

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at La Grande, Oregon, September 30, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Willie Ruddy, of Lena, Oregon, who, on September 23, 1916, made Homestead entry, No. 016541, for E 1/2 NW 1/4, E 1/2 SW 1/4, Section 34, Township 1 South, Range 29 East, Willamette Meridian, and Lots 3, 4, S 1/2 NW 1/4, Section 3, Township 2 South, Range 29 East, W. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before United States Commissioner, at Heppner, Oregon, on the 29th day of November, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses: Francis McCabe, Phillip McCabe, Edd Doherty, Tom Gill all of Lena, Oregon.

C. E. DUNN, Register, 2539

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed executor of the estate of Nancy M. Meek, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same, with proper vouchers to said executor at the office of her attorney, W. G. Telle, in Putnam Building, Fossil, Wheeler County, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated this 4th day of October, 1921. ANNA L. PUTNAM, Executor of the estate of Nancy M. Meek, deceased. Post office address, Fossil, Oregon. 23-27

Source of Diamonds

While some diamonds are obtained from river sands, most of them are obtained by mining. The diamonds occur largely in a soft volcanic rock known as "blue ground." This rock is taken from the mines spread out in the open air and allowed to decompose; it is afterward washed and separated.

Over-Estimate Themselves

Most of those who claim that the world owes them a living are inclined to insist on living high.

Testing Atmospheric Pollution. Automatic records of atmospheric pollution are kept in England by means of an air filter which at the end of every fifteen minutes draws a known volume of air through a piece of blue blotting paper. The particles of the air of deposit left on the paper indicate the amount of suspended matter in the air.

Stories of Great Scouts

By Elmo Scott Watson

OLD JIM BAKER'S DUEL WITH A FRENCHMAN

Next to Uncle Bill Hamilton's duel with the Englishman, the strangest one in frontier history was that which Old Jim Baker, friend of Kit Carson, Jim Helder and Uncle Dick Wootton, fought with a Frenchman in the early days of Wyoming. Baker had established a trading store where the Oregon trail crossed the Green river. He was doing a good business with the emigrants passing over the trail until a Frenchman opened up a rival store nearby. A quarrel between the two men soon resulted.

The quarrel ended in a challenge. Both men ran to their cabins, seized pistols and from the doors of their cabins, which were only about 100 yards apart, they began firing at each other. Neither was hit at the first shot, for both the Frenchman and Old Jim had been drinking heavily and their aim was awfully.

Then the duellists retired to their rooms, loaded their guns again and, taking another drink to keep up their courage, they opened fire once more. The bullets flew wild. For several hours the duel continued, each man becoming more maddened all the time. At last, finding themselves unable to hit each other, they gave it up in disgust, and the oddest duel in history ended.

Baker was born in Illinois in 1808, and went west with a fur-trading party about 1823.

Old Jim was a mighty hunter. At one time he was attacked by two full-grown grizzly bears. The old scout was armed only with his long hunting knife, but after a terrible struggle, in which he was almost torn to pieces, he killed both bears.

In 1837 Baker was a guide and scout for Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston on his expedition against the Mormons in Utah. Returning from that trip, he wandered back to Colorado and became one of the first settlers of Denver. Later in life Old Jim drifted to northern Colorado. On the banks of the Little Snake river he built a black house, which became a rendezvous for all of his old trapping companions and a place of refuge when the Indians went on the war-path.

Baker died in 1868 after a life that had been filled with more adventure than that of any other man of his time, excepting possibly Old Jim Bridger, whose close friend he was.

The AMERICAN LEGION

(Copy for This Department supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

HOLDS UNIQUE WAR RECORD

Editor of Legion Publication Left Post and Marched to the Front A. W. O. L.

Walter T. Neubert, editor of the Service Star, official publication of the American Legion of Montana, has what is believed to be the most unique war record of any man who served in the A. E. F.



