

Wages for Farm Labor to Be Made Uniform

A meeting of the Labor Committee of the Morrow County Agricultural Council was held in the office of the county agent Saturday evening, April 6. This committee is made up at present of H. W. Turner, president of the county council; C. E. Jones and W. B. Barratt of Heppner, C. H. Pointer of Lexington, W. F. Palmateer of Morgan and Jack Hynds of Cecil. Other members will be added to this committee as the need arises.

O. H. Baldwin, Assistant Farm Help Specialist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, was present and after discussing what had been said and was being done in other counties to relieve the shortage of labor, advised with the committee regarding plans for the harvest season. Baker, Union, Wallowa, Sherman, Gilliam counties have each set \$30 as the wage for common farm labor. Arrangements are being made to furlough the farmer boys in the training camps for thirty day periods and place them where they will be of most help to the farmers. Mr. Baldwin stated that there were hundreds of men waiting for a chance to go to work in the ship yards but that they cannot be used. The federal office in Portland is trying to induce those suitable for farm work to go into those counties where the labor shortage is most serious.

County Agent Brown outlined a plan for enlisting the business and professional men of the towns in an emergency working reserve for harvest. Mayor Smead, who was present, thought a plan for voluntary enlistment would be better than an ordinance closing non-essential business houses during that period. Meetings will be held in each town to give everyone an opportunity to enlist.

Believing that a lack of understanding between farmers has been one of the chief sources of unrest among the farm help and a subsequent loss of time through changing employers, the committee urges that farmers and farm help get in touch with the nearest member, obtain reliable information and stop the rumors that are going around. They also recommend that \$60 per month be adopted as the average wage for common farm labor in Morrow county. That farmers cooperate more closely rather than compete with each other in securing farm help and in the planting of crops, and that the farmers and farm help cooperate with this committee in every way possible to render the most effective service to our nation.

Mrs. H. I. Stiles, of Portland (formerly Venice Jones), arrived in town last night for a visit with her mother, Mrs. Josephine Jones.

S. B. HUSTON MAKES VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN

After making a campaign of two months duration, during which he has covered much of the state outside of Multnomah county, S. B. Huston, candidate for United States Senator, is very much pleased with his prospects. Up to the present time he has not held a public meeting nor spent any active time in his home county, Multnomah, where the heavy vote is, but from this time on he will devote himself largely to rounding up his home county vote.

Mr. Huston has lived in Multnomah county for 12 years, and feels that he is well enough known to be able to carry his home county with little work, but he expects to carry it by 10,000 votes May 17. During the last year perhaps 15,000 to 20,000 voters have located in Multnomah county, having found employment in the shipyards. Many of these men are entirely unfamiliar with the Oregon system and with state politics. These men have had experience in industrial plants and will only need to be shown Senator Huston's record on social legislation to see the wisdom of voting for him in the primaries.

Senator Huston began his work in Oregon in Washington county, and his friends living at Hillsboro and Forest Grove say that he will carry Washington county with not less than 75 per cent of the Republican vote. And speaking about politics, Senator Huston is making his campaign first as an American citizen and second as a Republican who favors supporting the Administration during the war, and otherwise stands for Republican policies.

Voters who have not registered should lose no time in registering, and those who have registered but who have moved from their home precinct should be careful to have their registration changed before April 12.

Federated Church Sends 14

At the Federated church on Easter Sunday a service flag bearing 14 names of members of the congregation who are now in the service of their country was presented to the church. The flag was made by Mesdames Woodson, Notson and Bayless and the presentation address was made by Miss Hager. The ceremony was a most interesting one.

W. L. Holmes, manager of the Tum a Lum Lumber Co. at Lexington, was a business visitor in Heppner Monday and to the Herald reported the advent at his home, at an early hour Monday morning, of a fine nine pound daughter.

This week's news this week means the Heppner Herald.

OLD LANDMARK IS PRESERVED

Historic General Schuyler Mansion at Albany, N. Y., Associated With Revolutionary Times.

By the dedication of the General Schuyler mansion at Albany, N. Y., another interesting landmark of revolutionary days was permanently preserved from the devastating hand of modern improvement, notes a correspondent. The house is 155 years old, having been built in 1762. Its recent dedication by Governor Whitman, marked the one hundred and fortieth anniversary of the surrender of Burgoyne at Saratoga. General Schuyler took an active part in the campaign against the invading British army from the North and, at Saratoga, he suffered a serious loss in the burning of the British of his country house and mills. Notwithstanding this, he acted the part of the chivalrous conqueror a few days later, when he entertained General Burgoyne and his staff, including the Hessian general, Baron Riedesel, and his wife, at his Albany home, when, as prisoners of war, they stopped there on the way to Boston.

