

"PROTECT OUR SOLDIERS WITH LIBERTY BONDS"

Message of United States Senator McNary to People of Oregon

Money is needed to support and protect our soldiers now fighting in a foreign land and the prompt purchase by the American people of Liberty Bonds will supply the funds. Much of the money heretofore obtained by the government through the sale of Liberty Bonds to its citizens has been expended in the preparation of war. Now our resources and our savings must be devoted to a considerable extent in providing for the safety, comfort and assistance of our heroes on European battlefields. Three thousand miles of ocean intervene and this long lane must be made safe for our soldiers. Ships we must have in ever increasing numbers. Without tonnage the full measure of our elaborate and military relief organizations must remain inoperative. Without money we cannot build the ships; without the ships we cannot win the war. With sadness we anticipate the return of thousands of our soldiers wounded and crippled who must be rehabilitated or made capable through vocational education for self support. General hospitals in which physical reconstruction work and vocational training can be undertaken must be constructed. This requires money. A great army is going forward to face the fire of battle and American dollars will be forthcoming for their welfare if we all perform our duty and buy liberally of these Liberty Bonds.

CHAS. L. McNARY,
United States Senator.

THREE SONS ON THE TUSCANIA

San Francisco Woman Gave Country Three Soldiers--One Lost With Torpedoed Transport.

TWO SONS SENT TO FRENCH FRONT

Mrs. Louise Moore of 139 First avenue, San Francisco, knows the meaning of war. In the front window of her home a service flag shows three stars. Three of her sons answered the call to colors.

And when the Tuscania was torpedoed, with the loss of more than one hundred American lives, her eldest son, William Moore, made the great sacrifice for his country. On the rocky coast of Ireland he lies buried in the grave which enfolds others of his comrades in arms.

The other two sons of Mrs. Moore, who were also on the Tuscania, are listed among those saved. The joy over their safety has been tempered only by the grief which followed the word of William's passing.

"I told those boys I was sorry that there was occasion to go to war," said Mrs. Moore, smiling through the anguish that was her portion in the days following the Tuscania disaster. "But I told them also, 'that if our country was worth living in and enjoying when things were going along smoothly, it was certainly worth fighting for when it was in trouble.'"

That is the spirit of American motherhood in these days of trial and sacrifice. "Our country has not asked much of its young people in the way of sacrifice," said Mrs. Moore. "Things have been fairly easy for most of the boys and girls of this generation. Now it is their time to show how they have appreciated all that has been given to them."

Mrs. Moore has two other sons, one of draft age, and the other old enough to enlist but not old enough to be drafted.

"Now they're crazy to go," said the brave little mother whose service flag already has one haloed star.

"Do you know the last thing the three boys did before they left?" she asked with motherly pride. "They all bought Liberty Bonds, and said they would leave the rest of that work to us. Now we know what we can do." Private William Moore and his brothers have left a message for the stay-at-homes in America to heed: "The rest of you buy Liberty Bonds—that can be your work."

Have you planned to buy your next one, now that the Third Liberty Loan is called for?

THREE MEALS COST \$14,000

Feeding 42,500 troops at Camp Lewis, Seattle, three meals a day will cost the Government \$14,000, and in the preparation of the meals 131 tons of food will be used. Money is needed to buy the food. That's why the Government will ask you soon to buy Liberty Bonds of the Third Liberty Loan.

THE BALANCE OF POWER



OVER THE TOP

SHALL WE SEE IT THROUGH OR QUIT?

The Government is finding it necessary to call upon as three times within a year to provide by subscriptions to Liberty Loans, sums of money hitherto considered of fabulous proportions. These facts should impress upon us as no mere words could do, the intense seriousness, the stern necessities, of the situation.

Continued acquaintance with the more serious aspects of life is apt to breed indifference, and to distort our mental vision. As the soldier shudders with horror at his first sight of carnage, but later becomes hardened, so are we apt to become complacent under conditions which call actually for increasingly strenuous effort.

The Liberty Loan with its original accompaniments of novelty and noise appealed to our national love of a new sensation. In the Third Campaign much of the novelty will be lacking, but the serious purpose behind the campaign will have grown. Our money was needed when both the First and Second Liberty Loans were floated, but it will be more than ever needed when the Third Loan is called for. Our army has grown, our national pay-roll has grown, the needs of our allies have grown, the necessity of averting banishing the unspeakable menace of Prussianism has grown. No longer can we hope that the entrance of this country into the struggle will induce an early peace. More arrogant, more desperate than even the German Government puts forward its impossible claims upon the rights and life of humanity.

Our Government in its growing need is calling upon us to give up our luxuries, is conscripting the lives of our sons, is controlling trade, labor, and prices, with an ever increasing earnestness and firmness of purpose.