He was sergeant instructor in France, but his desire to get into the front-line fighting caused him to virtually desert the army. He left his post and marched to the front A. W. O. L. He went through the St. Mihiel drive and was in the thick of the Argonne fighting when an order was issued for his arrest. Neubert didn't mind the arrest but he hated to quit fighting. A court-martial followed and he was reduced to a private. Later, following the armistice, he was sent to Coblenz as linotype operator on the Aamaroe News.

Neubert is president of the Great Falls (Mont.) Typographical union, and is adjutant of the Great Falls post of the American Legion.

LEGION HERO WITH ONE LEG

Detroit Member of Organization Displays Makeup of True Soldier During Fire.

Once a hero, always a hero, is what Detroit is saying of Leo Fuhrman, World war veteran, who lost a leg in France, but who nevertheless saved the life of a stranger in a burning building recently, while able-bodied spectators stood about wringing their hands.

Fuhrman, a member of the Charles A. Leonard post of the American Legion, lost his left leg at the thigh while serving as a machine gunner with the Thirty-second division of the A. E. F. Early one morning he was awakened by shouts and soon learned that a nearby house was on fire.

Garbed in a dressing gown he made his way to the burning house and found a crowd of spectators awaiting the fire department. Fears were expressed for the safety of occupants in the house, and as no one volunteered to enter, the Legionnaire broke open a window and went in. He returned dragging Aaron Prull, whom he found overcome on a bed.

"Any soldier would have done the same thing," declared the hero.

IN MIDST OF SHELL SHOWER

Husky Seattle Legion Member Was Wounded Twelve Times Within Half Minute.

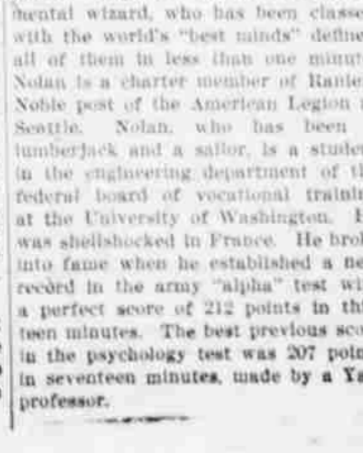
The weathering of three years rough and tumble as a Walter Camp All American tackle on the Yale football team conditioned Charles H. Paul, Seattle, Wash., for one of the World war's most unusual experiences.

Paul, then a first lieutenant in the Three Hundred and Sixty-fourth Infantry, twenty-first division, was wounded in 12 different spots in half a minute during the Argonne struggle. One high explosive shell burst near him, hitting him about 15 feet distant. He had just landed when a second shell exploded almost under him, tossing him back to where he started from. He thought it over for several months in army hospitals.

Also a graduate of Harvard law school, Paul is junior partner in one of Seattle's legal corporations. He is commander of Rainier-Noble post of the American Legion, Seattle.

Legion Man Sets the Pace.

Ageratum, archæve, chamfer, cleftstogamous, elohim, gambit, gumppe, intaglio, metacarpal, mitosis, nuda, pomology, roccoso, Simony. How many of the above words can you define? Michael Nolan, 43-year-old mental wizard, who has been classed with the world's "best minds" defined all of them in less than one minute. Nolan is a charter member of Rainier-Noble post of the American Legion at Seattle. Nolan, who has been a tumberjack and a sailor, is a student in the engineering department of the federal board of vocational training at the University of Washington. He was shellshocked in France. He broke into fame when he established a new record in the army "alpha" test with a perfect score of 212 points in thirteen minutes. The best previous score in the psychology test was 207 points in seventeen minutes, made by a Yale professor.



RED CROSS WORKING FOR HEALTHIER U. S.

Thousands Aided by Instruction in Care of the Sick, Food Selection and First Aid.

How the American Red Cross guides thousands of persons to health is shown in a summary of the society's activities in the health field based upon the annual report for the last fiscal year. Through its Nursing Service, its Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick courses, nutrition classes, First Aid classes, Life-Saving classes and Health Centers and in numerous other ways designed to acquaint masses of citizens with proper methods of living, the Red Cross carried its message of health into all parts of the country.

