## **GINGHAM IN STYLE TOBACCO'S FOES**

Fabric Popular for Dresses. Parasols and Millinery.

Neckwear and Vestees and Blouses Trimmed With the Material Among the Showings,

Canvass of 7,847 Editors Shows 7,393 Communities Against

Abolishing Weed.

ANTIS LOSE THREE STATES.

Commonwealth to Adopt Prohibi-

tion Measure During Year.

"Is tobacco going to have its scalp

The writer reaches the conclusion

that while there has been increased

ngitation and legislative activity on

the subject of tobacco following the

success of the drive for prohibition

ing to abolish tobacco have no general

support. This opinion is based on the

(1) Do you favor the enactment of

laws prohibiting the personal use of

(2) In your judgment does the gen-

(3) Is the use of tobacco personal-

No arguments accompanied the ques-

7,847 replied according to the summary

represent a combined circulation of

21,870,046. Of the 7,847 editors reply-

ing, 7,393, or 95 per cent, represent

public sentiment in their communities

as opposed to anti-tobacco legislation.

those replying believed there was any

considerable sentiment favorable to

tobacco prohibition. There were 174,

Editors' Judgment Unbiased

"It is of special interest to note

that 560 editors in answering the first

question, personally favored such

legislation, although only 200 of them

reported that public opinion also fa-

vored the prohibition of tobacco-an

indication of the conscientions effort made by the editors to distinguish pubtic opinion from their own personal opinions," the article continues. "The highest percentage of replies reporting public opinion favorable to prohibition of tobacco came from Utah, where 42 per cents of the editors thought the public were for such a movement. Utah is the only state which has since adopted an anticigarette law. The result was forecast by several of the editors who stated that the influence of the Mormon Church was against tobacco, The

Mormon Church is also strong in Idaho, which is the other state where the use

of tobacco was recently prohibited,

just passed, in which the prohibitory

legislation is repealed. In this state

89 per cent of the editors estimate

sentiment in their communities as

nevertheless, is 6 per cent below the

weeks ago passed and the governor

has signed a bill repealing the anti-

cigarette law of that state. The ques-

tionnaire showed 93 per cent of its

editors believed the public against anti-tobacco legislation. The legisla-

ture of Arkansas has also passed a

bill repealing its anti-cigarette law. In

this state 04 per cent of the editors

Arizona's Practical Joke

"A bill, introduced in the current

session of the legislature of Arizona

to prohibit smoking in public dining

rooms and other public places, was

first amended to prohibit the consump-

tion in public of peanuts, chewing

gum, ten and coffee and then defeated by the senate. The questionnaire

returns from that state were 92 per

"In lown where the 'no's' were 95 er cost n. bill to repeal the anti-

functive law has been passed and

"A bill to repeal the anti-cigarette

ow in Kansas, with 80 per cent 'no's,"

receiving the attention of its legis-

ture. Last year a petition for a

seferendum in Overon to prohibit the

can of tobacco failed of sufficient sig-

natures to bring the question to a

vote, and 95 per cent of the editors

teclare their public aminst legislation.

In Oklahoma an anti-cigarette bill has

been reported unfavorably in the

house. The editors of that state re-

ported 94 per cent against its public

influence predominates," the article

concludes, "the anti-tobacco move-

ment appears, us in the case of Ten-

nessee, Arkansas and Iowa, to be los-

ing ground and is not to any consid-

erable extent supported by the peo-

The friends of tobacco feel particu-

tarly elated over this showing, inasmuch as 1920-21 was a maximum year in legislative circles with 42 state leg-

latures in session and the tobacco sub

ject received an unusual amount of

Cutside of Utah, where Mormon

aned by the governor

reported against tobacco prohibition,

"The legislature of Tennessee some

d the bit

but the mytorner has ele-

average reported opposition.

to record their judgment.

These editors, it is estimated,

Company of New York City.

tobacco by adults?

favor such Jegislation?

ly objectionable to you?

the attitude of the questioners.

The questions asked were:

Lestie's Magazine."

Gingham still persists, as anyone who wintered South, or who kept posted on what smart women wore under the palms, can attest. It was e material out of which the great reentage of morning gowns were de. Although it may appear innsistent, ginghams were not simple in general effect. They were frequently combined with organile, sometimes velled with it, as in the case of strong red-and-white checked ginghams with apron panels of organdie, and they were bound with everything from black cire to net-all of which leads one naturally to suppose that gingham gowns are to be in style for another summer

The gown sketched is on rather simple lines, the yoke cut in one with the abbreviated sleeves being one of its most interesting features. Yours are results of the questionnaires on the appearing quite frequently this year, subject sent out to newspaper editors and when a plaid or striped material of the country by the Press Service is used it is, of course, advisable to have the lines of the material at a different angle to those appearing in the rest of the dress.

Gingham parasols and gingham millinery, gingham neckwear and ginghm vestees are all among the spring owings, and one finds gingham incoduced as trimming on many smart tricotine gowns just now, Blouses



The Simple Gingham Gown.

of plain material, frilled or banded with gingham, are among the offerings

There is rather a prejudice against the glogham hat unless it is made of the identical fabric of the dress, for naturally one would hesitate at appearing in two different plaids at one against tobacco prohibition, which, and the same time.