With the single exception of the famous Washington headquarters at Newburg, purchased by the state in 1849, the Schuyler mansion is more closely associated with revolutionary times than any other of the historic memorials purchased from time to time by the state for preservation.

WAS CALLED BY WASHINGTON

First Cape Cod Canal Engineer to Be Pressed Into Service Because of Demand for Experts.

Thomas Machin, the engineer charged by a committee appointed in 1776 by the colony of Massachusetts with the task of making the first survey for the Cape Cod canal, was "drafted" as an army engineer by George Washington before he could make a fair start on the survey, says the Engineering News-Record. George Washington's letter to the chairman of the committee which appointed Mr. Machin read:

"The great demand we have for engineers in this department has obliged me to order Mr. Machin hither to assist in that branch of the business."

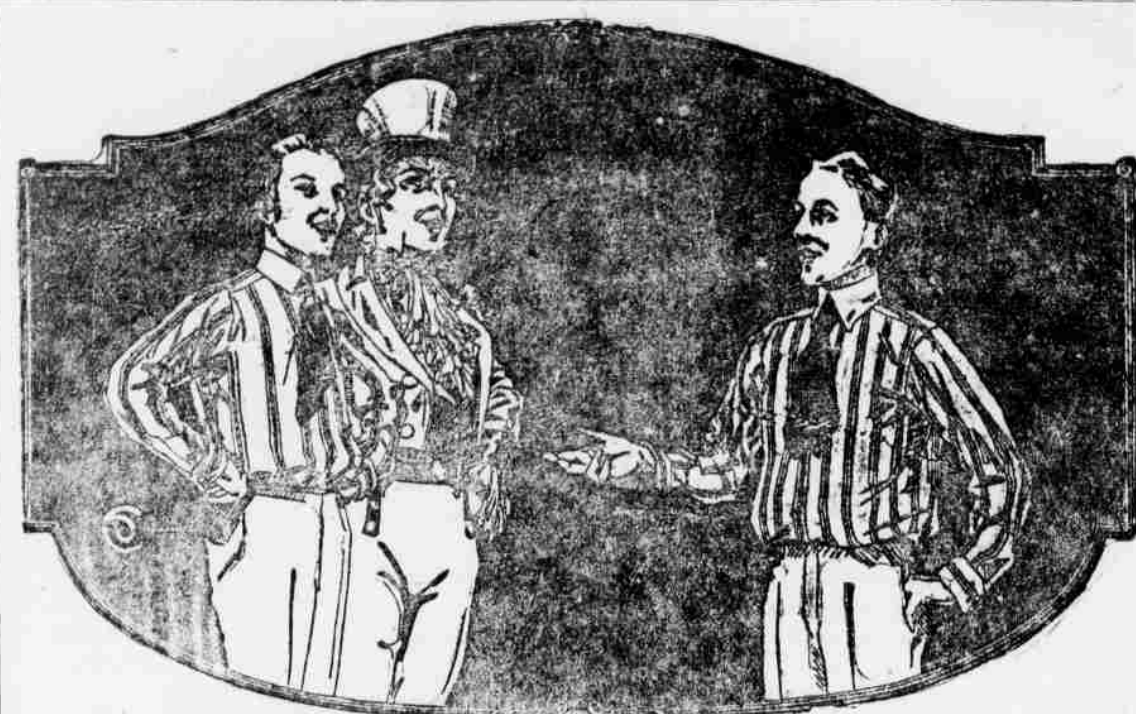
This bit of American engineering history is recounted by William Barclay Parsons, in a paper (published in the Proceedings of the American Society of Civil Engineers) on the Cape Cod canal, which was first proposed more than three hundred years ago and finally opened to commercial traffic in 1914.

Meaning of "Sinn Fein."
"Sinn Fein" (pronounced Shinn Fain) is a Celtic expression meaning "ourselves alone," and is the name and motto of an Irish party which construes it as meaning both for and by the Irish alone. It dates actively from 1900 and claims to be more penitential and comprehensive than any of the old parties that have aimed at Irish independence or self-government. Among other things, it proposes to establish a purely Irish parliament, army and navy, militia, civil and consular service, judiciary and school system; also the economic reorganization of Ireland by its own people on a purely Irish basis, including merchant marine, stock exchange, banks, etc.; all official and business matters and correspondence to be conducted in Gaelic, the use of English language to be boycotted in public offices, schools and business. These and many other interesting results are to be accomplished by passive means and peaceable methods. It is not stated exactly how, but by some kind of social and political pressure without violence.

