Inventions and Appliances

WOODMAN'S SAW GUIDE.

HIS saw guide, the invention of a lumberman of the Northwest, enables one man to do the work for which two have been required. The big "two-man saw" which is ordinarily used has its limitations. It will go through an ordinary tree trunk much more rapidly than an ax, but on account of the position of the tree it is difficult to guide the saw



through the wood in making a level cut. The guide shown here assists in holding the saw in a level position. It rests on a step which is cut out body of this hatpin consists of a of the trunk with a few chops of the ax, and then it is very readily adjusted for work. The handle on the business end of the saw is turned at an angle with the blade, so that its manipulation is further facilitated.

STRING-CUTTING FINGER RING. HIS attachment can be easily

made and will pay for the trouble of making in the time it saves the clerk or wrapper. The knife and holder is cut from a strip of sheet steel, about 1/4 inch wide, its length depending on the width of the ring. The steel is cut almost half-



way through, as shown at 1, then fastened in a vise and bent down and sharpened to form the blade. The other part of the steel is bent as shown and attached to the ring with the end C, or it may be soldered, as desired. The corners and edges desired. should be rounded with a file to prevent chafing the finger.

PROTECTING TANKS FROM FREEZING WATER.

GREAT MANY water tanks are ruined each year by the expansion of the water when freezing in severe weather. A simple device to prevent this is to procure a good-sized copped bucket and suspend it in the water in an inverted position, allowing air to remain in the bucket. When the water freezes the extra pressure that would otherwise be exerted on the walls of the

NEW INVENTIONS.

an for Draining Dishes-This pan is designed to be set up in a sink or on a table in such a way that the dishes will drain into the dish pan, to which the device is readily attached. The open end has a wire clip which fits over the edge of the dish pan.

Diving apparatus - An elaborate diving apparatus is designed mainly for sponge fishing. It has three bay windows provided with glass-covered portholes through which the bottom of the sea may be examined, and a water-tight chamber through which the diver leaves and enters the main casing. By means of a rubber handand-arm casing projecting downward from each bay window, sponges may be gathered and placed in a small in pasteboard boxes or bottles. receptacle below the main floor while the diver remains within the casing. This apparatus is tilted from side to side by the occupant by means of weights movable on a circular track. Holder for shaving soap-This de-

rice, designed for convenience in shaving, provides a handle, which is easily attached to a cylindrical cake of soap. The cap or pan into which the soap fits is provided with a pair of perforations on one side. The handle consists of a loop of wire, and the sharp ends of the wire are inserted through the perforations and into the soap.

Hatpin with safety point-The tube, in one end of which is a sliding wire tipped with a sharp point. The wire is made as a spring, and when drawn out, takes the position shown, with the point folded back against the tubular portion. When the hatpin is to be removed, the wire is easily straightened with the fingers.

Telephone outfit for the deaf-This telephone outfit, when not in mitter, the latter having its receiv-

reached through a side door, and the upper through an opening at the ing on sliding standards.

Health and Sanitation

OLD SOL-FAMILY PHYSICIAN. |exposures at first; and in such ca

until recently this was rather a tolerated. The time limit of tolervague impression than a fact that ance is indicated by profuse sweat could be demonstrated practically, ing and a painful, burning sensation and could not be explained theoretically. At the present time, however, the sun's curative power is being demonstrated every day, and this power can now be explained on theo-retical grounds. Certain forms of tuberculosis, running sores, and back deformity. In treating this con-"even the hunchback characteristic dition the pressure on the diseased of Pott's disease" frequently yield bones is relieved by a plaster jacket to the sun-ray treatment-properly applied. For, curiously enough, there is a proper dosage of sunshine just the spine and abdomen so that the as there is with remedies that come

The specific element responsible for the curative effect is the ultraviolet ray, which is a relative of the X-ray, and one of the younger members of the prolific ray family. This ray may be manufactured expensively with man-made machinery, but is supplied free by the sun's direct radiations.

