

HEPPNER HERALD

S. A. PATTISON, PUBLISHER.

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FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1917.

THE POWER OF THOUGHT

A HEPPNER minister, in his sermon last Sunday morning, pointed out the great power for good or evil which is vested in our thinking. "As a man thinketh, so is he," might have been his text. "If a few people in Europe," the speaker declared, "were to think rightly today the war could be ended within twenty-four hours."

Shakespeare said: "There is nothing, either good or bad, but thinking makes it so."

How important it is, then, that we should all cultivate good thoughts. Thoughts are things, and every thought that goes forth from the human mind has its effect, directly upon the thinker—perhaps more indirectly upon the entire world.

If we would be efficient we must learn to think clearly; if we desire to be noble, and generous, and pure, we must cultivate such thoughts as will engender nobility, and generosity, and purity. If we would be brave, and courageous, and successful, we must learn to banish fear, and doubt, and cowardice from our thinking. Fear is a demon that lurks in darkness, and if we yield allegiance to him will quickly make pigmies of us all.

The way to keep from wrongdoing is to banish wrong thinking, and to best do this we should strive to keep our minds so filled with good thoughts that evil ones can find no abiding place therein.

PATRIOTISM

It is one thing to be patriotic but quite another to be hysterical about it and denounce all who disagree with you as cowards and traitors. While the action of the twelve senators who took part in the alleged filibuster proved to be, to say the least, highly unpopular among the newspapers and commercial and political organizations of the country, it would show fully as high a degree of Americanism to allow them their constitutional rights of freedom of speech and action as long as such speech and action is within the law of the land.

To accuse "Little Bob" La Follette of being either a coward or a traitor is ridiculous. Erratic he may be, and impulsive, but he has always been recognized as a scrapper from the word go, and nobody ever seriously and calmly doubted his loyalty. While Harry Lane is by no means a great statesman, he has a pretty fair record as a good citizen behind him.

An error of judgment does not necessarily mean that a man is either a traitor or a craven.

BOYCOTTING THE JOURNAL

The action of certain Oregon country editors in attempting to foster a boycott against the Oregon Journal because of that newspaper's fight against the delinquent tax publication law is one of the bits of humor which comes to brighten up this freakish March weather.

Newspapermen should be of sufficiently broad mind to be willing to permit their contemporaries to exist, even though they do not agree on all public questions and, in justice to the profession, it must be said that most of us are built that way.

However, there seems to be exceptions to the rule and if the little war clouds which are bobbing up from down Cottage Grove and Ashland way should develop into real "twisters," the lusty young Journal may be effectually squelched and its fine new building utterly demolished before it reaches its sixteenth birthday. It is really sad to contemplate the result if a lot of these country editors should really carry out their threat and cut the Journal off from their exchange lists; that newspaper would, perhaps, be compelled to shut up shop immediately in order to save itself from the infinitely worse fate of a lingering death from mental starvation. At the moment we can think of but one chance for the Journal if this boycott really goes into effect. It might follow the example of many of these country editors, who, when their good friend, the Oregonian, cut them from its exchange list a few years ago, manfully swallowed their chagrin and tearfully dug up the price of a year's subscription to the source of their inspiration. This suggestion is offered the Journal as a sort of war measure. It may be expensive, but so are submarines; and then Cottage Grove and Ashland need the money, just as the Oregonian did.

GERMANY'S attempt to form an offensive alliance with Mexico and Japan against the United States seems to be lacking in popularity in both of those countries. Japan has no reason for loving Germany and has made it plain that she will not enter into Germany's plan, and Mexico has plenty of business at home to keep her engaged for some time to come. The conquest and partitioning of United States territory by any European or Asiatic nation, or group of them, will prove to be a little job much easier talked of than accomplished. Americans, as a people, are not in favor of aggressive warfare, but whenever any nation or group of nations undertake to come over here with the intention of putting your Uncle Samuel out of business they will find "somethin' doin'" every minute while they stay; and they will need a good, big fleet of hospital ships to carry back the "remains."

Autos Replace Stage Horses.

Arrangements now being made mean that 2,000 horses which heretofore have drawn touring stage coaches through Yellowstone National Park will be sold for use in European armies and their places taken during the coming summer by automobiles. Under the plans now being worked out there will hereafter be three companies instead of seven controlling hotels, camps and tours of the famous park.

Under this scheme the hotels will be under one management, the camping outfits under another, and the staging in the past operated by four systems will have one head. The change will move one of the picturesque features of the trip through Geysersland. The change is made at an opportune time from a pecuniary viewpoint, as the horses that will go to the European fighting governments will bring highest prices.

