And the funny feature of it all is that the New York cap was made to appeal to the English trade, while the London cap was designed to catch the fancy of the Yank.

DO NOT THROW AWAY PARTLY STALE BREAD

Different Ways of Making it Quite Appetizing.

Good Plan to Cut Off What is Needed—at Meal and Place Slices in Hot Oven—Croustons Are Made of Odds and Ends.

Toasting is the most common method for making stale or partly stale bread attractive, but it is by no means the only one. If partly stale bread is put into a very hot oven for a few minutes it grows softer, probably because the heat tends to drive the water from the crust back into the crumb, food specialists of the United States department of agriculture say. Such warmed-over bread is not as soft and springy as fresh, but most persons find it very appetizing. A good plan, therefore, when bread has lost its freshness, is to cut off what will be needed at a meal and place the slices in a hot oven for a few minutes just before serving. In this way bread can be used on the table which would ordinarily be considered too stale.

"Twice-baked bread," which is cut bread placed in the warming-oven or in a pan on the back of the stove and allowed to dry out slowly until it is slightly brown and crisp throughout, offers still another way of making stale bread attractive. If desired, this twice-baked bread may be crushed with a rolling-pin and used like the ready-to-eat breakfast cereals. In some localities this dish has long been known under the name of rusks.

The little fried cubes of bread called croustons, which are served with soup, may be made of odds and ends of bread. To save time, bread simply broken into small pieces may be fried either in deep fat or in a pan (sautéed) and used for the same purpose. Sometimes bread crumbs fried in a pan are used as a seasoning or sauce for meat. French cooks frequently put pieces of stale bread in soups just long enough before serving for them to soften; the well-known one, "crust in the pot," (rouleau au pot), is simply a thin soup with bread in it.

There are many ways of using stale bread in cooking. Almost every good cookbook gives directions for preparing soft and dry crumbs for use in scalloped dishes, bread puddings, etc. The soft parts of bread may be used in place of flour or cornstarch for thickening soups, sauces, gravies, stewed tomatoes (either fresh or canned), etc. Bakers often use stale bread and dried, finely ground cake in place of part of the flour in making fancy breads, cakes and cookies. The housekeeper can often avoid waste by using them in this way in griddlecakes, cakes, cookies, etc.

MOPS FOR POLISHED FLOORS

One May Be Made of Old Stockings or Any Discarded Woolen or Flannel Material.

For oiled or polished floors an oiled floor mop is almost a necessity. Several makes can be found on the market, or one may be made of old stock-

ings or any discarded woolen or flannel material. In a Farmers' Bulletin on "Farm House Conveniences" obtainable free from the United States department of agriculture, the following directions for making such a mop are given:

The material is cut into 1-inch wide strips, which are sewed across the middle to a foundation of heavy cloth. This is fastened to an old broom handle or used in a clamp mop handle.

The mop, when finished, is dipped into a solution made of one-half cupful of melted paraffin and one cupful of kerosene, and then allowed to dry. To keep it moist it is rolled tightly and kept in a paper bag away from stoves or lamps.

CHEMICAL EFFECTS OF FOOD

It May Be Literally True That "One Man's Meat Is Another Man's Poison"—People Differ.

Different persons are differently constituted with respect to the chemical changes which their food undergoes and the effect produced, so that it may be literally true that "one man's meat is another man's poison." Every man must learn from his own experience what food agrees with him and what does not.—United States department of agriculture.

All Around the House

Keep large paper bag in the kitchen for rags.

Mincel walnuts may be added to salmon salad.

Cakes to be eaten while fresh require little fat.

Apricot tapioca can be made exactly as peach tapioca is.

Grated lemon peel adds a delicious flavor to baked apples.

A few bread crumbs added to scrambled eggs improve them.

Wet the cut end of ham with vinegar to keep from moulding.

MAYOR NOT LIGHTLY CHOSEN

Chief Executive of City of London is Called Upon to Fulfill Many Requirements.

Sir William Treloar, in his recently published book, "A Lord Mayor's Diary," points out that the chief magistrate of the city of London is chosen in quite a different manner from that adopted by any other municipality in the kingdom, remarks London Answers.