The Swiss scientist, Dr. Rollier, has recently reported 951 complete cures out of 1,100 cases of surgical tuberculosis treated at Leysin, Switzerland; and still more recently Dr. Louis Camous has recorded a large number of cures by heliotherapy on the Mediterranean coast. And experiments that are being carried on at the present time demonstrate that this form of treatment may be used anywhere, regardless of altitude or ternal and in the early stage of the climate.

An example of the kinds of conditions treated, and the method of operation. How permanent such cures treating them, is shown by a report are it is too early to say, but it is of one of M. Corneloup's cases of to be hoped that the disease has tubercular peritonitis, which is a condition peculiarly resistant to ordimeasures. nary therapeutic The use, has the appearance of an ordi- patient in this instance was a girl of nary hand bag. In one of the pock- 20 in such an advanced stage of disets is a battery and telephone trans- ease that she was incapable of the slightest exertion. The treatment ing face attached to the perforated consisted in placing her in a reclinwall of the bag so that sounds will ing chair for one hour in the mornbe received through the perforations. ing and again in the afternoon with Combined bed and cabinet-In city the abdomen exposed, the other parts apartments, where adequate closet of the body and the face being pro-room is often lacking, a bed in which tected from the sunlight by clothing the head is made in the form of a and a screen. Improvement in her cabinet, should prove a great con- condition was apparent at once, and venience. The cabinet portion has in four months' time she was comtwo compartments, the lower being pletely cured. Yet hitherto her disease had resisted all treatment.

top, which is closed by a lid operat- it is found that many patients are unable to bear more than ten-minute through the blood.

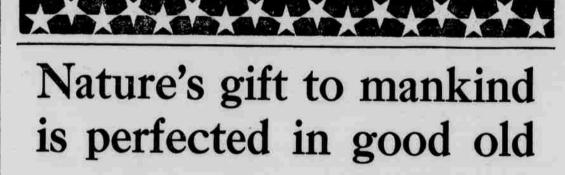
HERE has been a very general it is necessary to increase the dome belief since ancient times in the gradually until the full dosage of curative power of sunshine. But perhaps half an hour, or an hour, is of the exposed part.

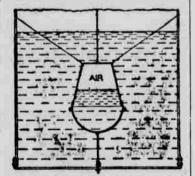
One of the most interesting methods of applying heliotherapy is that used in cases of Pott's disease, the tuberculous curvature of the spine which results in permanent hunchmade to envelop the body and neck, but having the plaster cut away over sun's rays may be brought into direct contact with the parts. This is found advantageous because in the children the vertebrae are almost as near the front as the back, so that treatment may be administered through the abdomen as well as along the spine.

NO USE FOR RADIUM.

NFORMATION comes from Berlin that the great German specialists

have abandoned the use of radium for the treatment of cancer. So an-other of the announced "cures" is laid aside after a long period of experiment upon human beings. How many hopes have been blasted, how many lives sacrificed since radium was announced as the cure for this obscure disease no one can estimate. It has in some cases seemed to effect a cure, but these cases have been exdisease, when the same end could have been accomplished by a surgical been baffled in every such case. The German surgeons say that such apparent cures are more apparent than real, as in many cases the disease makes its appearance again in some other part of the body. The conclusion would be, therefore, that can-cer is a blood disease and must be fought through the blood. The German surgeons have turned from radium back to the use of Roentgen rays, and believe they have better results from this treatment. These rays have a deeper penetration and a disintegrating effect upon the tissues of the body. After this disintegration the healing properties of the blood effect the cure. This would In giving these sun-ray treatments seem to be another proof that the t is found that many patients are cure must be ultimately sought





The Air in the Bucket Relieves the Pressure Caused by the Freezing Water.

tank, instead acts on the air in the bucket which is compressed, and thus the tank is relieved. An iron or tin bucket would soon rust out in the water and for this reason it is best to use a copper bucket.

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