The former arrangement caused a multiplicity of service that was somewhat confusing to the public. Under the new deal the general service will be brought to a high standard of efficiency which will mean that the park, with its great natural wonders, will be more easily viewed than before. Under the new management Howard H. Hays, who has had charge of numerous camping outfits dictated by the government, will be the general tour agent for the Chicago, Union Pacific, Northwestern Tours.

ROAD BOND COMMITTEE TO MEET

Dr. W. D. Wood, senior member of the Legislative committee of eight, appointed to represent the state legislature in preparing the official argument for the road bond bill, has called a meeting of that committee to be held at the Imperial hotel, Portland, Saturday, March 17.

At that time the committee will give formal consideration to proposals that have come in from all parts of the state, asking the committee as the official body representing the legislature in the bonding act, to call a conference for the organization of a state committee or association which can establish an information headquarters for the bonding campaign.

Such a committee would include representatives of local good roads organizations of all the counties of the state.

Senator Wood views with favor the moves initiated at Astoria, Eugene, Medford, Pendleton and Redmond to organize state highway associations or district good roads associations.

"The man thing," he said, "is to have some headquarters to issue impartial and authentic information such as is being requested by the different county organizations. Either the different movements for state associations can be joined in the interest of economical management of one headquarters, or they can work separately if the people promoting the different organizations so prefer. There is plenty of work for all."

"It is important, however, to have one association or committee which is looked to as representing all of the counties, and whose authority in furnishing statistical matter and information to the press will command confidence and respect. Such an association should be organized and controlled by delegates from all the counties, and should not merely represent some one section of the state."

Primaries by Mail.

With only one dissenting vote the Idaho house has passed a bill which provides for the holding of primary elections by mail, says the Portland Journal. If the senate agrees to it and the measure becomes a law, there will be wide interest in future primary elections in Idaho.

Speaker Allred is father of the bill. He proposes to reduce the cost of primary elections and to increase the vote.

The plan eliminates all precinct election boards and, instead, provides a canvassing board consisting of the county commissioners. Duplicate ballots containing the names of the candidates are printed and mailed to qualified electors. Accompanying the ballots, which are numbered for checking purposes, is a return envelope.

The elector marks the ballot and returns it to the county recorder within a prescribed time, when it is deposited in a ballot box. Later, the ballot boxes are opened and the vote canvassed. There are complete safeguards to prevent fraud and to preserve to the elector all the secrecy and other rights incident to the present system.

Speaker Allred calculates that under his plan the latest primary election in Idaho would have cost \$13,840. Its actual cost to the counties and candidates was \$112,220. The average cost to cast a single vote in the last election was \$2.55 and in some of the remote counties the cost was \$20 a vote. Under his plan, Speaker Allred figures that the average cost of casting a vote will be 30 to 32 cents.

The total number of votes cast at the last general election was

134,503. In the state primary election but 44,006 votes were cast. That is to say, under the old plan but 32 per cent of the qualified voters participated in the primary election. Speaker Allred thinks the mail plan will heavily increase the voting at the primaries.

says Brotherhoods Err. Milwaukee, Wis.—The Free Press says editorially:

We think the brotherhoods are making a mistake in refusing arbitration. If they are fairly entitled to what they ask for, impartial arbitrators will award it to them, and the public, which finally foots all transportation bills, will draw its belt a bit tighter, pay the price either in higher rates or diminished service, or both, and there will be no interruption of the country's commerce.

But if American business shall be thrown out of gear by a general stoppage of railroad service because the brotherhoods have refused to arbitrate, public sympathy will undoubtedly be with the railroad owners and managers. And without the support of public opinion the brotherhoods could not win a strike. * * *

Capital must get its living wage as well as labor.

A general strike would effect every individual in the country. It must not occur—Philadelphia Inquirer

A strike such as is threatened would be a calamity to all the people of the United States.—Brooklyn Eagle

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST.