The test of our personal strength of character and determination is at hand. Your Government pleads with you very earnestly to preach and practice both before and during the next Liberty Loan Campaign a steadfastness of purpose, an unselfish patriotism, which shall reflect the spirit of a man who having set his hand to the execution of a necessary task would rather lose that hand than draw it back. This is the spirit of our President, of our allies—it is surely our own.

"This is a war of peoples—the people behind the fronts."—Major Grayson M. P. Murphy of the American Red Cross, Jan. 20, 1918. YOU are a part of Democracy's Battalions. Buy Liberty Bonds.

THRIFT AND CONSERVATION

Last year at this time the great cry was conservation. This year it is thrift. Last year the nation was urged by the Government to conserve the natural resources and the products of the farms and fields and factories. Greater crops were urged, and canning clubs and city gardens were the order of the day. This year the nation is being taught the lesson of spending its money wisely. The nation is being shown the importance of putting every cent where it will do the most good.

Conservation and thrift go hand in hand. The fact that the farmer is being told this year to be thrifty does not mean he is not to plant every acre available and till his crops carefully and harvest them when they are ready for the reaper. It means that he must invest wisely the money he gets for the splendid crops he has demonstrated he is able to raise.

The farmer, as a rule, can find something for which to spend almost every dollar he gets. There always is machinery to be bought or repaired, notes to be met, fertilizer to be purchased, harness, lubricating oil and groceries and clothing to be paid for in the neighboring town. But in the last few years most of the thrifty farmers have been so well paid for their produce that they are now "on their feet," or more nearly so than ever before.

This country has been good to them, for they have lived in peace and have been provided by the Federal Loan Bureau with cheap money with which to pursue the arts of peace. Any economies they can practice at this time will give them additional money with which to lend financial aid to the Government in its great war for righteousness and fair dealing.

Every dollar loaned to the Government is a practical protest against the plans of a greedy, unscrupulous, soulless power intent on world conquest, and every dollar thus advanced serves to shorten the period of war and bring nearer the day of universal and enduring peace.

"Who will dare to weaken our Western front by a single troop or a single gun?"—George Clemenceau, Premier of France, Dec. 25, 1915. If you fail to buy Liberty Bonds you will weaken the front!

"We could not have endured such aggressions and survived as a self-respecting nation of free people."—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, at San Francisco, Oct. 11, 1917. American blood calls to you. Buy Liberty Bonds.



KAISER - "ACH VOT PIKERS."

EVERY WOMAN CAN HELP NEXT LIBERTY LOAN

Woman's Committee for Twelfth Federal Reserve District to Form an Organization

By MRS. A. S. BALDWIN
(Chairman Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, Twelfth Federal Reserve District)

Now that we are actively in the war and our men are in the front line trenches; are being killed; are being gassed; are being maimed for life, it would seem that every woman in the land should be in the front ranks of the civilian workers to help the men win the war.

Each of us has her part to play, however small it may be, and whether it be great or small it is of importance that each shall perform her part to the utmost of her ability.

Some can buy Liberty Bonds, some can influence others to buy. Perhaps some can only help by conserving the use of food and clothing and by economizing in household expenditures, thus liberating and augmenting the essentials which must be sent "over there" for the use of our army and for the destitute civilian population of our allies.

In whatever way each woman of this Twelfth Federal Reserve District can help, let her do her utmost that we who are farthest from the front may sustain our part of the struggle, and keep for ourselves and our children the blessings and privileges we have inherited, and thus make it possible to win like blessings for the millions who are now in actual bondage.

We should not only save to help, but the great lesson to be learned also is to do so without non-essentials and to make sacrifices so that the labor which produces what we consider to be even essentials may be used to produce those things which are actually essential for the support and safety of those who are carrying the burden of this unprecedented struggle for freedom and democracy.

The aim of the Woman's Liberty Loan Committee is to form an organization which shall make the woman in every home in the land realize these conditions and her responsibility, that the message shall not reach her only from one direction, but from many, so that she shall be brought to a full realization of her responsibility.

PAY THAT DEBT, SAYS BILL HART

William S. Hart, of moving picture fame, is one of the enthusiastic advocates for a general response to the Government's appeal for subscriptions to its Liberty Loans. Here is what Hart says:

"Every American who has accepted the great blessing that God has given and has lived the large and free life bought by the blood of many brave and devoted men, and passed on to us a priceless heritage, has a chance now to repay."

"It is for him at this instant to testify to the world what he knows he owes his country."

"He should at once, and cheerfully give a little of his goods that his country has secured to him. He should promptly say to the world, which is listening, and perhaps cynically criticizing: 'When my country asks me for life or for money I cheerfully offer both.'"