The work of the Red Cross during the war in its traditional field of nursing, furnishing the military and naval establishments of the nation with 19,877 nurses, is well known. And there are today 37,787 nurses registered with the American Red Cross and subject to call in emergency. During the fiscal year, 1,551 Red Cross nurses were accepted for assignment to Government service, 388 by the Army and Navy and 1,163 by the United States Public Health Service.

In addition to the nurses enrolled by the Red Cross for Government service, the Red Cross itself employed a total of 1,348 public health nurses in the United States and Europe. By far the greatest number was employed in the United States, 1,257, while 91 were in foreign service.

Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick classes, giving thorough instruction in the proper care of the sick in instances where the illness is not so serious as to require professional nursing care, during the fiscal year numbered 5,179. A statistical picture of the Red Cross operations in this field follows:

Table with 2 columns: Class type and number of students. Includes rows for New classes formed during year, Classes completed during year, New students enrolled, and Students completing course.

What the Red Cross accomplished in giving proper instruction through its Nutrition Service is indicated by the following table:

Table with 2 columns: Class type and number of students. Includes rows for New classes formed during year, Classes completed during year, New students enrolled, and Students completing course.

In addition to the above, a total of 22,006 children were given instruction in the proper selection and preparation of foods.

Through its 269 Health Centers, the Red Cross reached 19,252 persons. In these Health Centers, 4,015 health lectures were given and 750 health exhibits held.

In the United States last year, 75,432 persons were killed and 3,500,000 injured in industrial accidents. To prevent this enormous waste the Red Cross held 5,100 first aid classes with a total of 104,000 students enrolled.

RED CROSS RESCUED 600,000 FROM DEATH

Spent \$1,200,000 for Relief of Famine Sufferers in China Last Year.

To help overcome conditions of acute distress in five famine stricken provinces of Northern China, where millions of persons were affected by an unprecedented shortage of food, the American Red Cross during the last fiscal year spent more than \$1,200,000, of which was contributed directly by National Headquarters and the remainder by various groups interested in the welfare of China.

Through the wide relief operations thus made possible it is estimated that more than 600,000 famine sufferers were saved from starvation.

To the end that similar prompt relief measures by the organization may always be possible the Red Cross is asking continued support by the American people by universal renewal of membership at the Annual Red Cross Roll Call, November 11 to 24.

The method of relief employed by the American Red Cross in its operations in China was particularly effective, for in addition to saving hundreds of thousands of lives it provided China with more than 900 miles of permanent roads that are sorely needed to prevent a recurrence of famine. At one time the Red Cross employed 74,000 Chinese workmen, paying them in food for themselves and dependents, this food being brought in from Manchuria and elsewhere.

ONE DOLLAR ANNUAL DUES IN THE AMERICAN RED CROSS MAKES YOU A PARTICIPANT IN RELIEF WORK FOR THE HELPLESS THAT GIRDLES THE GLOBE. ANSWER THE ANNUAL RED CROSS ROLL CALL NOVEMBER 11-24, 1921.

850 DISASTER DEATH TOLL FOR ONE YEAR

Red Cross Gives \$1,871,000 Relief When 65,000 Families Are Made Homeless.

Forty-three disasters, resulting in the death in the United States of 850 persons and the injury of 2,500 called for emergency relief measures and the expenditure of \$1,871,000 by the American Red Cross during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, says an announcement based upon the forthcoming annual report of the Red Cross. These disasters caused property damage estimated at \$30,000,000, affected sixty-seven communities and rendered 65,000 families homeless.