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 397.33 acres, within the Umatilla National Forest, Oregon, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat., 233), at the United States land office at La Grande, Oregon, on May 10, 1917. Any settler who is actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to May 10, 1917, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. The NW1-4 SE 1-4, Sec. 5, T. 7 S., R. 28 E., 40 acres, application of W. T. Allen, Monument, Oregon, and Lot 1 (13.38 acres), Lot 2 (13.95 acres), S 1-2 NE 1-4, E 1-2 SW 1-4 SW 1-4, E 1-2 W 1-2 SW 1-4 of S W 1-4, NE 1-4 SE 1-4, Sec. 5, T. 7 S., R. 28 E., and the SE 1-4, E 1-2 SE 1-4 of SW 1-4, Sec. 32, T. 6 S., R. 28 E., W. M., 357.33 acres, listed without applicant, total area hereby restored being 397.33 acres; List 6-1988, February 15, 1917. C. M. BRUCE, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Isolated Tract
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at La Grande, Oregon.
March 14, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Sec. 2454, R.S., pursuant to the application of

Phil Higgins, of Lata, Oregon,
Serial No. 01506, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$2.50 per acre, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 27th day of May, 1917, next, at this office, the following tract of land: SW 1-4 SE 1-4, Sec. 29, T. 1 S., R. 29 E., W. M.

This tract is offered into the market on a showing that the greater portion thereof is mountainous or too rough for cultivation.

The sale will not be kept open, but will be declared closed when those present at the hour named have ceased bidding. The person making the highest bid will be required to immediately pay to the Receiver the amount thereof.

Any persons claiming adversely the above-described land are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the time designated for sale.

C. S. DUNN, Register.
NOLAN SKIFF, Receiver.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Isolated Tract
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at La Grande, Oregon.
March 5, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Sec. 2454, R.S., pursuant to the application of

William B. Ewing, of Cecil, Oregon,
Serial No. 01501, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$2.50 per acre, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 5th day of May, 1917, next, at this office, the following tract of land: SW 1-4 NE 1-4, Sec. 26, T. 4 S., R. 27 E., W. M.

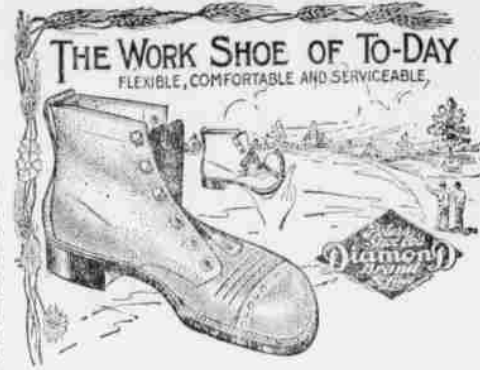
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C. S. DUNN, Register.
NOLAN SKIFF, Receiver.

YOU SPEND 14 HOURS A DAY IN YOUR SHOES



Buy a pair of our WORK WELT SHOES and you will get 16 hours of solid comfort every day.

E. N. Gonty Shoe Store

Masonic Building

Watch the shows at the Star Theatre this week.

See the Ford Ton Truck on the street daily demonstration. E. H. Kellogg, Morrow County Agent Palace Hotel, Heppner.

LOST—Large Brown Mink muff. Black stripe. Left on bench West side Fair Pavillion at Elks Ball. Finder please leave at Herald. Reward.

FOR SALE

Palace Hotel Buss team, 7 and 8 years old without a blemish weighing about 1450 each.

See J. L. Wilkins.

The OXO-GAS is not merely a summer stove. It does away with wood and coal, furnishing heat in a few minutes both for heating a room or cooking. It does the business quicker, cheaper and cleaner.

S. L. STEPHENS
Variety Store

TROY

Washes everything but the baby. Our excellent equipment insures perfect work on collars, shirts, and women's fancy clothes. Send them to us by

Parcels Post

Our Work is Guaranteed

TROY LAUNDRY

PENDLETON, - ORE.

The CLUB

BILLIARD PARLOR
(Palace Hotel)

O. B. HOTTMAN, Prop.

First class Straight Rail and Pocket Billiard Tables

Soft Drinks

A Complete Line of Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

THE BEST Service Quality Furniture Price Undertaking

Case Furniture Co. Heppner, Ore.

Wood and Coal

Raising daily. Also a serious car shortage.

NO HELP IN SIGHT

N. A. Clark Phone 396

I WANT LAND

To sell to 31 buyers who will commence to arrive here on the 20th. of this month. If you want to sell, send me the full particulars, and description of your land, as your lowest price and the terms, also a full list of what goes with your ranch if improved and full description of all improvements. Land NORTH of the base line preferred, but can sell land anywhere in Morrow County.

THE LARGER THE RANCH THE QUICKER I CAN SELL IT

My charge for selling land is FIVE PER CENT. The quicker I hear from you, the quicker your ranch will be sold.

W. D. NEWLON
Lexington, Oregon