HOME AND FARM MAGAZINE SECTION

Caring For Your Horse

centage of the sales of pure-bred Founded as the breeding business is, man who was improving and stocking a spon honor, it is as safe to do business high class stock farm once asked the with the reliable breeder by mail as it is through personal interview.

In handling business by mail, not anough importance is attached to the winted matter used by many breeders. In the first place when an inquiry reaches the breeder he replies by letter. If the inquiry comes from a stranger the nature of the breeder's reply goes far to establish a first impression, and with most people first impressions are hard to efface. The paper upon which a letter is written goes far to fix an idea of the personality of the writer in the mind of the reader, and a neatly printed letter-head upon s good quality of paper is the first essential of good salesmanship by mail.

The writer has frequently had the subject of good letterheads mentioned cellent herd.

FEEDING INTELLIGENTLY.

HE AVERAGE farmer can learn a D. W. McCampbell, assistant professor of animal husbandry at the Kansas State Agricultural College. The successful trainer knows that too much roughage is extremely hard on the wind and endurance of a horse. If it pays the owner of a race horse to feed for the

greatest possible wind and endurance, it will also be worth the while of the the most efficient service from his horses," explained Doctor McCamp-

borses," bell, "will increase the amount of grain used in the ration, as the work is hay part of the feed, because he knows that a horse cannot do its best work when overloaded with rough feed. An overloaded digestive apparatus interferes materially with respiration. Horses doing very hard work should not have more than ten or twelve pounds of hay for each thousand pounds of live weight. About one-third of the hay should be be given at noon, and the rest should prairie hay."

It pays to know the comparative nomical and at the same time meets

HOTEL ACKLY

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N THIS DAY and age of a large per- by people who have written to breeders, and one particularly striking instance animals are consummated by mail. will serve to illustrate my point. A nded as the breeding business is, man who was improving and stocking a writer what kind of stock Mr. had in his herd. I replied that his herd

sires were among the best of the breed. and that the females in the herd had won frequently at our fairs. He said that he had intended to purchase his toundation stock from this man, and had written him for prices and pedigrees, but that the reply was written very badly on a sheet of common rough newspaper tablet paper, and he had deeided that a man who did not display more judgment in his correspondence was not likely to display any great amount of judgment in breeding. As a result the breeder lost a good sale, a sale which had been developed by him through his advertising, and a sale to which he was entitled on the merits of his stock, for he really had an ex-

the needs of the horse. Prairie, timothy, cane, kafir, corn and small grain hays valuable lesson in horse feeding have approximately the same feeding from the race-horse man, believes value, according to Doctor McCampbell. Alfalfa, clover, sweet clover and cow-pea hays have similar feeding values, although alfalfa is slightly the richest of the group. This second group should be considered more as concentrates than as roughage, he believes, because of high protein content and the case with which they are digested.

Dr. McCampbell appreciates oats as farmer to use care in feeding his work a much more satisfactory feed than borses. corn or barley. He recommends that "The farmer who knows how to get only about five pounds of alfalfa hay be fed daily for every thousand pounds of live weight.

"In feeding alfalfa remember that it is more of a concentrate than a roughincreased; but he will not increase the age, one pound containing 35 per cent more digestible protein than does one pound of shelled corn; and that the feeding of excessive amounts of protein is one of the principal causes of all kinds of digestive and urinary troubles. For the best results, alfalfa hay that is to be fed to horses should be pretty mature when cut. This hay should never be fed without some other fed in the morning, only a little should roughage, such as cane, or straw, or

TREATING THE FEET.

It pays to know the comparative feeding value of different feeds, so that one can choose a ration that is eco-good feet are ruined by bad treatment, writes J. L. Buchanan in the National Stockman. If colts are foaled with crooked feet and especially if the hind feet turn over sideways you can soon remedy this trouble by keeping inside of bottom of foot rasped down

and toe cut back a little, leaving the outside alone. A few trimmings will make the foot straight. Thus every producer of horses should be the owner of a good horseshoer's rasp and use it when needed.

While horses are going without shoes a good rasp should be kept close at hand so all irregularities of feet may be kept rasped off. The feet of horses allowed to stand too long on a dry, Since moving into our new quarters in which case I should recommend a first of June, our cream shippers have little fish oil rubbed on the upper edge increased in large numbers. Yet, we of the hoof just at the edge of the hair, need more cream to make WHITE not over the shell of the hoof, because **CLOVER BUTTER.** We guarantee it would shut the air and moisture out. Forrect weights and tests; remittance if put on at junction of hoof and hair the hoof will take up the oil, and it will take up will help to grow and toughen the hoof. I have known horses to stand on hot manure until it burnt all of the lower part of the hoof out. It is a splendid idea to keep horses on the ground all you can. Continuous shoeing is ruinous to any horse's feet unless frequently changed. I know of horses allowed to carry their shoes for three months, and some until they are worn off. No wonder so many horses feet are ruined. We frequently see colts shut in stables for all winter and no attention paid to their feet, and by spring their hoofs are two or three and even four inches too long and pasterns sprung back and toes turned up until you would declare that both feet and pasterns were ruined. Yet when prop-

short and narrow, producing contracted on the other hand, cut back too much hoofs, corns, side bones, etc. Black smiths are often in a hurry and some fit the shoe, exposing too much of the times fit the foot to the shoe instead tissues of the foot, thus allowing water of the shoe to the foot, which is the to soak in and oil to evaporate. The proper way. Another fault of too many enamel or coating of the hoof should smiths is they do not cut or trim not be broken or removed more than enough from the bottom of the foot and, possible.







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