The year's disasters were of varying types, including several which previously had never been thought of as falling within that classification. The Red Cross furnished relief in seventeen fires of magnitude, five floods, seven tornadoes or cyclones, one devastating storm, three explosions, including the one in Wall Street; one building accident, two typhoid epidemics, the most serious being that at Salem, Ohio, which affected 9 per cent of the population; one smallpox epidemic, in the republic of Haiti; one train wreck, the race riot at Tulsa, Okla.; the famine in China, emergency relief in famine among the Indians of Alaska, the grasshopper plague in North Dakota and an earthquake in Italy.

Pueblo Most Serious

By far the most severe of the disasters in the United States during the period covered by the Red Cross report was the Pueblo flood early in June, 1921. The rehabilitation problem confronting the Red Cross in Pueblo was one of the most difficult in recent years. When the first news of the horror was flashed throughout the country, the American Red Cross National Headquarters responded with a grant of \$105,000 for relief work. Governor Shoup of Colorado, appreciating the long and successful experience of the Red Cross in organizing disaster relief work, placed the entire responsibility for the administration of relief in its hands.

In response to appeals from President Harding, Governor Shoup and other governors of western states and through local chapters of the Red Cross and other community organizations, public-spirited citizens brought the total contributed for Pueblo's rehabilitation to more than \$325,000.

The terrible havoc wrought by the flood waters is a matter of record. More than 2,300 homes were affected and 7,351 persons were left homeless. Estimates of \$500,000 as an absolute minimum for rehabilitation were made by Red Cross officials in charge of the relief work.

Fast Work in Wall Street

The Wall street explosion was notable in that relief workers of the Red Cross were on the scene twenty minutes after the disaster occurred. The race riot at Tulsa also was unique in disaster relief annals in that outside of a small emergency relief fund contributed by the Red Cross, the only relief measures outside the city consisted of the service of social workers, nurses and a trained executive whose object was to assist local forces in directing their own efforts.

In decided contrast with the previous year, only one tornado assumed the proportions of a major disaster. This occurred on April 15, in the border sections of Texas and Arkansas with the city of Texarkana as the center. The significant feature of this disaster relief work was the fact that it covered so much rural territory as to make necessary a large number of relief workers.

The famine in China, necessitating relief expenditures totaling more than \$1,000,000 by the American Red Cross was by far the most serious of the foreign disasters in which the Red Cross gave aid.

Builds Up Its Machinery

In connection with the administration of disaster relief measures, an increasing effectiveness on the part of the Red Cross in deal with emergencies was manifested during the past year. In 928 chapters of the American Red Cross there have been formed special committees to survey the resources of their respective communities and to be prepared in case of disaster. In others of the 3,402 active chapters, a network of communication has been formed through which instantaneous relief may be dispatched to any part of the United States.

That its work in this field may be continued with ever greater effectiveness, the American Red Cross is appealing for widespread renewal of membership during its Annual Roll Call, to be conducted this year from November 11 to 24.

LIFE SAVING CORPS ENROLLMENT 10,000

Growth of Red Cross Life Saving Corps throughout the country continued unabated during the last fiscal year, a summary of the year's achievements by that Red Cross Service shows. There are now 100 Corps with a total membership of more than 10,000 members, of which 1,276 are sufficiently skilled in the work to act as examiners. Among the outstanding achievements of the Red Cross in this field during the last year was the organization at the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, of what is perhaps the largest life saving corps in the world.

Advertisement for Rolled Barley by Andrew Byers, offering quality rolled barley at fair prices and handling a complete line of gasoline, kerosine, and lubricating oils.

Advertisement for Case Bus & Transfer Co., thanking customers for past patronage and offering furniture, baggage, express, freight, and country trips.

Advertisement for 'We Buy' poultry, including chickens, turkeys, ducks, and geese, with highest prices paid.

Advertisement for Oregon Fire Relief Assn., offering fire insurance through F. R. Brown, agent for Morrow County.

Advertisement for 'OUR IDEAS are sometimes good', promoting choice meats from Central Market.

Advertisement for Central Market, featuring fresh meats and various products.

Advertisement for Mrs. De Valera and Miss Marguerite Waltz, featuring photographs and descriptions of the women.