"He should demonstrate that patriotism is some dog greater and more sacred than an idle sentiment."

"And in contributing according to his means for the high purpose placed before him by his President, he should appreciate that in reality he is making no gift, but is investing in the greatest security in the world—THE PLEDGE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA."

A BADGE OF HONOR

A Liberty Loan button is a badge of honor. Rightfully obtained it marks the wearer as one who has performed a distinct, definite service to the country.

Not all can fight; not all can work directly for the Government; but in buying a Liberty Loan Bond, or War Savings Stamps, every American renders some service to the nation. It has been put wit in the reach and power of every citizen to aid the United States financially; it is a poor American who withholds support from the Government, from our soldiers and sailors fighting death on battlefields and oceans.

Iron crosses to German soldiers and diamond orders exchanged between Turkish and German sovereigns may be but the more of atrocity, but a Liberty Loan button, simple as it is, signifies a patriotic duty done and is an insignia of honor.

"All that our soldiers need is a still better rear organization."—George Clemenceau, for the Premier of France, Jan. 14, 1916. It is up to you to provide that by buying Liberty Bonds.

THE WAR, THE FARM AND THE FARMER

By Herbert Quick
Member Federal Farm Loan Board

The farmer everywhere loves peace. The American farmer especially loves peace. Since the dawn of history, the farmer has been the man who suffered most from war. All that he possesses lies out of doors in plain sight and is spoil of war—his house, his grain, his livestock. The flames that light the skies in the rear of every invading army are consuming the things that yesterday represented his life work, and the life labors of past generations of farmers.

Everywhere the farmer is a warrior when war is the only thing which will make and keep him free. He cannot rally to the colors as quickly as can the dwellers in the cities, because it takes longer to send to the farms the call to arms. It takes longer to call the farmers from the fields than the city dwellers from the shops. Many do not hear the first blast of the trumpet. Others do not at first understand its meaning because they have not had the time to talk the matter over with their acquaintances. Instead of reading half a dozen extras a day, the farmer may read weekly papers only. He must have more time in a sudden emergency to make up his mind.

It is impossible to set the farmers of the United States on fire by means of any sudden spark of rumor. But when they do ignite, they burn with a slow, hot fire which nothing can put out. They are sometimes the last to heat up; but they stay hot. In a long fight they are always found sturdily carrying the battle across No-Man's Land in the last grim struggle. The American farmer will give all that he has and all that he is to win this great war against war.

This war was at first hard to understand. No armed foe had invaded the United States. The night skies were not reddened by burning ricks and farm houses. No raiding parties robbed us of our cattle or horses. No saboteurs insulted our women. It seemed to many of us that we were not at war—the thing was so far off. We did not realize what a giant war had become—a monster with a thousand arms that could reach across the seas and take from us three-fourths of everything we grew. But finally we saw that it was so.

If the Imperial German government had made and enforced an order that no American farmer should leave his

(This is the first of three articles. The second to be published next week.)

U. S. Loans To Farmers Now Nearly \$50,000,000

Nearly twelve million dollars was loaned out to farmers of the United States by the Federal land banks during the month of January last.

On February 1 the total amount loaned out to farmers by these banks since they were established was nearly \$50,000,000, the number of loans closed being 24,900. The amount applied for at that date was \$260,000,000, representing over 100,000 applicants.

The total loans made by the various banks were as follows:

St. Paul	\$9,760,400
Spokane	8,936,975
Wichita	8,642,500
Berkeley	3,666,600
Omaha	3,216,199
Houston	3,124,412
New Orleans	3,028,255
Louisville	2,927,500
St. Louis	2,296,480
Baltimore	2,114,200
Springfield	1,614,665
Columbia	1,469,955

What are you farmers going to do for the Government now that it is asking for the Third Liberty Loan?

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

Here are some of the things your Liberty bond money loaned to the Government will buy for our boys "Over There":

- A \$50 Liberty Bond will supply four months' maintenance in the field for one of our soldiers.
- A \$100 Liberty Bond will supply 200 pounds of smokeless powder for one of the big guns.
- A \$200 Liberty Bond will equip and uniform four of our bluejackets.
- A \$500 Liberty Bond will supply 180 of our boys with gas masks, in which to face one of the deadliest menaces of the trenches.
- A \$1,000 Liberty Bond will buy gasoline enough to drive one of our submarines 2,500 miles in our campaign against the undersea raiders of the Kaiser.
- A \$2,000 Liberty Bond will supply 625 thirteen-pound shells to sink German submarines.

Every Liberty Bond you buy helps actively to shorten and win the War.

"Protection the Allies afford us may weaken our sense of duty."—Taft, Feb. 4, 1917. Have you weakened? Do your duty! Buy Liberty Bonds.