The West Point Course.
The course of instruction at the West Point Military academy requires four years, and is chiefly mathematical and professional. Each cadet is paid by the government \$700 a year while at the academy, that sum being about sufficient for his support. Only one leave of absence is allowed during the four years, and this is granted at the end of the second year. The regular session of study and academic duties continues from September 1 to June 1, the intervening months being spent in camp, where practical military training is given. At the end of four years cadets are graduated and commissioned as second lieutenants in the United States army.

Lapps Wanted Laws Changed.
An unusual venture in representative government was made by a recent conference of 100 Lapps in northern Sweden. These delegates represented the whole nomadic people, and their purpose was to frame a united protest against certain laws affecting their reindeer herds. The Lapps rarely have any settled habitation, moving from place to place after the herds, and often coming into hostile contact with the settled Scandinavian farmers. The law of Sweden prohibits the Lapps to pay fire and damage when their reindeer damage crops, and it was to secure a modification of this statute that the Lapps held a representative conference.

The Next Step.
"The Germans," said a noted surgeon, "are vanishing their war surgery. Two years ago 80 per cent of the wounded returned to the front. Last year 90 per cent returned. Hottelshoff, The professor made a gesture of repudiation. "Why, at this rate," he said, "the Germans will be telling us that every time an enemy bullet hits a German soldier in the head, its only effect is to fill a hollow soap for him."
—London Opinion.



"Who Was Beau Brummel" Do You Know?

He was for many years the favorite of King George IV, of England—and the best dresser of his time. "The Beau" was not a dandy as we know the term—in fact Lord Byron said of him that there "was nothing remarkable about his dress except a certain exquisite propriety." He naturally led the men's fashions—and no more celebrated character ever lived—ever had so much influence on men's dress as did Beau Brummel.

The Beau Brummel Shirt

is, like its namesake, noted for its exquisite propriety—its perfection in style, pattern, fit and splendid workmanship. It is typical of the master of dress for whom it was named—and you will say so as soon as you see one of these fine, really beautiful garments. When you put one on your back—when you see how splendidly it adds to your dress; how it refines your appearance with a quiet elegance—then you will be a convert to this better shirt. Come in and let us show you the line—we believe it will be much to your interest—yes, to your great advantage.

Minor & Company





HUSTON

REPUBLICAN of MULTNOMAH COUNTY for

UNITED STATES SENATOR

Primaries May 17, 1918

Winning on His Record as a Citizen, as a Legislator and as a Republican

Church Notices
Catholic Church Services, Sunday, March 10.
First Mass, 8:00 a. m.
Second Mass, 10:30 a. m.
Christian Doctrine 11:30 a. m.
Evening Devotion, 7:30 p. m.
Rev. P. J. O'Rourke

The Federated Church
Sunday School 9:45 a. m.
Regular morning service 11:00.
The Pastor will exchange pulpits with Rev. J. L. Jones, of Long next Sunday.
Christian Endeavor 7:00 p. m. Topic, "How to Enjoy Sunday." Leader, Miss Struck; Junior leader, Blanche Groschen.
Evening service, 8 p. m.
Please note change of time of evening service.
H. A. Noyes, Pastor.

Christian Science.
Christian Science services are held every Sunday at 11 a. m., Wednesday at 8:00 p. m., in the Methodist church South, on Chase street. All interested are invited to attend these services.

Register! Register!
Registration books will close April 17 and will not reopen until after the primaries. Persons who are not registered should remember this date and act accordingly.

We Produce Printing that Pleases at the Herald Shop

Wall Paper
Fifty close out patterns in wall paper at greatly reduced prices. Early customers will have best selection. 48d 49
CASE FURNITURE CO.

FOR SALE—Golden Campries Eggs for setting. Inquire of Mrs. G. C. Aiken, Box 142, Heppner, Oregon. 47d 51

\$142,000

Morrow County is asked to raise One Hundred and Forty Two Thousand Dollars as her share of the Third Liberty Loan.

Many of Morrow County's young men are risking their lives on the firing line in the Great Battle now in progress in France. They are calling upon you to stand by them and support our government in this crisis.

This bank is offering all its facilities to the government for use in the drive commencing April 6th.

Let us all pull together to raise the Morrow County quota.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF HEPPNER

Arm Yourself With LIBERTY BONDS

If you would "Keep the Home Fires Burning" to any avail for our boys over there—then keep the home funds fighting to back them up with food, guns, munitions, ammunition, clothing and equipment. WE sent them; WE must support them. Don't wait to be solicited for your subscriptions. Come into the Farmers and Stockgrowers National Bank and SIGN UP.

THE FARMERS AND STOCKGROWERS NATIONAL BANK

HEPPNER, OREGON

Do you know that we are ready to do your Job Printing?