Instead of being elected by the members of the corporation, or council, who may, and often do, for political party reasons, choose someone who has never done suit or services to the town, London's lord mayor can be chosen only from those who have served an apprenticeship of some years to the corporation. He must first be elected an alderman by the ratepayers of his ward,

and accepted and sworn in by the court of aldermen; then he must have served the office of sheriff, to which position he has to be elected by the liverymen, and afterward approved by the sovereign.

Then, and not till then, is he eligible to ask the liverymen to elect him as lord mayor; the court of aldermen afterward again having the power to refuse him, the approval of the sovereign being also again necessary before he can take office.

RESEMBLE ACRES OF LILIES

Visitor's Beautiful Description of the American Cemeteries in France—Exquisite in Uniformity.

Though American relatives usually want to plant flowers on the graves of their sons or brothers in the American army cemeteries in France, an army ruling forbidding this has been adhered to. The cemeteries, a uniform stretch of green grass with white crosses, look like "acres of white lilies," according to Miss Elsie Goddard, a Wellesley graduate who has returned to this country after having had supervision of the Y. W. C. A. rest huts built for the comfort of relatives visiting the graves in four of the American cemeteries in France. "At first every one wants to plant flowers on the grave they love," says Miss Goddard, "but they soon see that the army ruling keeps the cemeteries most beautiful and impressive because of the uniformity. Cut flowers can be placed on graves and flowers can be planted in the flower beds near by, but not on the graves. The French people who are eager to decorate the graves in some parts are often surprised at this ruling, but our cemeteries, as cared for, are wonderfully impressive. After visiting them few Americans want to take the bodies of their boys home though they have been determined to do it before they came." The Y. W. C. A. and Red Cross combine in maintaining rest huts at Romagne, Bony Belleau Woods and Pere-en-Tardenois. "No matter how prepared a mother and father are for what they expect to see, the first sight of the field of American graves overwhelms them," says Miss Goddard.

MATERNITY HOME

I have arranged to take a limited number of maternity cases at my home in east Heppner and assure the very best attention and care to all patients.

For full information write or phone MRS. G. C. AIKEN, Heppner, Oregon, Box 142, Phone 395.

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE

Registered Hereford bulls and heifers. Best breeding and quality. Raised on our farm in southern Idaho. Herd comprises 400 head, which must be reduced at once to give us more room. Now is the time to buy. Can sell in carload lots. Prices reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or come and see them. Farm close to Nampa, Ida., on main line of Oregon Short Line. L. L. Young & Sons.

Morrow County Creamery Company. Manufacturers of WILLOW BRAND Butter and Ice Cream. The kind that has that appetizing taste. Phone your orders for ICE that is made from pure city water. Highest Prices Always Paid for Butter Fat. W. C. COX, Manager.

Holsum Bread. Made Clean - Sold Clean - Delivered Clean. 1-lb. Loaf 10 Cents. From the wheat in the field to the bread on your table comes this delicious product untouched by human hands. The entire process of making Holsum Bread is by machinery. SAM HUGHES COMPANY.

Star Theater. D. W. GRIFFITH, The Master Producer Presents "TRUE HEART SUSIE" Featuring LILLIAN GISH. THIS IS ANOTHER GRIFFITH MASTERPIECE—DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT. FRIDAY September 17th FRIDAY. MAX LINDER IS COMING BACK! Don't you remember May Jollyboy of former years. He went through the war, fighting for France. Now he is back in "THE LITTLE CAFE" Saturday Sept. 18th Saturday. Dorothy Gish in "Peppy Polly" A Paramount Picture. She deliberately went to jail to "clean up the place" and save a friend. While she was there the only friend who knew of her scheme died. What was she to do? How could she get out? Leave it to Dorothy Gish. She knows how! Its a riot! SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 19 SUNDAY. COMING SOON: JACK DEMPSEY, WORLD'S CHAMPION HEAVYWEIGHT PRIZE FIGHTER. "WOMAN," Maurice Tourneur's epic, tracing the development of woman through the centuries. Harold Bell Wright's "Shepherd of the Hills." Watch for Dates.

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RED CROWN GASOLINE. The "RED CROWN" sign stands for an all-refinery gasoline. STANDARD OIL CO. (California). The Gasoline of Quality.