#### SUITS, SKIRTS AND BLOUSES

Modes of the Moment in the Line of Apparel in Which Milady is Most Interested.

Jersey suits are in favor, and are expensive. They have, chiefly, lted box coats and a plain two piece sirt shirred at the waist-line or eccordion pleated.

Another suit has a white jersey skirt and a blue cheviot cont stitched Entire sults are made up in hairline

scriped flannel. Two materials in one suit are used

in checked and plain worsted goods, the check being in the skirt and the Lingerie blouses have many frills.

Dressy walks are chiefly over-the-The V-shaped peck is in evidence as

a change from the square and oval Some tallored waters are made of

fine checked gingham Some of the new skirts have a side-

ont opening under a deep tuch. Many the skirts have insets of plears at sides to give the extra width. More fulness than formerly and swattling girdles are outstanding features of the spring skirts.

Separate skirts of plaid and striped woollen are the most popular models of the hour.

Smart Contrast.

The coat dress, the favorite of this senson's mode, gains originality by the addition of a novel stolelike collar of vivid and contrasting color. A blue pouret twill gown thus trimmed in Arablan red slik duvetyn will win the approval of the woman who fully understands the meaning of the French word chie.

Poppies are selling well for hat trimming. They are used almost exclusively, however, on the red braid and

### Greek Amphitheater for Virginia



McIntire Greek amphitheater, the gift of Paul Goodlee of Charlottes ville, Va., and New York, dedicated at the University of Virginia in connec tion with the university's centennial exercises.

#### of Equal the efforts of reformers seek AFFAIR OF GREAT DIGNITY

Daily Opening of Session of British House of Commons is a Ceremonious Matter.

The recent retirement of Hon. William Lowther, who was speaker of years, has given rise to considerable of great dignity. The opening of the mals. daily session of commons is itself an eral sentiment of your community affair of much solemnity.

First comes the speaker's attendant, wearing evening dress, with a gold badge suspended from a chain. As he approaches the inner lobby from the corridor the sergeant tions and from their form it was impossible for any editor to determine shouts. "Hats off, strangers!" and the procession immediately enters the Out of 12,518 editors questioned, lobby. Following the speaker's attendant comes the sergeant-at-arms bearing the massive gold mace. Somebody recalls that it was Oliver Cromwell who cried, "Take away that bauble," and for the time wrecked a custom that was speedily revived.

The speaker follows the mace. He Only 260 editors, or 3 per cent of is attired in a black silk gown, fullbottomed wig and silk knee breeches, the tail of the gown being lifted from the ground by the speaker's attendant, or 2 per cent, in doubt, while 20 failed also gowned in silk. The chamberiain and the speaker's secretary bring up the rear of the parade.

It is said that the stranger who was inclined to smile at this display had only to glance at the face of the speaker to check his levity. The latter's composure and the fine dignity of his mien, robbed the ceremony of fiction.

New Reason for Dehorning.

Young red cedar trees in the Wichita National forest are no longer injured by the herds which graze there. The solution of the problem was simple, the cattle are now dehorned. One of the drawbacks to pasthe British house of commons for 16 turing national forests has been the injury which was apt to result to the comment on that job, which is one young growth from the grazing ani-

After fire-protection methods on the Wichita were fairly worked out and fires became rare instead of the rule, red cedar began to come rather plentifully all over the forest under the oak stands. As the cedar began to reach a little size the supervisor of the forest noticed that it was being broken rather badly by cattle, both in the tops and in the branches. After some consideration the supervisor decided to ask the cattlemen users of the forest to run none but dehorned cattle on the Wichlta.

Really Not Important, An investigator claims to have discovered in some dusty archives that back in the days when the Pilgrims landed each person coming to America from Engiand was required to bring with them eight bushels of corn meal, two bushels of oatmeal, two gallons of vinegar and a gallon each of oil and brandy. In view of the fact that nothing of importance hinges on the truth or falsity of this statement, not much time need be consumed to ascertain whether this is truth or

# PIONEER REUNION

PARKERS MILL Sept. 3, 4 and 5

Ball Games, Foot Races, Boxing and Wrestling

## Pavilion Dancing

Joy Giese's Orchestra is coming back. Oh Boy!

**Old Fashioned** Barbecue Dinner

Monday, September 5 **Wrestling Match** 

R. W. VOLLE, of Heppner

CHARLIE BENNETT, of Monument

FREE CAMPING GROUNDS

Broncho Busting, Bulldogging



## THE UNIVERSAL CAR "WHAT CAN THE FORDSON DO?" DO YOU ASK

Men who saw it perform at the recent 6-day demonstration at Gresham are wondering what there is of ranch work that the FORDSON cannot do.

At Gresham it was demonstrated that the FORDSON can do everything from cultivating small fruits and spraying orchards to clearing and leveling land and running a sawmill. Many of the things done there are not of particular interest to Morrow county farmers but it is of interest to know just what the FORDSON can do for them.



Let us demonstrate

LISTEN:

The FORDSON can plow and harrow and cultivate your land. It can plant and harvest and thresh your crop and haul it to market. It can gried your feed and saw your wood and cut your ensilage and bale your hay and do 100 other chores requiring power. It will work for you every day in the year and save you money

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